

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 SB2295

Introduced 2/14/2008, by Sen. John J. Cullerton

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

625 ILCS 5/6-118 625 ILCS 5/6-206.1 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-118 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206.1

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Sets fees for the issuance of a monitoring device driving permit (MDDP). Provides that an offender who opts out of having an MDDP issued may, during the drug or alcohol-related statutory summary suspension of his or her driving privileges, petition the court for an order directing the Secretary of State to issue an MDDP. Provides that a court shall not direct the Secretary to issue an MDDP if the offender has previously been convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or intoxicating compounds, involving death. Provides that the \$30 administrative fee paid by the offender when an MDDP is issued shall be deposited into the Monitoring Device Driving Permit Administration Fee Fund. Deletes language providing that the court order directing the issuance of the MDDP shall specify the vehicle in which an ignition interlock device is to be installed. Provides that the MDDP shall be cancelled if the offender is convicted of or placed on court supervision for specified offenses or if the offender attempts to remove the ignition interlock device from his or her vehicle without the Secretary's authorization. Provides that, under specified circumstances, additional violations may result in the extension of the offender's statutory summary suspension or vehicle impoundment or forfeiture. Makes other changes regarding the issuance and cancellation of an MDDP and monitoring services to offenders found to be indigent. Effective January 1, 2009.

LRB095 15369 WGH 45387 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing 5 Sections 6-118 and 6-206.1 as follows: 6 (625 ILCS 5/6-118) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-118) 7 Sec. 6-118. Fees. 8 (a) The fee for licenses and permits under this Article is as follows: Original driver's license 10 \$10 11 Original or renewal driver's license 12 issued to 18, 19 and 20 year olds 13 All driver's licenses for persons 14 age 69 through age 80 5 All driver's licenses for persons 15 16 age 81 through age 86 17 All driver's licenses for persons 18 age 87 or older 0 19 Renewal driver's license (except for 20 applicants ages 18, 19 and 20 or 21 age 69 and older) 10 22 Original instruction permit issued to persons (except those age 69 and older) 2.3

1	who do not hold or have not previously
2	held an Illinois instruction permit or
3	driver's license 20
4	Instruction permit issued to any person
5	holding an Illinois driver's license
6	who wishes a change in classifications,
7	other than at the time of renewal 5
8	Any instruction permit issued to a person
9	age 69 and older 5
LO	Instruction permit issued to any person,
11	under age 69, not currently holding a
12	valid Illinois driver's license or
L3	instruction permit but who has
L 4	previously been issued either document
15	in Illinois
L 6	Restricted driving permit 8
L7	Monitoring device driving permit 8
L8	Duplicate or corrected driver's license
L 9	or permit5
20	Duplicate or corrected restricted
21	driving permit 5
22	<u>Duplicate or corrected monitoring</u>
23	device driving permit 5
24	Original or renewal M or L endorsement 5
25	SPECIAL FEES FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE
26	The fees for commercial driver licenses and permits

1	under Article V shall be as follows:	
2	Commercial driver's license:	
3	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Fund	
4	(Commercial Driver's License Information	
5	System/American Association of Motor Vehicle	
6	Administrators network Trust Fund);	
7	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;	
8	\$10 for the driver's license;	
9	and \$24 for the CDL:	\$60
10	Renewal commercial driver's license:	
11	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund;	
12	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;	
13	\$10 for the driver's license; and	
14	\$24 for the CDL:	\$60
15	Commercial driver instruction permit	
16	issued to any person holding a valid	
17	Illinois driver's license for the	
18	purpose of changing to a	
19	CDL classification: \$6 for the	
20	CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund;	
21	\$20 for the Motor Carrier	
22	Safety Inspection Fund; and	
23	\$24 for the CDL classification	\$50
24	Commercial driver instruction permit	
25	issued to any person holding a valid	
26	Illinois CDL for the purpose of	

Τ	making a change in a classification,
2	endorsement or restriction\$5
3	CDL duplicate or corrected license\$5
4	In order to ensure the proper implementation of the Uniform
5	Commercial Driver License Act, Article V of this Chapter, the
6	Secretary of State is empowered to pro-rate the \$24 fee for the
7	commercial driver's license proportionate to the expiration
8	date of the applicant's Illinois driver's license.
9	The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived
10	for any person age 60 or older who presents the Secretary of
11	State's office with a police report showing that his license or
12	permit was stolen.
13	No additional fee shall be charged for a driver's license,
14	or for a commercial driver's license, when issued to the holder
15	of an instruction permit for the same classification or type of
16	license who becomes eligible for such license.
17	(b) Any person whose license or privilege to operate a
18	motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked under
19	Section 3-707, any provision of Chapter 6, Chapter 11, or
20	Section 7-205, 7-303, or 7-702 of the Family Financial
21	Responsibility Law of this Code, shall in addition to any other
22	fees required by this Code, pay a reinstatement fee as follows:
23	Suspension under Section 3-707 \$100
24	Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 \$250
25	Other suspension \$70
26	Revocation\$500

