

Rep. John E. Bradley

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Filed: 6/13/2007

09500SB1397ham003

LRB095 11053 RLC 37636 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1397 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 1397 by replacing 2 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended, if and 4 only if Senate Bill 697 of the 95th General Assembly becomes 5 6 law in the form in which it passed both houses on June 6, 2007, 7 by changing Sections 11-9.3 and 11-9.4 as follows: (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3) 8 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex 9 10 offenders prohibited. 11 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be 12 present in any school building, on real property comprising any

school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a

school to transport students to or from school or a school

related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present

in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless

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the offender is a parent or quardian of a student attending the school and the parent or quardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or unless the offender has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is quilty of a Class 4 felony.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to infringe upon

1 the constitutional right of a child sex offender to be present

in a school building that is used as a polling place for the

purpose of voting.

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(1) (Blank; or)

(2) (Blank.)

(b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter within 500 feet of a school building or real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender is a parent or quardian of a student attending the school and the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The

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sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is quilty of a Class 4 felony.

(1) (Blank; or)

(2) (Blank.)

(b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or the real property comprising any school that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.

(c) Definitions. In this Section:

- (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
- (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal law or law of another state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection (c) or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
- (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt

to commit such offense; or

2	(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
3	of such offense or an attempt to commit such
4	offense; or
5	(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
6	pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
7	Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense
8	or an attempt to commit such offense; or
9	(D) is the subject of a finding not resulting
10	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
11	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
12	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
13	commission or attempted commission of such
14	offense; or
15	(E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
16	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a
17	federal law or the law of another state
18	substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section
19	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of
20	such offense or of the attempted commission of such
21	offense; or
22	(F) is the subject of a finding not resulting
23	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
24	a federal law or the law of another state
25	substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section
26	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963

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-	for	the	alleged	violation	or	attempted	commission
2	of s	uch	offense;	or			

- (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to such certification is committed or attempted against a person less than 18 years of age; or
- (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
 "sex offense" means:
 - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting child abduction under Section 10-5 (b) (10)), 10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), 11-6 (indecent child), 11-6.5solicitation of (indecent а solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or

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contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real property comprising any school, in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a

1	parent of the victim:
2	10-1 (kidnapping),
3	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
4	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
5	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
6	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
7	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
8	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
9	clause (2)(i) of subsection (c) of this Section.
10	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex
11	offense means:
12	(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
13	the Criminal Code of 1961:
14	10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), $10-7$ (aiding and
15	abetting child abduction under Section
16	10-5(b)(10), $11-6$ (indecent solicitation of a
17	child), $11-6.5$ (indecent solicitation of an
18	adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile
19	prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile
20	prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile
21	prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2
22	(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child
23	pornography), $11-20.3$ (aggravated child
24	<pre>pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual</pre>
25	assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of
26	a child). An attempt to commit any of these

offenses.

2	(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
3	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
4	person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
5	assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
6	12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and
7	subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual
8	abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
9	(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
10	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
11	person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
12	parent of the victim:
13	10-1 (kidnapping),
14	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
15	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
16	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
17	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
18	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
19	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this
20	paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
21	(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the
22	law of another state that is substantially equivalent to
23	any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of
24	this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose
25	of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually
26	dangerous person under any federal law or law of another

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- 1 state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for 2 3 the purposes of this Section.
 - (4) "School" means a public or private pre-school, elementary, or secondary school.
 - (5) "Loiter" means:
 - (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school property.
 - (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school property, for the purpose of committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.
- (iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or 14 15 around school property, other than the offender's 16 residence.
- (6) "School official" means the principal, a teacher, 17 18 or any other certified employee of the school, the superintendent of schools or a member of the school board. 19
- 20 (d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony. 21
- (Source: P.A. 94-158, eff. 7-11-05; 94-164, eff. 1-1-06; 22
- 94-170, eff. 7-11-05; revised 9-15-06.) 23
- 24 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.4)
- 25 Sec. 11-9.4. Approaching, contacting, residing,

communicating with a child within certain places by child sex offenders prohibited.

- (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present in any public park building or on real property comprising any public park when persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.
- (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park building or real property comprising any public park while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.
- (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a playground, child care institution, day care center, part day child care facility, or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a playground or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was

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1 purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 2 the 91st General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of 3 4 a child care institution, day care center, or part day child 5 care facility if the property is owned by the child sex 6 offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly. 7

(b-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense. Nothing in this subsection (b-6) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the property in which the child sex offender resides is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly.

This subsection (b-6) does not apply if the victim of the sex offense is 21 years of age or older.

(c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child care facility; (iv) child care institution, or (v) school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age. This does not prohibit a child sex offender from owning the real property upon which the programs or services are offered or upon which the day care center, part

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day child care facility, child care institution, or school
providing before and after school programs for children under
18 years of age is located, provided the child sex offender
refrains from being present on the premises for the hours
during which: (1) the programs or services are being offered or
(2) the day care center, part day child care facility, child
care institution, or school providing before and after school
programs for children under 18 years of age is operated.

(d) Definitions. In this Section:

- (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
- (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal law or law of another state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
 - (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to

1	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
2	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
3	commission or attempted commission of such
4	offense; or
5	(E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
6	following a hearing conducted pursuant to a
7	federal law or the law of another state
8	substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section
9	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of
10	such offense or of the attempted commission of such
11	offense; or
12	(F) is the subject of a finding not resulting
13	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
14	a federal law or the law of another state
15	substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section
16	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963
17	for the alleged violation or attempted commission
18	of such offense; or
19	(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person
20	pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons
21	Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the
22	law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to
23	such certification is committed or attempted against a
24	person less than 18 years of age; or
25	(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of
26	the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous

Persons Act. 1

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Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5), "sex offense" means:
 - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting child abduction under Section 10-5 (b) (10)), 10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), 11 - 6(indecent solicitation of child), 11-6.5 а (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, on a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of

1	a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was
2	committed in any school, on real property comprising
3	any school, on any conveyance owned, leased, or
4	contracted by a school to transport students to or from
5	school or a school related activity, or in a public
6	park). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
7	(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
8	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
9	person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
10	assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
11	12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
12	criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
13	these offenses.
14	(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
15	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
16	person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
17	parent of the victim:
18	10-1 (kidnapping),
19	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
20	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
21	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
22	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
23	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
24	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in

clause (2)(i) of this subsection (d).

(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex

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offense means: 1

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(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961:

> 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding and child abduction under abetting Section 10-5(b)(10), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child 11-20.3 (aggravated child pornography), pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a

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L	person	under	18	years	of	age	and	the	defendant	is	not	а
2	parent	of the	vi	ctim:								

- 10-1 (kidnapping),
- 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping), 4
- 5 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
- 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint). 6
- 7 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
 - (iv) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
 - (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the law of another state that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
 - (4) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve, or conservation area under the jurisdiction of the State or a unit of local government.
 - (5) "Facility providing programs or services directed towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18.

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(6)	"Loiter"	means:

- (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the 2 3 person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public 4 park property.
 - (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public park property, for the purpose of committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.
 - (7) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or controlled by a unit of local government that is designated by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily for children's recreation.
 - (8) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
 - (9) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- (10) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning 17 ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of 18 1969. 19
- 20 (e) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty 2.1 of a Class 4 felony.
- (Source: P.A. 94-925, eff. 6-26-06.) 22
- 23 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by 24 changing Sections 11-19.2, 12-13, and 12-14.1 as follows:

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- 1 (720 ILCS 5/11-19.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-19.2)
- Sec. 11-19.2. Exploitation of a child. 2
 - (A) A person commits exploitation of a child when he or she confines a child under the age of 16 or a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person against his or her will by the infliction or threat of imminent infliction of great bodily disability or disfigurement permanent by administering to the child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person without his or her consent or by threat or deception and for other than medical purposes, any alcoholic intoxicant or a drug as defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or the Cannabis Control Act or methamphetamine as defined in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act and:
 - (1) compels the child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to become a prostitute; or
 - (2) arranges a situation in which the child or severely profoundly mentally retarded person may practice prostitution; or
 - (3) receives any money, property, token, object, or article or anything of value from the child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person knowing obtained in whole or in part from the practice of prostitution.
 - (B) For purposes of this Section, administering drugs, as defined in subsection (A), or an alcoholic intoxicant to a

- 1 child under the age of 13 or a severely or profoundly mentally
- 2 retarded person shall be deemed to be without consent if such
- 3 administering is done without the consent of the parents or
- 4 legal guardian.
- 5 (C) Exploitation of a child is a Class X felony, for which
- the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not 6
- less than 6 years and not more than 60 years. 7
- 8 (D) Any person convicted under this Section is subject to
- 9 the forfeiture provisions of Section 11-20.1A of this Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)
- (720 ILCS 5/12-13) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-13) 11
- 12 Sec. 12-13. Criminal Sexual Assault.
- (a) The accused commits criminal sexual assault if he or 13
- 14 she:
- (1) commits an act of sexual penetration by the use of 15
- force or threat of force; or 16
- 17 (2) commits an act of sexual penetration and the
- accused knew that the victim was unable to understand the 18
- 19 nature of the act or was unable to give knowing consent; or
- 20 (3) commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim
- 21 who was under 18 years of age when the act was committed
- 22 and the accused was a family member; or
- (4) commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim 23
- 24 who was at least 13 years of age but under 18 years of age
- 25 when the act was committed and the accused was 17 years of

age or over and held a position of trust, authority or 1 supervision in relation to the victim. 2

(b) Sentence.

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- (1) Criminal sexual assault is a Class 1 felony.
- (2) A person who is convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault as defined in paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) after having previously been convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault or the offense of exploitation of a child, or who is convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault as defined in paragraph (a) (1) or (a) (2) after having previously been convicted under the laws of this State or any other state of an offense that is substantially equivalent to the offense of criminal sexual assault or to the offense of exploitation of a child, commits a Class X felony for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 30 years and not more than 60 years. The commission of the second or subsequent offense is required to have been after the initial conviction for this paragraph (2) to apply.
- (3) A person who is convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault as defined in paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) after having previously been convicted of the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault or offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or who is convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault as defined in paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) after having

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previously been convicted under the laws of this State or any other state of an offense that is substantially equivalent to the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault or the offense of criminal predatory sexual assault shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment. The commission of the second or subsequent offense is required to have been after the initial conviction for this paragraph (3) to apply.

- (4) A second or subsequent conviction for a violation of paragraph (a)(3) or (a)(4) or under any similar statute of this State or any other state for any offense involving criminal sexual assault that is substantially equivalent to or more serious than the sexual assault prohibited under paragraph (a)(3) or (a)(4) is a Class X felony.
- (5) When a person has any such prior conviction, the information or indictment charging that person shall state such prior conviction so as to give notice of the State's intention to treat the charge as a Class X felony. The fact of such prior conviction is not an element of the offense and may not be disclosed to the jury during trial unless otherwise permitted by issues properly raised during such trial.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 90-396, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 24 (720 ILCS 5/12-14.1)
- Sec. 12-14.1. Predatory criminal sexual assault of a child.

