

Transportation and Motor Vehicles Committee

Filed: 5/22/2007

	09500SB1260ham001 LRB095 09752 AJO 36608 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1260
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1260 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
5	Section 5.675 as follows:
6	(30 ILCS 105/5.675 new)
7	Sec. 5.675. The Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System Fund.
8	Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
9	changing Section 16-104c as follows:
10	(625 ILCS 5/16-104c)
11	Sec. 16-104c. Court supervision fees.
12	(a) Any person who, after a court appearance in the same
13	matter, receives a disposition of court supervision for a
14	violation of any provision of this Code or a similar provision

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

25

26

- of a local ordinance shall pay an additional fee of \$20, which 1 shall be disbursed as follows: 2
 - (1) if an officer of the Department of State Police arrested the person for the violation, the \$20 fee shall be deposited into the State Police Vehicle Fund in the State treasury; or
 - (2) if an officer of any law enforcement agency in the State other than the Department of State Police arrested the person for the violation, the \$20 fee shall be paid to the law enforcement agency that employed the arresting officer and shall be used for the acquisition or maintenance of police vehicles.
- 13 (b) In addition to the fee provided for in subsection (a), 14 a person who, after a court appearance in the same matter, 15 receives a disposition of court supervision for any violation 16 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall also pay an additional fee of \$10 \$5, if not waived by the 17 18 court. Of this \$10 \$5 fee, \$5 shall be deposited into the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System Fund in the State 19 20 treasury, \$4.50 shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk 21 Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the 22 Circuit Court, and 50 cents shall be deposited into the 23 Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund in the State 24 treasury.
 - (c) The Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. The Prisoner

- 1 Review Board shall, subject to appropriation by the General
- 2 Assembly and approval by the Secretary, use all moneys in the
- 3 Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund for the
- 4 purchase and operation of vehicles and equipment.
- 5 (d) The Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System Fund is
- created as a special fund in the State treasury. The Illinois 6
- Law Enforcement Alarm System Board shall, subject to 7
- appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the 8
- 9 Secretary, use all moneys in the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm
- 10 System Fund for the operational expenses of homeland security
- 11 air support units in the State of Illinois.
- (Source: P.A. 94-1009, eff. 1-1-07.) 12
- 13 Section 15. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
- 14 changing Section 5-6-1 as follows:
- 15 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-1)
- Sec. 5-6-1. Sentences of Probation and of Conditional 16
- Discharge and Disposition of Supervision. The General Assembly 17
- 18 finds that in order to protect the public, the criminal justice
- 19 system must compel compliance with the conditions of probation
- by responding to violations with swift, certain and fair 20
- 21 punishments and intermediate sanctions. The Chief Judge of each
- 22 circuit shall adopt a system of structured, intermediate
- 23 sanctions for violations of the terms and conditions of a
- sentence of probation, conditional discharge or disposition of 24

1 supervision.

- (a) Except where specifically prohibited by other provisions of this Code, the court shall impose a sentence of probation or conditional discharge upon an offender unless, having regard to the nature and circumstance of the offense, and to the history, character and condition of the offender, the court is of the opinion that:
 - (1) his imprisonment or periodic imprisonment is necessary for the protection of the public; or
 - (2) probation or conditional discharge would deprecate the seriousness of the offender's conduct and would be inconsistent with the ends of justice; or
 - (3) a combination of imprisonment with concurrent or consecutive probation when an offender has been admitted into a drug court program under Section 20 of the Drug Court Treatment Act is necessary for the protection of the public and for the rehabilitation of the offender.

The court shall impose as a condition of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, that the probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of the sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, subject to the provisions of Section 5-6-4 of this Act.

(b) The court may impose a sentence of conditional discharge for an offense if the court is of the opinion that

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

neither a sentence of imprisonment nor of periodic imprisonment nor of probation supervision is appropriate.

