96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

SB0069

Introduced 1/30/2009, by Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

225 ILCS 60/22 from Ch. 111, par. 4400-22 225 ILCS 60/22.2 new

Amends the Medical Practice Act of 1987. Makes changes concerning the prohibition against fee splitting. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended by 5 changing Section 22 and adding Section 22.2 as follows:

6 (225 ILCS 60/22) (from Ch. 111, par. 4400-22)

7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2010)
8 Sec. 22. Disciplinary action.

9 Department may revoke, suspend, place (A) The on probationary status, refuse to renew, or take any other 10 11 disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper with regard to the license or visiting professor permit of any 12 13 person issued under this Act to practice medicine, or to treat 14 human ailments without the use of drugs and without operative surgery upon any of the following grounds: 15

16 (1) Performance of an elective abortion in any place,
17 locale, facility, or institution other than:

18 (a) a facility licensed pursuant to the Ambulatory
19 Surgical Treatment Center Act;

(b) an institution licensed under the HospitalLicensing Act; or

22 (c) an ambulatory surgical treatment center or 23 hospitalization or care facility maintained by the 1 State or any agency thereof, where such department or 2 agency has authority under law to establish and enforce 3 standards for the ambulatory surgical treatment 4 centers, hospitalization, or care facilities under its 5 management and control; or

6 (d) ambulatory surgical treatment centers, 7 hospitalization or care facilities maintained by the 8 Federal Government; or

9 (e) ambulatory surgical treatment centers, 10 hospitalization or care facilities maintained by any 11 university or college established under the laws of 12 this State and supported principally by public funds 13 raised by taxation.

14 (2) Performance of an abortion procedure in a wilful
15 and wanton manner on a woman who was not pregnant at the
16 time the abortion procedure was performed.

17 (3) The conviction of a felony in this or any other 18 jurisdiction, except as otherwise provided in subsection B 19 of this Section, whether or not related to practice under 20 this Act, or the entry of a guilty or nolo contendere plea 21 to a felony charge.

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(4) Gross negligence in practice under this Act.

(5) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or
unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
defraud or harm the public.

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(6) Obtaining any fee by fraud, deceit, or

1 misrepresentation.

(7) Habitual or excessive use or abuse of drugs defined
in law as controlled substances, of alcohol, or of any
other substances which results in the inability to practice
with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.

6 (8) Practicing under a false or, except as provided by 7 law, an assumed name.

8 (9) Fraud or misrepresentation in applying for, or 9 procuring, a license under this Act or in connection with 10 applying for renewal of a license under this Act.

(10) Making a false or misleading statement regarding their skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine, treatment, or remedy prescribed by them at their direction in the treatment of any disease or other condition of the body or mind.

(11) Allowing another person or organization to use
 their license, procured under this Act, to practice.

Disciplinary action of 18 (12)another state or 19 jurisdiction against a license or other authorization to 20 practice as a medical doctor, doctor of osteopathy, doctor of osteopathic medicine or doctor of chiropractic, a 21 22 certified copy of the record of the action taken by the 23 other state or jurisdiction being prima facie evidence 24 thereof.

(13) Violation of any provision of this Act or of the
 Medical Practice Act prior to the repeal of that Act, or

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violation of the rules, or a final administrative action of the Secretary, after consideration of the recommendation of the Disciplinary Board.

Violation of the prohibition against fee 4 (14)splitting in Section 22.2 of this Act. Dividing with anyone 5 other than physicians with whom the licensee practices in a 6 partnership, Professional Association, limited liability 7 company, or Medical or Professional Corporation any fee, 8 9 commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any 10 professional services not actually and personally 11 rendered. Nothing contained in this subsection prohibits 12 persons holding valid and current licenses under this Act from practicing medicine in partnership under 13 partnership agreement, including a limited liability 14 partnership, in a limited liability company under the 15 16 Limited Liability Company Act, in a corporation authorized 17 by the Medical Corporation Act, as an association authorized by the Professional Association Act, or in a 18 19 corporation under the Professional Corporation Act or from 20 pooling, sharing, dividing or apportioning the fees and monies received by them or by the partnership, corporation 21 22 or association in accordance with the partnership 23 agreement or the policies of the Board of Directors of the corporation or association. Nothing contained in this 24 25 subsection prohibits 2 or more corporations authorized by 26 the Medical Corporation Act, from forming a partnership or

1 joint venture of such corporations, and providing medical, 2 and scientific research and knowledge by surgical employees of these corporations if such employees are 3 -under this Act, or from pooling, sharing, 4 licensed 5 dividing, or apportioning the fees and monies received by 6 the partnership or joint venture in accordance with the 7 partnership or joint venture agreement. Nothing contained 8 in this subsection shall abrogate the right of 2 or more 9 persons, holding valid and current licenses under this Act, 10 to each receive adequate compensation for concurrently 11 rendering professional services to a patient and divide a 12 fee; provided, the patient has full knowledge of the 13 division, and, provided, that the division is 14 proportion to the services performed and responsibility 15 assumed by each.