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1	(a)	The	accused	commits	predatory	criminal	sexual	assault
2	of a ch	ild i	f:					

- (1) the accused was 17 years of age or over and commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was under 13 years of age when the act was committed; or
- (1.1) the accused was 17 years of age or over and, while armed with a firearm, commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was under 13 years of age when the act was committed; or
- (1.2) the accused was 17 years of age or over and commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was under 13 years of age when the act was committed and, during the commission of the offense, the accused personally discharged a firearm; or
- (2) the accused was 17 years of age or over and commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was under 13 years of age when the act was committed and the accused caused great bodily harm to the victim that:
 - (A) resulted in permanent disability; or
 - (B) was life threatening; or
- (3) the accused was 17 years of age or over and commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was under 13 years of age when the act was committed and the accused delivered (by injection, inhalation, ingestion, transfer of possession, or any other means) to the victim without his or her consent, or by threat or deception, and for

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other than medical purposes, any controlled substance.

(b) Sentence.

- (1) A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) (1) commits a Class X felony, for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 60 years. A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) (1.1) commits a Class X felony which 15 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) (1.2) commits a Class X felony for which 20 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a)(2) commits a Class X felony for the person shall be sentenced to a imprisonment of not less than 50 years or up to a term of natural life imprisonment.
- (1.1) A person convicted of a violation of subsection (a) (3) commits a Class X felony for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 50 years and not more than 60 years.
- (1.2) A person convicted of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child committed against 2 or more persons regardless of whether the offenses occurred as the result of the same act or of several related or unrelated acts shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment.
 - (2) A person who is convicted of a second or subsequent

offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or 1 who is convicted of the offense of predatory criminal 2 3 sexual assault of a child after having previously been convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault or the 4 5 offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault, or who is convicted of the offense of predatory criminal sexual 6 assault of a child after having previously been convicted 7 8 under the laws of this State or any other state of an 9 offense that is substantially equivalent to the offense of 10 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault or the offense of 11 criminal sexual assault, shall be sentenced to a term of 12 13 natural life imprisonment. The commission of the second or 14 subsequent offense is required to have been after the 15 initial conviction for this paragraph (2) to apply. (Source: P.A. 91-238, eff. 1-1-00; 91-404, eff. 1-1-00; 92-16, 16

18 Section 15. The Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act is 19 amended by changing Sections 10, 25, 40, 45, and 55 and by 20 adding Sections 36, 37, 38, 39, and 39.5 as follows:

21 (720 ILCS 648/10)

eff. 6-28-01.)

- 22 Sec. 10. Definitions. In this Act:
- 23 "Administer" or "administration" has the meaning provided 24 in Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.

- "Agent" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of the 1 2 Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- 3 "Authorized representative" means an employee or agent of a
- 4 qualified outside entity who has been authorized in writing by
- 5 his or her agency or office to receive confidential information
- 6 from the database associated with the Williamson County Pilot
- Program. 7
- "Central Repository" means the entity chosen by the 8
- 9 Williamson County Pilot Program Authority to handle electronic
- 10 transaction records as described in Sections 36, 37, 38, 39,
- 11 and 39.5 of this Act.
- "Convenience package" means any package that contains 360 12
- milligrams or less of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine, their salts 13
- or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers in liquid or 14
- 15 liquid-filled capsule form.
- 16 "Covered pharmacy" means any pharmacy that distributes any
- amount of targeted methamphetamine precursor and that is 17
- physically located in any of the following Illinois counties: 18
- Franklin, Jackson, Johnson, Saline, Union, or Williamson. 19
- 20 "Deliver" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of the
- Illinois Controlled Substances Act. 21
- 22 "Dispense" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of the
- Illinois Controlled Substances Act. 23
- 24 "Distribute" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of the
- 25 Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- "Electronic transaction record" means, with respect to the 26

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1	distribution of a targeted methamphetamine precursor by a
2	pharmacy to a recipient under Section 25 of this Act, an
3	electronic record that includes: the name and address of the
4	recipient; date and time of the transaction; brand and product
5	name and total quantity distributed of ephedrine or
6	pseudoephedrine, their salts, or optical isomers, or salts of
7	optical isomers; identification type and identification number
8	of the identification presented by the recipient; and the name
9	and address of the pharmacy.

10 "Identification information" means identification type and 11 identification number.

"Identification number" means the number that appears on the identification furnished by the recipient of a targeted methamphetamine precursor.

"Identification type" means the type of identification furnished by the recipient of a targeted methamphetamine precursor such as, by way of example only, an Illinois driver's license or United States passport.

"List I chemical" has the meaning provided in 21 U.S.C. Section 802.

"Methamphetamine precursor" has the meaning provided in Section 10 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

"Methamphetamine Precursor Violation Alert" means a notice sent by the Pilot Program Authority to pharmacies, retail distributors, or law enforcement authorities as described in

- 1 subsection (h) of Section 39.5 of this Act.
- 2 "Non-covered pharmacy" means any pharmacy that is not a
- 3 covered pharmacy.
- 4 "Package" means an item packaged and marked for retail sale
- 5 that is not designed to be further broken down or subdivided
- for the purpose of retail sale. 6
- 7 "Pharmacist" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of the
- 8 Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- 9 "Pharmacy" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of the
- 10 Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- "Practitioner" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of 11
- the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. 12
- 13 "Prescriber" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of the
- Illinois Controlled Substances Act. 14
- 15 "Prescription" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of
- 16 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- "Qualified outside entity" means a law enforcement agency 17
- or prosecutor's office with authority to identify, 18
- 19 investigate, or prosecute violations of this Act or any other
- 20 State or federal law or rule involving a methamphetamine
- precursor, methamphetamine, or any other controlled substance, 21
- 22 or a public entity that operates a methamphetamine precursor
- tracking program similar in purpose to the Williamson County 23
- 24 Pilot Program.
- 25 "Readily retrievable" has the meaning provided in 21 C.F.R.
- 26 part 1300.

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"Recipient" means a person purchasing, receiving, or otherwise acquiring a targeted methamphetamine precursor from a pharmacy in Illinois, as described in Section 25 of this Act.

"Reporting start date" means the date on which covered pharmacies begin transmitting electronic transaction records and exempt pharmacies begin sending handwritten logs, as described in subsection (b) of Section 39 of this Act.

"Retail distributor" means a grocery store, general merchandise store, drug store, other merchandise store, or other entity or person whose activities as a distributor relating to drug products containing targeted methamphetamine precursor are limited exclusively or almost exclusively to sales for personal use by an ultimate user, both in number of sales and volume of sales, either directly to walk-in customers or in face-to-face transactions by direct sales.

"Sales employee" means any employee or agent, other than a pharmacist or pharmacy technician who works exclusively or almost exclusively behind a pharmacy counter, who at any time (a) operates a cash register at which convenience targeted packages may be sold, (b) stocks shelves containing convenience targeted packages, or (c) trains or supervises any other employee or agent who engages in any of the preceding activities.

"Single retail transaction" means a sale by a retail distributor to a specific customer at a specific time.

"Targeted methamphetamine precursor" means any compound,

- 1 mixture, or preparation that contains any detectable quantity
- 2 of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine, their salts or optical
- 3 isomers, or salts of optical isomers.
- 4 "Targeted package" means a package, including
- 5 convenience package, containing any amount of targeted
- 6 methamphetamine precursor.
- 7 "Ultimate user" has the meaning provided in Section 102 of
- 8 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- 9 "Williamson County Pilot Program" or "Pilot Program" means
- 10 the program described in Sections 36, 37, 38, 39, and 39.5 of
- 11 this Act.
- "Williamson County Pilot Program Authority" or "Pilot 12
- 13 Program Authority" means the Williamson County Sheriff's
- 14 Office or its employees or agents.
- 15 "Voluntary participant" means any pharmacy that, although
- not required by law to do so, participates in the Williamson 16
- 17 County Pilot Program.
- (Source: P.A. 94-694, eff. 1-15-06; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.) 18
- 19 (720 ILCS 648/25)
- Sec. 25. Pharmacies. 2.0
- 21 (a) No targeted methamphetamine precursor may be knowingly
- distributed through a pharmacy, including a pharmacy located 22
- 23 within, owned by, operated by, or associated with a retail
- 24 distributor unless all terms of this Section are satisfied.
- 25 (b) Any targeted methamphetamine precursor other than a

- convenience package or a liquid, including but not limited to any targeted methamphetamine precursor in liquid-filled capsules, shall: be packaged in blister packs, with each blister containing not more than 2 dosage units, or when the use of blister packs is technically infeasible, in unit dose packets. Each targeted package shall contain no more than 3,000 milligrams of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers.
 - (c) The targeted methamphetamine precursor shall be stored behind the pharmacy counter and distributed by a pharmacist or pharmacy technician licensed under the Pharmacy Practice Act of 1987.
 - (d) Any retail distributor operating a pharmacy, and any pharmacist or pharmacy technician involved in the transaction or transactions, shall ensure that any person purchasing, receiving, or otherwise acquiring the targeted methamphetamine precursor complies with subsection (a) of Section 20 of this Act.
 - (e) Any retail distributor operating a pharmacy, and any pharmacist or pharmacy technician involved in the transaction or transactions, shall verify that:
 - (1) The person purchasing, receiving, or otherwise acquiring the targeted methamphetamine precursor is 18 years of age or older and resembles the photograph of the person on the government-issued identification presented by the person; and

- 1 (2) The name entered into the log referred to in 2 subsection (a) of Section 20 of this Act corresponds to the 3 name on the government-issued identification presented by 4 the person.
 - (f) The logs referred to in subsection (a) of Section 20 of this Act shall be kept confidential, maintained for not less than 2 years, and made available for inspection and copying by any law enforcement officer upon request of that officer. These logs may be kept in an electronic format if they include all the information specified in subsection (a) of Section 20 of this Act in a manner that is readily retrievable and reproducible in hard-copy format. Pharmacies covered by the Williamson County Pilot Program described in Sections 36, 37, 38, 39, and 39.5 of this Act are required to transmit electronic transaction records or handwritten logs to the Pilot Program Authority in the manner described in those Sections.
 - (g) No retail distributor operating a pharmacy, and no pharmacist or pharmacy technician, shall knowingly distribute any targeted methamphetamine precursor to any person under 18 years of age.
 - (h) No retail distributor operating a pharmacy, and no pharmacist or pharmacy technician, shall knowingly distribute to a single person more than 2 targeted packages in a single retail transaction.
- 25 (i) No retail distributor operating a pharmacy, and no 26 pharmacist or pharmacy technician, shall knowingly distribute

- to a single person in any 30-day period products containing more than a total of 7,500 milligrams of ephedrine or seudoephedrine, their salts or optical isomers, or salts of
- 4 optical isomers.

