96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

SB2465

Introduced 10/14/2009, by Sen. John O. Jones

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act, the Election Code, the University of Illinois Act, and the University of Illinois Trustees Act. Provides for a Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois consisting of 7 elected members (now, the Board consists of 9 members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate), the Governor, and 3 student trustees. Provides that 3 members shall be elected from the First Judicial District and one member shall be elected from each of the 4 other judicial districts. Terminates the term of each appointed member of the Board when all of the new elected members take office. Provides for staggered terms for members initially elected under the amendatory Act and 6-year terms thereafter. Provides that the student trustees shall select one of their number to possess the right to cast a legally binding vote (now, the Governor designates which one of the student trustees possess the right to vote). Provides that if a student trustee has served more than one term and during one of those terms, he or she was selected to possess a legally binding vote, then he or she is ineligible to be selected again to possess a legally binding vote. Provides that if the student trustees fail to come to an agreement on which student trustee shall possess a legally binding vote, none of the student trustees may possess a legally binding vote for the remainder of their term. Makes related changes. Effective immediately.

LRB096 13700 MJR 28464 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning education.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act is amended
by changing Section 4A-101 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 420/4A-101) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-101)

Sec. 4A-101. Persons required to file. The following
persons shall file verified written statements of economic
interests, as provided in this Article:

10 (a) Members of the General Assembly and candidates for11 nomination or election to the General Assembly.

12 (b) Persons holding an elected office in the Executive 13 Branch of this State <u>or on the Board of Trustees of the</u> 14 <u>University of Illinois</u>, and candidates for nomination or 15 election to these offices.

(c) Members of a Commission or Board created by the
 Illinois Constitution, and candidates for nomination or
 election to such Commission or Board.

(d) Persons whose appointment to office is subject toconfirmation by the Senate.

(e) Holders of, and candidates for nomination or
election to, the office of judge or associate judge of the
Circuit Court and the office of judge of the Appellate or

- 2 - LRB096 13700 MJR 28464 b

SB2465

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Supreme Court.

2 (f) Persons who are employed by any branch, agency, authority or board of the government of this State, 3 including but not limited to, the Illinois State Toll 4 5 Highway Authority, the Illinois Housing Development Authority, the Illinois Community College Board, and 6 7 institutions under the jurisdiction of the Board of 8 Trustees of the University of Illinois, Board of Trustees 9 of Southern Illinois University, Board of Trustees of 10 Chicago State University, Board of Trustees of Eastern 11 Illinois University, Board of Trustees of Governor's State 12 University, Board of Trustees of Illinois State University, Board of Trustees of Northeastern Illinois 13 14 University, Board of Trustees of Northern Tllinois 15 University, Board of Trustees of Western Illinois 16 University, or Board of Trustees of the Illinois 17 Mathematics and Science Academy, and are compensated for services as employees and not as independent contractors 18 19 and who:

(1) are, or function as, the head of a department,
commission, board, division, bureau, authority or
other administrative unit within the government of
this State, or who exercise similar authority within
the government of this State;

(2) have direct supervisory authority over, or
 direct responsibility for the formulation,

- 3 - LRB096 13700 MJR 28464 b

SB2465

negotiation, issuance or execution of contracts entered into by the State in the amount of \$5,000 or more;

4 (3) have authority for the issuance or 5 promulgation of rules and regulations within areas 6 under the authority of the State;

7 (4) have authority for the approval of 8 professional licenses;

9 (5) have responsibility with respect to the 10 financial inspection of regulated nongovernmental 11 entities;

12 (6) adjudicate, arbitrate, or decide any judicial 13 or administrative proceeding, or review the 14 adjudication, arbitration or decision of any judicial 15 or administrative proceeding within the authority of 16 the State;

17 (7) have supervisory responsibility for 20 or more
18 employees of the State; or

19 (8) negotiate, assign, authorize, or grant naming
20 rights or sponsorship rights regarding any property or
21 asset of the State, whether real, personal, tangible,
22 or intangible.

(g) Persons who are elected to office in a unit of
local government, and candidates for nomination or
election to that office, including regional
superintendents of school districts.

(h) Persons appointed to the governing board of a unit 1 2 of local government, or of a special district, and persons 3 appointed to a zoning board, or zoning board of appeals, or to a regional, county, or municipal plan commission, or to 4 5 a board of review of any county, and persons appointed to the Board of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority 6 7 any Trustee appointed under Section 22 of the and 8 Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, and 9 persons appointed to a board or commission of a unit of 10 local government who have authority to authorize the 11 expenditure of public funds. This subsection does not apply 12 to members of boards or commissions who function in an 13 advisory capacity.