1	However, any person whose license or privilege to operate a
2	motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a
3	second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501 or
4	11-501.1 of this Code or a similar provision of a local
5	ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of
6	the Criminal Code of 1961 and each suspension or revocation was
7	for a violation of Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 of this Code or a
8	similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar
9	out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of
10	1961 shall pay, in addition to any other fees required by this
11	Code, a reinstatement fee as follows:
12	Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 \$500
13	Revocation \$500
14	(c) All fees collected under the provisions of this Chapter
15	6 shall be paid into the Road Fund in the State Treasury except
16	as follows:
17	1. The following amounts shall be paid into the Driver
18	Education Fund:
19	(A) \$16 of the \$20 fee for an original driver's
20	instruction permit;
21	(B) \$5 of the \$10 fee for an original driver's
22	license;
23	(C) \$5 of the \$10 fee for a 4 year renewal driver's
24	license; and
25	(D) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a restricted driving
26	permit; and-

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(E) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a monitoring device driving permit.

- 2. \$30 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a license shall summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. However, for a person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 of this Code or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under 11-501.1, and \$190 of the \$500 fee Section for reinstatement of a revoked license shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund.
- 3. \$6 of such original or renewal fee for a commercial driver's license and \$6 of the commercial driver instruction permit fee when such permit is issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license, shall be paid into the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund.
- 4. \$30 of the \$70 fee for reinstatement of a license suspended under the Family Financial Responsibility Law shall be paid into the Family Responsibility Fund.
- 5. The \$5 fee for each original or renewal M or L endorsement shall be deposited into the Cycle Rider Safety Training Fund.
 - 6. \$20 of any original or renewal fee for a commercial

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1	driver's	licens	se or	comm	nercial	driver	instruct	tion permit
2	shall be	paid	into	the	Motor	Carrier	Safety	Inspection
3	Fund.							

- 7. The following amounts shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund:
- (A) \$190 of the \$250 reinstatement fee for a summary suspension under Section 11-501.1;
 - (B) \$40 of the \$70 reinstatement fee for any other suspension provided in subsection (b) of this Section; and
- 11 (C) \$440 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a first
 12 offense revocation and \$310 of the \$500 reinstatement
 13 fee for a second or subsequent revocation.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 1-1-04; 93-788, eff. 1-1-05; 94-1035, eff. 7-1-07.)
- 16 (625 ILCS 5/6-206.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206.1)

17 6-206.1. Monitoring Device Driving Permit. Sec. Declaration of Policy. It is hereby declared a policy of the 18 State of Illinois that the driver who is impaired by alcohol, 19 20 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds is a 21 threat to the public safety and welfare. Therefore, to provide 22 a deterrent to such practice and to remove problem drivers from 23 the highway, a statutory summary driver's license suspension is 24 appropriate. It is also recognized that driving is a privilege 25 and therefore, that the granting of driving privileges, in a

- 1 manner consistent with public safety, is warranted during the
- 2 period of suspension in the form of a monitoring device driving
- 3 permit. A person who drives and fails to comply with the
- 4 requirements of the monitoring device driving permit commits a
- 5 violation of Section 6-303 of this Code.
- 6 The following procedures shall apply whenever a first
- 7 offender is arrested for any offense as defined in Section
- 8 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance:
- 9 (a) Subsequent to a notification of a statutory summary
- 10 suspension of driving privileges as provided in Section
- 11 11-501.1, the court, after informing the first offender, as
- defined in Section 11-500, of his or her right to a monitoring
- device driving permit, hereinafter referred to as a MDDP, and
- of the obligations of the MDDP, shall enter an order directing
- 15 the Secretary of State (hereinafter referred to as the
- Secretary) to issue a MDDP to the offender, unless the offender
- has opted, in writing, not to have a MDDP issued. After opting
- 18 out of having a MDDP issued, at any time during the summary
- 19 suspension, the offender may petition the court for an order
- 20 directing the Secretary to issue a MDDP. However, the court
- 21 shall not enter the order directing the Secretary of State to
- issue the MDDP, in any instance, if the court finds:
- 23 (1) The offender's driver's license is otherwise
- 24 invalid;
- 25 (2) Death or great bodily harm resulted from the arrest
- 26 for Section 11-501;

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- (3) That the offender has been previously convicted of reckless homicide or aggravated driving under the influence involving death; or
 - (4) That the offender is less than 18 years of age.