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- (j) A pharmacist or pharmacy technician may distribute a targeted methamphetamine precursor to a person who is without a form of identification specified in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 20 of this Act only if all other provisions of this Act are followed and either:
 - (1) the person presents a driver's license issued without a photograph by the State of Illinois pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Code, Title 92, Section 1030.90(b)(1) or 1030.90(b)(2); or
 - (2) the person is known to the pharmacist or pharmacy technician, the person presents some form of identification, and the pharmacist or pharmacy technician reasonably believes that the targeted methamphetamine precursor will be used for a legitimate medical purpose and not to manufacture methamphetamine.
- (k) When a pharmacist or pharmacy technician distributes a targeted methamphetamine precursor to a person according to the procedures set forth in this Act, and the pharmacist or pharmacy technician does not have access to a working cash register at the pharmacy counter, the pharmacist or pharmacy technician may instruct the person to pay for the targeted methamphetamine precursor at a cash register located elsewhere

- in the retail establishment, whether that register is operated 1
- by a pharmacist, pharmacy technician, or other employee or 2
- agent of the retail establishment. 3
- 4 (Source: P.A. 94-694, eff. 1-15-06; 94-830, eff. 6-5-06.)
- 5 (720 ILCS 648/36 new)
- Sec. 36. Williamson County Pilot Program; general 6
- 7 provisions.

8 (a) Purposes. The purposes of this Section are: to 9 establish a pilot program based in Williamson County to track 10 purchases of targeted methamphetamine precursors at multiple locations; to identify persons obtaining or distributing 11 12 targeted methamphetamine precursors for the likely purpose of 13 manufacturing methamphetamine; to starve methamphetamine 14 manufacturers of the methamphetamine precursors they need to 15 make methamphetamine; to locate and shut down methamphetamine laboratories; and ultimately to reduce the harm that 16 methamphetamine manufacturing and manufacturers are inflicting 17 on individuals, families, communities, first responders, the 18 19 economy, and the environment in Illinois and beyond. In authorizing this pilot program, the General Assembly 20 21 recognizes that, although this Act has significantly reduced 22 the number of methamphetamine laboratories in Illinois, some 23 persons continue to violate the Act, evade detection, and 24 support the manufacture of methamphetamine by obtaining

targeted methamphetamine precursor at multiple locations. The

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voluntary participant.

1	General Assembly further recognizes that putting an end to this
2	practice and others like it will require an effort to track
3	purchases of targeted methamphetamine precursor across
4	multiple locations, and that a pilot program based in
5	Williamson County will advance this important goal.
6	(b) Structure.
7	(1) There is established a pilot program based in
8	Williamson County, known as the Williamson County Pilot
9	Program or Pilot Program, to track purchases of targeted
10	methamphetamine precursor across multiple locations for
11	the purposes stated in subsection (a) of this Section.
12	(2) The Pilot Program shall be operated by the
13	Williamson County Sheriff's Office, also known as the
14	Williamson County Pilot Program Authority or the Pilot
15	Program Authority, in accordance with the provisions of
16	Sections 36, 37, 38, 39, and 39.5 of this Act.
17	(3) The Pilot Program Authority shall designate a
18	Central Repository for the collection of required
19	information, and the Central Repository shall operate
20	according to the provisions of Sections 36, 37, 38, 39, and
21	39.5 of this Act.
22	(4) Every covered pharmacy shall participate in the
23	Pilot Program, and any non-covered pharmacy may
24	participate on a voluntary basis and be known as a

(c) Transmission of electronic transaction records. Except

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1	as provided in Section 39:
2	(1) Each time a covered pharmacy distributes a targeted
3	methamphetamine precursor to a recipient under Section 25
4	of this Act, the covered pharmacy shall transmit an
5	electronic transaction record to the Central Repository.
6	(2) Each covered pharmacy shall elect to transmit
7	electronic transaction records either through the secure
8	website described in Section 37 of this Act or through
9	weekly electronic transfers as described in Section 38 of
10	this Act.
11	(d) Operation and Timeline for implementation.
12	(1) Except as stated in this subsection, this
13	amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be
14	operational upon becoming law.
15	(2) Covered pharmacies are not required to transmit any
16	electronic transaction records and exempt pharmacies are
17	not required to send any handwritten logs to the Central
18	Repository until the reporting start date set by the Pilot
19	Program Authority.
20	(3) The Pilot Program Authority shall announce the
21	"reporting start date" within 90 days of the date this
22	legislation is signed into law.
23	(4) The reporting start date shall be no sooner than 90
24	days after the date on which the Pilot Program Authority

announces the reporting start date.

(5) Starting on the reporting start date, and

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L	continuing for a period of one year thereafter, covered
2	pharmacies shall transmit electronic transaction records
3	as described in Sections 37 and 38 of this Act, and exempt
1	pharmacies shall send handwritten logs as described in
-	Section 39 of this Act.

- (6) Nothing in this Act shall preclude covered pharmacies and exempt pharmacies from voluntarily participating in the Pilot Program before the start date or continuing to participate in the Pilot Program after one year after the reporting start date.
- 11 (e) Funding. Funding for the Pilot Program shall be provided by the Williamson County Pilot Program Authority, 12 13 drawing upon federal grant money and other available sources. 14 If funding is delayed, curtailed, or otherwise unavailable, the 15 Pilot Program Authority may delay implementation of the Pilot 16 Program, reduce the number of counties covered by the Pilot Program, or end the Pilot Program early. If any such change 17 becomes necessary, the Pilot Program Authority shall inform 18 every covered pharmacy in writing. 19
 - (f) Training. The Pilot Program Authority shall provide, free of charge, training and assistance to any pharmacy playing any role in the Pilot Program.
 - (g) Relationship between the Williamson County Pilot Program and other laws and rules. Nothing in Sections 36, 37, 38, 39, and 39.5 of this Act shall supersede, nullify, or diminish the force of any requirement stated in any other

1	Section	of	this	Act	or	in	any	other	State	or	federal	law	or
2	rule.												

3 (720 ILCS 648/37 new)

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- 4 Sec. 37. Williamson County Pilot Program; secure website.
- 5 (a) Transmission of electronic transaction records through a secure website; in general. 6
 - (1) The Pilot Program Authority shall establish a secure website for the transmission of electronic transaction records and electronic signatures and make it available free of charge to any covered pharmacy that elects to use it.
 - (2) The secure website shall enable any covered pharmacy to transmit to the Central Repository an electronic transaction record and an electronic signature each time the pharmacy distributes a targeted methamphetamine precursor to a recipient under Section 25 of this Act.
 - (3) If the secure website becomes unavailable to a covered pharmacy, the covered pharmacy may, during the period in which the secure website is not available, continue to distribute targeted methamphetamine precursor without using the secure website if, during this period, the covered pharmacy maintains and transmits handwritten logs as described in subsection (b) of Section 39 of this Act.

1	(b) Assistance to covered pharmacies using the secure
2	website.
3	(1) The purpose of this subsection is to ensure that
4	participation in the Pilot Program does not impose
5	substantial costs on covered pharmacies that elect to
6	transmit electronic transaction records to the Central
7	Repository by means of the secure website.
8	(2) If a covered pharmacy that elects to transmit
9	electronic transaction records by means of the secure
10	website does not have computer hardware or software or
11	related equipment sufficient to make use of the secure
12	website, then the covered pharmacy may obtain and install
13	such hardware or software or related equipment at its own
14	cost, or it may request assistance from the Pilot Program
15	Authority, or some combination of the 2.
16	(3) If a covered pharmacy requests such assistance,
17	then the Pilot Program Authority shall, free of charge,
18	provide and install any computer hardware or software or
19	related equipment needed.
20	(4) Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Pilot
21	Program Authority from providing additional or other
22	assistance to any pharmacy or retail distributor.
23	(c) Any covered pharmacy that elects to transmit electronic
24	transaction records by means of the secure website described in
25	this Section may use the secure website as its exclusive means

of complying with subsections (d) and (f) of Section 25 of this

1	Act, provided that, along with each electronic transaction
2	record, the pharmacy also transmits an electronically-captured
3	signature of the recipient of the targeted methamphetamine
4	precursor. To facilitate this option, the Pilot Program shall
5	do the following:
6	(1) The Pilot Program Authority shall provide to any
7	covered pharmacy that requests it an electronic signature
8	pad or other means of electronic signature capture.
9	(2) The Pilot Program Authority shall provide the
10	<pre>covered pharmacy with an official letter indicating that:</pre>
11	(A) The covered pharmacy in question is
12	participating in the Williamson County Pilot Program
13	for a specified period of time.
14	(B) During the specified period of time, the Pilot
15	Program Authority has assumed responsibility for
16	maintaining the logs described in subsection (f) of
17	Section 25 of this Act.
18	(C) Any law enforcement officer seeking to inspect
19	or copy the covered pharmacy's logs should direct the
20	request to the Pilot Program Authority through means
21	described in the letter.
22	(720 ILCS 648/38 new)
23	Sec. 38. Williamson County Pilot Program; weekly
24	electronic transfer.

(a) Weekly electronic transfer; in general.

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(1)	Any	COVE	ered	pharr	nacy	may	elect	not	to	use	the
secur	е	webs	site	but	ins	stead	to	trar	nsmit	e]	ectr	onic
trans	act	ion	rec	ords	by	mea	ns	of we	eekly	e]	ectr	onic
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- (2) Any covered pharmacy electing to transmit electronic transaction records by means of weekly electronic transfers shall transmit the records by means of a computer diskette, a magnetic tape, or an electronic device compatible with the receiving device of the Central Repository.
- (b) Weekly electronic transfer; timing.
- (1) Any covered pharmacy electing to transmit electronic transaction records by means of weekly electronic transfers shall select a standard weeklong reporting period such as, by way of example only, the 7-day period that begins immediately after midnight Monday morning and lasts until immediately before midnight the next Sunday night.
- (2) Electronic transaction records for transactions occurring during the standard weeklong reporting period selected by the pharmacy shall be transmitted to the Central Repository no later than 24 hours after each standard weeklong reporting period ends.
- (3) Electronic transaction records may be delivered to the Central Repository in person, by messenger, through the United States Postal Service, over the Internet, or by

1	other reasonably reliable and prompt means.
2	(4) Although electronic transaction records shall be
3	transmitted to the Central Repository no later than one day
4	after the end of a weeklong reporting period, it is not
5	required that the electronic transaction records be
6	received by that deadline.
7	(c) Weekly electronic transfer; form of data. Each
8	electronic transaction record transmitted shall contain the
9	following information in the form described:
10	(1) The recipient's (A) first name, (B) last name, (C)
11	street address, and (D) zip code, in the 4 separate data
12	fields listed (A) through (D).
13	(2) The (A) date and (B) time of the transaction, in
14	the 2 separate data fields listed (A) and (B).
15	(3) One of the following:
16	(A) The (1) brand and product name and (2) total
17	quantity in milligrams distributed of ephedrine or
18	pseudoephedrine, their salts, or optical isomers, or
19	salts of optical isomers, in the 2 separate data fields
20	<u>listed (1) and (2);</u>
21	(B) The National Drug Code (NDC) number
22	corresponding to the product distributed, from which
23	may be determined the brand and product name and total
24	quantity distributed of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine,
25	their salts, or optical isomers, or salts of optical
26	isomers; or

