

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 SB0554

Introduced 2/17/2005, by Sen. Debbie DeFrancesco Halvorson

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

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20 ILCS 3930/7
                                        from Ch. 38, par. 210-7
730 ILCS 5/3-2-2
                                        from Ch. 38, par. 1003-2-2
730 ILCS 5/3-3-2
                                        from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-2
                                        from Ch. 38, par. 1003-15-2
730 ILCS 5/3-15-2
730 ILCS 5/Ch. III Art. 17 heading new
730 ILCS 5/3-17-5 new
730 ILCS 5/3-17-10 new
730 ILCS 5/3-17-15 new
730 ILCS 5/3-17-20 new
730 ILCS 5/3-17-25 new
730 ILCS 5/5-8-6
                                        from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-6
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Amends the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act. Provides that the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority may apply for, receive, establish priorities for, allocate, disburse, and spend grants of funds for assisting counties and municipalities in establishing and maintaining reentry programs. Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Permits a county or municipality that maintains a jail or municipal house of corrections to establish a program for the reentry into the community of felony offenders who are within one year of their release from prison. Provides that an offender must demonstrate a willingness to engage in employment or participate in vocational rehabilitation or job skills training and meet any existing obligation for restitution to any victim of his or her crime. Establishes various services that will be provided to participants in the program. Provides that the Department of Corrections shall establish standards for and shall inspect facilities that house participants in the reentry programs. Provides that the Department of Corrections may make construction and renovation grants for these facilities.

LRB094 08404 RLC 38605 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act is amended by changing Section 7 as follows:
- 6 (20 ILCS 3930/7) (from Ch. 38, par. 210-7)
- Sec. 7. Powers and Duties. The Authority shall have the following powers, duties and responsibilities:
 - (a) To develop and operate comprehensive information systems for the improvement and coordination of all aspects of law enforcement, prosecution and corrections;
 - (b) To define, develop, evaluate and correlate State and local programs and projects associated with the improvement of law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice;
 - (c) To act as a central repository and clearing house for federal, state and local research studies, plans, projects, proposals and other information relating to all aspects of criminal justice system improvement and to encourage educational programs for citizen support of State and local efforts to make such improvements;
 - (d) To undertake research studies to aid in accomplishing its purposes;
 - (e) To monitor the operation of existing criminal justice information systems in order to protect the constitutional rights and privacy of individuals about whom criminal history record information has been collected;
 - (f) To provide an effective administrative forum for the protection of the rights of individuals concerning criminal history record information;
 - (g) To issue regulations, guidelines and procedures

which ensure the privacy and security of criminal history record information consistent with State and federal laws;

- (h) To act as the sole administrative appeal body in the State of Illinois to conduct hearings and make final determinations concerning individual challenges to the completeness and accuracy of criminal history record information;
- (i) To act as the sole, official, criminal justice body in the State of Illinois to conduct annual and periodic audits of the procedures, policies, and practices of the State central repositories for criminal history record information to verify compliance with federal and state laws and regulations governing such information;
- (j) To advise the Authority's Statistical Analysis Center;
- (k) To apply for, receive, establish priorities for, allocate, disburse and spend grants of funds that are made available by and received on or after January 1, 1983 from private sources or from the United States pursuant to the federal Crime Control Act of 1973, as amended, and similar federal legislation, and to enter into agreements with the United States government to further the purposes of this Act, or as may be required as a condition of obtaining federal funds;
- (k-5) To apply for, receive, establish priorities for, allocate, disburse, and spend grants of funds for assisting counties and municipalities in establishing and maintaining reentry programs created under Article 17 of Chapter III of the Unified Code of Corrections;
- (1) To receive, expend and account for such funds of the State of Illinois as may be made available to further the purposes of this Act;
- (m) To enter into contracts and to cooperate with units of general local government or combinations of such units, State agencies, and criminal justice system agencies of other states for the purpose of carrying out the duties of

the Authority imposed by this Act or by the federal Crime Control Act of 1973, as amended;

- (n) To enter into contracts and cooperate with units of general local government outside of Illinois, other states' agencies, and private organizations outside of Illinois to provide computer software or design that has been developed for the Illinois criminal justice system, or to participate in the cooperative development or design of new software or systems to be used by the Illinois criminal justice system. Revenues received as a result of such arrangements shall be deposited in the Criminal Justice Information Systems Trust Fund.
- (o) To establish general policies concerning criminal justice information systems and to promulgate such rules, regulations and procedures as are necessary to the operation of the Authority and to the uniform consideration of appeals and audits;
- (p) To advise and to make recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly on policies relating to criminal justice information systems;
- (q) To direct all other agencies under the jurisdiction of the Governor to provide whatever assistance and information the Authority may lawfully require to carry out its functions;
- (r) To exercise any other powers that are reasonable and necessary to fulfill the responsibilities of the Authority under this Act and to comply with the requirements of applicable federal law or regulation;
- (s) To exercise the rights, powers and duties which have been vested in the Authority by the "Illinois Uniform Conviction Information Act", enacted by the 85th General Assembly, as hereafter amended; and
- (t) To exercise the rights, powers and duties which have been vested in the Authority by the Illinois Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Act.
- The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall

