

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 SB0121

Introduced 1/31/2007, by Sen. Kwame Raoul

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

730 ILCS 150/2 from Ch. 38, par. 222 730 ILCS 150/3 from Ch. 38, par. 223 730 ILCS 150/3-5 new

Amends the Sex Offender Registration Act. Eliminates provision that a person who has been adjudicated a juvenile delinquent for an act which, if committed by an adult, would be a sex offense shall register as an adult sex offender within 10 days after attaining 17 years of age. Provides that in all cases involving an adjudicated juvenile delinquent who meets the definition of sex offender under the Act, the court shall determine at the sentencing hearing whether to order registration, and if so, the duration of the registration. Establishes factors that the court must consider in making such a determination. Effective immediately.

LRB095 05377 RLC 25466 b

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Sex Offender Registration Act is amended by changing Sections 2 and 3 and by adding Section 3-5 as follows:
- 6 (730 ILCS 150/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 222)
- 7 Sec. 2. Definitions.

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- 8 (A) As used in this Article, "sex offender" means any person who is:
 - (1) charged pursuant to Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a sex offense set forth in subsection (B) of this Section or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
 - (a) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (b) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (c) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
- 23 (d) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an

acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to Section 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted commission of such offense; or

- (e) is found not guilty by reason of insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or
- (f) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to Section 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or attempted commission of such offense; or
- (2) certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
- (3) subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act; or
 - (4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to

the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or

(5) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, or found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Article as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Article.

For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall have the same meaning as "adjudicated". For the purposes of this Article, a person who is defined as a sex offender as a result of being adjudicated a juvenile delinquent under paragraph (5) of this subsection (A) upon attaining 17 years of age shall be

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      considered as having committed the sex offense on or after the
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      sex offender's 17th birthday. Registration of
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      attaining 17 years of age shall not extend the
      registration of 10 years from the date of conviction.
          (B) As used in this Article, "sex offense" means:
               (1) A violation of any of the following Sections of the
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          Criminal Code of 1961:
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                  11-20.1 (child pornography),
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                  11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),
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                  11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child),
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                  11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct),
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                  11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a
13
              disability),
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                  11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute),
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                  11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute),
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                  11-17.1
                              (keeping
                                          a
                                              place
                                                        of
                                                              juvenile
17
              prostitution),
                  11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
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                  11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),
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                  12-13 (criminal sexual assault),
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                  12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
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                  12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a
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              child),
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                  12-15 (criminal sexual abuse),
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                  12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse),
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                  12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child).
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1 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

- (1.5) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age, the defendant is not a parent of the victim, the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act, and the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1996:
- 10-1 (kidnapping),
 - 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
- 10 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
- 11 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
 - (1.6) First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under 18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense, provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act.
 - (1.7) (Blank).
 - (1.8) A violation or attempted violation of Section 11-11 (sexual relations within families) of the Criminal Code of 1961, and the offense was committed on or after June 1, 1997.
 - (1.9) Child abduction under paragraph (10) of subsection (b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed by luring or attempting to lure a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, house trailer, or

1	dwelling place without the consent of the parent or lawful
2	custodian of the child for other than a lawful purpose and
3	the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1998,
4	provided the offense was sexually motivated as defined in
5	Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act.
6	(1.10) A violation or attempted violation of any of the
7	following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the
8	offense was committed on or after July 1, 1999:
9	10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is under 18
10	years of age), provided the offense was sexually
11	motivated as defined in Section 10 of the Sex Offender
12	Management Board Act,
13	11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult),
14	11-15 (soliciting for a prostitute, if the victim
15	is under 18 years of age),
16	11-16 (pandering, if the victim is under 18 years
17	of age),
18	11-18 (patronizing a prostitute, if the victim is
19	under 18 years of age),
20	11-19 (pimping, if the victim is under 18 years of
21	age).
22	(1.11) A violation or attempted violation of any of the
23	following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the
24	offense was committed on or after August 22, 2002:
25	11-9 (public indecency for a third or subsequent
26	conviction).