14 (i) Persons who are employed by a unit of local
15 government and are compensated for services as employees
16 and not as independent contractors and who:

(1) are, or function as, the head of a department, division, bureau, authority or other administrative unit within the unit of local government, or who exercise similar authority within the unit of local government;

22 (2) have direct supervisory authority over, or 23 direct. responsibility for the formulation, negotiation, 24 issuance or execution of contracts 25 entered into by the unit of local government in the 26 amount of \$1,000 or greater;

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(3) have authority to approve licenses and permits 1 2 by the unit of local government; this item does not 3 include employees who function in a ministerial capacity; 4 5 (4) adjudicate, arbitrate, or decide any judicial 6 or administrative proceeding, or review the

adjudication, arbitration or decision of any judicial or administrative proceeding within the authority of the unit of local government;

10 (5) have authority to issue or promulgate rules and 11 regulations within areas under the authority of the 12 unit of local government; or

13 (6) have supervisory responsibility for 20 or more14 employees of the unit of local government.

(j) Persons on the Board of Trustees of the IllinoisMathematics and Science Academy.

17 (k) Persons employed by a school district in positions
18 that require that person to hold an administrative or a
19 chief school business official endorsement.

(1) Special government agents. A "special government
agent" is a person who is directed, retained, designated,
appointed, or employed, with or without compensation, by or
on behalf of a statewide executive branch constitutional
officer to make an ex parte communication under Section
5-50 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act or
Section 5-165 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure

1 Act.

2 (m) Members of the board of commissioners of any flood
3 prevention district.

4 (n) Members of the board of any retirement system or
5 investment board established under the Illinois Pension
6 Code, if not required to file under any other provision of
7 this Section.

8 (\circ) Members of the board of any pension fund 9 established under the Illinois Pension Code, if not 10 required to file under any other provision of this Section. 11 This Section shall not be construed to prevent any unit of 12 local government from financial disclosure enacting requirements that mandate more information than required by 13 14 this Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 95-719, eff. 5-21-08; 96-6, eff. 4-3-09.)

Section 10. The Election Code is amended by changing Sections 2A-1.2, 7-1, 7-9, 22-1, 22-7, 23-1.1a, 23-1.2a, and 23-1.13a and adding Section 2A-53.5 as follows:

19 (10 ILCS 5/2A-1.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 2A-1.2)

Sec. 2A-1.2. Consolidated Schedule of Elections - Offices
Designated.

(a) At the general election in the appropriate
even-numbered years, the following offices shall be filled or
shall be on the ballot as otherwise required by this Code:

(1) Elector of President and Vice President of the
 United States;

3 (2) United States Senator and United States
 4 Representative;

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(3) State Executive Branch elected officers;

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(4) State Senator and State Representative;

7 (5) County elected officers, including State's
8 Attorney, County Board member, County Commissioners, and
9 elected President of the County Board or County Chief
10 Executive;

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(6) Circuit Court Clerk;

12 (7) Regional Superintendent of Schools, except in 13 counties or educational service regions in which that 14 office has been abolished;

(8) Judges of the Supreme, Appellate and Circuit
Courts, on the question of retention, to fill vacancies and
newly created judicial offices;

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(9) <u>Trustee of the University of Illinois</u> (Blank);

(10) Trustee of the Metropolitan Sanitary District of
 Chicago, and elected Trustee of other Sanitary Districts;

(11) Special District elected officers, not otherwise
 designated in this Section, where the statute creating or

designated in this Section, where the statute creating or authorizing the creation of the district requires an annual election and permits or requires election of candidates of political parties.

26 (b) At the general primary election:

1 (1) in each even-numbered year candidates of political 2 parties shall be nominated for those offices to be filled 3 at the general election in that year, except where pursuant 4 to law nomination of candidates of political parties is 5 made by caucus.

6 (2)in the appropriate even-numbered years the 7 political party offices of State central committeeman, township committeeman, ward committeeman, and precinct 8 9 committeeman shall be filled and delegates and alternate 10 delegates to the National nominating conventions shall be 11 elected as may be required pursuant to this Code. In the 12 even-numbered years in which a Presidential election is to be held, candidates in the Presidential preference primary 13 14 shall also be on the ballot.

15 (3) in each even-numbered year, where the municipality 16 has provided for annual elections to elect municipal officers pursuant to Section 6(f) or Section 7 of Article 17 VII of the Constitution, pursuant to the Illinois Municipal 18 19 Code or pursuant to the municipal charter, the offices of 20 such municipal officers shall be filled at an election held 21 on the date of the general primary election, provided that 22 the municipal election shall be a nonpartisan election 23 where required by the Illinois Municipal Code. For partisan 24 municipal elections in even-numbered years, a primary to 25 nominate candidates for municipal office to be elected at 26 the general primary election shall be held on the Tuesday 6

weeks preceding that election.

2 (4) in each school district which has adopted the 3 provisions of Article 33 of the School Code, successors to 4 the members of the board of education whose terms expire in 5 the year in which the general primary is held shall be 6 elected.