- 1 be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker,
- 2 the Minority Leader and the Clerk of the House of
- 3 Representatives and the President, the Minority Leader and the
- 4 Secretary of the Senate and the Legislative Research Unit, as
- 5 required by Section 3.1 of "An Act to revise the law in
- 6 relation to the General Assembly", approved February 25, 1874,
- 7 as amended, and filing such additional copies with the State
- 8 Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly
- 9 as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State
- 10 Library Act.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 85-922; 86-1408.)
- 12 Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
- 13 changing Sections 3-2-2, 3-3-2, 3-15-2, and 5-8-6 and by adding
- 14 Article 17 as follows:
- 15 (730 ILCS 5/3-2-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-2-2)
- Sec. 3-2-2. Powers and Duties of the Department.
- 17 (1) In addition to the powers, duties and responsibilities
- 18 which are otherwise provided by law, the Department shall have
- 19 the following powers:
- 20 (a) To accept persons committed to it by the courts of
- 21 this State for care, custody, treatment and
- rehabilitation, and to accept federal prisoners and aliens
- over whom the Office of the Federal Detention Trustee is
- 24 authorized to exercise the federal detention function for
- limited purposes and periods of time.
- 26 (b) To develop and maintain reception and evaluation
- 27 units for purposes of analyzing the custody and
- rehabilitation needs of persons committed to it and to
- assign such persons to institutions and programs under its
- 30 control or transfer them to other appropriate agencies. In
- 31 consultation with the Department of Alcoholism and
- 32 Substance Abuse (now the Department of Human Services), the
- 33 Department of Corrections shall develop a master plan for
- 34 the screening and evaluation of persons committed to its

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custody who have alcohol or drug abuse problems, and for making appropriate treatment available to such persons; the Department shall report to the General Assembly on such plan not later than April 1, 1987. The maintenance and implementation of such plan shall be contingent upon the availability of funds.

(b-1) To create and implement, on January 1, 2002, a establish the effectiveness pilot program to pupillometer technology (the measurement of the pupil's reaction to light) as an alternative to a urine test for purposes of screening and evaluating persons committed to its custody who have alcohol or drug problems. The pilot program shall require the pupillometer technology to be used in at least one Department of Corrections facility. The Director may expand the pilot program to include an additional facility or facilities as he or she deems appropriate. A minimum of 4,000 tests shall be included in the pilot program. The Department must report to the General Assembly on the effectiveness of the program by January 1, 2003.

(b-5) To develop, in consultation with the Department of State Police, a program for tracking and evaluating each inmate from commitment through release for recording his or her gang affiliations, activities, or ranks.

(c) To maintain and administer all State correctional institutions and facilities under its control and to establish new ones as needed. Pursuant to its power to establish new institutions and facilities, the Department may, with the written approval of the Governor, authorize the Department of Central Management Services to enter into an agreement of the type described in subsection (d) of Section 405-300 of the Department of Central Management Services Law (20 ILCS 405/405-300). The Department shall designate those institutions which shall constitute the State Penitentiary System.

Pursuant to its power to establish new institutions and

facilities, the Department may authorize the Department of Central Management Services to accept bids from counties and municipalities for the construction, remodeling or conversion of a structure to be leased to the Department of Corrections for the purposes of its serving as a correctional institution or facility. Such construction, remodeling or conversion may be financed with revenue bonds issued pursuant to the Industrial Building Revenue Bond Act by the municipality or county. The lease specified in a bid shall be for a term of not less than the time needed to retire any revenue bonds used to finance the project, but not to exceed 40 years. The lease may grant to the State the option to purchase the structure outright.

Upon receipt of the bids, the Department may certify one or more of the bids and shall submit any such bids to the General Assembly for approval. Upon approval of a bid by a constitutional majority of both houses of the General Assembly, pursuant to joint resolution, the Department of Central Management Services may enter into an agreement with the county or municipality pursuant to such bid.

- (c-5)To build and maintain regional detention centers and to charge a per diem to the counties as established by the Department to defray the costs of housing each minor in a center. In this subsection (c-5), "juvenile detention center" means a facility to house minors during pendency of trial who have been transferred from proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 to prosecutions under the criminal laws of this State in accordance with Section 5-805 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, whether the transfer was by operation of law or permissive under that Section. The Department shall designate the counties to be served by each regional juvenile detention center.
- (d) To develop and maintain programs of control, rehabilitation and employment of committed persons within its institutions.