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- 1 (1.12) A violation or attempted violation of Section 2 5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act (permitting sexual abuse) 3 when the offense was committed on or after August 22, 2002.
 - (2) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (B) of this Section.
 - (C) A conviction for an offense of federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsections (B), (C), and (E) of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person or a sexually violent person under any federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or foreign country that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or the Sexually Violent Commitment Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Article.
 - (C-5) A person at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense who is convicted of first degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, against a person under 18 years of age, shall be required to register for natural life. A conviction for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsection (C-5) of this Section shall constitute a

- 1 conviction for the purpose of this Article. This subsection
- 2 (C-5) applies to a person who committed the offense before June
- 3 1, 1996 only if the person is incarcerated in an Illinois
- 4 Department of Corrections facility on August 20, 2004 (the
- 5 effective date of Public Act 93-977).
- 6 (D) As used in this Article, "law enforcement agency having
- 7 jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the
- 8 municipalities in which the sex offender expects to reside,
- 9 work, or attend school (1) upon his or her discharge, parole or
- 10 release or (2) during the service of his or her sentence of
- 11 probation or conditional discharge, or the Sheriff of the
- 12 county, in the event no Police Chief exists or if the offender
- intends to reside, work, or attend school in an unincorporated
- 14 area. "Law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" includes
- 15 the location where out-of-state students attend school and
- 16 where out-of-state employees are employed or are otherwise
- 17 required to register.
- 18 (D-1) As used in this Article, "supervising officer" means
- 19 the assigned Illinois Department of Corrections parole agent or
- 20 county probation officer.
- 21 (E) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" means any
- person who, after July 1, 1999, is:
- 23 (1) Convicted for an offense of federal, Uniform Code
- of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law
- 25 that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
- 26 subsection (E) of this Section shall constitute a

1	conviction for the purpose of this Article. Convicted of a
2	violation or attempted violation of any of the following
3	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, if the conviction
4	occurred after July 1, 1999:
5	11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile
6	prostitution),
7	11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
8	11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),
9	11-20.1 (child pornography),
10	12-13 (criminal sexual assault),
11	12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
12	12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a
13	child),
14	12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse),
15	12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child); or
16	(2) (blank); or
17	(3) certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant
18	to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or any substantially
19	similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister
20	state, or foreign country law; or
21	(4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to
22	the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any
23	substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military
24	Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
25	(5) convicted of a second or subsequent offense which
26	requires registration pursuant to this Act. The conviction

- for the second or subsequent offense must have occurred
 after July 1, 1999. For purposes of this paragraph (5),
 "convicted" shall include a conviction under any
 substantially similar Illinois, federal, Uniform Code of
 Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.
 - (F) As used in this Article, "out-of-state student" means any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who is enrolled in Illinois, on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher learning.
 - (G) As used in this Article, "out-of-state employee" means any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who works in Illinois, regardless of whether the individual receives payment for services performed, for a period of time of 10 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of 30 or more days during any calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State accrue one day of employment time for any portion of a day spent in Illinois.
 - (H) As used in this Article, "school" means any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any elementary or secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher education.
- 25 (I) As used in this Article, "fixed residence" means any 26 and all places that a sex offender resides for an aggregate

- 1 period of time of 5 or more days in a calendar year.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 93-977, eff. 8-20-04; 93-979, eff. 8-20-04;
- 3 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 94-945, eff. 6-27-06;
- 4 94-1053, eff. 7-24-06; revised 8-3-06.)
- 5 (730 ILCS 150/3) (from Ch. 38, par. 223)
- 6 Sec. 3. Duty to register.
- 7 (a) A sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or 8 sexual predator shall, within the time period prescribed in 9 subsections (b) and (c), register in person and provide 10 accurate information as required by the Department of State 11 Police. Such information shall include a current photograph, 12 current address, current place of employment, the employer's 1.3 telephone number, school attended, extensions of the time 14 period for registering as provided in this Article and, if an 15 extension was granted, the reason why the extension was granted 16 and the date the sex offender was notified of the extension. The information shall also include the county of conviction, 17 18 license plate numbers for every vehicle registered in the name 19 of the sex offender, the age of the sex offender at the time of the commission of the offense, the age of the victim at the 20 21 time of the commission of the offense, and any distinguishing 22 marks located on the body of the sex offender. A person who has been adjudicated a juvenile delinquent for an act which, if 23 24 committed by an adult, would be a sex offense shall register as 25 an adult sex offender within 10 days after attaining 17 years

of age. The sex offender or sexual predator shall register:

- (1) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a period of time of 5 or more days, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or
- (2) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she resides or is temporarily domiciled for a period of time of 5 or more days in an unincorporated area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists.

If the sex offender or sexual predator is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, he or she shall register:

- (i) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she is employed at or attends an institution of higher education, unless the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or
- (ii) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she is employed or attends an institution of higher education located in an unincorporated area, or if incorporated, no police chief exists.