16 (15) A finding by the Medical Disciplinary Board that 17 the registrant after having his or her license placed on 18 probationary status or subjected to conditions or 19 restrictions violated the terms of the probation or failed 20 to comply with such terms or conditions.

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(16) Abandonment of a patient.

(17) Prescribing, selling, administering,
distributing, giving or self-administering any drug
classified as a controlled substance (designated product)
or narcotic for other than medically accepted therapeutic
purposes.

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1 (18) Promotion of the sale of drugs, devices, 2 appliances or goods provided for a patient in such manner 3 as to exploit the patient for financial gain of the 4 physician.

5 (19) Offering, undertaking or agreeing to cure or treat 6 disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment or 7 medicine, or the treating, operating or prescribing for any 8 human condition by a method, means or procedure which the 9 licensee refuses to divulge upon demand of the Department.

10 (20) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act 11 including, but not limited to, commission of an act of 12 sexual misconduct related to the licensee's practice.

(21) Wilfully making or filing false records or reports
in his or her practice as a physician, including, but not
limited to, false records to support claims against the
medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare
and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid)
under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

19 (22) Wilful omission to file or record, or wilfully
20 impeding the filing or recording, or inducing another
21 person to omit to file or record, medical reports as
22 required by law, or wilfully failing to report an instance
23 of suspected abuse or neglect as required by law.

(23) Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated
 report by the Department of Children and Family Services
 under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and

1 upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the 2 licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or 3 neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected 4 Child Reporting Act.

(24) Solicitation of professional patronage by any corporation, agents or persons, or profiting from those representing themselves to be agents of the licensee.

8 (25) Gross and wilful and continued overcharging for 9 professional services, including filing false statements 10 for collection of fees for which services are not rendered, 11 including, but not limited to, filing such false statements 12 for collection of monies for services not rendered from the medical assistance program of the Department of Healthcare 13 14 and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid) 15 under the Illinois Public Aid Code.

16 (26) A pattern of practice or other behavior which
 17 demonstrates incapacity or incompetence to practice under
 18 this Act.

19 (27) Mental illness or disability which results in the
20 inability to practice under this Act with reasonable
21 judgment, skill or safety.

(28) Physical illness, including, but not limited to,
deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor
skill which results in a physician's inability to practice
under this Act with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
(29) Cheating on or attempt to subvert the licensing

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examinations administered under this Act.

2 (30) Wilfully or negligently violating the 3 confidentiality between physician and patient except as 4 required by law.

5 (31) The use of any false, fraudulent, or deceptive 6 statement in any document connected with practice under 7 this Act.

8 (32) Aiding and abetting an individual not licensed 9 under this Act in the practice of a profession licensed 10 under this Act.

(33) Violating state or federal laws or regulations
 relating to controlled substances, legend drugs, or
 ephedra, as defined in the Ephedra Prohibition Act.

14 (34) Failure to report to the Department any adverse 15 final action taken against them by another licensing 16 jurisdiction (any other state or any territory of the United States or any foreign state or country), by any peer 17 review body, by any health care institution, by any 18 19 professional society or association related to practice 20 under this Act, by any governmental agency, by any law 21 enforcement agency, or by any court for acts or conduct 22 similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds 23 for action as defined in this Section.

(35) Failure to report to the Department surrender of a
license or authorization to practice as a medical doctor, a
doctor of osteopathy, a doctor of osteopathic medicine, or

doctor of chiropractic in another state or jurisdiction, or 1 2 surrender of membership on any medical staff or in any 3 medical or professional association or society, while disciplinary investigation by anv of 4 under those 5 authorities or bodies, for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as 6 defined in this Section. 7

8 (36) Failure to report to the Department any adverse 9 judgment, settlement, or award arising from a liability 10 claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct 11 which would constitute grounds for action as defined in 12 this Section.

13 (37) Failure to transfer copies of medical records as14 required by law.

(38) Failure to furnish the Department, its
investigators or representatives, relevant information,
legally requested by the Department after consultation
with the Chief Medical Coordinator or the Deputy Medical
Coordinator.

20 (39) Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral21 Act.

(40) Willful failure to provide notice when notice is
 required under the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 1995.

(41) Failure to establish and maintain records of
 patient care and treatment as required by this law.

(42) Entering into an excessive number of written

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collaborative agreements with licensed advanced practice
 nurses resulting in an inability to adequately collaborate
 and provide medical direction.

4 (43) Repeated failure to adequately collaborate with 5 or provide medical direction to a licensed advanced 6 practice nurse.

