94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

HB4681

Introduced 1/12/2006, by Rep. Roger Jenisch

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

750 ILCS 45/14

from Ch. 40, par. 2514

Amends the Illinois Parentage Act of 1984. Provides that in an action brought within 2 years after a judicial determination of parentage (now, within 2 years after a child's birth), the judgment or order shall (now, may) direct either parent to pay the reasonable expenses incurred by either parent or the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (now, either parent) related to the mother's pregnancy and the delivery of the child.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HB4681

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AN ACT concerning civil law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Parentage Act of 1984 is amended by
changing Section 14 as follows:

- 6 (750 ILCS 45/14) (from Ch. 40, par. 2514)
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Sec. 14. Judgment.

(a) (1) The judgment shall contain or explicitly reserve 8 provisions concerning any duty and amount of child support and 9 may contain provisions concerning the custody and guardianship 10 of the child, visitation privileges with the child, 11 the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment of the 12 judgment, which the court shall determine in accordance with 13 14 the relevant factors set forth in the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act and any other applicable law of 15 Illinois, to guide the court in a finding in the best interests 16 17 of the child. In determining custody, joint custody, removal, 18 or visitation, the court shall apply the relevant standards of 19 the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act, including Section 609. Specifically, in determining the amount 20 21 of any child support award, the court shall use the guidelines 22 and standards set forth in subsection (a) of Section 505 and in Section 505.2 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of 23 Marriage Act. For purposes of Section 505 of the Illinois 24 25 Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act, "net income" of the 26 non-custodial parent shall include any benefits available to that person under the Illinois Public Aid Code or from other 27 28 federal, State or local government-funded programs. The court 29 shall, in any event and regardless of the amount of the non-custodial parent's net income, in its judgment order the 30 non-custodial parent to pay child support to the custodial 31 parent in a minimum amount of not less than \$10 per month. In 32

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1 an action brought within 2 years after <u>a judicial determination</u> 2 of parentage a child's birth, the judgment or order shall may 3 direct either parent to pay the reasonable expenses incurred by either parent or the Department of Healthcare and Family 4 5 Services related to the mother's pregnancy and the delivery of 6 the child. The judgment or order shall contain the father's social security number, which the father shall disclose to the 7 court; however, failure to include the father's social security 8 9 number on the judgment or order does not invalidate the 10 judgment or order.

11 (2) If a judgment of parentage contains no explicit award of custody, the establishment of a support obligation or of 12 visitation rights in one parent shall be considered a judgment 13 granting custody to the other parent. If the parentage judgment 14 contains no such provisions, custody shall be presumed to be 15 16 with the mother; however, the presumption shall not apply if 17 the father has had physical custody for at least 6 months prior to the date that the mother seeks to enforce custodial rights. 18

(b) The court shall order all child support payments, 19 20 determined in accordance with such quidelines, to commence with the date summons is served. The level of current periodic 21 support payments shall not be reduced because of payments set 22 23 for the period prior to the date of entry of the support order. The Court may order any child support payments to be made for a 24 25 period prior to the commencement of the action. In determining 26 whether and the extent to which the payments shall be made for 27 any prior period, the court shall consider all relevant facts, 28 including the factors for determining the amount of support 29 specified in the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage 30 Act and other equitable factors including but not limited to:

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(1) The father's prior knowledge of the fact and circumstances of the child's birth.

33 (2) The father's prior willingness or refusal to help34 raise or support the child.

35 (3) The extent to which the mother or the public agency
 36 bringing the action previously informed the father of the

child's needs or attempted to seek or require his help in
 raising or supporting the child.

3 (4) The reasons the mother or the public agency did not4 file the action earlier.

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(5) The extent to which the father would be prejudiced by the delay in bringing the action.

For purposes of determining the amount of child support to be paid for any period before the date the order for current child support is entered, there is a rebuttable presumption that the father's net income for the prior period was the same as his net income at the time the order for current child support is entered.

13 If (i) the non-custodial parent was properly served with a request for discovery of financial information relating to the 14 15 non-custodial parent's ability to provide child support, (ii) 16 the non-custodial parent failed to comply with the request, 17 despite having been ordered to do so by the court, and (iii) the non-custodial parent is not present at the hearing to 18 19 determine support despite having received proper notice, then 20 relevant financial information concerning anv the non-custodial parent's ability to provide child support that 21 22 was obtained pursuant to subpoena and proper notice shall be 23 admitted into evidence without the need to establish any further foundation for its admission. 24

25 (c) Any new or existing support order entered by the court 26 under this Section shall be deemed to be a series of judgments 27 against the person obligated to pay support thereunder, each 28 judgment to be in the amount of each payment or installment of 29 support and each such judgment to be deemed entered as of the 30 date the corresponding payment or installment becomes due under 31 the terms of the support order. Each judgment shall have the 32 full force, effect and attributes of any other judgment of this State, including the ability to be enforced. A lien arises by 33 operation of law against the real and personal property of the 34 35 noncustodial parent for each installment of overdue support 36 owed by the noncustodial parent.