Any court order for a MDDP shall order the person to pay the Secretary of State a MDDP Administration Fee <u>in</u> an amount not to exceed \$30 per month, to be deposited into the Monitoring Device Driving Permit Administration Fee Fund. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and t.he procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. The order shall further specify that the offender must have an ignition interlock device installed within 14 days of the date the Secretary issues the MDDP, and shall specify the vehicle in which the device is to be installed. The ignition interlock device provider must notify the Secretary, in a manner and form prescribed by the Secretary, of the installation. If Secretary does not receive notice of installation, the Secretary shall cancel the MDDP.

- A MDDP shall not become effective prior to the 31st day of the original statutory summary suspension.
 - (a-1) A person issued a MDDP may drive for any purpose and at any time, subject to the rules adopted by the Secretary of State under subsection (g). The person must, at his or her own expense, drive only vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1, but in no event shall such person drive a commercial motor vehicle.

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Persons who are issued a MDDP and must drive employer-owned vehicles in the course of their employment duties may seek permission from the court to drive an employer-owned vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device. The employer employee shall provide to the Secretary as prescribed by the Secretary of State, court a form, completed by the employer verifying that the employee must drive an employer-owned vehicle in the course of employment. If approved by the Secretary court, the form must be file stamped and must be in the driver's possession while operating an employer-owner vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device. No person may use this exemption to drive a school bus, school vehicle, or a vehicle designed to transport more than 15 passengers. No person may use this exemption to drive an employer-owned motor vehicle that is owned by an entity that is wholly or partially owned by the person holding the MDDP, or by a family member of the person holding the MDDP. No person may use this exemption to drive an employer-owned vehicle that is made available to the employee for personal use. No person may drive the exempted vehicle more than 12 hours per day, 6 days per week.

- 22 (b) (Blank).
- 23 (c) (Blank).
- 24 (c-1) If the holder of the MDDP is convicted of or receives
 25 court supervision for a violation of Section 6-206.2, 6-303,
 26 11-204, 11-401, 11-501, 11-503, 11-506 or a similar provision

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of a local ordinance or a similar out of state offense or is convicted of or receives court supervision for any offense for which alcohol or drugs is an element of the offense and in which a motor vehicle was involved (for an arrest other than the one for which the MDDP is issued), or de-installs the BAIID without prior authorization from the Secretary, the MDDP shall be cancelled. If the person is issued a citation for a violation of Section 6 303 or a violation of Section 11 501 a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out of state offense during the term of the MDDP, the officer issuing the citation, or the law enforcement agency employing that officer, shall confiscate the MDDP and immediately send the MDDP and notice of the citation to the court that ordered issuance of the MDDP. Within 10 days of receipt, the issuing court, upon notice to the person, shall conduct a hearing to consider cancellation of the MDDP. If the court enters an order of cancellation, the court shall forward the order to the Secretary of State, and the Secretary shall cancel the MDDP and notify the person of the cancellation. If, however, the person is convicted of the offense before the MDDP has been cancelled, the court of venue shall send notice of conviction to the court that ordered issuance of the MDDP. The court receiving the notice shall immediately enter an order of cancellation forward the order to the Secretary of State. The Secretary shall cancel the MDDP and notify the person of the cancellation.

If the person is issued a citation for any other traffic related offense during the term of the MDDP, the officer issuing the citation, or the law enforcement agency employing that officer, shall send notice of the citation to the court that ordered issuance of the MDDP. Upon receipt and notice to the person and an opportunity for a hearing, the court shall determine whether the violation constitutes grounds for cancellation of the MDDP. If the court enters an order of cancellation, the court shall forward the order to the Secretary of State, and the Secretary shall cancel the MDDP and shall notify the person of the cancellation.

(c-5) If the court determines that the person seeking the MDDP is indigent, the court shall provide the person with a written document, in a form prescribed by the Secretary ef State, as evidence of that determination, and the person shall provide that written document to an ignition interlock device provider. The provider shall install an ignition interlock device on that person's vehicle without charge to the person, and seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund. If the court has deemed an offender indigent, the BAIID provider shall also provide the normal monthly monitoring services and the de-installation without charge to the offender and seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund. Any other monetary charges, such as a lockout fee or reset fee, shall be the responsibility of the MDDP holder. A BAIID provider may not seek a security deposit from the Indigent BAIID Fund. The court

shall also forward a copy of the indigent determination to the Secretary, in a manner and form as prescribed by the Secretary.

order from the court of venue, issue a MDDP to a person who applies for a MDDP under this Section. Such court order form shall also contain a notification, which shall be sent to the Secretary of State, providing the name, driver's license number, and legal address of the applicant. This information shall be available only to the courts, police officers, and the Secretary of State, except during the actual period the MDDP is valid, during which time it shall be a public record. The Secretary of State shall design and furnish to the courts an official court order form to be used by the courts when directing the Secretary of State to issue a MDDP.