Except for actions involving the ground numbered (26), all 7 8 proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, 9 or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may 10 deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing 11 grounds, must be commenced within 5 years next after receipt by 12 the Department of a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described 13 14 herein. Except for the grounds numbered (8), (9), (26), and 15 (29), no action shall be commenced more than 10 years after the 16 date of the incident or act alleged to have violated this 17 Section. For actions involving the ground numbered (26), a pattern of practice or other behavior includes all incidents 18 19 alleged to be part of the pattern of practice or other behavior 20 that occurred or a report pursuant to Section 23 of this Act received within the 10-year period preceding the filing of the 21 22 complaint. In the event of the settlement of any claim or cause 23 of action in favor of the claimant or the reduction to final judgment of any civil action in favor of the plaintiff, such 24 25 claim, cause of action or civil action being grounded on the 26 allegation that a person licensed under this Act was negligent

in providing care, the Department shall have an additional 1 2 period of 2 years from the date of notification to the Department under Section 23 of this Act of such settlement or 3 final judgment in which to investigate and commence formal 4 5 disciplinary proceedings under Section 36 of this Act, except 6 as otherwise provided by law. The time during which the holder 7 of the license was outside the State of Illinois shall not be 8 included within any period of time limiting the commencement of 9 disciplinary action by the Department.

10 The entry of an order or judgment by any circuit court 11 establishing that any person holding a license under this Act 12 is a person in need of mental treatment operates as a 13 suspension of that license. That person may resume their 14 practice only upon the entry of a Departmental order based upon 15 a finding by the Medical Disciplinary Board that they have been 16 determined to be recovered from mental illness by the court and 17 upon the Disciplinary Board's recommendation that they be permitted to resume their practice. 18

The Department may refuse to issue or take disciplinary 19 20 action concerning the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed 21 22 return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or 23 interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time 24 as the 25 requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied as determined by 26 the Illinois Department of Revenue.

1 The Department, upon the recommendation of the 2 Disciplinary Board, shall adopt rules which set forth standards 3 to be used in determining:

4 (a) when a person will be deemed sufficiently
 5 rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;

6 (b) what constitutes dishonorable, unethical or 7 unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, 8 defraud, or harm the public;

9 (c) what constitutes immoral conduct in the commission 10 of any act, including, but not limited to, commission of an 11 act of sexual misconduct related to the licensee's 12 practice; and

13 (d) what constitutes gross negligence in the practice14 of medicine.

However, no such rule shall be admissible into evidence in any civil action except for review of a licensing or other disciplinary action under this Act.

In enforcing this Section, the Medical Disciplinary Board, 18 19 upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any 20 individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure or a permit pursuant to this Act, to 21 22 submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as 23 required by and at the expense of the Department. The examining physician or physicians shall be those specifically designated 24 25 by the Disciplinary Board. The Medical Disciplinary Board or 26 the Department may order the examining physician to present

testimony concerning this mental or physical examination of the 1 2 licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to 3 communication between the licensee or applicant and the 4 5 examining physician. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice 6 present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of any 7 8 individual to submit to mental or physical examination, when 9 directed, shall be grounds for suspension of his or her license 10 until such time as the individual submits to the examination if 11 the Disciplinary Board finds, after notice and hearing, that 12 the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause. If the Disciplinary Board finds a physician unable to 13 14 practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the 15 Disciplinary Board shall require such physician to submit to 16 care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or 17 designated by the Disciplinary Board, as a condition for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice. Any 18 19 physician, whose license was granted pursuant to Sections 9, 20 17, or 19 of this Act, or, continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised, subject to such terms, conditions or 21 22 restrictions who shall fail to comply with such terms, 23 conditions or restrictions, or to complete a required program 24 of care, counseling, or treatment, as determined by the Chief 25 Medical Coordinator or Deputy Medical Coordinators, shall be 26 referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the

licensee shall have their license suspended immediately, 1 2 pending a hearing by the Disciplinary Board. In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a license under this 3 Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be convened 4 5 by the Disciplinary Board within 15 days after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Disciplinary 6 Board shall have the authority to review 7 the subject physician's record of treatment and counseling regarding the 8 9 impairment, to the extent permitted by applicable federal 10 statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of 11 medical records.

12 An individual licensed under this Act, affected under this 13 Section, shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the 14 Disciplinary Board that they can resume practice in compliance 15 with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions 16 of their license.