7 (c) At the consolidated election in the appropriate
8 odd-numbered years, the following offices shall be filled:

9 (1)Municipal officers, provided that in 10 municipalities in which candidates for alderman or other 11 municipal office are not permitted by law to be candidates 12 of political parties, the runoff election where required by 13 law, or the nonpartisan election where required by law, shall be held on the date of the consolidated election; and 14 provided further, in the case of municipal 15 officers 16 provided for by an ordinance providing the form of 17 government of the municipality pursuant to Section 7 of Article VII of the Constitution, such offices shall be 18 filled by election or by runoff election as may be provided 19 20 by such ordinance;

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(2) Village and incorporated town library directors;

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(3) City boards of stadium commissioners;

23 (4) Commissioners of park districts;

24 (5) Trustees of public library districts;

(6) Special District elected officers, not otherwise
 designated in this section, where the statute creating or

SB2465

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SB2465

1 2 authorizing the creation of the district permits or requires election of candidates of political parties;

3 (7) Township officers, including township park 4 commissioners, township library directors, and boards of 5 managers of community buildings, and Multi-Township 6 Assessors;

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(8) Highway commissioners and road district clerks;

8 (9) Members of school boards in school districts which
9 adopt Article 33 of the School Code;

10 (10) The directors and chairman of the Chain O Lakes 11 Fox River Waterway Management Agency;

12 (11) Forest preserve district commissioners elected
 13 under Section 3.5 of the Downstate Forest Preserve District
 14 Act;

15 (12)Elected members of school boards, school 16 trustees, directors of boards of school directors, 17 trustees of county boards of school trustees (except in educational service 18 counties or regions having а 19 population of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants) and members of 20 boards of school inspectors, except school boards in school districts that adopt Article 33 of the School Code; 21

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(13) Members of Community College district boards;

(14) Trustees of Fire Protection Districts;

(15) Commissioners of the Springfield Metropolitan
 Exposition and Auditorium Authority;

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(16) Elected Trustees of Tuberculosis Sanitarium

1 Districts;

2 (17) Elected Officers of special districts not 3 otherwise designated in this Section for which the law 4 governing those districts does not permit candidates of 5 political parties.

consolidated primary election 6 (d) At the in each 7 odd-numbered year, candidates of political parties shall be nominated for those offices to be filled at the consolidated 8 9 election in that year, except where pursuant to law nomination 10 of candidates of political parties is made by caucus, and 11 except those offices listed in paragraphs (12) through (17) of 12 subsection (c).

13 At the consolidated primary election in the appropriate 14 odd-numbered years, the mayor, clerk, treasurer, and aldermen 15 shall be elected in municipalities in which candidates for 16 mayor, clerk, treasurer, or alderman are not permitted by law 17 to be candidates of political parties, subject to runoff elections to be held at the consolidated election as may be 18 required by law, and municipal officers shall be nominated in a 19 20 nonpartisan election in municipalities in which pursuant to law 21 candidates for such office are not permitted to be candidates 22 of political parties.

At the consolidated primary election in the appropriate odd-numbered years, municipal officers shall be nominated or elected, or elected subject to a runoff, as may be provided by an ordinance providing a form of government of the municipality 1 pursuant to Section 7 of Article VII of the Constitution.

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(e) (Blank).

3 (f) At any election established in Section 2A-1.1, public 4 questions may be submitted to voters pursuant to this Code and 5 any special election otherwise required or authorized by law or 6 by court order may be conducted pursuant to this Code.

Notwithstanding the regular dates for election of officers established in this Article, whenever a referendum is held for the establishment of a political subdivision whose officers are to be elected, the initial officers shall be elected at the election at which such referendum is held if otherwise so provided by law. In such cases, the election of the initial officers shall be subject to the referendum.

Notwithstanding the regular dates for 14 election of 15 officials established in this Article, any community college 16 district which becomes effective by operation of law pursuant 17 to Section 6-6.1 of the Public Community College Act, as now or hereafter amended, shall elect the initial district board 18 19 members at the next regularly scheduled election following the effective date of the new district. 20

(g) At any election established in Section 2A-1.1, if in any precinct there are no offices or public questions required to be on the ballot under this Code then no election shall be held in the precinct on that date.

(h) There may be conducted a referendum in accordance withthe provisions of Division 6-4 of the Counties Code.

- 13 - LRB096 13700 MJR 28464 b SB2465 (Source: P.A. 89-5, eff. 1-1-96; 89-95, eff. 1-1-96; 89-626, 1 eff. 8-9-96; 90-358, eff. 1-1-98.) 2 3 (10 ILCS 5/2A-53.5 new) 4 Sec. 2A-53.5. University of Illinois; trustee; time of 5 election. Trustees of the University of Illinois, other than 6 the Governor and the student trustees, shall be elected at the general election in 2010. Beginning with the general election 7 8 in 2012, a trustee of the University of Illinois shall be elected at each general election to succeed each incumbent 9 10 trustee whose term expires in January of the year next

- 11 <u>following that general election.</u>
- 12 (10 ILCS 5/7-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-1)

13 Sec. 7-1. Application of Article.

14 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Article, the 15 nomination of all candidates for all elective State, congressional, judicial, and county officers, 16 State's 17 Attorneys (whether elected from a single county or from more than one county), city, village, and incorporated town and 18 municipal officers, trustees of sanitary districts, township 19 20 officers in townships of over 5,000 population coextensive with 21 or included wholly within cities or villages not under the commission form of government, precinct, township, ward, and 22 State central committeemen, and delegates and alternate 23 24 delegates to national nominating conventions by all political parties, as defined in Section 7-2 of this Article 7, shall be made in the manner provided in this Article 7 and not otherwise. The nomination of candidates for electors of President and Vice President of the United States <u>and for</u> <u>trustees of the University of Illinois</u> shall be made only in the manner provided for in Section 7-9 of this Article.