1	(C) A company-specific code, akin to the National
2	Drug Code, from which may be determined the brand and
3	product name and total quantity distributed of
4	ephedrine or pseudoephedrine, their salts, or optical
5	isomers, or salts of optical isomers, along with
6	information sufficient to translate any
7	company-specific codes into the brand and product name
8	and total quantity distributed of ephedrine or
9	pseudoephedrine, their salts, or optical isomers, or
10	salts of optical isomers.
11	(4) One of the following:
12	(A) The identification type presented by the
13	recipient; or
14	(B) A code for the identification type presented by
15	the recipient, along with information sufficient to
16	translate any such code into the actual identification
17	type presented by the recipient.
18	(5) The identification number presented by the
19	recipient.
20	(6) One of the following:
21	(A) The (1) name, (2) street address, and (3) zip
22	code of the covered pharmacy, in 3 separate data fields
23	(1) through (3);
24	(B) The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA)
25	number of the individual covered pharmacy, from which
26	may be determined the name, street address, and zip

1	<pre>code of the covered pharmacy; or</pre>
2	(C) A company-specific code, akin to the Drug
3	Enforcement Administration number, from which may be
4	determined the name, street address, and zip code of
5	the covered pharmacy, along with information
6	sufficient to translate any company-specific codes
7	into the name, street address, and zip code of the
8	covered pharmacy.
9	(720 ILCS 648/39 new)
10	Sec. 39. Williamson County Pilot Program; exempt
11	pharmacies.
12	(a) When a covered pharmacy is exempt. A covered pharmacy
13	is exempt from the requirement that it transmit electronic
14	transaction records to the Central Repository through the
15	secure website described in Section 37 or weekly electronic
16	transfers described in Section 38 of this Act if all of the
17	following conditions are satisfied:
18	(1) The covered pharmacy:
19	(A) Submits to the Pilot Program Authority a
20	written request for such an exemption;
21	(B) Has complied with Section 25 of this Act by
22	maintaining handwritten rather than electronic logs
23	during the 60-day period preceding the date the written
24	request is transmitted;
25	(C) Has not sold more than 20 targeted packages in

1	any 7-day period during the 60-day period preceding the
2	date the written request is transmitted; and
3	(D) Provides, along with the written request,
4	copies of handwritten logs covering the 60-day period
5	preceding the written request; and
6	(2) The Pilot Program Authority:
7	(A) Reviews the written request;
8	(B) Verifies that the covered pharmacy has
9	complied with Section 25 of this Act by maintaining
10	handwritten rather than electronic logs during the
11	60-day period preceding the date the written request is
12	<pre>transmitted;</pre>
13	(C) Verifies that the covered pharmacy has not sold
14	more than 20 targeted packages in any 7-day period
15	during the 60-day period preceding the date the written
16	request is transmitted; and
17	(D) Sends the covered pharmacy a letter stating
18	that the covered pharmacy is exempt from the
19	requirement that it transmit electronic transaction
20	records to the Central Repository.
21	(b) Obligations of an exempt pharmacy.
22	(1) A pharmacy that is exempt from the requirement that
23	it transmit electronic transaction records to the Central
24	Repository shall instead transmit copies, and retain the
25	originals, of handwritten logs.
26	(2) An exempt covered pharmacy shall transmit copies of

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3 other reasonably reliable and prompt means.

- (3) An exempt covered pharmacy shall transmit copies of handwritten logs on a weekly basis as described in subsection (b) of Section 38 of this Act.
- 7 (720 ILCS 648/39.5 new)
- 8 39.5. Williamson County Pilot Program;
- 9 confidentiality of records.

from disclosure.

- 10 The Pilot Program Authority shall delete each (a) electronic transaction record and handwritten log entry 24 11 12 months after the date of the transaction it describes.
- 13 (b) The Pilot Program Authority and Central Repository 14 shall carry out a program to protect the confidentiality of electronic transaction records and handwritten log entries 15 transmitted pursuant to Sections 36, 37, 38, and 39 of this 16 Act. The Pilot Program Authority and Central Repository shall 17 18 ensure that this information remains completely confidential 19 except as specifically provided in subsections (c) through (i) 20 of this Section. Except as provided in subsections (c) through 21 (i) of this Section, this information is strictly prohibited
 - (c) Any employee or agent of the Central Repository may have access to electronic transaction records and handwritten log entries solely for the purpose of receiving, processing,

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- (d) Any employee or agent of the Pilot Program Authority may have access to electronic transaction records or handwritten log entries solely for the purpose of identifying, investigating, or prosecuting violations of this Act or any other State or federal law or rule involving a methamphetamine precursor, methamphetamine, or any other controlled substance.
- (e) The Pilot Program Authority may release electronic transaction records or handwritten log entries to the authorized representative of a qualified outside entity only if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
 - (1) The Pilot Program Authority verifies that the entity receiving electronic transaction records or handwritten log entries is a qualified outside entity as defined in this Act.
 - (2) The Pilot Program Authority verifies that the person receiving electronic transaction records or handwritten log entries is an authorized representative, as defined in this Act, of the qualified outside entity.
 - (3) The qualified outside entity agrees in writing, or has previously agreed in writing, that it will use electronic transaction records and handwritten log entries solely for the purpose of identifying, investigating, or prosecuting violations of this Act or any other State or federal law or rule involving a methamphetamine precursor, methamphetamine, or any other controlled substance.

1	(4) The qualified outside entity does not have a
2	history known to the Pilot Program Authority of violating
3	this agreement or similar agreements or of breaching the
4	confidentiality of sensitive information.
5	(f) The Pilot Program Authority may release to a particular
6	covered pharmacy or voluntary participant any electronic
7	transaction records or handwritten log entries previously
8	submitted by that particular covered pharmacy or voluntary
9	participant.
10	(g) The Pilot Program Authority may release to a particular
11	recipient any electronic transaction records clearly relating
12	to that recipient, upon sufficient proof of identity.
13	(h) The Pilot Program Authority may distribute
14	Methamphetamine Precursor Violation Alerts only if all of the
15	following conditions are satisfied:
16	(1) The Pilot Program Authority has reason to believe
17	that one or more recipients have violated or are violating
18	this Act or any other State or federal law or rule
19	involving a methamphetamine precursor, methamphetamine, or
20	any other controlled substance.
21	(2) Based on this information, the Pilot Program
22	Authority distributes a Methamphetamine Precursor
23	Violation Alert that may contain any of the following
24	<pre>confidential information:</pre>
25	(A) With respect to any recipient whom it is
26	believed has violated, has attempted to violate, or is

1	violating this Act or any other State or federal law or
2	rule involving a methamphetamine precursor,
3	methamphetamine, or any other controlled substance:
4	(i) Any name he or she has used to purchase or
5	attempt to purchase methamphetamine precursor;
6	(ii) Any address he or she has listed when
7	purchasing or attempting to purchase any targeted
8	methamphetamine precursor; and
9	(iii) Any identification information he or she
10	has used to purchase or attempt to purchase
11	methamphetamine precursor.
12	(B) With respect to any transaction in which the
13	recipient is believed to have purchased
14	methamphetamine precursor:
15	(i) The date and time of the transaction or
16	<pre>attempt;</pre>
17	(ii) The city or town and state in which the
18	transaction or attempt occurred; and
19	(iii) The total quantity received of ephedrine
20	or pseudoephedrine, their salts, or optical
21	isomers, or salts of optical isomers.
22	(3) Methamphetamine Precursor Violation Alerts shall
23	not include, with respect of any transaction in which the
24	recipient is believed to have purchased or attempted to
25	<pre>purchase methamphetamine precursor:</pre>
26	(A) The name or street address of the pharmacy

1	where the transaction or attempt took place, other than
2	the city or town and state where the pharmacy is
3	<pre>located; or</pre>
4	(B) The brand and product name of the item
5	received.
6	(4) Methamphetamine Precursor Violation Alerts may be
7	distributed to pharmacies, retail distributors, and law
8	enforcement agencies. When such alerts are distributed to
9	law enforcement agencies, it shall not be necessary to
10	follow the procedures described in subsection (d) of this
11	Section.
12	(5) When distributing Methamphetamine Precursor
13	Violation Alerts, the Pilot Program Authority shall
14	instruct those receiving the alerts that they are intended
15	only for pharmacies, retail distributors, and law
16	enforcement authorities, and that such alerts should
17	otherwise be kept confidential.
18	(i) The Pilot Program Authority may release general
19	statistical information to any person or entity provided that
20	the statistics do not include any information that identifies
21	any individual recipient or pharmacy by name, address,
22	identification number, Drug Enforcement Administration number,
23	or other means.

24 (720 ILCS 648/40)

Sec. 40. Penalties. 25

1	(a) Violations of subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act.
2	(1) Any person who knowingly purchases, receives, or
3	otherwise acquires, within any 30-day period, products
4	containing more than a total of 7,500 milligrams of
5	ephedrine or pseudoephedrine, their salts or optical
6	isomers, or salts of optical isomers in violation of
7	subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act is subject to the
8	<pre>following penalties:</pre>
9	(A) More than 7,500 milligrams but less than 15,000
10	milligrams, Class B misdemeanor;
11	(B) 15,000 or more but less than 22,500 milligrams,
12	Class A misdemeanor;
13	(C) 22,500 or more but less than 30,000 milligrams,
14	<pre>Class 4 felony;</pre>
15	(D) 30,000 or more but less than 37,500 milligrams,
16	<pre>Class 3 felony;</pre>
17	(E) 37,500 or more but less than 45,000 milligrams,
18	<pre>Class 2 felony:</pre>
19	(F) 45,000 or more milligrams, Class 1 felony.
20	(2) Any person who knowingly purchases, receives, or
21	otherwise acquires, within any 30-day period, products
22	containing more than a total of 7,500 milligrams of
23	ephedrine or pseudoephedrine, their salts or optical
24	isomers, or salts of optical isomers in violation of
25	subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act, and who has
26	previously been convicted of any methamphetamine-related

1	offense under any State or federal law, is subject to the
2	<pre>following penalties:</pre>
3	(A) More than 7,500 milligrams but less than 15,000
4	milligrams, Class A misdemeanor;
5	(B) 15,000 or more but less than 22,500 milligrams,
6	<pre>Class 4 felony;</pre>
7	(C) 22,500 or more but less than 30,000 milligrams,
8	<pre>Class 3 felony;</pre>
9	(D) 30,000 or more but less than 37,500 milligrams,
10	Class 2 felony;
11	(E) 37,500 or more milligrams, Class 1 felony.
12	(3) Any person who knowingly purchases, receives, or
13	otherwise acquires, within any 30-day period, products
14	containing more than a total of 7,500 milligrams of
15	ephedrine or pseudoephedrine, their salts or optical
16	isomers, or salts of optical isomers in violation of
17	subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act, and who has
18	previously been convicted 2 or more times of any
19	methamphetamine-related offense under State or federal
20	law, is subject to the following penalties:
21	(A) More than 7,500 milligrams but less than 15,000
22	milligrams, Class 4 felony;
23	(B) 15,000 or more but less than 22,500 milligrams,
24	<pre>Class 3 felony;</pre>
25	(C) 22,500 or more but less than 30,000 milligrams,
26	Class 2 felony;