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- (e) To establish a system of supervision and guidance of committed persons in the community.
- (f) To establish in cooperation with the Department of Transportation to supply a sufficient number of prisoners for use by the Department of Transportation to clean up the garbage along State, county, township, and municipal highways as designated by the Department of Transportation. The Department of Corrections, at the request of the Department of Transportation, shall furnish such prisoners at least annually for a period to be agreed upon between the Director of Corrections and the Director of Transportation. The prisoners used on this program shall be selected by the Director of Corrections on whatever basis he deems proper in consideration of their term, behavior and earned eligibility to participate in such program - where they will be outside of the prison facility but still in the custody of the Department of Corrections. Prisoners convicted of first degree murder, or a Class X felony, or armed violence, or aggravated kidnapping, or criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse or a subsequent conviction for criminal sexual abuse, or forcible detention, or arson, or a prisoner adjudged a Habitual Criminal shall not be eligible for selection to participate in such program. The prisoners shall remain as prisoners in the custody of the Department of Corrections and such Department shall furnish whatever security is necessary. The Department of Transportation shall furnish trucks and equipment for the highway cleanup program and personnel to supervise and direct the program. Neither the of Corrections nor the Department Department Transportation shall replace any regular employee with a prisoner.
- (g) To maintain records of persons committed to it and to establish programs of research, statistics and planning.
 - (h) To investigate the grievances of any person

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committed to the Department, to inquire into any alleged misconduct by employees or committed persons, and to investigate the assets of committed persons to implement Section 3-7-6 of this Code; and for these purposes it may issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of writings and papers, and may examine under oath any witnesses who may appear before it; to also investigate alleged violations of a parolee's or releasee's conditions of parole or release; and for this purpose it may issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents only if there is reason to believe that such procedures would provide evidence that such violations have occurred.

If any person fails to obey a subpoena issued under this subsection, the Director may apply to any circuit court to secure compliance with the subpoena. The failure to comply with the order of the court issued in response thereto shall be punishable as contempt of court.

- (i) To appoint and remove the chief administrative and administer programs of training development of personnel of the Department. Personnel assigned by the Department to be responsible for the custody and control of committed persons or to investigate the alleged misconduct of committed persons or employees or alleged violations of a parolee's or releasee's conditions of parole shall be conservators of the peace for those purposes, and shall have the full power of peace officers outside of the facilities of the Department in protection, arrest, retaking and reconfining of committed persons or where the exercise of such power is necessary to the investigation of such misconduct or violations.
- (j) To cooperate with other departments and agencies and with local communities for the development of standards and programs for better correctional services in this State.
 - (k) To administer all moneys and properties of the

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1 Department.

- (1) To report annually to the Governor on the committed persons, institutions and programs of the Department.
- (1-5) In a confidential annual report to the Governor, Department shall identify all inmate gangs specifying each current gang's name, population and allied gangs. The Department shall further specify the number of top leaders identified by the Department for each gang during the past year, and the measures taken by the Department to segregate each leader from his or her gang and allied gangs. The Department shall further report the current status of leaders identified and segregated in previous years. All leaders described in the report shall be identified by inmate number or other designation to enable tracking, auditing, and verification without revealing the names of the leaders. Because this report contains law enforcement intelligence information collected by the Department, the report is confidential and not subject to public disclosure.
- (m) To make all rules and regulations and exercise all powers and duties vested by law in the Department.
- (n) To establish rules and regulations for administering a system of good conduct credits, established in accordance with Section 3-6-3, subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board.
- (o) To administer the distribution of funds from the State Treasury to reimburse counties where State penal institutions are located for the payment of assistant state's attorneys' salaries under Section 4-2001 of the Counties Code.
- (p) To exchange information with the Department of Human Services and the Illinois Department of Public Aid for the purpose of verifying living arrangements and for other purposes directly connected with the administration of this Code and the Illinois Public Aid Code.
 - (q) To establish a diversion program.

The program shall provide a structured environment for selected technical parole or mandatory supervised release violators and committed persons who have violated the rules governing their conduct while in work release. This program shall not apply to those persons who have committed a new offense while serving on parole or mandatory supervised release or while committed to work release.

Elements of the program shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

- (1) The staff of a diversion facility shall provide supervision in accordance with required objectives set by the facility.
- (2) Participants shall be required to maintain employment.
- (3) Each participant shall pay for room and board at the facility on a sliding-scale basis according to the participant's income.
 - (4) Each participant shall:
 - (A) provide restitution to victims in accordance with any court order;
 - (B) provide financial support to his dependents; and
 - (C) make appropriate payments toward any other court-ordered obligations.
- (5) Each participant shall complete community service in addition to employment.
- (6) Participants shall take part in such counseling, educational and other programs as the Department may deem appropriate.
- (7) Participants shall submit to drug and alcohol screening.
- (8) The Department shall promulgate rules governing the administration of the program.
- (r) To enter into intergovernmental cooperation agreements under which persons in the custody of the Department may participate in a county impact

incarceration program established under Section 3-6038 or 3-15003.5 of the Counties Code.