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1 (d) If the judgment or order of the court is at variance 2 with the child's birth certificate, the court shall order that 3 a new birth certificate be issued under the Vital Records Act.

4 (e) On request of the mother and the father, the court 5 shall order a change in the child's name. After hearing 6 evidence the court may stay payment of support during the 7 period of the father's minority or period of disability.

8 (f) If, upon a showing of proper service, the father fails 9 to appear in court, or otherwise appear as provided by law, the 10 court may proceed to hear the cause upon testimony of the 11 mother or other parties taken in open court and shall enter a 12 judgment by default. The court may reserve any order as to the 13 amount of child support until the father has received notice, 14 by regular mail, of a hearing on the matter.

(g) A one-time charge of 20% is imposable upon the amount of past-due child support owed on July 1, 1988 which has accrued under a support order entered by the court. The charge shall be imposed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10-21 of the Illinois Public Aid Code and shall be enforced by the court upon petition.

(h) All orders for support, when entered or modified, shall 21 22 include a provision requiring the non-custodial parent to 23 notify the court and, in cases in which party is receiving 24 child support enforcement services under Article X of the Illinois Public Aid Code, the Illinois Department of Healthcare 25 26 and Family Services Public Aid, within 7 days, (i) of the name 27 and address of any new employer of the non-custodial parent, 28 (ii) whether the non-custodial parent has access to health insurance coverage through the employer or other group coverage 29 30 and, if so, the policy name and number and the names of persons 31 covered under the policy, and (iii) of any new residential or mailing address or telephone number of the non-custodial 32 parent. In any subsequent action to enforce a support order, 33 upon a sufficient showing that a diligent effort has been made 34 35 to ascertain the location of the non-custodial parent, service of process or provision of notice necessary in the case may be 36

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1 made at the last known address of the non-custodial parent in 2 any manner expressly provided by the Code of Civil Procedure or 3 this Act, which service shall be sufficient for purposes of due 4 process.

5 (i) An order for support shall include a date on which the 6 current support obligation terminates. The termination date shall be no earlier than the date on which the child covered by 7 the order will attain the age of 18. However, if the child will 8 not graduate from high school until after attaining the age of 9 18, then the termination date shall be no earlier than the 10 11 earlier of the date on which the child's high school graduation 12 will occur or the date on which the child will attain the age of 19. The order for support shall state that the termination 13 date does not apply to any arrearage that may remain unpaid on 14 15 that date. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 16 prevent the court from modifying the order or terminating the 17 order in the event the child is otherwise emancipated.

(i-5) If there is an unpaid arrearage or delinguency (as 18 19 those terms are defined in the Income Withholding for Support 20 Act) equal to at least one month's support obligation on the termination date stated in the order for support or, if there 21 is no termination date stated in the order, on the date the 22 23 child attains the age of majority or is otherwise emancipated, the periodic amount required to be paid for current support of 24 25 that child immediately prior to that date shall automatically 26 continue to be an obligation, not as current support but as 27 periodic payment toward satisfaction of the unpaid arrearage or 28 delinquency. That periodic payment shall be in addition to any 29 periodic payment previously required for satisfaction of the 30 arrearage or delinquency. The total periodic amount to be paid 31 toward satisfaction of the arrearage or delinquency may be 32 enforced and collected by any method provided by law for enforcement and collection of child support, including but not 33 limited to income withholding under the Income Withholding for 34 35 Support Act. Each order for support entered or modified on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd 36

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1 General Assembly must contain a statement notifying the parties 2 of the requirements of this subsection. Failure to include the 3 statement in the order for support does not affect the validity of the order or the operation of the provisions of this 4 5 subsection with regard to the order. This subsection shall not 6 construed to prevent or affect the establishment or be modification of an order for support of a minor child or the 7 8 establishment or modification of an order for support of a 9 non-minor child or educational expenses under Section 513 of the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. 10

11 (j) An order entered under this Section shall include a 12 provision requiring the obligor to report to the obligee and to 13 the clerk of court within 10 days each time the obligor obtains new employment, and each time the obligor's employment is 14 15 terminated for any reason. The report shall be in writing and 16 shall, in the case of new employment, include the name and address of the new employer. Failure to report new employment 17 or the termination of current employment, if coupled with 18 19 nonpayment of support for a period in excess of 60 days, is 20 indirect criminal contempt. For any obligor arrested for failure to report new employment bond shall be set in the 21 amount of the child support that should have been paid during 22 23 the period of unreported employment. An order entered under 24 this Section shall also include a provision requiring the 25 obligor and obligee parents to advise each other of a change in 26 residence within 5 days of the change except when the court 27 finds that the physical, mental, or emotional health of a party or that of a minor child, or both, would be seriously 28 29 endangered by disclosure of the party's address. 30 (Source: P.A. 92-590, eff. 7-1-02; 92-876, eff. 6-1-03; 93-139, eff. 7-10-03; 93-1061, eff. 1-1-05; revised 12-15-05.) 31