7 (b) This Article 7 shall not apply to (i) the nomination of candidates for school elections and township elections, except 8 9 in those townships specifically mentioned in subsection (a) and 10 except in those cases in which a township central committee 11 determines under Section 6A-2 of the Township Law of 1874 or 12 Section 45-55 of the Township Code that its candidates for township offices shall be nominated by primary in accordance 13 14 with this Article, (ii) the nomination of park commissioners in 15 park districts organized under the Park District Code, (iii) the nomination of officers of cities and villages organized 16 17 under special charters, or (iv) the nomination of municipal officers for cities, villages, and incorporated towns with a 18 19 population of 5,000 or less, except where a city, village, or 20 incorporated town with a population of 5,000 or less has by ordinance determined that political parties shall nominate 21 22 candidates for municipal office in the city, village, or 23 incorporated town by primary in accordance with this Article. In that event, the municipal clerk shall certify the ordinance 24 25 to the proper election officials no later than November 15 in 26 the year preceding the consolidated primary election.

1 (c) The words "township officers" or "township offices" 2 shall be construed, when used in this Article, to include 3 supervisors.

4 (d) As provided in Sections 3.1-25-20 through 3.1-25-60 of
5 the Illinois Municipal Code, a village may adopt a system of
6 nonpartisan primary and general elections for the election of
7 village officers.

8 (Source: P.A. 88-670, eff. 12-2-94; 89-5, eff. 1-1-96.)

9 (10 ILCS 5/7-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-9)

Sec. 7-9. County central committee; county and State conventions.

12 (a) On the 29th day next succeeding the primary at which 13 committeemen are elected, the county central committee of each 14 political party shall meet within the county and proceed to 15 organize by electing from its own number a chairman and either 16 from its own number, or otherwise, such other officers as such committee may deem necessary or expedient. Such meeting of the 17 18 county central committee shall be known as the county convention. 19

The chairman of each county committee shall within 10 days after the organization, forward to the State Board of Elections, the names and post office addresses of the officers, precinct committeemen and representative committeemen elected by his political party.

25 The county convention of each political party shall choose

delegates to the State convention of its party; but in any 1 2 county having within its limits any city having a population of 3 200,000, or over the delegates from such city shall be chosen by wards, the ward committeemen from the respective wards 4 5 choosing the number of delegates to which such ward is entitled 6 on the basis prescribed in paragraph (e) of this Section such delegates to be members of the delegation to the State 7 8 convention from such county. In all counties containing a 9 population of 2,000,000 or more outside of cities having a 10 population of 200,000 or more, the delegates from each of the 11 townships or parts of townships as the case may be shall be 12 chosen by townships or parts of townships as the case may be, 13 the township committeemen from the respective townships or 14 parts of townships as the case may be choosing the number of 15 delegates to which such townships or parts of townships as the 16 case may be are entitled, on the basis prescribed in paragraph 17 (e) of this Section such delegates to be members of the delegation to the State convention from such county. 18

Each member of the State Central Committee of a political party which elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of Section 7-8 shall be a delegate to the State Convention, ex officio.

Each member of the State Central Committee of a political party which elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of Section 7-8 may appoint 2 delegates to the State Convention who must be residents of the member's Congressional

1 District.

2 (b) State conventions shall be held within 180 days after 3 the general primary in the year 2000 and every 4 years 4 thereafter. In the year 1998, and every 4 years thereafter, the 5 chairman of a State central committee may issue a call for a 6 State convention within 180 days after the general primary.

The State convention of each political party has power to 7 make nominations of candidates of its political party for the 8 9 electors of President and Vice President of the United States 10 and for trustees of the University of Illinois, and to adopt 11 any party platform, and, to the extent determined by the State 12 central committee as provided in Section 7-14, to choose and select delegates and alternate delegates at large to national 13 14 nominating conventions. The State Central Committee may adopt 15 rules to provide for and govern the procedures of the State 16 convention.