(r-5) To enter into intergovernmental cooperation agreements under which minors adjudicated delinquent and committed to the Department of Corrections, Juvenile Division, may participate in a county juvenile impact incarceration program established under Section 3-6039 of the Counties Code.

(r-10) To systematically and routinely identify with respect to each streetgang active within the correctional system: (1) each active gang; (2) every existing inter-gang affiliation or alliance; and (3) the current leaders in each gang. The Department shall promptly segregate leaders from inmates who belong to their gangs and allied gangs. "Segregate" means no physical contact and, to the extent possible under the conditions and space available at the correctional facility, prohibition of visual and sound communication. For the purposes of this paragraph (r-10), "leaders" means persons who:

- (i) are members of a criminal streetgang;
- (ii) with respect to other individuals within the streetgang, occupy a position of organizer, supervisor, or other position of management or leadership; and
- (iii) are actively and personally engaged in directing, ordering, authorizing, or requesting commission of criminal acts by others, which are punishable as a felony, in furtherance of streetgang related activity both within and outside of the Department of Corrections.

"Streetgang", "gang", and "streetgang related" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

(s) To operate a super-maximum security institution, in order to manage and supervise inmates who are disruptive or dangerous and provide for the safety and security of the

staff and the other inmates.

(t) To monitor any unprivileged conversation or any unprivileged communication, whether in person or by mail, telephone, or other means, between an inmate who, before commitment to the Department, was a member of an organized gang and any other person without the need to show cause or satisfy any other requirement of law before beginning the monitoring, except as constitutionally required. The monitoring may be by video, voice, or other method of recording or by any other means. As used in this subdivision (1)(t), "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

As used in this subdivision (1)(t), "unprivileged conversation" or "unprivileged communication" means a conversation or communication that is not protected by any privilege recognized by law or by decision, rule, or order of the Illinois Supreme Court.

- (u) To establish a Women's and Children's Pre-release Community Supervision Program for the purpose of providing housing and services to eligible female inmates, as determined by the Department, and their newborn and young children.
- (v) To perform the duties prescribed in Article 17 of this Chapter.
- $\underline{\text{(w)}}$ To do all other acts necessary to carry out the provisions of this Chapter.
- (2) The Department of Corrections shall by January 1, 1998, consider building and operating a correctional facility within 100 miles of a county of over 2,000,000 inhabitants, especially a facility designed to house juvenile participants in the impact incarceration program.
- (3) When the Department lets bids for contracts for medical services to be provided to persons committed to Department facilities by a health maintenance organization, medical service corporation, or other health care provider, the bid may

- only be let to a health care provider that has obtained an
- 2 irrevocable letter of credit or performance bond issued by a
- 3 company whose bonds are rated AAA by a bond rating
- 4 organization.
- 5 (4) When the Department lets bids for contracts for food or
- 6 commissary services to be provided to Department facilities,
- 7 the bid may only be let to a food or commissary services
- 8 provider that has obtained an irrevocable letter of credit or
- 9 performance bond issued by a company whose bonds are rated AAA
- 10 by a bond rating organization.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 92-444, eff. 1-1-02; 92-712, eff. 1-1-03; 93-839,
- 12 eff. 7-30-04.)
- 13 (730 ILCS 5/3-3-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-2)
- 14 Sec. 3-3-2. Powers and Duties.
- 15 (a) The Parole and Pardon Board is abolished and the term
- 16 "Parole and Pardon Board" as used in any law of Illinois, shall
- 17 read "Prisoner Review Board." After the effective date of this
- amendatory Act of 1977, the Prisoner Review Board shall provide
- 19 by rule for the orderly transition of all files, records, and
- 20 documents of the Parole and Pardon Board and for such other
- 21 steps as may be necessary to effect an orderly transition and
- 22 shall:
- 23 (1) hear by at least one member and through a panel of
- 24 at least 3 members decide, cases of prisoners who were
- 25 sentenced under the law in effect prior to the effective
- date of this amendatory Act of 1977, and who are eligible
- 27 for parole;
- 28 (2) hear by at least one member and through a panel of
- at least 3 members decide, the conditions of parole and the
- 30 time of discharge from parole, impose sanctions for
- 31 violations of parole, and revoke parole for those sentenced
- under the law in effect prior to this amendatory Act of
- 33 1977; provided that the decision to parole and the
- 34 conditions of parole for all prisoners who were sentenced
- for first degree murder or who received a minimum sentence

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of 20 years or more under the law in effect prior to February 1, 1978 shall be determined by a majority vote of the Prisoner Review Board;