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- (b) Violations of Section 15, 20, 25, 30, or 35 of this Act, other than violations of subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act.
 - (1) (a) Any pharmacy or retail distributor that violates Section 15, 20, 25, 30, or 35 of this Act, other than subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act, this Act is quilty of a petty offense and subject to a fine of \$500 for a first offense; and \$1,000 for a second offense occurring at the same retail location as and within 3 years of the prior offense. A pharmacy or retail distributor that violates this Act is guilty of a business offense and subject to a fine of \$5,000 for a third or subsequent offense occurring at the same retail location as and within 3 years of the prior offenses.
 - (2) (b) An employee or agent of a pharmacy or retail distributor who violates Section 15, 20, 25, 30, or 35 of this Act, other than subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act, this Act is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense, a Class 4 felony for a second offense, and a Class 1 felony for a third or subsequent offense.
 - (3) (e) Any other person who violates Section 15, 20, 25, 30, or 35 of this Act, other than subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act, this Act is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor for a first offense, a Class A misdemeanor for a second offense, and a Class 4 felony for a third or

- 1 subsequent offense.
- (c) Any pharmacy or retail distributor that violates 2
- 3 Section 36, 37, 38, 39, or 39.5 of this Act is guilty of a petty
- 4 offense and subject to a fine of \$100 for a first offense, \$250
- 5 for a second offense, or \$500 for a third or subsequent
- 6 offense.
- (d) Any person that violates Section 39.5 of this Act is 7
- quilty of a Class B misdemeanor for a first offense, a Class A 8
- 9 misdemeanor for a second offense, and a Class 4 felony for a
- 10 third offense.
- (Source: P.A. 94-694, eff. 1-15-06.) 11
- (720 ILCS 648/45) 12
- Sec. 45. Immunity from civil liability. In the event that 13
- 14 any agent or employee of a pharmacy or retail distributor
- 15 reports to any law enforcement officer or agency any suspicious
- activity concerning a targeted methamphetamine precursor or 16
- 17 methamphetamine ingredient ingredients, other or or
- participates in the Williamson County Pilot Program as provided 18
- 19 in Sections 36, 37, 38, 39, and 39.5 of this Act, the agent or
- 20 employee and the pharmacy or retail distributor itself are
- 21 immune from civil liability based on allegations of defamation,
- libel, slander, false arrest, or malicious prosecution, or 22
- 23 similar allegations, except in cases of willful or wanton
- 24 misconduct.
- (Source: P.A. 94-694, eff. 1-15-06.) 25

- (720 ILCS 648/55) 1
- Sec. 55. Preemption and home rule powers.
- 3 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section and in Sections 36, 37, 38, 39, and 39.5 of this Act, a county 4 or municipality, including a home rule unit, may regulate the 5 sale of targeted methamphetamine precursor and targeted 6 packages in a manner that is not more or less restrictive than 7 8 the regulation by the State under this Act. This Section is a 9 limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of 10 the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of the powers and functions exercised by the State. 11
 - (b) Any regulation of the sale of targeted methamphetamine precursor and targeted packages by a home rule unit that took effect on or before May 1, 2004, is exempt from the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section.
- (Source: P.A. 94-694, eff. 1-15-06.) 16
- 17 Section 20. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
- 18 changing Sections 3-3-7, 3-6-3, and 5-8A-6 and by adding
- Section 3-19-15 as follows: 19
- (730 ILCS 5/3-3-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-7) 20
- 21 Sec. 3-3-7. Conditions of Parole or Mandatory Supervised
- 22 Release.

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23 (a) The conditions of parole or mandatory supervised

- 1 release shall be such as the Prisoner Review Board deems
- necessary to assist the subject in leading a law-abiding life. 2
- 3 The conditions of every parole and mandatory supervised release
- are that the subject: 4

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- 5 not violate any criminal (1)statute of any jurisdiction during the parole or release term; 6
 - refrain from possessing a firearm or dangerous weapon;
 - report to an agent of the Department Corrections;
 - (4) permit the agent to visit him or her at his or her home, employment, or elsewhere to the extent necessary for the agent to discharge his or her duties;
 - (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on parole or mandatory supervised release;
 - (6) secure permission before visiting or writing a committed person in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility;
 - (7) report all arrests to an agent of the Department of Corrections as soon as permitted by the arresting authority but in no event later than 24 hours after release from custody;
 - (7.5) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the individual shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment

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conducted in conformance with the standards developed by the Sex Offender Management Board Act by a treatment provider approved by the Board;

(7.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders, or is in any facility operated or licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services or by the Department of Human Services, or is in any licensed medical facility;

(7.7) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sexual predator under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, wear an approved electronic monitoring device as defined Section 5-8A-2 for the duration of the person's parole, mandatory supervised release term, or extended mandatory supervised release term, provided funding is appropriated by the General Assembly;

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1	(7.8) if convicted for an offense that would qualify
2	the accused as a sex offender or sexual predator under the
3	Sex Offender Registration Act on or after the effective
4	date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly,
5	not possess prescription drugs for erectile dysfunction;
6	(8) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of
7	Corrections before leaving the State of Illinois;
8	(9) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of
9	Corrections before changing his or her residence or
10	employment;
11	(10) consent to a search of his or her person,
12	property, or residence under his or her control;
13	(11) refrain from the use or possession of narcotics or
14	other controlled substances in any form, or both, or any
15	paraphernalia related to those substances and submit to a
16	urinalysis test as instructed by a parole agent of the
17	Department of Corrections;
18	(12) not frequent places where controlled substances
19	are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
20	(13) not knowingly associate with other persons on
21	parole or mandatory supervised release without prior

(14) provide true and accurate information, as it

written permission of his or her parole agent and not

associate with persons who are members of an organized gang

as that term is defined in the Illinois Streetgang

Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act;

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relates to his or her adjustment in the community while on parole or mandatory supervised release or to his or her conduct while incarcerated, in response to inquiries by his or her parole agent or of the Department of Corrections;

- (15) follow any specific instructions provided by the parole agent that are consistent with furthering conditions set and approved by the Prisoner Review Board or by law, exclusive of placement on electronic detention, to achieve the goals and objectives of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release or to protect the public. These instructions by the parole agent may be modified at any time, as the agent deems appropriate; and
- (16) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter.
- (b) The Board may in addition to other conditions require that the subject:
- 25 (1) work or pursue a course of study or vocational training;

Т	(2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or
2	treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
3	(3) attend or reside in a facility established for the
4	instruction or residence of persons on probation or parole;
5	(4) support his dependents;
6	(5) (blank);
7	(6) (blank);
8	(7) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of
9	protection issued pursuant to the Illinois Domestic
10	Violence Act of 1986, enacted by the 84th General Assembly,
11	or an order of protection issued by the court of another
12	state, tribe, or United States territory; and
13	(8) in addition, if a minor:
14	(i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;
15	<pre>(ii) attend school;</pre>
16	(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
17	or
18	(iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a
19	foster home.
20	(b-1) In addition to the conditions set forth in
21	subsections (a) and (b), persons required to register as sex
22	offenders pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration Act, upon
23	release from the custody of the Illinois Department of
24	Corrections, may be required by the Board to comply with the
25	following specific conditions of release:

(1) reside only at a Department approved location;

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- (2) comply with all requirements of the Sex Offender Registration Act;
 - (3) notify third parties of the risks that may be occasioned by his or her criminal record;
 - (4) obtain the approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections prior to accepting employment or pursuing a course of study or vocational training and notify the Department prior to any change in employment, study, or training;
 - (5) not be employed or participate in any volunteer activity that involves contact with children, except under circumstances approved in advance and in writing by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
 - (6) be electronically monitored for a minimum of 12 months from the date of release as determined by the Board;
 - (7) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon terms approved in advance by an agent of the Department of Corrections. The terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, and others accompanying the person;
 - (8) refrain from having any contact, including written or oral communications, directly or indirectly, personally or by telephone, letter, or through a third party with certain specified persons including, but not limited to, the victim or the victim's family without the prior written approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;

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- (9) refrain from all contact, directly or indirectly, personally, by telephone, letter, or through a third party, with minor children without prior identification and approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
- (10) neither possess or have under his or her control sexually oriented, sexually material that is stimulating, or that shows male or female sex organs or any pictures depicting children under 18 years of age nude or any written or audio material describing sexual intercourse or that depicts or alludes to sexual activity, including but not limited to visual, auditory, telephonic, or electronic media, or any matter obtained through access to any computer or material linked to computer access use;
- (11) not patronize any business providing sexually stimulating or sexually oriented entertainment nor utilize "900" or adult telephone numbers;
- (12) not reside near, visit, or be in or about parks, schools, day care centers, swimming pools, beaches, any other places where minor theaters, or children congregate without advance approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections and immediately report any incidental contact with minor children to the Department;
- (13) not possess or have under his or her control certain specified items of contraband related to the incidence of sexually offending as determined by an agent of the Department of Corrections;

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_	(14) may be required to provide a written daily log of
2	activities if directed by an agent of the Department of
3	Corrections:

- (15) comply with all other special conditions that the Department may impose that restrict the person from high-risk situations and limit access to potential victims; -
 - (16) take an annual polygraph exam;
 - (17) maintain a log of his or her travel; or
- (18) obtain prior approval of his or her parole officer before driving alone in a motor vehicle.
 - (c) The conditions under which the parole or mandatory supervised release is to be served shall be communicated to the person in writing prior to his release, and he shall sign the same before release. A signed copy of these conditions, including a copy of an order of protection where one had been issued by the criminal court, shall be retained by the person and another copy forwarded to the officer in charge of his supervision.
 - (d) After a hearing under Section 3-3-9, the Prisoner Review Board may modify or enlarge the conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release.
- (e) The Department shall inform all offenders committed to the Department of the optional services available to them upon release and shall assist inmates in availing themselves of such optional services upon their release on a voluntary basis.

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- (Source: P.A. 93-616, eff. 1-1-04; 93-865, eff. 1-1-05; 94-159, 1
- eff. 7-11-05; 94-161, eff. 7-11-05; 94-988, eff. 1-1-07.) 2
- 3 (730 ILCS 5/3-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-6-3)
- Sec. 3-6-3. Rules and Regulations for Early Release. 4
 - (a) (1) The Department of Corrections shall prescribe rules and regulations for the early release on account of good conduct of persons committed to the Department which shall be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board.
 - (2) The rules and regulations on early release shall provide, with respect to offenses listed in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after June 19, 1998 or with respect to the offense listed in clause (iv) of this paragraph (2) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71) or with respect to the offense of being an armed habitual criminal committed on or after August 2, 2005 effective date of Public Act 94-398), the following:
 - (i) that a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment for first degree murder or for the offense of terrorism shall receive no good conduct credit and shall serve the entire sentence imposed by the court;
 - (ii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for attempt to commit first degree murder, solicitation of murder, solicitation of murder for hire, intentional homicide of an unborn child, predatory criminal sexual assault

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of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, aggravated kidnapping, aggravated battery with a firearm, heinous battery, being an armed habitual criminal, aggravated battery of a senior citizen, or aggravated battery of a child shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment;

(iii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for home armed robbery, aggravated vehicular invasion, hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, when the court has made and entered a finding, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of Section 5-4-1 of this Code, that the conduct leading to conviction for the enumerated offense resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment; and

(iv) that a prisoner serving a sentence for aggravated discharge of a firearm, whether or not the conduct leading to conviction for the offense resulted in great bodily harm to the victim, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.