17 (c) The chairman and secretary of each State convention shall, within 2 days thereafter, transmit to the State Board of 18 Elections of this State a certificate setting forth the names 19 20 and addresses of all persons nominated by such State convention for electors of President and Vice President of the United 21 22 States and for trustees of the University of Illinois, and of 23 any persons selected by the State convention for delegates and 24 alternate delegates at large to national nominating 25 conventions; and the names of such candidates so chosen by such State convention for electors of President and Vice President 26

of the United States and for trustees of the University of 1 2 Illinois $_{\overline{\tau}}$ shall be caused by the State Board of Elections to be 3 printed upon the official ballot at the general election, in the manner required by law, and shall be certified to the 4 5 various county clerks of the proper counties in the manner as provided in Section 7-60 of this Article 7 for the certifying 6 7 of the names of persons nominated by any party for State 8 offices. If and as long as this Act prescribes that the names 9 of such electors be not printed on the ballot, then the names 10 of such electors shall be certified in such manner as may be 11 prescribed by the parts of this Act applicable thereto.

12 (d) Each convention may perform all other functions 13 inherent to such political organization and not inconsistent 14 with this Article.

15 (e) At least 33 days before the date of a State convention, 16 the chairman of the State central committee of each political 17 party shall file in the principal office of the State Board of Elections a call for the State convention. Such call shall 18 19 state, among other things, the time and place (designating the 20 building or hall) for holding the State convention. Such call 21 shall be signed by the chairman and attested by the secretary 22 of the committee. In such convention each county shall be 23 entitled to one delegate for each 500 ballots voted by the 24 primary electors of the party in such county at the primary to 25 be held next after the issuance of such call; and if in such 26 county, less than 500 ballots are so voted or if the number of

ballots so voted is not exactly a multiple of 500, there shall 1 2 be one delegate for such group which is less than 500, or for such group representing the number of votes over the multiple 3 of 500, which delegate shall have 1/500 of one vote for each 4 5 primary vote so represented by him. The call for such convention shall set forth this paragraph (e) of Section 7-9 in 6 7 full and shall direct that the number of delegates to be chosen 8 be calculated in compliance herewith and that such number of 9 delegates be chosen.

10 (f) All precinct, township and ward committeemen when 11 elected as provided in this Section shall serve as though 12 elected at large irrespective of any changes that may be made 13 in precinct, township or ward boundaries and the voting 14 strength of each committeeman shall remain as provided in this 15 Section for the entire time for which he is elected.

16 (g) The officers elected at any convention provided for in 17 this Section shall serve until their successors are elected as 18 provided in this Act.

(h) A special meeting of any central committee may be called by the chairman, or by not less than 25% of the members of such committee, by giving 5 days notice to members of such committee in writing designating the time and place at which such special meeting is to be held and the business which it is proposed to present at such special meeting.

(i) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, whenever a
 vacancy exists in the office of precinct committeeman because

no one was elected to that office or because the precinct 1 2 committeeman ceases to reside in the precinct or for any other 3 reason, the chairman of the county central committee of the appropriate political party may fill the vacancy in such office 4 5 by appointment of a qualified resident of the county and the appointed precinct committeeman shall serve as though elected; 6 7 however, no such appointment may be made between the general 8 primary election and the 30th day after the general primary 9 election.

10 (j) If the number of Congressional Districts in the State 11 of Illinois is reduced as a result of reapportionment of 12 Congressional Districts following a federal decennial census, the State Central Committeemen and Committeewomen 13 of а 14 political party which elects its State Central Committee by 15 either Alternative A or by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of 16 Section 7-8 who were previously elected shall continue to serve 17 as if no reapportionment had occurred until the expiration of their terms. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

20 (10 ILCS 5/22-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-1)

Sec. 22-1. Abstracts of votes. Within 21 days after the close of the election at which candidates for offices hereinafter named in this Section are voted upon, the election authorities of the respective counties shall open the returns and make abstracts of the votes on a separate sheet for each of

- 21 - LRB096 13700 MJR 28464 b

the following: 1 2 A. For Governor and Lieutenant Governor; B. For State officers; 3 C. For presidential electors; 4 D. For United States Senators and Representatives to 5 6 Congress; 7 E. For judges of the Supreme Court; 8 F. For judges of the Appellate Court; 9 G. For judges of the circuit court; H. For Senators and Representatives to the General 10 11 Assembly; 12 I. For State's Attorneys elected from 2 or more 13 counties; J. For amendments to the Constitution, and for other 14 15 propositions submitted to the electors of the entire State; 16 K. For county officers and for propositions submitted 17 to the electors of the county only; L. For Regional Superintendent of Schools; 18 M. For trustees of Sanitary Districts; and 19 20 N. For Trustee of a Regional Board of School Trustees; 21 and. 22 O. For trustees of the University of Illinois. 23 Each sheet shall report the returns by precinct or ward. Multiple originals of each of the sheets shall be prepared 24 25 and one of each shall be turned over to the chairman of the 26 county central committee of each of the then existing

established political parties, as defined in Section 10-2, or his duly authorized representative immediately after the completion of the entries on the sheets and before the totals have been compiled.

5 The foregoing abstracts shall be preserved by the election 6 authority in its office.

7 Whenever any county clerk is unable to canvass the vote,
8 the deputy county clerk or a designee of the county clerk shall
9 serve in his or her place.