For purposes of this Article, the place of residence or temporary domicile is defined as any and all places where the sex offender resides for an aggregate period of time of 5 or more days during any calendar year. Any person required to

- register under this Article who lacks a fixed address or temporary domicile must notify, in person, the agency of jurisdiction of his or her last known address within 5 days after ceasing to have a fixed residence.
 - Any person who lacks a fixed residence must report weekly, in person, with the sheriff's office of the county in which he or she is located in an unincorporated area, or with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she is located. The agency of jurisdiction will document each weekly registration to include all the locations where the person has stayed during the past 7 days.
 - The sex offender or sexual predator shall provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. That information shall include the sex offender's or sexual predator's current place of employment.
 - (a-5) An out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall, within 5 days after beginning school or employment in this State, register in person and provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. Such information will include current place of employment, school attended, and address in state of residence. The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall register:
 - (1) with the chief of police in the municipality in which he or she attends school or is employed for a period of time of 5 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of more than 30 days during any calendar year, unless

the municipality is the City of Chicago, in which case he or she shall register at the Chicago Police Department Headquarters; or

(2) with the sheriff in the county in which he or she attends school or is employed for a period of time of 5 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of more than 30 days during any calendar year in an unincorporated area or, if incorporated, no police chief exists.

The out-of-state student or out-of-state employee shall provide accurate information as required by the Department of State Police. That information shall include the out-of-state student's current place of school attendance or the out-of-state employee's current place of employment.

- (b) Any sex offender, as defined in Section 2 of this Act, or sexual predator, regardless of any initial, prior, or other registration, shall, within 5 days of beginning school, or establishing a residence, place of employment, or temporary domicile in any county, register in person as set forth in subsection (a) or (a-5).
- (c) The registration for any person required to register under this Article shall be as follows:
 - (1) Any person registered under the Habitual Child Sex Offender Registration Act or the Child Sex Offender Registration Act prior to January 1, 1996, shall be deemed initially registered as of January 1, 1996; however, this shall not be construed to extend the duration of

registration set forth in Section 7.

- (2) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any person convicted or adjudicated prior to January 1, 1996, whose liability for registration under Section 7 has not expired, shall register in person prior to January 31, 1996.
- (2.5) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any person who has not been notified of his or her responsibility to register shall be notified by a criminal justice entity of his or her responsibility to register. Upon notification the person must then register within 5 days of notification of his or her requirement to register. If notification is not made within the offender's 10 year registration requirement, and the Department of State Police determines no evidence exists or indicates the offender attempted to avoid registration, the offender will no longer be required to register under this Act.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (c)(4), any person convicted on or after January 1, 1996, shall register in person within 5 days after the entry of the sentencing order based upon his or her conviction.
- (4) Any person unable to comply with the registration requirements of this Article because he or she is confined, institutionalized, or imprisoned in Illinois on or after January 1, 1996, shall register in person within 5 days of discharge, parole or release.
 - (5) The person shall provide positive identification

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and documentation that substantiates proof of residence at the registering address.

- (6) The person shall pay a \$20 initial registration fee and a \$10 annual renewal fee. The fees shall be used by the registering agency for official purposes. The agency shall establish procedures to document receipt and use of the funds. The law enforcement agency having jurisdiction may waive the registration fee if it determines that the person is indigent and unable to pay the registration fee. Ten dollars for the initial registration fee and \$5 of the annual renewal fee shall be used by the registering agency official purposes. dollars of the Ten initial registration fee and \$5 of the annual fee shall be deposited into the Sex Offender Management Board Fund under Section 19 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act. Money deposited into the Sex Offender Management Board Fund shall be administered by the Sex Offender Management Board and shall be used to fund practices endorsed or required by the Sex Offender Management Board Act including but not limited to sex offenders evaluation, treatment, or monitoring programs that are or may be developed, as well as for administrative costs, including staff, incurred by the Board.
- (d) Within 5 days after obtaining or changing employment and, if employed on January 1, 2000, within 5 days after that date, a person required to register under this Section must

