1

AN ACT concerning elections.

## 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing 5 Sections 7-10.2, 7-17, 8-8.1, 10-5.1, and 16-3 as follows:

6 (10 ILCS 5/7-10.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-10.2)

7 Sec. 7-10.2. In the designation of the name of a candidate 8 on a petition for nomination or certificate of nomination the candidate's given name or names, initial or initials, a 9 nickname by which the candidate is commonly known, or a 10 combination thereof, may be used in addition to the candidate's 11 surname. If a candidate has changed his or her name, whether by 12 a statutory or common law procedure in Illinois or any other 13 14 jurisdiction, within 3 years before the last day for filing the 15 petition or certificate for that office, whichever is applicable, then (i) the candidate's name on the petition or 16 17 certificate must be followed by "formerly known as (list all prior names during the 3-year period) until name changed on 18 19 (list date of each such name change)" and (ii) the petition or certificate must be accompanied by the candidate's affidavit 20 21 stating the candidate's previous names during the period 22 specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those names was 23 changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for the 24 25 ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot, as 26 appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's 27 28 or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of 29 30 marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation such as a political slogan, as defined by Section 7-17, title or 31 degree, or nickname suggesting or implying possession of a 32

title, degree or professional status, or similar information may be used in connection with the candidate's surname, except that the title "Mrs." may be used in the case of a married woman.

5 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

6

7

(10 ILCS 5/7-17) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-17)

Sec. 7-17. Candidate ballot name procedures.

(a) Each election authority in each county shall cause to 8 9 be printed upon the general primary ballot of each party for 10 each precinct in his jurisdiction the name of each candidate 11 whose petition for nomination or for committeeman has been filed in the office of the county clerk, as herein provided; 12 and also the name of each candidate whose name has been 13 certified to his office by the State Board of Elections, and in 14 15 the order so certified, except as hereinafter provided.

16 It shall be the duty of the election authority to cause to 17 be printed upon the consolidated primary ballot of each 18 political party for each precinct in his jurisdiction the name 19 of each candidate whose name has been certified to him, as 20 herein provided and which is to be voted for in such precinct.

(b) In the designation of the name of a candidate on the 21 primary ballot the candidate's given name or names, initial or 22 initials, a nickname by which the candidate is commonly known, 23 or a combination thereof, may be used in addition to the 24 25 candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed his or her 26 name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before the 27 last day for filing the petition for nomination, nomination 28 29 papers, or certificate of nomination for that office, whichever 30 is applicable, then (i) the candidate's name on the primary ballot must be followed by "formerly known as (list all prior 31 names during the 3-year period) until name changed on (list 32 date of each such name change) " and (ii) the petition, papers, 33 34 or certificate must be accompanied by the candidate's affidavit stating the candidate's previous names during the period 35

1 specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those names was 2 changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for the 3 ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot, as 4 5 appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's 6 or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or 7 dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of 8 9 marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation such as a political slogan, title, or degree, or nickname suggesting 10 11 or implying possession of a title, degree or professional 12 status, or similar information may be used in connection with the candidate's surname, except that the title "Mrs." may be 13 used in the case of a married woman. For purposes of this 14 Section, a "political slogan" is defined as any word or words 15 16 expressing or connoting a position, opinion, or belief that the 17 candidate may espouse, including but not limited to, any word or words conveying any meaning other than that of the personal 18 19 identity of the candidate. A candidate may not use a political 20 part of his or her name on the ballot, sloqan as notwithstanding that the political slogan may be part of the 21 candidate's name. 22

23 (c) The State Board of Elections, a local election official, or an election authority shall remove any candidate's 24 25 name designation from a ballot that is inconsistent with 26 subsection (b) of this Section. In addition, the State Board of 27 Elections, a local election official, or an election authority 28 shall not certify to any election authority any candidate name 29 designation that is inconsistent with subsection (b) of this 30 Section.

31 (d) If the State Board of Elections, a local election 32 official, or an election authority removes a candidate's name 33 designation from a ballot under subsection (c) of this Section, 34 then the aggrieved candidate may seek appropriate relief in 35 circuit court.