10 The powers and duties of the election authority canvassing 11 the votes are limited to those specified in this Section.

12 No person who is shown by the election authority's proclamation to have been elected at the consolidated election 13 or general election as a write-in candidate shall take office 14 15 unless that person has first filed with the certifying office 16 or board a statement of candidacy pursuant to Section 7-10 or 17 Section 10-5, a statement pursuant to Section 7-10.1, and a receipt for filing a statement of economic interests in 18 19 relation to the unit of government to which he or she has been 20 elected. For officers elected at the consolidated election, the 21 certifying officer shall notify the election authority of the 22 receipt of those documents, and the county clerk shall issue 23 the certification of election under the provisions of Section 22-18. 24

25 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-647, eff. 1-1-06; 26 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

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(10 ILCS 5/22-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-7)

Sec. 22-7. Canvass of votes; declaration and proclamation 2 3 of result. The State Board of Elections - shall proceed, within 4 31 days after the election, and sooner if all the returns are 5 received, to canvass the votes given for United States Senators 6 and Representatives to Congress, State executive officers, 7 judges of the Supreme Court, judges of the Appellate Court, 8 judges of the Circuit Court, Senators, Representatives to the 9 General Assembly, State's Attorneys and Regional 10 Superintendents of Schools elected from 2 or more counties, and 11 trustees of the University of Illinois, respectively, and the 12 persons having the highest number of votes for the respective 13 offices shall be declared duly elected, but if it appears that 14 more than the number of persons to be elected have the highest 15 and an equal number of votes for the same office, the electoral 16 board shall decide by lot which of such persons shall be elected; and to each person duly elected, the Governor shall 17 give a certificate of election or commission, as the case may 18 19 require, and shall cause proclamation to be made of the result 20 of the canvass, and they shall at the same time and in the same 21 manner, canvass the vote cast upon amendments to the 22 Constitution, and upon other propositions submitted to the electors of the entire State; and the Governor shall cause to 23 24 be made such proclamation of the result of the canvass as the 25 statutes elsewhere provide. The State Board of Elections shall

transmit to the State Comptroller a list of the persons elected to the various offices. The State Board of Elections shall also transmit to the Supreme Court the names of persons elected to judgeships in adversary elections and the names of judges who fail to win retention in office.

6 No person who is shown by the canvassing board's 7 proclamation to have been elected at the consolidated election or general election as a write-in candidate shall take office 8 9 unless that person has first filed with the certifying office 10 or board a statement of candidacy pursuant to Section 7-10 or 11 Section 10-5, a statement pursuant to Section 7-10.1, and a 12 receipt for filing a statement of economic interests in relation to the unit of government to which he or she has been 13 14 elected. For officers elected at the consolidated election, the 15 certifying officer shall notify the election authority of the 16 receipt of those documents, and the county clerk shall issue 17 the certification of election under the provisions of Section 22-18. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

20 (10 ILCS 5/23-1.1a) (from Ch. 46, par. 23-1.1a)

Sec. 23-1.1a. Election contest - Statewide - Jurisdiction. The Supreme Court shall have jurisdiction over contests of the results of any election, including a primary, for an elected officer provided for in Article V of the Constitution <u>and for</u> <u>trustee of the University of Illinois</u>, and shall retain

jurisdiction throughout the course of such election contests.
 (Source: P.A. 89-5, eff. 1-1-96.)

3 (10 ILCS 5/23-1.2a) (from Ch. 46, par. 23-1.2a)

SB2465

4 Sec. 23-1.2a. Election contest - Statewide offices - Who 5 may contest - Time and place for filing - Fee. The results of 6 an election, including a primary, for an elected executive officer provided for in Article V of the Constitution or for 7 8 trustee of the University of Illinois may be challenged (1) by 9 any candidate whose name was on the ballot for that office, (2) 10 by any person who filed a declaration of intent to be a 11 write-in candidate for that office, or (3) by any person who 12 voted in that election, provided that such person's challenge 13 is supported by a verified petition signed by persons who voted 14 in the election in a number no less than the largest number of 15 signatures required to nominate a person to be a candidate of 16 any political party which nominated a candidate for the office being contested. 17

Any person, including a candidate, qualified pursuant to this Section and desiring to contest the results of an election for such an office shall, within 15 days of the date of the official proclamation of results of such election, file a Petition of State Election Contest with the clerk of the Supreme Court together with a filing fee in the amount of \$10,000.

25 (Source: P.A. 89-5, eff. 1-1-96.)

(10 ILCS 5/23-1.13a) (from Ch. 46, par. 23-1.13a) 1 Sec. 23-1.13a. If any of the powers or duties to be 2 3 exercised or performed by the Supreme Court under Sections 4 23-1.1a through 23-1.12a may not constitutionally be exercised 5 or performed by the Supreme Court by reason of jurisdictional 6 limitations, then Sections 23-1.1a through 23-1.12a shall 7 nonetheless continue to govern contests of elections for 8 elected officers provided for in Article V of the Constitution 9 and for trustees of the University of Illinois, and in such event the Supreme Court shall, pursuant to its general 10 11 administrative and supervisory powers, assign to a circuit 12 court those adjudicatory powers and duties with respect to such a contest as may not be exercised or performed by the Supreme 13 14 Court, subject to appropriate judicial review.