- (3) hear by at least one member and through a panel of at least 3 members decide, the conditions of mandatory supervised release and the time of discharge from mandatory supervised release, impose sanctions for violations of mandatory supervised release, and revoke mandatory supervised release for those sentenced under the law in effect after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1977;
- (4) hear by at least 1 member and through a panel of at least 3 members, decide cases brought by the Department of Corrections against a prisoner in the custody of the Department for alleged violation of Department rules with respect to good conduct credits pursuant to Section 3-6-3 of this Code in which the Department seeks to revoke good conduct credits, if the amount of time at issue exceeds 30 days or when, during any 12 month period, the cumulative amount of credit revoked exceeds 30 days except where the infraction is committed or discovered within 60 days of scheduled release. In such cases, the Department of Corrections may revoke up to 30 days of good conduct credit. The Board may subsequently approve the revocation of additional good conduct credit, if the Department seeks to revoke good conduct credit in excess of thirty days. However, the Board shall not be empowered to review the Department's decision with respect to the loss of 30 days of good conduct credit for any prisoner or to increase any penalty beyond the length requested by the Department;
- (5) hear by at least one member and through a panel of at least 3 members decide, the release dates for certain prisoners sentenced under the law in existence prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1977, in accordance with Section 3-3-2.1 of this Code;
 - (6) hear by at least one member and through a panel of

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- at least 3 members decide, all requests for pardon, reprieve or commutation, and make confidential recommendations to the Governor;
 - (7) comply with the requirements of the Open Parole Hearings Act;
 - (8) hear by at least one member and, through a panel of at least 3 members, decide cases brought by the Department of Corrections against a prisoner in the custody of the Department for court dismissal of a frivolous lawsuit pursuant to Section 3-6-3(d) of this Code in which the Department seeks to revoke up to 180 days of good conduct credit, and if the prisoner has not accumulated 180 days of good conduct credit at the time of the dismissal, then all good conduct credit accumulated by the prisoner shall be revoked; and
 - (9) hear by at least 3 members, and, through a panel of at least 3 members, decide whether to grant certificates of relief from disabilities or certificates of good conduct as provided in Article 5.5 of Chapter $V_{\underline{i}}$ and \overline{I}

(10) perform the duties prescribed in Article 17 of this Chapter.

(a-5) The Prisoner Review Board, with the cooperation of and in coordination with the Department of Corrections and the Department of Central Management Services, shall implement a pilot project in 3 correctional institutions providing for the conduct of hearings under paragraphs (1) and (4) of subsection (a) of this Section through interactive video conferences. The project shall be implemented within 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996. Within 6 months after the implementation of the pilot project, the Prisoner Review Board, with the cooperation of and in coordination with the Department of Corrections and the Department of Central Management Services, shall report to the Governor and the General Assembly regarding the use, costs, effectiveness, and future viability of interactive video conferences for Prisoner Review Board hearings.

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- (b) Upon recommendation of the Department the Board may restore good conduct credit previously revoked.
 - (c) The Board shall cooperate with the Department in promoting an effective system of parole and mandatory supervised release.
 - (d) The Board shall promulgate rules for the conduct of its work, and the Chairman shall file a copy of such rules and any amendments thereto with the Director and with the Secretary of State.
 - (e) The Board shall keep records of all of its official actions and shall make them accessible in accordance with law and the rules of the Board.
 - The Board or one who has allegedly violated the (f) conditions of his parole or mandatory supervised release may require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence relating to any matter under investigation or hearing. The Chairman of the Board may sign subpoenas which shall be served by any agent or public official authorized by the Chairman of the Board, or by any person lawfully authorized to serve a subpoena under the laws of the State of Illinois. The attendance of witnesses, and the production of documentary evidence, may be required from any place in the State to a hearing location in the State before the Chairman of the Board or his designated agent or agents or any duly constituted Committee or Subcommittee of the Board. Witnesses so summoned shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid witnesses in the circuit courts of the State, and witnesses whose depositions are taken and the persons taking those depositions are each entitled to the same fees as are paid for like services in actions in the circuit courts of the State. Fees and mileage shall be vouchered for payment when the witness is discharged from further attendance.

In case of disobedience to a subpoena, the Board may petition any circuit court of the State for an order requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of documentary evidence or both. A copy of such petition shall be

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1 served by personal service or by registered or certified mail 2 upon the person who has failed to obey the subpoena, and such 3 person shall be advised in writing that a hearing upon the 4 petition will be requested in a court room to be designated in 5 such notice before the judge hearing motions or extraordinary 6 remedies at a specified time, on a specified date, not less than 10 nor more than 15 days after the deposit of the copy of 7 the written notice and petition in the U.S. mails addressed to 8 9 the person at his last known address or after the personal 10 service of the copy of the notice and petition upon such 11 person. The court upon the filing of such a petition, may order 12 the person refusing to obey the subpoena to appear at an 13 investigation or hearing, or to there produce documentary evidence, if so ordered, or to give evidence relative to the 14 15 subject matter of that investigation or hearing. Any failure to 16 obey such order of the circuit court may be punished by that 17 court as a contempt of court.