(b-1) Subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the defendant within the past 12 months has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

(c) The court may, upon a plea of guilty or a stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the charge or a finding of quilt, defer further proceedings and the imposition of a sentence, and enter an order for supervision of the defendant, if the defendant is not charged with: (i) a Class A misdemeanor, as defined by the following provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961: Sections 11-9.1; 12-3.2; 12-15; 26-5; 31-1; 31-6; 31-7; subsections (b) and (c) of Section 21-1; paragraph (1) through (5), (8), (10), and (11) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1; (ii) a Class A misdemeanor violation of Section 3.01, 3.03-1, or 4.01 of the Humane Care for Animals Act; or (iii) felony. If the defendant is not barred from receiving an order for supervision as provided in subsection, the court may enter an order for supervision after considering the circumstances of the offense, and the history, character and condition of the offender, if the court is of the opinion that:

2.1

1	(1)	the	offender	is	not	likely	to	commit	further
2	crimes:								

- (2) the defendant and the public would be best served if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and
- (3) in the best interests of justice an order of supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise permitted under this Code.
- (d) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the defendant has previously been:
 - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or
 - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or
 - (3) pleaded guilty to or stipulated to the facts supporting a charge or a finding of guilty to a violation of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state, and the plea or stipulation was the result of a plea agreement.
- The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting

- 1 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 2 Section.
- (e) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 3 4 defendant charged with violating Section 16A-3 of the Criminal 5 Code of 1961 if said defendant has within the last 5 years
- 6 been:
- (1) convicted for a violation of Section 16A-3 of the 7 8 Criminal Code of 1961; or
- 9 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 10 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 11 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 12 Section. 13
- 14 (f) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 15 defendant charged with violating Sections 15-111, 15-112, 16 15-301, paragraph (b) of Section 6-104, Section 11-605, or Section 11-1414 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar 17 18 provision of a local ordinance.
- 19 (g) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i) of this 20 Section, the provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, 21 22 or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has within the last 5 23 24 vears been:
- 25 (1) convicted for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708, 26 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar

2.1

1 provision of a local ordinance; or

(2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

- (h) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant under the age of 21 years charged with violating a serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code:
 - (1) unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines, penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of guilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision; or
 - (2) if the defendant has previously been sentenced under the provisions of paragraph (c) on or after January 1, 1998 for any serious traffic offense as defined in

2.1

1 Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

- (i) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has been assigned supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (j) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section 11-501.1 or paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the defendant has within the last 10 years been:
 - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or
 - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (k) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance that governs the movement of vehicles if, within the 12 months

- 1 preceding the date of the defendant's arrest, the defendant has
- 2 been assigned court supervision on 2 occasions for a violation
- that governs the movement of vehicles under the Illinois 3
- 4 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 5 (1) A defendant charged with violating any provision of the
- 6 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local
- ordinance who, after a court appearance in the same matter, 7
- 8 receives a disposition of supervision under subsection (c)
- 9 shall pay an additional fee of \$20, to be collected as provided
- 10 in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. In
- 11 addition to the \$20 fee, the person shall also pay a fee of \$10
- \$5, which, if not waived by the court, shall be collected as 12
- 13 provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
- The \$20 fee shall be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104c 14
- 15 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. If the \$10 \$5 fee is collected,
- 16 \$5 of the fee shall be deposited into the Illinois Law
- Enforcement Alarm System Fund in the State treasury, \$4.50 of 17
- the fee shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk 18
- Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the 19
- 20 Circuit Court, and 50 cents of the fee shall be deposited into
- 21 the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund in the
- 22 State treasury.
- (Source: P.A. 93-388, eff. 7-25-03; 93-1014, eff. 1-1-05; 23
- 94-169, eff. 1-1-06; 94-330, eff. 1-1-06; 94-375, eff. 1-1-06; 24
- 25 94-1009, eff. 1-1-07.)

- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 1
- 2 becoming law.".