1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing

 Sections 11-9.3 and 11-9.4 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)

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- Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex offenders prohibited.
 - (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present in any school building, on real property comprising any school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the school and the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the

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principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or unless the offender has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to infringe upon the constitutional right of a child sex offender to be present in a school building that is used as a polling place for the purpose of voting.

(1) (Blank; or)

(2) (Blank.)

(b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter within 500 feet of a school building or real property comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender

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is a parent or quardian of a student attending the school and the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

(1) (Blank; or)

(2) (Blank.)

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1	(b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
2	reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real
3	property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18
4	attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex
5	offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or
6	the real property comprising any school that persons under 18
7	attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and
8	was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act
9	of the 91st General Assembly.
10	(c) Definitions. In this Section:

- (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
- (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal law or law of another state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of this subsection (c) or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
 - (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting

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in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission attempted commission or of offense: or

- (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant federal law or the law of another state substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or
- (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to federal law or the law of another state substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or attempted commission of such offense; or
- (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to such certification is committed or attempted against a person less than 18 years of age; or
 - (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of

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1 the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous 2 Persons Act.

> Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5), "sex offense" means:
- (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting child abduction under Section 10-5 (b) (10)), 11-6 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), (indecent solicitation of child), 11-6.5(indecent а solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, or on a conveyance, owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 pornography), (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33

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1	(ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when
2	that offense was committed in any school, on real
3	property comprising any school, in any conveyance
4	owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport
5	students to or from school or a school related
6	activity). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
7	(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
8	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
9	person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
10	assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
11	12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
12	criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
13	these offenses.
14	(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
15	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
16	person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
17	parent of the victim:
18	10-1 (kidnapping),
19	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
20	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
21	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
22	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
23	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State

substantially equivalent to any offense listed in

(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex

clause (2)(i) of subsection (c) of this Section.

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2 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 3

> 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding and abetting child abduction under 10-5(b)(10), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a

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property.

1	parent of the victim:
2	10-1 (kidnapping),
3	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
4	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
5	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
6	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
7	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
8	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this
9	paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
10	(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the
11	law of another state that is substantially equivalent to
12	any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of
13	this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose
14	of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually
15	dangerous person under any federal law or law of another
16	state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually
17	Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for
18	the purposes of this Section.
19	(4) "School" means a public or private pre-school,
20	elementary, or secondary school.
21	(5) "Loiter" means:
22	(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
23	person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school

(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the

person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around school

- property, for the purpose of committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.
- (iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or around school property, other than the offender's residence.
- 6 (6) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
 7 or any other certified employee of the school, the
 8 superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.
- 9 (c-5) For the purposes of this Section, the 500 feet
 10 distance shall be measured from the edge of the property of the
 11 school building or the real property comprising the school that
 12 is closest to the edge of the property of the child sex
 13 offender's residence or where he or she is loitering.
- 14 (d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty
 15 of a Class 4 felony.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 94-158, eff. 7-11-05; 94-164, eff. 1-1-06; 94-170, eff. 7-11-05; revised 9-15-06.)
- 18 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.4)
- Sec. 11-9.4. Approaching, contacting, residing, or communicating with a child within certain places by child sex offenders prohibited.
- 22 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be 23 present in any public park building or on real property 24 comprising any public park when persons under the age of 18 are 25 present in the building or on the grounds and to approach,

- contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under 3 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.
 - (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park building or real property comprising any public park while persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the building or on the grounds.
 - (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a playground, child care institution, day care center, part day child care facility, or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a playground or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a child care institution, day care center, or part day child care facility if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this

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1 amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

(b-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense. Nothing in this subsection (b-6) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the property in which the child sex offender resides is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly.

This subsection (b-6) does not apply if the victim of the sex offense is 21 years of age or older.

(c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child care facility; (iv) child care institution, or (v) school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age. This does not prohibit a child sex offender from owning the real property upon which the programs or services are offered or upon which the day care center, part day child care facility, child care institution, or school providing before and after school programs for children under 18 years of age is located, provided the child sex offender refrains from being present on the premises for the hours during which: (1) the programs or services are being offered or (2) the day care center, part day child care facility, child

1	care institution, or school providing before and after school
2	programs for children under 18 years of age is operated.
3	(d) Definitions. In this Section:
4	(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
5	(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any
6	substantially similar federal law or law of another
7	state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of
8	this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an
9	included sex offense, and:
10	(A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
11	to commit such offense; or
12	(B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
13	of such offense or an attempt to commit such
14	offense; or
15	(C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
16	pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
17	Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense
18	or an attempt to commit such offense; or
19	(D) is the subject of a finding not resulting
20	in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
21	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
22	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
23	commission or attempted commission of such
24	offense; or
25	(E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity

following a hearing conducted pursuant to a

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federal law or the law of another state substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or

- (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal law or the law of another state substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or attempted commission of such offense; or
- (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to such certification is committed or attempted against a person less than 18 years of age; or
- (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.

Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

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(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
"sex offense" means:

(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting abduction under Section 10-5 (b) (10)), 10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), 11-6 (indecent of child), 11-6.5solicitation а (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, on a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real property comprising any school, on any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

Τ	(11) A VIOLACION OF any OF the following Sections
2	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
3	person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual
4	assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
5	12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated
6	criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of
7	these offenses.
8	(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
9	of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a
LO	person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a
L1	parent of the victim:
L2	10-1 (kidnapping),
L3	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
L 4	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
L5	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
L 6	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
L7	(iv) A violation of any former law of this State
L8	substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
L 9	clause (2)(i) of this subsection (d).
20	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a sex
21	offense means:
22	(i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
23	the Criminal Code of 1961:
24	10-5 (b) (10) (child luring), $10-7$ (aiding and
25	abetting child abduction under Section

10-5(b)(10), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a

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child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of adult), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), or 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse). subsection (a) of Section 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

10-1 (kidnapping),

10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

10-3 (unlawful restraint),

10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

- (iv) A violation of any former law of this State substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
- (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the law of another state that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of another state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
- (4) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve, or conservation area under the jurisdiction of the State or a unit of local government.
- (5) "Facility providing programs or services directed towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility providing programs or services exclusively directed towards persons under the age of 18.

(6) "Loiter" means:

- (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public park property.
- (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around public park property, for the purpose of committing or

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attempting to commit a sex offense. 1

- (7) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or controlled by a unit of local government that is designated by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily for children's recreation.
 - (8) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
 - (9) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.
- 10 (10) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning 11 ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of 12 1969.
- 13 (d-5) For the purposes of this Section, the 500 feet 14 distance shall be measured from the edge of the property comprising the public park building or the real property 15 16 comprising the public park, playground, child care 17 institution, day care center, part day child care facility, or a facility providing programs or services exclusively directed 18 19 toward persons under 18 years of age, or a victim of the sex 20 offense who is under 21 years of age to the edge of the child sex offender's place of residence or where he or she is 21 22 loitering.
- 23 (e) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is quilty 24 of a Class 4 felony.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 94-925, eff. 6-26-06.)