36 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

1 (10 ILCS 5/8-8.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 8-8.1) 2 Sec. 8-8.1. In the designation of the name of a candidate on a petition for nomination, the candidate's given name or 3 4 names, initial or initials, a nickname by which the candidate 5 is commonly known, or a combination thereof, may be used in addition to the candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed 6 his or her name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure 7 in Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before 8 the last day for filing the petition for that office, then (i) 9 10 the candidate's name on the petition must be followed by 11 "formerly known as (list all prior names during the 3-year period) until name changed on (list date of each such name 12 change) " and (ii) the petition must be accompanied by the 13 candidate's affidavit stating the candidate's previous names 14 15 during the period specified in (i) and the date or dates each 16 of those names was changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's 17 name for the ballot or removing the candidate's name from the 18 19 ballot, as appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive 20 parent's or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's 21 22 surname, or dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of marriage to assume a former surname. No other 23 24 designation such as a political slogan, title, or degree, or 25 nickname suggesting or implying possession of a title, degree 26 or professional status, or similar information may be used in 27 connection with the candidate's surname, except that the title 28 "Mrs." may be used in the case of a married woman.

29 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

30 (10 ILCS 5/10-5.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-5.1) 31 Sec. 10-5.1. In the designation of the name of a candidate 32 on a certificate of nomination or nomination papers the 33 candidate's given name or names, initial or initials, a 34 nickname by which the candidate is commonly known, or a

combination thereof, may be used in addition to the candidate's 1 2 surname. If a candidate has changed his or her name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in Illinois or any other 3 jurisdiction, within 3 years before the last day for filing the 4 5 certificate of nomination or nomination papers for that office, 6 whichever is applicable, then (i) the candidate's name on the certificate or papers must be followed by "formerly known as 7 (list all prior names during the 3-year period) until name 8 changed on (list date of each such name change) " and (ii) the 9 certificate or paper must be accompanied by the candidate's 10 11 affidavit stating the candidate's previous names during the 12 period specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those 13 names was changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for 14 the ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot, as 15 16 appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name 17 changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or 18 dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of 19 20 marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation such as a political slogan, title, or degree, or nickname suggesting 21 or implying possession of a title, degree or professional 22 23 status, or similar information may be used in connection with the candidate's surname, except that the title "Mrs." may be 24 25 used in the case of a married woman.

26 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

27

(10 ILCS 5/16-3) (from Ch. 46, par. 16-3)

Sec. 16-3. (a) The names of all candidates to be voted for 28 29 in each election district or precinct shall be printed on one 30 ballot, except as is provided in Sections 16-6.1 and 21-1.01 of 31 this Act and except as otherwise provided in this Act with respect to the odd year regular elections and the emergency 32 33 referenda; all nominations of any political party being placed 34 under the party appellation or title of such party as designated in the certificates of nomination or petitions. The 35

1 names of all independent candidates shall be printed upon the 2 ballot in a column or columns under the heading "independent" 3 arranged under the names or titles of the respective offices 4 for which such independent candidates shall have been nominated 5 and so far as practicable, the name or names of any independent 6 candidate or candidates for any office shall be printed upon 7 the ballot opposite the name or names of any candidate or 8 candidates for the same office contained in any party column or 9 columns upon said ballot. The ballot shall contain no other 10 names, except that in cases of electors for President and 11 Vice-President of the United States, the names of the 12 candidates for President and Vice-President may be added to the party designation and words calculated to aid the voter in his 13 choice of candidates may be added, such as "Vote for one," 14 15 "Vote for three." When an electronic voting system is used 16 which utilizes a ballot label booklet, the candidates and 17 questions shall appear on the pages of such booklet in the order provided by this Code; and, in any case where candidates 18 19 for an office appear on a page which does not contain the name 20 of any candidate for another office, and where less than 50% of the page is utilized, the name of no candidate shall be printed 21 22 on the lowest 25% of such page. On the back or outside of the 23 ballot, so as to appear when folded, shall be printed the words 24 "Official Ballot", followed by the designation of the polling place for which the ballot is prepared, the date of the 25 election and a facsimile of the signature of the election 26 27 authority who has caused the ballots to be printed. The ballots 28 shall be of plain white paper, through which the printing or 29 writing cannot be read. However, ballots for use at the 30 nonpartisan and consolidated elections may be printed on 31 different color paper, except blue paper, whenever necessary or 32 desirable to facilitate distinguishing between ballots for different political subdivisions. In the case of nonpartisan 33 elections for officers of a political subdivision, unless the 34 35 statute or an ordinance adopted pursuant to Article VII of the 36 Constitution providing the form of government therefor