(2.1) For all offenses, other than those enumerated in

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subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) committed on or after June 19, 1998 or subdivision (a)(2)(iv) committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71), and other than the offense of reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed on or after January 1, 1999, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the rules and regulations shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a term of imprisonment shall receive one day of good conduct credit for each day of his or her sentence of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9. Each day of good conduct credit shall reduce by one day the prisoner's period of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 3-3-9.

- (2.2) A prisoner serving a term of natural life imprisonment or a prisoner who has been sentenced to death shall receive no good conduct credit.
- (2.3) The rules and regulations on early release shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed on or after January 1, 1999, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound

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or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.

- (2.4) The rules and regulations on early release shall provide with respect to the offenses of aggravated battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm or aggravated discharge of a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm, committed on or after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), that a prisoner serving a sentence for any of these offenses shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
- (2.5) The rules and regulations on early release shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence for aggravated arson committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-176) shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment.
- (3) The rules and regulations shall also provide that the Director may award up to 180 days additional good conduct credit for meritorious service in specific

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instances as the Director deems proper; except that no more than 90 days of good conduct credit for meritorious service shall be awarded to any prisoner who is serving a sentence for conviction of first degree murder, reckless homicide while under the influence of alcohol or any other drug, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, aggravated kidnapping, kidnapping, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, deviate assault, aggravated criminal sexual sexual aggravated indecent liberties with a child, indecent liberties with a child, child pornography, battery, aggravated battery of a spouse, aggravated battery of a spouse with a firearm, stalking, aggravated stalking, aggravated battery of a child, endangering the life or health of a child, cruelty to a child, or narcotic racketeering. Notwithstanding the foregoing, good conduct credit for meritorious service shall not be awarded on a sentence of imprisonment imposed for conviction of: (i) one of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) when the offense is committed on or after June 19, 1998 or subdivision (a)(2)(iv) when the offense committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of

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Public Act 94-71), (ii) reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the offense is committed on or after January 1, 1999, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, (iii) one of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a) (2.4) when the offense is committed on or after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), or (iv) aggravated arson when the offense is committed on or after July 27, 2001 (the effective date of Public Act 92-176).

(4) The rules and regulations shall also provide that the good conduct credit accumulated and retained under paragraph (2.1) of subsection (a) of this Section by any inmate during specific periods of time in which such inmate full-time in substance abuse is engaged programs, correctional industry assignments, or educational programs provided by the Department under this paragraph (4) and satisfactorily completes the assigned program as determined by the standards of the Department, shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 for program participation before August 11, 1993 and 1.50 for program participation on or after that date. However, no inmate shall be eligible for the additional good conduct credit under this paragraph

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(4) or (4.1) of this subsection (a) while assigned to a boot camp or electronic detention, or if convicted of an offense enumerated in subdivision (a)(2)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this Section that is committed on or after June 19, 1998 or subdivision (a)(2)(iv) of this Section that is committed on or after June 23, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-71), or if convicted of reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense is committed on or after January 1, 1999, or aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, convicted of an offense enumerated in paragraph (a) (2.4) of this Section that is committed on or after July 15, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act 91-121), or first degree murder, a Class X felony, criminal sexual assault, felony criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated battery with a firearm, or any predecessor or successor offenses with the same or substantially the same elements, or any inchoate offenses relating to foregoing offenses. No inmate shall be eligible for the additional good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) who (i) has previously received increased good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) and has subsequently been

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convicted of a felony, or (ii) has previously served more than one prior sentence of imprisonment for a felony in an adult correctional facility.

Educational, vocational, substance abuse and correctional industry programs under which good conduct credit may be increased under this paragraph (4) and paragraph (4.1) of this subsection (a) shall be evaluated by the Department on the basis of documented standards. The Department shall report the results of these evaluations to the Governor and the General Assembly by September 30th of each year. The reports shall include data relating to the recidivism rate among program participants.

Availability of these programs shall be subject to the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these purposes. Eligible inmates who are denied immediate admission shall be placed on a waiting list under criteria established by the Department. The inability of any inmate to become engaged in any such programs by reason of insufficient program resources or for any other reason established under the rules and regulations of the Department shall not be deemed a cause of action under which the Department or any employee or agent of the Department shall be liable for damages to the inmate.

(4.1) The rules and regulations shall also provide that an additional 60 days of good conduct credit shall be

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awarded to any prisoner who passes the high school level Test of General Educational Development (GED) while the prisoner is incarcerated. The good conduct credit awarded under this paragraph (4.1) shall be in addition to, and shall not affect, the award of good conduct under any other paragraph of this Section, but shall also be pursuant to the guidelines and restrictions set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of this Section. The good conduct credit provided for in this paragraph shall be available only to those prisoners who have not previously earned a high school diploma or a GED. If, after an award of the GED good conduct credit has been made and the Department determines that the prisoner was not eligible, then the award shall be revoked.

(4.5) The rules and regulations on early release shall also provide that when the court's sentencing order recommends a prisoner for substance abuse treatment and the crime was committed on or after September 1, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-354), the prisoner shall receive no good conduct credit awarded under clause (3) of this subsection (a) unless he or she participates in and completes a substance abuse treatment program. The Director may waive the requirement to participate in or complete a substance abuse treatment program and award the good conduct credit in specific instances if the prisoner is not a good candidate for a substance abuse treatment

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program for medical, programming, or operational reasons. Availability of substance abuse treatment shall be subject to the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the General Assembly for these purposes. If treatment is not available and the requirement to participate and complete the treatment has not been waived by the Director, the prisoner shall be placed on a waiting list under criteria established by the Department. The Director may allow a prisoner placed on a waiting list to participate in and complete a substance abuse education class or attend substance abuse self-help meetings in lieu of a substance abuse treatment program. A prisoner on a waiting list who is not placed in a substance abuse program prior to release may be eligible for a waiver and receive good conduct credit under clause (3) of this subsection (a) at the discretion of the Director.

(4.6) The rules and regulations on early release shall also provide that a prisoner who has been convicted of a sex offense as defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act shall receive no good conduct credit unless he or she either has successfully completed or is participating in sex offender treatment as defined by the Sex Offender Management Board. However, prisoners who are waiting to receive such treatment, but who are unable to do so due solely to the lack of resources on the part of the Department, may, at the Director's sole discretion, be

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1 awarded good conduct credit at such rate as the Director 2 shall determine.

- (5) Whenever the Department is to release any inmate earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant of good conduct credit for meritorious service given at any time during the term, the Department shall give reasonable advance notice of the impending release to the State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution of the inmate took place.
- (b) Whenever a person is or has been committed under several convictions, with separate sentences, the sentences shall be construed under Section 5-8-4 in granting and forfeiting of good time.
- (c) The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations for revoking good conduct credit, or suspending or reducing the rate of accumulation of good conduct credit for specific rule violations, during imprisonment. These rules and regulations shall provide that no inmate may be penalized more than one year of good conduct credit for any one infraction.

When the Department seeks to revoke, suspend or reduce the rate of accumulation of any good conduct credits for an alleged infraction of its rules, it shall bring charges therefor against the prisoner sought to be so deprived of good conduct credits before the Prisoner Review Board as provided in subparagraph (a) (4) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code, if the amount of credit at issue exceeds 30 days or when during any 12

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month period, the cumulative amount of credit revoked exceeds 30 days except where the infraction is committed or discovered within 60 days of scheduled release. In those cases, the Department of Corrections may revoke up to 30 days of good conduct credit. The Board may subsequently approve revocation of additional good conduct credit, if the Department seeks to revoke good conduct credit in excess of 30 days. However, the Board shall not be empowered to review the Department's decision with respect to the loss of 30 days of good conduct credit within any calendar year for any prisoner or to increase any penalty beyond the length requested by the Department.

Director of the Department of Corrections, appropriate cases, may restore up to 30 days good conduct credits which have been revoked, suspended or reduced. Any restoration of good conduct credits in excess of 30 days shall be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board. However, the Board may not restore good conduct credit in excess of the amount requested by the Director.

Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the Prisoner Review Board from ordering, pursuant to Section 3-3-9(a)(3)(i)(B), that a prisoner serve up to one year of the sentence imposed by the court that was not served due to the accumulation of good conduct credit.

(d) If a lawsuit is filed by a prisoner in an Illinois or federal court against the State, the Department of Corrections,

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1	or the Prisoner Review Board, or against any of their officers
2	or employees, and the court makes a specific finding that a
3	pleading, motion, or other paper filed by the prisoner is
4	frivolous, the Department of Corrections shall conduct a
5	hearing to revoke up to 180 days of good conduct credit by
6	bringing charges against the prisoner sought to be deprived of
7	the good conduct credits before the Prisoner Review Board as
8	provided in subparagraph (a)(8) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code.
9	If the prisoner has not accumulated 180 days of good conduct
10	credit at the time of the finding, then the Prisoner Review
11	Board may revoke all good conduct credit accumulated by the
12	prisoner.

For purposes of this subsection (d):

- (1) "Frivolous" means that a pleading, motion, or other filing which purports to be a legal document filed by a prisoner in his or her lawsuit meets any or all of the following criteria:
- (A) it lacks an arguable basis either in law or in fact;
 - (B) it is being presented for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation;
 - the claims, defenses, and other (C) contentions therein are not warranted by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the

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L	establishment	of	new	law	;

- (D) the allegations and other factual contentions do not have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, are not likely to have evidentiary support reasonable opportunity for after а investigation or discovery; or
- (E) the denials of factual contentions are not warranted on the evidence, or if specifically so identified, are not reasonably based on a lack of information or belief.
- (2) "Lawsuit" means a petition for post-conviction relief under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, a motion pursuant to Section 116-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, a habeas corpus action under Article X of the Code of Civil Procedure or under federal law (28 U.S.C. 2254), a petition for claim under the Court of Claims Act or an action under the federal Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 1983).
- (e) Nothing in Public Act 90-592 or 90-593 affects the 19 20 validity of Public Act 89-404.
- (Source: P.A. 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 93-354, eff. 9-1-03; 94-71, 21
- eff. 6-23-05; 94-128, eff. 7-7-05; 94-156, eff. 7-8-05; 94-398, 22
- eff. 8-2-05; 94-491, eff. 8-8-05; 94-744, eff. 5-8-06.) 23
- 24 (730 ILCS 5/3-19-15 new)
- 25 Sec. 3-19-15. Task Force on Transitional Housing for Sex

1	Offenders.
2	(a) There is created the Task Force on Transitional Housing
3	Facilities for Sex Offenders. The Task Force shall be composed
4	of the following members:
5	(1) Two members from the Department of Corrections
6	appointed by the Director of Corrections;
7	(2) Two members from the Prisoner Review Board
8	appointed by that Board;
9	(3) Two members of the Senate appointed by the
10	President of the Senate;
11	(4) Two members of the Senate appointed by the Minority
12	Leader of the Senate;
13	(5) Two members of the House of Representatives
14	appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
15	(6) Two members of the House of Representatives
16	appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of
17	Representatives; and
18	(7) Two members of the Governor's Office appointed by
19	the Governor.
20	(b) The Task Force shall study the implementation, cost,
21	placement, and effectiveness of transitional housing
22	facilities for sex offenders released from facilities of the
23	Department of Corrections.
24	(c) The members of the Task Force shall receive no
25	compensation for their services as members of the Task Force
26	but may be reimbursed for their actual expenses incurred in

- 1 serving on the Task Force from appropriations made to them for
- 2 such purpose.
- 3 (730 ILCS 5/5-8A-6)
- 4 5-8A-6. Electronic monitoring of certain
- 5 offenders. For a sexual predator subject to electronic home
- monitoring under paragraph (7.7) of subsection (a) of Section 6
- 7 3-3-7, the Department of Corrections must use a system that
- 8 actively monitors and identifies the offender's current
- 9 location and timely reports or records the offender's presence
- 10 and that alerts the Department of the offender's presence
- within a prohibited area described in Sections 11-9.3 and 11
- 12 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961, in a court order, or as a
- condition of the offender's parole, mandatory supervised 13
- 14 release, or extended mandatory supervised release and the
- 15 offender's departure from specified geographic limitations. To
- the extent that he or she is able to do so, which the 16
- Department of Corrections by rule shall determine, the offender 17
- must pay for the cost of the electronic home monitoring 7 18
- 19 provided funding is appropriated by the General Assembly for
- 20 this purpose.
- (Source: P.A. 94-988, eff. 1-1-07.) 21
- 22 Section 25. The Sex Offender Registration Act is amended by
- 23 changing Sections 3, 4, 5, 5-5, 6, 6-5, and 7 as follows:

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1 (730 ILCS 150/3) (from Ch. 38, par. 223)

Sec. 3. Duty to register.