- 1 report, in person to the law enforcement agency having
- 2 jurisdiction, the business name and address where he or she is
- 3 employed. If the person has multiple businesses or work
- 4 locations, every business and work location must be reported to
- 5 the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 93-616, eff. 1-1-04; 93-979, eff. 8-20-04;
- 7 94-166, eff. 1-1-06; 94-168, eff. 1-1-06; 94-994, eff. 1-1-07.)
- 8 (730 ILCS 150/3-5 new)
- 9 <u>Sec. 3-5. Application of Act to adjudicated juvenile</u> 10 delinguents.
- 11 (a) In all cases involving an adjudicated juvenile
- delinquent who meets the definition of sex offender as set
- forth in paragraph (5) of subsection (A) of Section 2 of this
- 14 Act, the court shall determine at the sentencing hearing
- 15 whether to order registration, and if so, the duration of the
- 16 registration. To determine whether to order registration, the
- 17 court shall consider the following factors:
- 18 <u>(1) the report regarding the adjudicated juvenile</u>
- delinquent's risk assessment prepared for purposes of
- 20 sentencing;
- 21 (2) the adjudicated juvenile delinquent's level of
- 22 planning and participation in the offense;
- 23 (3) the sex offender history of the adjudicated
- juvenile delinquent, including whether the adjudicated
- juvenile delinquent has been adjudicated delinquent for

1	<pre>prior sexually-motivated offenses;</pre>
2	(4) the possibility that facilities or programs
3	available to the court will contribute to the
4	rehabilitation of the adjudicated juvenile delinquent
5	prior to the expiration of the court's jurisdiction;
6	(5) the ages of the adjudicated juvenile delinquent and
7	the victim;
8	(6) the relationship of the adjudicated juvenile
9	delinquent to the victim;
10	(7) the proposed placement alternatives for the
11	adjudicated juvenile delinquent;
12	(8) information related to the adjudicated juvenile
13	delinquent's mental, physical, educational, and social
14	history;
15	(9) victim impact statements; and
16	(10) any other factors deemed relevant by the court.
17	(b) Once an adjudicated juvenile delinquent is ordered to
18	register as a sex offender, the adjudicated juvenile delinquent
19	shall be subject to the registration requirements set forth in
20	Sections 3, 6, 6-5, 8, 8-5, and 10 for the term of his or her
21	registration.
22	(c) No less than 90 days prior to the completion of an
23	adjudicated juvenile delinquent's term of registration,
24	ordered pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section, the State's
25	Attorney may petition for the continuation of the term of
26	registration.

1	(d) The court may, upon a hearing on the petition for
2	continuation of registration, extend registration and
3	determine which, if any, conditions of registration shall apply
4	if the court finds that the registrant poses a serious risk to
5	the community by a preponderance of the evidence based on the
6	factors set forth in subsection (e).
7	(e) To determine whether a registrant poses a serious risk
8	to the community as required by subsection (d), the court shall
9	<pre>consider the following factors:</pre>
10	(1) a risk assessment performed by an evaluator
11	approved by the Sex Offender Management Board;
12	(2) the sex offender history of the adjudicated
13	juvenile delinquent;
14	(3) evidence of the adjudicated juvenile delinquent's
15	rehabilitation;
16	(4) the age of the adjudicated juvenile delinquent at
17	the time of the offense;
18	(5) information related to the adjudicated juvenile
19	delinquent's mental, physical, educational, and social
20	history; and
21	(6) any other factors deemed relevant by the court.
22	(f) At the hearing set forth in subsections (c) and (d), a
23	registrant shall be represented by counsel and may present a
24	risk assessment conducted by an evaluator who is a licensed
25	psychiatrist, psychologist, or other mental health
26	professional, and who has demonstrated clinical experience in

- juvenile sex offender treatment.
- 2 (g) After a registrant completes the term of his or her
- 3 registration, his or her name, address, and all other
- 4 identifying information shall be removed from all State and
- 5 local registries.
- 6 (h) An adjudicated juvenile delinquent shall not be
- 7 considered a sexual predator, as defined in subsection (E) of
- 8 <u>Section 2 of this Act, for the purposes of mandatory</u>
- 9 registration for the term of natural life as set forth in
- 10 Section 7 of this Act.
- 11 (i) This Section applies retroactively to cases in which
- 12 adjudicated juvenile delinquents who registered or were
- 13 required to register before the effective date of this
- amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. On or after the
- 15 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General
- 16 Assembly, a person adjudicated delinquent before the effective
- date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly may
- 18 request a hearing regarding status of registration by filing a
- 19 Petition Requesting Registration Status with the clerk of the
- 20 court. Upon receipt of the Petition Requesting Registration
- 21 Status, the clerk of the court shall provide notice to the
- 22 parties and set the Petition for hearing pursuant to
- 23 subsections (c) through (e) of this Section.
- 24 (j) This Section does not apply to minors prosecuted under
- 25 the criminal laws as adults.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

becoming law. 1