15 (Source: P.A. 89-5, eff. 1-1-96.)

Section 15. The University of Illinois Act is amended by changing Section 11 as follows:

18 (110 ILCS 305/11) (from Ch. 144, par. 32)

19 Sec. 11. No elected or selected member of the Board of 20 Trustees shall receive any compensation for attending on the 21 meetings of the Board, but they shall be reimbursed for their 22 actual and necessary expenses while engaged in the performance 23 of their duties. Expenses necessarily incurred by any

non-voting student member may, at the discretion of the 1 President of the Board, be provided for by advance payment to 2 3 member, who shall account therefor to such the Board immediately after each meeting. At all the stated and other 4 5 meetings of the Board of Trustees, called by the regent or 6 corresponding secretary, or any 4 = 5 members of the Board, a 7 majority of the members shall constitute a quorum, provided all 8 the members have been duly notified.

9 At each regular and special meeting that is open to the 10 public, members of the public and employees of the University 11 shall be afforded time, subject to reasonable constraints, to 12 make comments to or ask questions of the Board.

13 (Source: P.A. 91-715, eff. 1-1-01.)

Section 20. The University of Illinois Trustees Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

16 (110 ILCS 310/1) (from Ch. 144, par. 41)

17 Sec. 1. <u>Membership</u>.

18 (a) Until all of the new members initially to be elected 19 under this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly have 20 <u>taken office, the</u> The Board of Trustees of the University of 21 Illinois shall consist of the Governor and at least 12 22 trustees, with 9. Nine trustees shall be appointed by the 23 Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The 24 <u>term of each appointed member of the Board of Trustees shall</u>

1	terminate when all of the new members initially to be elected
2	under this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly have
3	taken office. Beginning on the date when all of the new members
4	initially to be elected under this amendatory Act of the 96th
5	General Assembly have taken office, the Board of Trustees shall
6	consist of the Governor and at least 10 members. Seven of these
7	members shall be elected in the manner provided by law, with 3
8	members elected from the First Judicial District and one member
9	elected from each of the 4 other judicial districts. These 7
10	trustees shall initially be elected at the general election in
11	2008. Beginning with the general election in 2010, a trustee
12	shall be elected at each general election to succeed each
13	incumbent trustee whose term expires in January of the year
14	next following that general election. A petition for nomination
15	of a candidate for member of the Board of Trustees shall be
16	signed by at least 0.5% of the total number of registered
17	voters in the judicial district in which the person is a
18	candidate for nomination. The other trustees shall be students,
19	of whom one student shall be selected from each University
20	campus.

21 (b) Each student trustee shall serve a term of one year, 22 beginning on July 1 or on the date of his or her selection, 23 whichever is later, and expiring on the next succeeding June 24 30.

25 <u>(c)</u> Each trustee shall have all of the privileges of 26 membership, except that only one student trustee shall have the

right to cast a legally binding vote. The student trustees 1 2 shall select one of their number to The Governor shall designate which one of the student trustees shall possess, for 3 his or her entire term, the right to cast a legally binding 4 5 vote. However, if a student trustee has served more than one term and during one of those terms, he or she was selected to 6 7 possess a legally binding vote, then he or she is ineligible to be selected again to possess a legally binding vote. If the 8 9 student trustees fail to come to an agreement on which student trustee shall possess a legally binding vote, none of the 10 11 student trustees may possess a legally binding vote for the 12 remainder of their term. Each student trustee who does not 13 possess the right to cast a legally binding vote shall have the 14 right to cast an advisory vote and the right to make and second 15 motions and to attend executive sessions.

16 <u>(d)</u> Each trustee shall be governed by the same conflict of 17 interest standards. Pursuant to those standards, it shall not 18 be a conflict of interest for a student trustee to vote on 19 matters pertaining to students generally, such as tuition and 20 fees. However, it shall be a conflict of interest for a student 21 trustee to vote on faculty member tenure or promotion.