Any submitted court order that contains insufficient data or fails to comply with this Code shall not be utilized for MDDP issuance or entered to the driver record but shall be returned to the issuing court indicating why the MDDP cannot be so entered. A notice of this action shall also be sent to the MDDP applicant by the Secretary of State.

- 21 (e) (Blank).
- 22 (f) (Blank).
 - (g) The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for implementing this Section. The rules adopted shall address issues including, but not limited to: compliance with the requirements of the MDDP; methods for determining compliance

- 1 with those requirements; the consequences of noncompliance
- 2 with those requirements; what constitutes a violation of the
- 3 MDDP; and the duties of a person or entity that supplies the
- 4 ignition interlock device.
- 5 (h) The rules adopted under subsection (g) shall provide,
- 6 at a minimum, that the person is not in compliance with the
- 7 requirements of the MDDP if he or she:
- 8 (1) tampers or attempts to tamper with or circumvent
- 9 the proper operation of the ignition interlock device;
- 10 (2) provides valid breath samples that register blood
- 11 alcohol levels in excess of the number of times allowed
- 12 under the rules;
- 13 (3) fails to provide evidence sufficient to satisfy the
- 14 Secretary that the ignition interlock device has been
- installed in the designated vehicle or vehicles; or
- 16 (4) fails to follow any other applicable rules adopted
- 17 by the Secretary.
- 18 (i) Any person or entity that supplies an ignition
- 19 interlock device as provided under this Section shall, in
- 20 addition to supplying only those devices which fully comply
- 21 with all the rules adopted under subsection (g), provide the
- 22 Secretary, within 7 days of inspection, all monitoring reports
- 23 of each person who has had an ignition interlock device
- 24 installed. These reports shall be furnished in a manner or form
- as prescribed by the Secretary.
- 26 (j) Upon making a determination that a violation of the

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(k) A person who has had his or her summary suspension

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extended for the third time, or has any combination of 3 extensions and new suspensions, entered as a result of a violation that occurred while holding the MDDP, so long as the extensions and new suspensions relate to the same summary suspension, shall have his or her vehicle impounded for a period of 30 days, at the person's own expense. A person who has his or her summary suspension extended for the fourth time, or has any combination of 4 extensions and new suspensions, entered as a result of a violation that occurred while holding the MDDP, so long as the extensions and new suspensions relate to the same summary suspension, shall have his or her vehicle subject to seizure and forfeiture. The Secretary shall notify the prosecuting authority of any third or fourth extensions or new suspension entered as a result of a violation that occurred while the person held a MDDP. Upon receipt of the notification, the prosecuting authority shall impound or forfeit the vehicle.

(1) A person whose driving privileges have been suspended under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and who had a MDDP that was cancelled pursuant to subsection (c-1) of this Section, shall not be eliqible for reinstatement when the summary suspension is scheduled to terminate, but instead shall be eligible only to apply for a restricted driving permit. If a restricted driving permit is granted, the offender may only operate vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device, for a period of not less than twice the original summary suspension period, or for the length of any extensions entered under

subsection (j), whichever is longer.

- (m) Any person or entity that supplies an ignition interlock device under this Section shall, for each ignition interlock device installed, pay 5% of the total gross revenue received for the device, including monthly monitoring fees, into the Indigent BAIID Fund. This 5% shall be clearly indicated as a separate surcharge on each invoice that is issued. The Secretary shall conduct an annual review of the fund to determine whether the surcharge is sufficient to provide for indigent users. The Secretary may increase or decrease this surcharge requirement as needed.
- (n) Any person or entity that supplies an ignition interlock device under this Section that is requested to provide an ignition interlock device to a person who presents written documentation of indigency from the court, as provided in subsection (c-5) of this Section, shall install the device on the person's vehicle without charge to the person and shall seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund.
- (o) The Indigent BAIID Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. The Secretary of State shall, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, use all money in the Indigent BAIID Fund to reimburse ignition interlock device providers who have installed devices in vehicles of indigent persons pursuant to court orders issued under this Section. The Secretary shall make payments to such providers every 3 months. If the amount of money in the fund at the time payments are

- 1 made is not sufficient to pay all requests for reimbursement
- 2 submitted during that 3 month period, the Secretary shall make
- 3 payments on a pro-rata basis, and those payments shall be
- 4 considered payment in full for the requests submitted.
- 5 (p) The Monitoring Device Driving Permit Administration
- 6 Fee Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury.
- 7 The Secretary of State shall, subject to appropriation by the
- 8 General Assembly, use the money paid into this fund to offset
- 9 its administrative costs for administering MDDPs.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-357, eff. 1-1-06;
- 11 94-930, eff. 6-26-06; 95-400, eff. 1-1-09; 95-578, eff. 1-1-09;
- 12 revised 11-16-07.)
- 13 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
- 14 1, 2009.