- (a) A sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator shall, within the time period prescribed in subsections (b) and (c), register in person and provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. Such information shall include a current photograph, current address, current place of employment, the employer's telephone number, school attended, extensions of the time period for registering as provided in this Article and, if an extension was granted, the reason why the extension was granted and the date the sex offender was notified of the extension. The information shall also include the county of conviction, license plate numbers for every vehicle registered in the name of the sex offender, the age of the sex offender at the time of the commission of the offense, the age of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, and any distinguishing marks located on the body of the sex offender. A person who has been adjudicated a juvenile delinquent for an act which, if committed by an adult, would be a sex offense shall register as an adult sex offender within 10 days after attaining 17 years of age. The sex offender or sexual predator shall register:
 - (1) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a period of time of 5 or more days, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall

1 register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or

- (2) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a period of time of 5 or more days in an unincorporated area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists.
- If the sex offender or sexual predator is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, he or she shall register:
 - (i) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or
 - (ii) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she is employed or attends an institution of higher education located in an unincorporated area, or if incorporated, no police chief exists.

For purposes of this Article, the place of residence or temporary domicile is defined as any and all places where the sex offender resides for an aggregate period of time of 5 or more days during any calendar year. Any person required to register under this Article who lacks a fixed address or temporary domicile must notify, in person, the agency of jurisdiction of his or her last known address within 3 days 5 days after ceasing to have a fixed residence.

Any person who lacks a fixed residence must report weekly,

- in person, with the sheriff's office of the county in which he
- or she is located in an unincorporated area, or with the chief
- 3 of police in the municipality in which he or she is located.
- 4 The agency of jurisdiction will document each weekly
- 5 registration to include all the locations where the person has
- 6 stayed during the past 7 days.
- 7 The sex offender or sexual predator shall provide accurate
- 8 information as required by the Department of State Police. That
- 9 information shall include the sex offender's or sexual
- 10 predator's current place of employment.
- 11 (a-5) An out-of-state student or out-of-state employee
- 12 shall, within 3 days 5 days after beginning school or
- 13 employment in this State, register in person and provide
- 14 accurate information as required by the Department of State
- 15 Police. Such information will include current place of
- 16 employment, school attended, and address in state of residence.
- 17 The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall
- 18 register:
- 19 (1) with the chief of police in the municipality in
- which he or she attends school or is employed for a period
- of time of 5 or more days or for an aggregate period of
- time of more than 30 days during any calendar year, unless
- 23 the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he
- or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department
- 25 Headquarters; or
- 26 (2) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she

attends school or is employed for a period of time of 5 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of more than 3 days during any calendar year in an unincorporated area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists.

The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. That information shall include the out-of-state student's current place of school attendance or the out-of-state employee's current place of employment.

- (b) Any sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator, regardless of any initial, prior, or other registration, shall, within $\frac{3 \text{ days}}{5 \text{ days}}$ of beginning school, or establishing a residence, place of employment, or temporary domicile in any county, register in person as set forth in subsection (a) or (a-5).
- (c) The registration for any person required to register under this Article shall be as follows:
 - (1) Any person registered under the Habitual Child Sex Offender Registration Act or the Child Sex Offender Registration Act prior to January 1, 1996, shall be deemed initially registered as of January 1, 1996; however, this shall not be construed to extend the duration of registration set forth in Section 7.
 - (2) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any person convicted or adjudicated prior to January 1, 1996, whose liability for registration under Section 7 has not expired,

shall register in person prior to January 31, 1996.

- (2.5) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any person who has not been notified of his or her responsibility to register shall be notified by a criminal justice entity of his or her responsibility to register. Upon notification the person must then register within 3 days 5 days of notification of his or her requirement to register. If notification is not made within the offender's 10 year registration requirement, and the Department of State Police determines no evidence exists or indicates the offender attempted to avoid registration, the offender will no longer be required to register under this Act.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (c) (4), any person convicted on or after January 1, 1996, shall register in person within $\frac{3 \text{ days}}{5 \text{ days}}$ after the entry of the sentencing order based upon his or her conviction.
- (4) Any person unable to comply with the registration requirements of this Article because he or she is confined, institutionalized, or imprisoned in Illinois on or after January 1, 1996, shall register in person within $\frac{3 \text{ days}}{5}$ of discharge, parole or release.
- (5) The person shall provide positive identification and documentation that substantiates proof of residence at the registering address.
- (6) The person shall pay a \$20 initial registration fee and a \$10 annual renewal fee. The fees shall be used by the

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registering agency for official purposes. The agency shall establish procedures to document receipt and use of the funds. The law enforcement agency having jurisdiction may waive the registration fee if it determines that the person is indigent and unable to pay the registration fee. Ten dollars for the initial registration fee and \$5 of the annual renewal fee shall be used by the registering agency official purposes. Ten dollars of the registration fee and \$5 of the annual fee shall be deposited into the Sex Offender Management Board Fund under Section 19 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act. Money deposited into the Sex Offender Management Board Fund shall be administered by the Sex Offender Management Board and shall be used to fund practices endorsed or required by the Sex Offender Management Board Act including but not limited to sex offenders evaluation, treatment, or monitoring programs that are or may be developed, as well as for administrative costs, including staff, incurred by the Board.

(d) Within 3 days 5 days after obtaining or changing employment and, if employed on January 1, 2000, within 5 days after that date, a person required to register under this Section must report, in person to the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction, the business name and address where he or she is employed. If the person has multiple businesses or work locations, every business and work location must be reported to

- 1 the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.
- (Source: P.A. 93-616, eff. 1-1-04; 93-979, eff. 8-20-04; 2
- 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 94-994, eff. 1-1-07.) 3
- 4 (730 ILCS 150/4) (from Ch. 38, par. 224)
- 5 Sec. 4. Discharge of sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator from Department of Corrections 6 facility or other penal institution; duties of official in 7 8 charge. Any sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, 9 or sexual predator, as defined by this Article, who is 10 discharged, paroled or released from a Department of Corrections facility, a facility where such person was placed 11 12 by the Department of Corrections or another penal institution, 13 and whose liability for registration has not terminated under 14 Section 7 shall, prior to discharge, parole or release from the 15 facility or institution, be informed of his or her duty to register in person within 3 days 5 days of release by the 16 facility or institution in which he or she was confined. The 17 facility or institution shall also inform any person who must 18 19 register that if he or she establishes a residence outside of 20 the State of Illinois, is employed outside of the State of 21 Illinois, or attends school outside of the State of Illinois, 22 he or she must register in the new state within 3 days $\frac{5 - days}{}$ after establishing the residence, beginning employment, or 23 24 beginning school.
- 25 The facility shall require the person to read and sign such

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form as may be required by the Department of State Police stating that the duty to register and the procedure for registration has been explained to him or her and that he or she understands the duty to register and the procedure for registration. The facility shall further advise the person in writing that the failure to register or other violation of this Article shall result in revocation of parole, mandatory supervised release or conditional release. The facility shall obtain information about where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her discharge, parole or release and shall report the information to the Department of State Police. The facility shall give one copy of the form to the person and shall send one copy to each of the law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her discharge, parole or release and retain one copy for the files. Electronic data files which includes all notification form information and photographs of sex offenders being released from an Illinois Department of Corrections facility will be shared on a regular basis as determined between the Department of State Police and the Department of Corrections.

23 (730 ILCS 150/5) (from Ch. 38, par. 225)

(Source: P.A. 94-168, eff. 1-1-06.)

24 Sec. 5. Release of sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of 25 this Act, or sexual predator; duties of the Court. Any sex

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offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator, as defined by this Article, who is released on probation or discharged upon payment of a fine because of the commission of one of the offenses defined in subsection (B) of Section 2 of this Article, shall, prior to such release be informed of his or her duty to register under this Article by the Court in which he or she was convicted. The Court shall also inform any person who must register that if he or she establishes a residence outside of the State of Illinois, is employed outside of the State of Illinois, or attends school outside of the State of Illinois, he or she must register in the new state within 3 days $\frac{5 - \text{days}}{2}$ after establishing the residence, beginning employment, or beginning school. Court shall require the person to read and sign such form as may be required by the Department of State Police stating that the duty to register and the procedure for registration has been explained to him or her and that he or she understands the duty to register and the procedure for registration. The Court shall further advise the person in writing that the failure to register or other violation of this Article shall result in probation revocation. The Court shall obtain information about where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her release, and shall report the information to the Department of State Police. The Court shall give one copy of the form to the person and retain the original in the court records. The Department of State Police shall notify the law

- 1 enforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the person
- 2 expects to reside, work and attend school upon his or her
- 3 release.

- 4 (Source: P.A. 94-168, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 5 (730 ILCS 150/5-5)

Sec. 5-5. Discharge of sex offender or sexual predator from a hospital or other treatment facility; duties of the official in charge. Any sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator, as defined in this Article, who is discharged or released from a hospital or other treatment facility where he or she was confined shall be informed by the hospital or treatment facility in which he or she was confined, prior to discharge or release from the hospital or treatment facility, of his or her duty to register under this Article.

The facility shall require the person to read and sign such form as may be required by the Department of State Police stating that the duty to register and the procedure for registration has been explained to him or her and that he or she understands the duty to register and the procedure for registration. The facility shall give one copy of the form to the person, retain one copy for their records, and forward the original to the Department of State Police. The facility shall obtain information about where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her discharge, parole, or release and shall report the information to the Department of

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State Police within 3 days. The facility or institution shall also inform any person who must register that if he or she establishes a residence outside of the State of Illinois, is employed outside of the State of Illinois, or attends school outside of the State of Illinois, he or she must register in the new state within 3 days $\frac{5 - \text{days}}{2}$ after establishing the residence, beginning school, or beginning employment. The Department of State Police shall notify the law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction where the person expects to reside, work, and attend school upon his or her release.

