1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act
- is amended by changing Section 3.50 as follows:
- 6 (210 ILCS 50/3.50)
- 7 Sec. 3.50. Emergency Medical Technician (EMT) Licensure.
- 8 (a) "Emergency Medical Technician-Basic" or "EMT-B" means
- 9 a person who has successfully completed a course of instruction
- in basic life support as prescribed by the Department, is
- 11 currently licensed by the Department in accordance with
- 12 standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the
- Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an EMS
- 14 System.
- 15 (b) "Emergency Medical Technician-Intermediate" or "EMT-I"
- 16 means a person who has successfully completed a course of
- instruction in intermediate life support as prescribed by the
- 18 Department, is currently licensed by the Department in
- 19 accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules
- 20 adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices
- 21 within an Intermediate or Advanced Life Support EMS System.
- 22 (c) "Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic" or "EMT-P"
- 23 means a person who has successfully completed a course of

- 1 instruction in advanced life support care as prescribed by the
- 2 Department, is licensed by the Department in accordance with
- 3 standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the
- 4 Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an
- 5 Advanced Life Support EMS System.
- 6 (d) The Department shall have the authority and responsibility to:
 - (1) Prescribe education and training requirements, which includes training in the use of epinephrine, for all levels of EMT, based on the respective national curricula of the United States Department of Transportation and any modifications to such curricula specified by the Department through rules adopted pursuant to this Act.+
 - (2) Prescribe licensure testing requirements for all levels of EMT, which shall include a requirement that all phases of instruction, training, and field experience be completed before taking the EMT licensure examination. Candidates may elect to take the National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians examination in lieu of the Department's examination, but are responsible for making their own arrangements for taking the National Registry examination. +
 - (2.5) Review applications for EMT licensure from honorably discharged members of the armed forces of the United States with military emergency medical training.

 Applications shall be filed with the Department within one

year after military discharge and shall contain: (i) proof
of successful completion of military emergency medical
training; (ii) a detailed description of the emergency
medical curriculum completed; and (iii) a detailed
description of the applicant's clinical experience. The
Department may request additional and clarifying
information. The Department shall evaluate the
application, including the applicant's training and
experience, consistent with the standards set forth under
subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of Section 3.10. If the
application clearly demonstrates that the training and
experience meets such standards, the Department shall
offer the applicant the opportunity to successfully
complete a Department-approved EMT examination for which
the applicant is qualified. Upon passage of an examination,
the Department shall issue a license, which shall be
subject to all provisions of this Act that are otherwise
applicable to the class of EMT license issued.

- (3) License individuals as an EMT-B, EMT-I, or EMT-P who have met the Department's education, training and testing requirements. +
- (4) Prescribe annual continuing education and relicensure requirements for all levels of EMT.+
- (5) Relicense individuals as an EMT-B, EMT-I, or EMT-P every 4 years, based on their compliance with continuing education and relicensure requirements. +

26

(6) Grant inactive status to any EMT who qualifies, based on standards and procedures established by the 2 3 Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act.+ (7) Charge each candidate for EMT a fee to be submitted with an application for a licensure examination. + 6 (8) Suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of 7 an EMT, after an opportunity for a hearing, when findings 8 show one or more of the following: 9 (A) The EMT has not met continuing education or 10 relicensure requirements as prescribed by the 11 Department; 12 (B) The EMT has failed to maintain proficiency in 13 the level of skills for which he or she is licensed; (C) The EMT, during the provision of medical 14 15 engaged in dishonorable, unethical 16 unprofessional conduct of a character likely 17 deceive, defraud or harm the public; (D) The EMT has failed to maintain or has violated 18 19 standards of performance and conduct as prescribed by 20 the Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act or 21 his or her EMS System's Program Plan; 22 (E) The EMT is physically impaired to the extent 23 that he or she cannot physically perform the skills and functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified 24 25 by a physician, unless the person is on inactive status

pursuant to Department regulations;

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

(F) The EMT is mentally impaired to the extent that
he or she cannot exercise the appropriate judgment,
skill and safety for performing the functions for which
he or she is licensed, as verified by a physician,
unless the person is on inactive status pursuant to
Department regulations; or

(G) The EMT has violated this Act or any rule adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act.

The education requirements prescribed by the Department under this subsection must allow for the suspension of those requirements in the case of a member of the armed services or reserve forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois National Guard who is on active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor at the time that the member would otherwise be required to fulfill a particular education requirement. Such a person must fulfill the education requirement within 6 months after his or her release from active duty.

(e) In the event that any rule of the Department or an EMS Medical Director that requires testing for drug use as a condition for EMT licensure conflicts with or duplicates a provision of a collective bargaining agreement that requires testing for drug use, that rule shall not apply to any person covered by the collective bargaining agreement.

(Source: P.A. 94-504, eff. 8-8-05.)

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 2 becoming law.