

## 95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 SB1878

Introduced 1/10/2008, by Sen. Iris Y. Martinez

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

820 ILCS 55/12

Amends the Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act. Provides that until any Employment Eligibility Verification System, including the E-Verify program and the Basic Pilot program, as authorized by 8 U.S.C. 1324a, Notes, Pilot Programs for Employment Eligibility Confirmation (enacted by PL 104-208, div. C, title IV, subtitle A), is able to automatically verify the work-authorization status of 99% of employees: (1) employers are discouraged from participating in any Employment Eligibility Verification System, unless otherwise required by federal law; and (2) the State of Illinois shall not participate in any Employment Eligibility Verification System, unless otherwise required by federal law. Effective immediately.

LRB095 14852 RLC 40793 b

1 AN ACT concerning employment.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Right to Privacy in the Workplace Act is amended by changing Section 12 as follows:
- 6 (820 ILCS 55/12)

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- Sec. 12. <u>Use</u> Restrictions on use of Employment Eligibility

  Verification Systems.
- 9 (a) Until such time as any Employment Eligibility
  10 Verification System, including the E-Verify program and the
  11 Basic Pilot program, as authorized by 8 U.S.C. 1324a, Notes,
  12 Pilot Programs for Employment Eligibility Confirmation
  13 (enacted by PL 104-208, div. C, title IV, subtitle A), is able
  14 to automatically verify the work-authorization status of 99% of
  15 employees:
  - (1) employers are discouraged from participating in any Employment Eliqibility Verification System, unless otherwise required by federal law; and
    - (2) the State of Illinois shall not participate in any Employment Eligibility Verification System, unless otherwise required by federal law Employers are prohibited from enrolling in any Employment Eligibility Verification System, including the Basic Pilot program, as authorized by

8 U.S.C. 1324a, Notes, Pilot Programs for Employment
Eligibility Confirmation (enacted by PL 104-208, div. C,
title IV, subtitle A), until the Social Security
Administration (SSA) and Department of Homeland Security
(DHS) databases are able to make a determination on 99% of
the tentative nonconfirmation notices issued to employers
within 3 days, unless otherwise required by federal law.

- (b) Subject to subsection (a) of this Section, an employer who enrolls in the Basic Pilot program is prohibited from the Employment Eligibility Verification Systems, to confirm the employment authorization of new hires unless the employer attests, under penalty of perjury, on a form prescribed by the Department of Labor:
  - (1) that the employer has received the Basic Pilot training materials from DHS, and that personnel who will administer the program have completed the Basic Pilot Computer Based Tutorial (CBT); and
  - (2) that the employer has posted the notice from DHS indicating that the employer is enrolled in the Basic Pilot program, the anti-discrimination notice issued by the Office of Special Counsel for Immigration-Related Unfair Employment Practices (OSC), Civil Rights Division, U.S. Department of Justice, and the anti-discrimination notice issued by the Illinois Department of Human Rights (IDHR).
- (c) Responsibilities of employer using Employment Eligibility Verification Systems.

- (1) The employer shall display the notices supplied by DHS, OSC, and IDHR in a prominent place that is clearly visible to prospective employees.
  - (2) The employer shall require that all employer representatives performing employment verification queries complete the CBT. The employer shall attest, under penalty of perjury, on a form prescribed by the Department of Labor, that the employer representatives completed the CBT.
  - (3) The employer shall become familiar with and comply with the Basic Pilot Manual.
  - (4) The employer shall notify all prospective employees at the time of application that such employment verification system may be used for immigration enforcement purposes.
  - (5) The employer shall provide all employees who receive a tentative nonconfirmation with a referral letter and contact information for what agency the employee must contact to resolve the discrepancy.
  - (6) The employer shall comply with the Illinois Human Rights Act and any applicable federal anti-discrimination laws.
  - (7) The employer shall use the information it receives from SSA or DHS only to confirm the employment eligibility of newly-hired employees after completion of the Form I-9. The employer shall safeguard this information, and means of

- to it passwords and other privacy 1 access (such as 2 protections), to ensure that it is not used for any other purpose and as necessary to protect its confidentiality, 3 including ensuring that it is not disseminated to any 4 5 person other than employees of the employer who need it to perform the employer's responsibilities. 6
- 7 (d) Preemption. No unit of local government, including a
  8 home rule unit, may require any employer to use an Employment
  9 Eligibility Verification System, including under the following
  10 circumstances:
- 11 (1) as a condition of receiving a government contract;
- 12 (2) as a condition of receiving a business license; or
- 13 (3) as penalty for violating licensing or other similar
  14 laws.
- This subsection (d) is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 95-138, eff. 1-1-08.)
- 19 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 20 becoming law.