(730 ILCS 150/6) (from Ch. 38, par. 226)

(Source: P.A. 94-168, eff. 1-1-06.)

Sec. 6. Duty to report; change of address, school, or employment; duty to inform. A person who has been adjudicated to be sexually dangerous or is a sexually violent person and is later released, or found to be no longer sexually dangerous or longer a sexually violent person and discharged, convicted of a violation of this Act after July 1, 2005, shall report in person to the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered no later than 90 days after the date of his or her last registration and every 90 days thereafter and at such other times at the request of the law enforcement agency not to exceed 4 times a year. Any person who lacks a fixed residence must report weekly, in person, to the appropriate law enforcement agency where the sex offender is located. Any other

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person who is required to register under this Article shall report in person to the appropriate law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered within one year from the date of last registration and every year thereafter and at such other times at the request of the law enforcement agency not to exceed 4 times a year. If any person required to register under this Article lacks a fixed residence or temporary domicile, he or she must notify, in person, the agency of jurisdiction of his or her last known address within 3 days $\frac{5}{}$ days after ceasing to have a fixed residence and if the offender leaves the last jurisdiction of residence, he or she, must within 3 days 48 hours after leaving register in person with the new agency of jurisdiction. If any other person required to register under this Article changes his or her residence address, place of employment, or school, he or she shall report in person to $\frac{5}{2}$ the law enforcement agency with whom he or she last registered of his or her new address, change in employment, or school and register, in person, with the appropriate law enforcement agency within the time period specified in Section 3. The law enforcement agency shall, within 3 days of the reporting in person by the person required to register under this Article, notify the Department of State Police of the new place of residence, change in employment, or school.

If any person required to register under this Article

intends to establish a residence or employment outside of the

- 1 State of Illinois, at least 10 days before establishing that
- 2 residence or employment, he or she shall report in person to
- 3 the law enforcement agency with which he or she last registered
- 4 of his or her out-of-state intended residence or employment.
- 5 The law enforcement agency with which such person last
- 6 registered shall, within 3 days after the reporting in person
- of the person required to register under this Article of an
- 8 address or employment change, notify the Department of State
- 9 Police. The Department of State Police shall forward such
- information to the out-of-state law enforcement agency having
- 11 jurisdiction in the form and manner prescribed by the
- 12 Department of State Police.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 93-977, eff. 8-20-04; 94-166, eff. 1-1-06;
- 14 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; revised 8-19-05.)
- 15 (730 ILCS 150/6-5)
- Sec. 6-5. Out-of-State employee or student; duty to report
- 17 change. Every out-of-state student or out-of-state employee
- 18 must notify the agency having jurisdiction of any change of
- 19 employment or change of educational status, in writing, within
- 3 days 5 days of the change. The law enforcement agency shall,
- 21 within 3 days after receiving the notice, enter the appropriate
- 22 changes into LEADS.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 94-168, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 24 (730 ILCS 150/7) (from Ch. 38, par. 227)

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Sec. 7. Duration of registration. A person who has been adjudicated to be sexually dangerous and is later released or found to be no longer sexually dangerous and discharged, shall register for the period of his or her natural life. A sexually violent person or sexual predator shall register for the period of his or her natural life after conviction or adjudication if not confined to a penal institution, hospital, or other institution or facility, and if confined, for the period of his or her natural life after parole, discharge, or release from any such facility. Any other person who is required to register under this Article shall be required to register for a period of 10 years after conviction or adjudication if not confined to a penal institution, hospital or any other institution or facility, and if confined, for a period of 10 years after parole, discharge or release from any such facility. A sex offender who is allowed to leave a county, State, or federal facility for the purposes of work release, education, or overnight visitations shall be required to register within 3days 5 days of beginning such a program. Liability for registration terminates at the expiration of 10 years from the date of conviction or adjudication if not confined to a penal institution, hospital or any other institution or facility and if confined, at the expiration of 10 years from the date of parole, discharge or release from any such facility, providing such person does not, during that period, again become liable to register under the provisions of this Article. Reconfinement

1 due to a violation of parole or other circumstances that relates to the original conviction or adjudication shall extend 2 3 the period of registration to 10 years after final parole, 4 discharge, or release. The Director of State Police, consistent 5 with administrative rules, shall extend for 10 years the registration period of any sex offender, as defined in Section 6 2 of this Act, who fails to comply with the provisions of this 7 8 Article. The registration period for any sex offender who fails 9 to comply with any provision of the Act shall extend the period 10 of registration by 10 years beginning from the first date of 11 registration after the violation. If the registration period is the Department of State Police shall send a 12 extended, 13 registered letter to the law enforcement agency where the sex 14 offender resides within 3 days after the extension of the 15 registration period. The sex offender shall report to that law 16 enforcement agency and sign for that letter. One copy of that letter shall be kept on file with the law enforcement agency of 17 the jurisdiction where the sex offender resides and one copy 18 19 shall be returned to the Department of State Police. 20 (Source: P.A. 93-979, eff. 8-20-04; 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; revised 8-19-05.) 21

22 Section 30. The Sex Offender Community Notification Law is 23 amended by changing Section 120 as follows:

24 (730 ILCS 152/120)

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1	Sec.	120.	Community	notification	of	sex	offenders.
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- (a) The sheriff of the county, except Cook County, shall disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, place of employment, school attended, and offense adjudication of all sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (1) The boards of institutions of higher education or appropriate administrative offices ofnon-public institution of higher education located in the county where the sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or is attending an institution of higher education; and
 - (2) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located in the county where the sex offender is required to register or is employed; and
 - (3) Child care facilities located in the county where the sex offender is required to register or is employed; -
 - (4) Public libraries located in the county where the sex offender is required to register or is employed;
 - (5) Public housing agencies located in the county where the sex offender is required to register or is employed;
 - (6) The Illinois Department of Children and Family Services;
 - (7) Social service agencies providing services to minors located in the county where the sex offender is

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required to register or is employed; and

- (8) Volunteer organizations providing services to minors located in the county where the sex offender is required to register or is employed.
- (a-2) The sheriff of Cook County shall disclose to the following the name, address, date of birth, place of employment, school attended, and offense or adjudication of all sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Sex Offender Registration Act:
 - (1) School boards of public school districts and the principal or other appropriate administrative officer of each nonpublic school located within the region of Cook County, as those public school districts and nonpublic schools are identified in LEADS, other than the City of Chicago, where the sex offender is required to register or is employed; and
 - (2) Child care facilities located within the region of Cook County, as those child care facilities are identified in LEADS, other than the City of Chicago, where the sex offender is required to register or is employed; and
 - (3) The boards of institutions of higher education or other appropriate administrative offices of each non-public institution of higher education located in the county, other than the City of Chicago, where the sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education;

1	(4) Public libraries located in the county, other than
2	the City of Chicago, where the sex offender is required to
3	register, resides, is employed, or attending an
4	institution of higher education;
5	(5) Public housing agencies located in the county,
6	other than the City of Chicago, where the sex offender is
7	required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an
8	institution of higher education;
9	(6) The Illinois Department of Children and Family
10	Services;
11	(7) Social service agencies providing services to
12	minors located in the county, other than the City of
13	Chicago, where the sex offender is required to register,
14	resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher
15	education; and
16	(8) Volunteer organizations providing services to
17	minors located in the county, other than the City of
18	Chicago, where the sex offender is required to register,
19	resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher
20	education.
21	(a-3) The Chicago Police Department shall disclose to the
22	following the name, address, date of birth, place of
23	employment, school attended, and offense or adjudication of all
24	sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Sex
25	Offender Registration Act:
26	(1) School boards of public school districts and the

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principal or other appropriate administrative officer of
each nonpublic school located in the police district where
the sex offender is required to register or is employed if
the offender is required to register or is employed in the
City of Chicago; and

- (2) Child care facilities located in the police district where the sex offender is required to register or is employed if the offender is required to register or is employed in the City of Chicago; and
- (3) The boards of institutions of higher education or other appropriate administrative offices of each non-public institution of higher education located in the police district where the sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago; -
- (4) Public libraries located in the police district where the sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago;
- (5) Public housing agencies located in the police district where the sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago;
- (6) The Illinois Department of Children and Family Services;
 - (7) Social service agencies providing services to

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1	minors located in the police district where the sex
2	offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or
3	attending an institution of higher education in the City of
4	Chicago; and
5	(8) Volunteer organizations providing services to

- (8) Volunteer organizations providing services to minors located in the police district where the sex offender is required to register, resides, is employed, or attending an institution of higher education in the City of Chicago.
- 10 (a-4) The Department of State Police shall provide a list
 11 of sex offenders required to register to the Illinois
 12 Department of Children and Family Services.
 - (b) The Department of State Police and any law enforcement agency may disclose, in the Department's or agency's discretion, the following information to any person likely to encounter a sex offender, or sexual predator:
 - (1) The offender's name, address, and date of birth.
 - (2) The offense for which the offender was convicted.
- 19 (3) Adjudication as a sexually dangerous person.
- 20 (4) The offender's photograph or other such 21 information that will help identify the sex offender.
- 22 (5) Offender employment information, to protect public safety.
- 24 (c) The name, address, date of birth, offense or 25 adjudication, the county of conviction, license plate numbers 26 for every vehicle registered in the name of the sex offender,

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the age of the sex offender at the time of the commission of the offense, the age of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, and any distinguishing marks located on the body of the sex offender for sex offenders required to register under Section 3 of the Sex Offender Registration Act shall be open to inspection by the public as provided in this Every municipal police department shall available at its headquarters the information on all sex offenders who are required to register in the municipality under the Sex Offender Registration Act. The sheriff shall also make available at his or her headquarters the information on all sex offenders who are required to register under that Act and who live in unincorporated areas of the county. Sex offender information must be made available for public inspection to any person, no later than 72 hours or 3 business days from the date of the request. The request must be made in person, in writing, or by telephone. Availability must include giving the inquirer access to a facility where the information may be copied. A department or sheriff may charge a fee, but the fee may not exceed the actual costs of copying the information. An inquirer must be allowed to copy this information in his or her own handwriting. A department or sheriff must allow access to the information during normal public working hours. The sheriff or a municipal police department may publish the photographs of sex offenders where any victim was 13 years of age or younger and who are required

- to register in the municipality or county under the Sex
 Offender Registration Act in a newspaper or magazine of general
 circulation in the municipality or county or may disseminate
 the photographs of those sex offenders on the Internet or on
 television. The law enforcement agency may make available the
 - (d) The Department of State Police and any law enforcement agency having jurisdiction may, in the Department's or agency's discretion, place the information specified in subsection (b) on the Internet or in other media.

information on all sex offenders residing within any county.

11 (e) (Blank).

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- 12 (f) The administrator of a transitional housing facility 13 for sex offenders shall comply with the notification procedures 14 established in paragraph (4) of subsection (b) of Section 15 3-17-5 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- 16 (g) A principal or teacher of a public or private
 17 elementary or secondary school shall notify the parents of
 18 children attending the school during school registration or
 19 during parent-teacher conferences that information about sex
 20 offenders is available to the public as provided in this Act.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 94-161, eff. 7-11-05; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06;
- 22 94-994, eff. 1-1-07.)".