Each member of the Board and any hearing officer designated by the Board shall have the power to administer oaths and to take the testimony of persons under oath.

- (g) Except under subsection (a) of this Section, a majority of the members then appointed to the Prisoner Review Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business of the Board.
- 25 (h) The Prisoner Review Board shall annually transmit to
 26 the Director a detailed report of its work for the preceding
 27 calendar year. The annual report shall also be transmitted to
 28 the Governor for submission to the Legislature.
- 29 (Source: P.A. 93-207, eff. 1-1-04.)
- 30 (730 ILCS 5/3-15-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-15-2)
- 31 Sec. 3-15-2. Standards and Assistance to Local Jails and 32 Detention and Shelter Care Facilities.
- 33 (a) The Department shall establish for the operation of 34 county and municipal jails and houses of correction, <u>including</u> 35 <u>county and municipal jails and houses of corrections that house</u>

participants in reentry programs established under Article 17 of this Chapter, and county juvenile detention and shelter care facilities established pursuant to the "County Shelter Care and Detention Home Act", minimum standards for the physical condition of such institutions and for the treatment of inmates with respect to their health and safety and the security of the community.

Such standards shall not apply to county shelter care facilities which were in operation prior to January 1, 1980. Such standards shall not seek to mandate minimum floor space requirements for each inmate housed in cells and detention rooms in county and municipal jails and houses of correction. However, no more than two inmates may be housed in a single cell or detention room.

When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable disease, as determined by the Illinois Department of Public Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in camera if requested by the judge. Acting in accordance with the best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.

each adult facility, including county and municipal jails and houses of corrections that house participants in reentry programs established under Article 17 of this Chapter, for compliance with the standards established and the results of such inspection shall be made available by the Department for public inspection. At least once each year, the Department shall inspect each county juvenile detention and shelter care facility for compliance with the standards established, and the Department shall make the results of such inspections available for public inspection. If any detention, shelter care or correctional facility does not comply with the standards

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established, the Director of Corrections shall give notice to the county board and the sheriff or the corporate authorities of the municipality, as the case may be, of such noncompliance, specifying the particular standards that have not been met by such facility. If the facility is not in compliance with such standards when six months have elapsed from the giving of such notice, the Director of Corrections may petition the appropriate court for an order requiring such facility to comply with the standards established by the Department or for other appropriate relief.

- (c) The Department may provide consultation services for the design, construction, programs and administration of shelter correctional facilities, detention, care, and including facilities to house participants in reentry programs, and services for children and adults operated by counties and municipalities and may make studies and surveys of the programs and the administration of such facilities. Department shall be admitted to these Personnel of the facilities as required for such purposes. The Department may and administer programs of grants-in-aid correctional services in cooperation with local agencies. The Department may provide courses of training for the personnel of such institutions and conduct pilot projects in the institutions.
- (d) The Department is authorized to issue reimbursement grants for counties, municipalities or public building commissions for the purpose of meeting minimum correctional facilities standards set by the Department under this Section. Grants may be issued only for projects that were completed after July 1, 1980 and initiated prior to January 1, 1987.
 - (1) Grants for regional correctional facilities shall not exceed 90% of the project costs or \$7,000,000, whichever is less.
 - (2) Grants for correctional facilities by a single county, municipality or public building commission shall not exceed 75% of the proposed project costs or \$4,000,000,

1 whichever is less.

(3) As used in this subsection (d), "project" means only that part of a facility that is constructed for jail, correctional or detention purposes and does not include other areas of multi-purpose buildings.

Construction or renovation grants are authorized to be issued by the Capital Development Board from capital development bond funds after application by a county or counties, municipality or municipalities or public building commission or commissions and approval of a construction or renovation grant by the Department for projects initiated after January 1, 1987, including grants for the construction or renovation of facilities to house participants in reentry programs established under Article 17 of this Chapter.

- (e) The Department shall adopt standards for county jails to hold juveniles on a temporary basis, as provided in Section 5-410 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. These standards shall include educational, recreational, and disciplinary standards as well as access to medical services, crisis intervention, mental health services, suicide prevention, health care, nutritional needs, and visitation rights. The Department shall also notify any county applying to hold juveniles in a county jail of the monitoring and program standards for juvenile detention facilities under Section 5-410 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 89-64, eff. 1-1-96; 89-477, eff. 6-18-96; 89-656, eff. 8-14-96; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97; 90-590, eff. 1-1-99.)
- 28 (730 ILCS 5/Ch. III Art. 17 heading new)
- 29 ARTICLE 17. PROGRAM OF REENTRY INTO COMMUNITY
- 30 (730 ILCS 5/3-17-5 new)
- 31 Sec. 3-17-5. Definitions. As used in this Article:
- "Board" means the Prisoner Review Board.
- "Department" means the Department of Corrections.
- "Director" means the Director of Corrections.

