96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

SB1483

Introduced 2/18/2009, by Sen. M. Maggie Crotty

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

225 ILCS 60/54.5 225 ILCS 110/3

from Ch. 111, par. 7903

Amends the Medical Practice Act of 1987 to allow a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches to delegate the use of a rigid and flexible endoscope to a speech-language pathologist that is licensed under the Illinois Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Practice Act. Amends the Illinois Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Practice Act to include the use of rigid and flexible endoscopes within the definition of "the practice of speech-language pathology". Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended by 5 changing Section 54.5 as follows:

6 (225 ILCS 60/54.5)

7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2010)
8 Sec. 54.5. Physician delegation of authority.

9 (a) Physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its 10 branches may delegate care and treatment responsibilities to a 11 physician assistant under guidelines in accordance with the 12 requirements of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987. A 13 physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches may 14 enter into supervising physician agreements with no more than 2 15 physician assistants.

16 (b) A physician licensed to practice medicine in all its 17 branches in active clinical practice may collaborate with an advanced practice nurse in accordance with the requirements of 18 the Nurse Practice Act. Collaboration is for the purpose of 19 providing medical consultation, and no employment relationship 20 21 is required. A written collaborative agreement shall conform to 22 the requirements of Section 65-35 of the Nurse Practice Act. The written collaborative agreement shall be for services the 23

1 collaborating physician generally provides to his or her 2 patients in the normal course of clinical medical practice. A 3 written collaborative agreement shall be adequate with respect 4 to collaboration with advanced practice nurses if all of the 5 following apply:

6 (1) The agreement is written to promote the exercise of 7 professional judgment by the advanced practice nurse 8 commensurate with his or her education and experience. The 9 agreement need not describe the exact steps that an 10 advanced practice nurse must take with respect to each 11 specific condition, disease, or symptom, but must specify 12 those procedures that require a physician's presence as the procedures are being performed. 13

14 (2) Practice guidelines and orders are developed and 15 approved jointly by the advanced practice nurse and 16 collaborating physician, as needed, based on the practice 17 of the practitioners. Such guidelines and orders and the 18 patient services provided thereunder are periodically 19 reviewed by the collaborating physician.

(3) The advance practice nurse provides services the collaborating physician generally provides to his or her patients in the normal course of clinical practice, except as set forth in subsection (b-5) of this Section. With respect to labor and delivery, the collaborating physician must provide delivery services in order to participate with a certified nurse midwife. SB1483

1 (4) The collaborating physician and advanced practice 2 nurse meet in person at least once a month to provide 3 collaboration and consultation.

4 (5) Methods of communication are available with the 5 collaborating physician in person or through 6 telecommunications for consultation, collaboration, and 7 referral as needed to address patient care needs.

8 (6) The agreement contains provisions detailing notice 9 for termination or change of status involving a written 10 collaborative agreement, except when such notice is given 11 for just cause.

12 anesthesiologist or physician licensed (b-5) An to practice medicine in all its branches may collaborate with a 13 14 certified registered nurse anesthetist in accordance with 15 Section 65-35 of the Nurse Practice Act for the provision of 16 anesthesia services. With respect to the provision of 17 anesthesia services, the collaborating anesthesiologist or physician shall have training and experience in the delivery of 18 19 anesthesia services consistent with Department rules. 20 Collaboration shall be adequate if:

(1) an anesthesiologist or a physician participates in the joint formulation and joint approval of orders or guidelines and periodically reviews such orders and the services provided patients under such orders; and

(2) for anesthesia services, the anesthesiologist or
 physician participates through discussion of and agreement

with the anesthesia plan and is physically present and 1 2 available on the premises during the delivery of anesthesia services for diagnosis, consultation, and treatment of 3 emergency medical conditions. Anesthesia services in a 4 5 hospital shall be conducted in accordance with Section 10.7 of the Hospital Licensing Act and in an ambulatory surgical 6 treatment center in accordance with Section 6.5 of the 7 8 Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act.

9 (b-10) The anesthesiologist or operating physician must 10 agree with the anesthesia plan prior to the delivery of 11 services.