22 (e) Student trustees shall be chosen by campus-wide student 23 election, and the student trustee designated by the Governor to 24 possess a legally binding vote shall be one of the students 25 selected by this method. A student trustee who does not possess 26 a legally binding vote on a measure at a meeting of the Board

or any of its committees shall not be considered a trustee for 1 the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present at the 2 3 time that measure is voted upon. To be eligible for selection as a student trustee and to be eligible to remain as a voting 4 5 or nonvoting student trustee, a student trustee must be a resident of this State, must have and maintain a grade point 6 7 average that is equivalent to at least 2.5 on a 4.0 scale, and must be a full time student enrolled at all times during his or 8 9 her term of office except for that part of the term which 10 follows the completion of the last full regular semester of an 11 academic year and precedes the first full regular semester of 12 the succeeding academic year at the University (sometimes commonly referred to as the summer session or summer school). 13 14 If a voting or nonvoting student trustee fails to continue to 15 meet or maintain the residency, minimum grade point average, or 16 enrollment requirement established by this Section, his or her 17 membership on the Board shall be deemed to have terminated by operation of law. 18

19 If a voting student trustee resigns or otherwise ceases to 20 serve on the Board, the Governor shall, within 30 days, 21 designate one of the remaining student trustees shall determine 22 which one of them shall to possess the right to cast a legally 23 binding vote for the remainder of his or her term. However, if 24 a student trustee has served more than one term and during one 25 of those terms, he or she was selected to possess a legally 26 binding vote, then he or she is ineligible to be selected again

to possess a legally binding vote. If the remaining student 1 2 trustees fail to come to an agreement on which student trustee shall possess a legally binding vote, none of the remaining 3 student trustees may possess a legally binding vote for the 4 5 remainder of their term. If a nonvoting student trustee resigns or otherwise ceases to serve on the Board, the chief executive 6 7 of the student government from that campus shall, within 30 8 days, select a new nonvoting student trustee to serve for the 9 remainder of the term.

10 (f) Until those members elected at the general election in 11 2010 have taken office, no more than 5 of the 9 appointed 12 trustees shall be affiliated with the same political party. Each trustee appointed by the Governor must be a resident of 13 this State. A failure to meet or maintain this residency 14 requirement constitutes a resignation from and creates a 15 16 vacancy in the Board. The term of office of each of these 17 appointed trustees trustee shall be 6 years from the third Monday in January of each odd numbered year. The regular terms 18 19 of office of these the appointed trustees shall be staggered so 20 that 3 terms expire in each odd-numbered year. Vacancies for these appointed trustees shall be filled for the unexpired term 21 22 in the same manner as original appointments. If these vacancies 23 a vacancy in membership occur occurs at a time when the Senate session, the Governor shall make 24 is not in temporary 25 appointments until the next meeting of the Senate, when he shall appoint persons to fill such memberships for the 26

1 remainder of their respective terms. If the Senate is not in 2 session when appointments for a full term are made, 3 appointments shall be made as in the case of vacancies.

4 The term of office of each elected trustee shall be 6 years 5 from the third Monday in January next succeeding his or her election and until his or her successor is elected and 6 qualified. However, the 3 members from the First Judicial 7 8 District initially elected pursuant to this amendatory Act of 9 the 96th General Assembly shall draw lots to determine one of 10 their number to serve a 2-year term, one of their number to 11 serve a 4-year term, and one of their number to serve a 6-year 12 term. The other 4 members initially elected pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall draw lots to 13 14 determine 2 of their number to serve a 2-year term, one of their number to serve a 4-year term, and one of their number to 15 16 serve a 6-year term. In case of a vacancy in an elected 17 trustee's seat, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the Governor (i) for the unexpired term if 28 or fewer months 18 19 remain in the term or (ii) if more than 28 months remain in the 20 term, until a trustee is elected at the next general election to serve for the unexpired term and is qualified. 21

(g) Each elected or appointed trustee must be a resident of this State. To be an elected member, a person must also be a resident of the judicial district from which he or she was elected, and a person selected to fill a vacancy left by an elected member must be a resident of the judicial district from

SB2465	- 33 -	LRB096 13700 MJR 28464 b
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which the elected member was elected. A failure to meet or
 maintain these residency requirements constitutes a
 resignation from and creates a vacancy in the board.

4 (h) No action of the board shall be invalidated by reason
5 of any vacancies on the board, or by reason of any failure to
6 select student trustees.

7 (Source: P.A. 91-778, eff. 1-1-01; 91-798, eff. 7-9-00; 92-16, 8 eff. 6-28-01.)

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon10 becoming law.

	SB2465	- 34 - LRB096 13700 MJR 28464 b
1		INDEX
2	Statutes amende	ed in order of appearance
3	5 ILCS 420/4A-101	from Ch. 127, par. 604A-101
4	10 ILCS 5/2A-1.2	from Ch. 46, par. 2A-1.2
5	10 ILCS 5/2A-53.5 new	
6	10 ILCS 5/7-1	from Ch. 46, par. 7-1
7	10 ILCS 5/7-9	from Ch. 46, par. 7-9
8	10 ILCS 5/22-1	from Ch. 46, par. 22-1
9	10 ILCS 5/22-7	from Ch. 46, par. 22-7
10	10 ILCS 5/23-1.1a	from Ch. 46, par. 23-1.1a
11	10 ILCS 5/23-1.2a	from Ch. 46, par. 23-1.2a
12	10 ILCS 5/23-1.13a	from Ch. 46, par. 23-1.13a
13	110 ILCS 305/11	from Ch. 144, par. 32
14	110 ILCS 310/1	from Ch. 144, par. 41