1	"Offender" means a person who has been convicted of a
2	felony under the laws of this State and sentenced to a term of
3	<pre>imprisonment.</pre>
4	"Program" means a program established by a county or
5	municipality under Section 3-17-10 for reentry of persons into
6	the community who have been committed to the Department for
7	commission of a felony.
8	(730 ILCS 5/3-17-10 new)
9	Sec. 3-17-10. Establishment of program.
10	(a) A county with the approval of the county board or a
11	municipality that maintains a jail or house of corrections with
12	the approval of the corporate authorities may establish a
13	program for reentry of offenders into the community who have
14	been committed to the Department for commission of a felony.
15	(b) If a county or municipality establishes a program under
16	this Section, the sheriff in the case of a county or the police
17	chief in the case of a municipality shall:
18	(1) Determine whether offenders who are referred by the
19	Director of Corrections under Section 3-17-15 should be
20	assigned to participate in a program.
21	(2) Supervise offenders participating in the program
22	during their participation in the program.
23	(c) An offender may not be assigned to participate in a
24	program unless the Director of Corrections, in consultation
25	with the Prisoner Review Board, grants prior approval of the
26	assignment under this Section.
27	(730 ILCS 5/3-17-15 new)
28	Sec. 3-17-15. Referral of person to sheriff or police
29	chief; assignment of person by the Department.

30 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, if a
31 program has been established in a county or municipality in
32 which an offender was sentenced to imprisonment for a felony,
33 the Director may refer the offender to the county sheriff or
34 municipal police chief if:

1	(1) The Director believes that the offender would
2	participate successfully in and benefit from the program;
3	(2) The offender has demonstrated a willingness to:
4	(A) engage in employment or participate in
5	vocational rehabilitation or job skills training; and
6	(B) meet any existing obligation for restitution
7	to any victim of his or her crime; and
8	(3) the offender is within one year of his or her
9	probable release from prison, as determined by the
10	<u>Director.</u>
11	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, if the
12	Director is notified by the sheriff or police chief under
13	Section 3-17-10 that an offender should be assigned to the
14	custody of the sheriff or police chief to participate in the
15	program, the Director shall assign the offender to the custody
16	of the sheriff or police chief to participate in the program
17	for not longer than the remainder of his or her sentence.
18	(c) The Director, by rule, shall adopt standards setting
19	forth which offenders are eligible to be assigned to the
20	custody of the sheriff or police chief to participate in the
21	program under this Section. The standards adopted by the
22	Director must be approved by the Prisoner Review Board and must
23	provide that an offender is ineligible for participation in the
24	<pre>program who:</pre>
25	(1) has recently committed a serious infraction of the
26	rules of an institution or facility of the Department;
27	(2) has not performed the duties assigned to him or her
28	in a faithful and orderly manner;
29	(3) has, within the immediately preceding 5 years, been
30	convicted of any crime involving the use or threatened use
31	of force or violence against a victim that is punishable as
32	a felony;
33	(4) has ever been convicted of a sex offense as defined
34	in Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management Board Act;
35	(5) has escaped or attempted to escape from any jail or
36	correctional institution for adults; or

1	(6) has not made an effort in good faith to participate
2	in or to complete any educational or vocational program or
3	any program of treatment, as ordered by the Director.
4	(d) The Director shall adopt rules requiring offenders who
5	are assigned to the custody of the sheriff or police chief
6	under this Section to reimburse the Department for the cost of
7	their participation in a program, to the extent of their
8	ability to pay.
9	(e) The sheriff or police chief may return the offender to
10	the custody of the Department at any time for any violation of
11	the terms and conditions imposed by the Director in
12	consultation with the Prisoner Review Board.
13	(f) If an offender assigned to the custody of the sheriff
14	or police chief under this Section violates any of the terms or
15	conditions imposed by the Director in consultation with the
16	Prisoner Review Board and is returned to the custody of the
17	Department, the offender forfeits all or part of the credits
18	for good behavior earned by him or her before he or she was
19	returned to the custody of the Department, as determined by the
20	Director. The Director may provide for a forfeiture of credits
21	under this subsection (f) only after proof of the violation and
22	notice is given to the offender. The Director may restore
23	credits so forfeited for such reasons as he or she considers
24	proper. The decision of the Director regarding such a
25	forfeiture is final.
26	(g) The assignment of an offender to the custody of the
27	sheriff or police chief under this Section shall be deemed:
28	(1) a continuation of his or her imprisonment and not a
29	release on parole or mandatory supervised release; and
30	(2) for the purposes of Section 3-8-1, an assignment to
31	a facility of the Department, except that the offender is
32	not entitled to obtain any benefits or to participate in
33	any programs provided to offenders in the custody of the
34	Department.
35	(h) An offender does not have a right to be assigned to the
36	custody of the sheriff or police chief under this Section, or