17 The Department may promulgate rules for the imposition of fines in disciplinary cases, not to exceed \$10,000 for each 18 violation of this Act. Fines may be imposed in conjunction with 19 20 other forms of disciplinary action, but shall not be the exclusive disposition of any disciplinary action arising out of 21 22 conduct resulting in death or injury to a patient. Any funds 23 collected from such fines shall be deposited in the Medical Disciplinary Fund. 24

(B) The Department shall revoke the license or visiting
 permit of any person issued under this Act to practice medicine

or to treat human ailments without the use of drugs and without 1 2 operative surgery, who has been convicted a second time of 3 committing any felony under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection 4 5 Act, or who has been convicted a second time of committing a 6 Class 1 felony under Sections 8A-3 and 8A-6 of the Illinois Public Aid Code. A person whose license or visiting permit is 7 revoked under this subsection B of Section 22 of this Act shall 8 9 be prohibited from practicing medicine or treating human 10 ailments without the use of drugs and without operative 11 surgery.

12 (C) The Medical Disciplinary Board shall recommend to the 13 civil penalties Department and any other appropriate 14 discipline in disciplinary cases when the Board finds that a willfully performed 15 physician an abortion with actual 16 knowledge that the person upon whom the abortion has been 17 performed is a minor or an incompetent person without notice as required under the Parental Notice of Abortion Act of 1995. 18 19 Upon the Board's recommendation, the Department shall impose, for the first violation, a civil penalty of \$1,000 and for a 20 second or subsequent violation, a civil penalty of \$5,000. 21 22 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-677, eff. 8-25-05;

23 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

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(225 ILCS 60/22.2 new)

25 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2010)

1	Sec. 22.2. Prohibition against fee splitting.
2	(a) A licensee under this Act may not directly or
3	indirectly divide any professional fee or other form of
4	compensation for professional services with anyone other than
5	any of the following:
6	(1) A licensed health care professional for services
7	actually and personally rendered.
8	(2) A licensed health care professional as permitted
9	pursuant to the Professional Service Corporation Act.
10	(3) A physician with whom the licensee practices in a
11	partnership, a professional association, a limited
12	liability company, or a Medical Corporation.
13	(b) Nothing contained in this Section prohibits persons
14	holding valid and current licenses under this Act from
14 15	holding valid and current licenses under this Act from practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership
15	practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership
15 16	practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership agreement, which may take any of the following forms:
15 16 17	practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership agreement, which may take any of the following forms: (1) A limited liability partnership.
15 16 17 18	practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership agreement, which may take any of the following forms: (1) A limited liability partnership. (2) A limited liability company under the Limited
15 16 17 18 19	<pre>practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership agreement, which may take any of the following forms:</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20	practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership agreement, which may take any of the following forms: (1) A limited liability partnership. (2) A limited liability company under the Limited Liability Company Act. (3) A corporation authorized by the Medical
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership agreement, which may take any of the following forms: (1) A limited liability partnership. (2) A limited liability company under the Limited Liability Company Act. (3) A corporation authorized by the Medical Corporation Act.</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership agreement, which may take any of the following forms: (1) A limited liability partnership. (2) A limited liability company under the Limited Liability Company Act. (3) A corporation authorized by the Medical Corporation Act. (4) An association authorized by the Professional</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>practicing medicine in a partnership under a partnership agreement, which may take any of the following forms: (1) A limited liability partnership. (2) A limited liability company under the Limited Liability Company Act. (3) A corporation authorized by the Medical Corporation Act. (4) An association authorized by the Professional Association Act.</pre>

1 corporations authorized by the Medical Corporation Act from
2 forming a partnership or joint venture and providing medical,
3 surgical, and scientific research and knowledge from employees
4 of these corporation if such employees are licensed under this
5 Act.

6 <u>(d) Nothing contained in this Section prohibits a person,</u> 7 partnership, corporation, association, or joint venture as set 8 out in subsections (b) and (c) of this Section from pooling, 9 sharing, dividing, or apportioning the fees and monies received 10 by them in accordance with the partnership agreement, policies 11 of the board of directors of the corporation or association, or 12 joint venture agreement.

13 (e) Nothing contained in this Section abrogates the right 14 of 2 or more persons holding valid and current licenses to each 15 receive adequate compensation for concurrently rendering 16 professional services to a patient and to divide a fee provided 17 that the patient has full knowledge of the division and the 18 division is made in proportion to the services performed and 19 responsibility assumed by each person.

20 (f) Nothing contained in this Section prohibits a licensee
21 from paying a reasonable fee based on a percentage of
22 professional service fees billed or collected, a flat fee, or
23 any other arrangement that divides professional fees, for the
24 administrative processing or collecting of the licensee's
25 charges for professional services, provided that the licensee
26 at all times controls the amount of fees charged and collected.

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1 (g) Nothing contained in this Section prohibits the 2 granting of a security interest in the accounts receivable or 3 funds of a physician or the physician's practice for bona fide 4 advances made to the physician or physician's practice.

5 <u>(h) Under no circumstances may a health care professional</u> 6 <u>fee be divided, shared, or split with another person for the</u> 7 <u>purpose of patient referrals.</u>

8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 9 becoming law.