12 (c) The supervising physician shall have access to the 13 medical records of all patients attended by a physician 14 assistant. The collaborating physician shall have access to the 15 medical records of all patients attended to by an advanced 16 practice nurse.

17 (d) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the 18 delegation of tasks or duties by a physician licensed to 19 practice medicine in all its branches to a licensed practical 20 nurse, a registered professional nurse, or other persons.

(e) A physician shall not be liable for the acts or omissions of a physician assistant or advanced practice nurse solely on the basis of having signed a supervision agreement or guidelines or a collaborative agreement, an order, a standing medical order, a standing delegation order, or other order or guideline authorizing a physician assistant or advanced practice nurse to perform acts, unless the physician has reason to believe the physician assistant or advanced practice nurse lacked the competency to perform the act or acts or commits willful and wanton misconduct.

5 <u>(f) Physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its</u> 6 <u>branches may delegate the use of rigid and flexible endoscopes</u> 7 <u>to a speech-language pathologist licensed under the Illinois</u> 8 <u>Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Practice Act.</u>

9 (Source: P.A. 95-639, eff. 10-5-07.)

10 Section 10. The Illinois Speech-Language Pathology and 11 Audiology Practice Act is amended by changing Section 3 as 12 follows:

13 (225 ILCS 110/3) (from Ch. 111, par. 7903)

14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)

Sec. 3. Definitions. The following words and phrases shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this Section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

18 (a) "Department" means the Department of Financial and19 Professional Regulation.

20 (b) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and21 Professional Regulation.

(c) "Board" means the Board of Speech-Language Pathologyand Audiology established under Section 5 of this Act.

24 (d) "Speech-Language Pathologist" means a person who has

1 received a license pursuant to this Act and who engages in the 2 practice of speech-language pathology.

3 (e) "Audiologist" means a person who has received a license 4 pursuant to this Act and who engages in the practice of 5 audiology.

6 (f) "Public member" means a person who is not a health 7 professional. For purposes of board membership, any person with 8 a significant financial interest in a health service or 9 profession is not a public member.

10 (g) "The practice of audiology" is the application of 11 nonmedical methods and procedures for the identification, 12 measurement, testing, appraisal, prediction, habilitation, 13 rehabilitation, or instruction related to and hearing 14 disorders of hearing. These procedures are for the purpose of 15 counseling, consulting and rendering or offering to render 16 services or for participating in the planning, directing or 17 conducting of that are designed to programs modify communicative disorders involving speech, language or auditory 18 function related to hearing loss. The practice of audiology may 19 20 include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

21 (1) any task, procedure, act, or practice that is 22 necessary for the evaluation of hearing or vestibular 23 function;

(2) training in the use of amplification devices;
(3) the fitting, dispensing, or servicing of hearing
instruments; and

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(4) performing basic speech and language screening tests and procedures consistent with audiology training.

(h) "The practice of speech-language pathology" is the 3 application of nonmedical methods and procedures for the 4 5 identification, measurement, testing, appraisal, prediction, habilitation, rehabilitation, and modification related to 6 7 communication development, and disorders or disabilities of 8 speech, language, voice, swallowing, and other speech, 9 language and voice related disorders. These procedures are for 10 the purpose of counseling, consulting and rendering or offering to render services, or for participating in the planning, 11 12 directing or conducting of programs that are designed to modify 13 communicative disorders and conditions in individuals or groups of individuals involving speech, language, voice and 14 15 swallowing function.

16 "The practice of speech-language pathology" shall include, 17 but shall not be limited to, the following:

18 (1) hearing screening tests and aural rehabilitation
19 procedures consistent with speech-language pathology
20 training;

(2) tasks, procedures, acts or practices that are necessary for the evaluation of, and training in the use of, augmentative communication systems, communication variation, cognitive rehabilitation, non-spoken language production and comprehension<u>; and</u> -

26 (3) the use of rigid and flexible endoscopes pursuant

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to the provisions of Section 54.5(f) of the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

(i) "Speech-language pathology assistant" means a person
who has received a license pursuant to this Act to assist a
speech-language pathologist in the manner provided in this Act.
(Source: P.A. 94-528, eff. 8-10-05; 95-465, eff. 8-27-07.)

7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon8 becoming law.