1	to remain in that custody after such an assignment. It is not
2	intended that the establishment or operation of a program
3	creates any right or interest in liberty or property or
4	establishes a basis for any cause of action against this State
5	or its political subdivisions, agencies, boards, commissions,
6	departments, officers, or employees.
7	(730 ILCS 5/3-17-20 new)
8	Sec. 3-17-20. Director to contract for certain services for
9	offenders in program.
10	(a) The Director may enter into one or more contracts with
11	one or more public or private entities to provide any of the
12	following services, as necessary and appropriate, to offenders
13	<pre>participating in a program:</pre>
14	(1) transitional housing;
15	(2) treatment pertaining to substance abuse or mental
16	<u>health;</u>
17	(3) training in life skills;
18	(4) vocational rehabilitation and job skills training;
19	and
20	(5) any other services required by offenders who are
21	participating in a program.
22	(b) The Director shall, as necessary and appropriate,
23	provide referrals and information regarding:
24	(1) any of the services provided pursuant to subsection
25	<u>(a);</u>
26	(2) access and availability of any appropriate
27	self-help groups;
28	(3) social services for families and children; and
29	(4) permanent housing.
30	(c) The Director may apply for and accept any gift,
31	donation, bequest, grant, or other source of money to carry out
32	the provisions of this Section.
33	(d) As used in this Section, training in life skills
34	includes, without limitation, training in the areas of: (1)
35	parenting; (2) improving human relationships; (3) preventing

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- 1 <u>domestic violence</u>; (4) maintaining emotional and physical
- 2 health; (5) preventing abuse of alcohol and drugs; (6)
- 3 preparing for and obtaining employment; and (7) budgeting,
- 4 <u>consumerism</u>, and personal finances.
- 5 (730 ILCS 5/3-17-25 new)
- 6 Sec. 3-17-25. Supervision of participant in program. The
- 7 Department shall supervise each person who is participating in
- 8 <u>a program under Section 3-17-15.</u>
- 9 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-6) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-6)
- 10 Sec. 5-8-6. Place of Confinement. (a) Offenders sentenced to a term of imprisonment for a felony shall be committed to 11 the penitentiary system of the Department of Corrections, 12 13 except that an offender referred to and accepted in a reentry 14 program established under Article 17 of Chapter III of this 15 Code shall be committed to the county or municipal jail or municipal house of corrections of the county or municipality 16 whose sheriff or police chief accepted the offender for the 17 18 program. However, such sentence shall not limit the powers of the Department of Children and Family Services in relation to 19 any child under the age of one year in the sole custody of a 20 21 person so sentenced, nor in relation to any child delivered by a female so sentenced while she is so confined as a consequence 22 of such sentence. A person sentenced for a felony may be 23 24 assigned by the Department of Corrections to any of its 25 institutions, facilities or programs.
 - (b) Offenders sentenced to a term of imprisonment for less than one year shall be committed to the custody of the sheriff. A person committed to the Department of Corrections, prior to July 14, 1983, for less than one year may be assigned by the Department to any of its institutions, facilities or programs.
 - (c) All offenders under 17 years of age when sentenced to imprisonment shall be committed to the Juvenile Division of the Department of Corrections and the court in its order of commitment shall set a definite term. Such order of commitment

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1 shall be the sentence of the court which may be amended by the 2 court while jurisdiction is retained; and such sentence shall 3 apply whenever the offender sentenced is in the control and 4 custody of the Adult Division of the Department of Corrections. 5 The provisions of Section 3-3-3 shall be a part of such 6 commitment as fully as though written in the order of 7 commitment. The committing court shall retain jurisdiction of 8 the subject matter and the person until he or she reaches the 9 age of 21 unless earlier discharged. However, the Juvenile Division of the Department of Corrections shall, after a 10 11 juvenile has reached 17 years of age, petition the court to 12 conduct a hearing pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 3-10-713 of this Code.

- (d) No defendant shall be committed to the Department of Corrections for the recovery of a fine or costs.
- (e) When a court sentences a defendant to a term of imprisonment concurrent with a previous and unexpired sentence of imprisonment imposed by any district court of the United States, it may commit the offender to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States. The Attorney General of the United States, or the authorized representative of the Attorney General of the United States, shall be furnished with the warrant of commitment from the court imposing sentence, which warrant of commitment shall provide that, when the offender is released from federal confinement, whether by parole or by termination of sentence, the offender shall be transferred by the Sheriff of the committing county to the Department of Corrections. The court shall cause the Department to be notified of such sentence at the time of commitment and to be provided with copies of all records regarding the sentence.
- 32 (Source: P.A. 83-1362.)