96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

HB4177

Introduced 2/27/2009, by Rep. Michael K. Smith

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/21-1

from Ch. 38, par. 21-1

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Provides that in addition to any criminal penalties imposed for criminal damage to property, if a person is convicted of or placed on supervision for knowingly damaging or destroying crops of another, including crops intended for personal, commercial, research, or developmental purposes, the person is liable in a civil action to the owner of any crops damaged or destroyed for money damages up to twice the market value of the crops damaged or destroyed. Effective July 1, 2009.

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing
Section 21-1 as follows:

6	(720 ILCS 5/21-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 21-1)
7	Sec. 21-1. Criminal damage to property.
8	(1) A person commits an illegal act when he:
9	(a) knowingly damages any property of another; or
10	(b) recklessly by means of fire or explosive damages
11	property of another; or
12	(c) knowingly starts a fire on the land of another; or
13	(d) knowingly injures a domestic animal of another
14	without his consent; or
15	(e) knowingly deposits on the land or in the building
16	of another any stink bomb or any offensive smelling
17	compound and thereby intends to interfere with the use by
18	another of the land or building; or
19	(f) damages any property, other than as described in
20	subsection (b) of Section 20-1, with intent to defraud an
21	insurer; or
22	(g) knowingly shoots a firearm at any portion of a
23	railroad train.

1 When the charge of criminal damage to property exceeding a 2 specified value is brought, the extent of the damage is an 3 element of the offense to be resolved by the trier of fact as 4 either exceeding or not exceeding the specified value.

5 It is an affirmative defense to a violation of item (a), 6 (c), or (e) of this Section that the owner of the property or 7 land damaged consented to such damage.

8 (2) The acts described in items (a), (b), (c), (e), and (f) 9 are Class A misdemeanors if the damage to property does not 10 exceed \$300. The acts described in items (a), (b), (c), (e), 11 and (f) are Class 4 felonies if the damage to property does not 12 exceed \$300 if the damage occurs to property of a school or place of worship or to farm equipment or immovable items of 13 agricultural production, including but not limited to grain 14 15 elevators, grain bins, and barns. The act described in item (d) 16 is a Class 4 felony if the damage to property does not exceed 17 \$10,000. The act described in item (q) is a Class 4 felony. The acts described in items (a), (b), (c), (e), and (f) are Class 4 18 19 felonies if the damage to property exceeds \$300 but does not 20 exceed \$10,000. The acts described in items (a) through (f) are Class 3 felonies if the damage to property exceeds \$300 but 21 22 does not exceed \$10,000 if the damage occurs to property of a 23 school or place of worship or to farm equipment or immovable items of agricultural production, including but not limited to 24 grain elevators, grain bins, and barns. The acts described in 25 items (a) through (f) are Class 3 felonies if the damage to 26

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property exceeds \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000. The acts 1 2 described in items (a) through (f) are Class 2 felonies if the damage to property exceeds \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000 3 if the damage occurs to property of a school or place of 4 5 worship or to farm equipment or immovable items of agricultural production, including but not limited to grain elevators, grain 6 7 bins, and barns. The acts described in items (a) through (f) 8 are Class 2 felonies if the damage to property exceeds 9 \$100,000. The acts described in items (a) through (f) are Class 10 1 felonies if the damage to property exceeds \$100,000 and the 11 damage occurs to property of a school or place of worship or to 12 farm equipment or immovable items of agricultural production, 13 including but not limited to grain elevators, grain bins, and barns. If the damage to property exceeds \$10,000, the court 14 15 shall impose upon the offender a fine equal to the value of the 16 damages to the property.

17 For the purposes of this subsection (2), "farm equipment" 18 means machinery or other equipment used in farming.

19 (3) In addition to any other sentence that may be imposed, 20 a court shall order any person convicted of criminal damage to property to perform community service for not less than 30 and 21 22 not more than 120 hours, if community service is available in 23 the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board of the county where the offense was committed. In addition, 24 whenever any person is placed on supervision for an alleged 25 26 offense under this Section, the supervision shall be

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1 conditioned upon the performance of the community service.

2 This subsection does not apply when the court imposes a 3 sentence of incarceration.

4 (4) In addition to any criminal penalties imposed for a violation of this Section, if a person is convicted of or 5 6 placed on supervision for knowingly damaging or destroying 7 crops of another, including crops intended for personal, commercial, research, or developmental purposes, the person is 8 9 liable in a civil action to the owner of any crops damaged or 10 destroyed for money damages up to twice the market value of the 11 crops damaged or destroyed. 12 (Source: P.A. 94-509, eff. 8-9-05; 95-553, eff. 6-1-08.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,2009.