1 requires otherwise, the column listing such nonpartisan 2 candidates shall be printed with no appellation or circle at 3 its head. The party appellation or title, or the word 4 "independent" at the head of any column provided for independent candidates, shall be printed in letters not less 5 6 than one-fourth of an inch in height and a circle one-half inch in diameter shall be printed at the beginning of the line in 7 8 which such appellation or title is printed, provided, however, 9 that no such circle shall be printed at the head of any column or columns provided for such independent candidates. The names 10 11 of candidates shall be printed in letters not less than 12 one-eighth nor more than one-fourth of an inch in height, and at the beginning of each line in which a name of a candidate is 13 printed a square shall be printed, the sides of which shall be 14 15 not less than one-fourth of an inch in length. However, the names of the candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor on 16 17 the same ticket shall be printed within a bracket and a single square shall be printed in front of the bracket. The list of 18 19 candidates of the several parties and any such list of independent candidates shall be placed in separate columns on 20 the ballot in such order as the election authorities charged 21 with the printing of the ballots shall decide; provided, that 22 23 the names of the candidates of the several political parties, certified by the State Board of Elections to the several county 24 25 clerks shall be printed by the county clerk of the proper 26 county on the official ballot in the order certified by the 27 State Board of Elections. Any county clerk refusing, neglecting 28 or failing to print on the official ballot the names of 29 candidates of the several political parties in the order 30 certified by the State Board of Elections, and any county clerk 31 who prints or causes to be printed upon the official ballot the 32 name of a candidate, for an office to be filled by the Electors of the entire State, whose name has not been duly certified to 33 34 him upon a certificate signed by the State Board of Elections shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor. 35

36

(b) When an electronic voting system is used which utilizes

1 a ballot card, on the inside flap of each ballot card envelope 2 there shall be printed a form for write-in voting which shall 3 be substantially as follows:

5 (See card of instructions for specific information. 6 Duplicate form below by hand for additional write-in votes.)

WRITE-IN VOTES

7

4

Title of Office

9 10 (

)

Name of Candidate

11 (c) When an electronic voting system is used which uses a 12 ballot sheet, the instructions to voters on the ballot sheet 13 shall refer the voter to the card of instructions for specific 14 information on write-in voting. Below each office appearing on 15 such ballot sheet there shall be a provision for the casting of 16 a write-in vote.

17 (d) When such electronic system is used, there shall be printed on the back of each ballot card, each ballot card 18 19 envelope, and the first page of the ballot label when a ballot 20 label is used, the words "Official Ballot," followed by the number of the precinct or other precinct identification, which 21 may be stamped, in lieu thereof and, as applicable, the number 22 23 and name of the township, ward or other election district for which the ballot card, ballot card envelope, and ballot label 24 25 are prepared, the date of the election and a facsimile of the signature of the election authority who has caused the ballots 26 27 to be printed. The back of the ballot card shall also include a 28 method of identifying the ballot configuration such as a 29 listing of the political subdivisions and districts for which 30 votes may be cast on that ballot, or a number code identifying 31 the ballot configuration or color coded ballots, except that 32 where there is only one ballot configuration in a precinct, the identification, 33 precinct and any applicable ward identification, shall be sufficient. Ballot card envelopes 34 used in punch card systems shall be of paper through which no 35 36 writing or punches may be discerned and shall be of sufficient

1 length to enclose all voting positions. However, the election 2 authority may provide ballot card envelopes on which no precinct number or township, ward or other election district 3 designation, or election date are preprinted, if space and a 4 5 preprinted form are provided below the space provided for the 6 names of write-in candidates where such information may be entered by the judges of election. Whenever an election 7 8 authority utilizes ballot card envelopes on which the election 9 date and precinct is not preprinted, a judge of election shall 10 mark such information for the particular precinct and election 11 on the envelope in ink before tallying and counting any 12 write-in vote written thereon. If some method of insuring ballot secrecy other than an envelope is used, such information 13 must be provided on the ballot itself. 14

(e) In the designation of the name of a candidate on the 15 16 ballot, the candidate's given name or names, initial or 17 initials, a nickname by which the candidate is commonly known, or a combination thereof, may be used in addition to the 18 19 candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed his or her 20 name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before the 21 last day for filing the petition for nomination, nomination 22 23 papers, or certificate of nomination for that office, whichever 24 is applicable, then (i) the candidate's name on the ballot must be followed by "formerly known as (list all prior names during 25 the 3-year period) until name changed on (list date of each 26 27 such name change)" and (ii) the petition, papers, or certificate must be accompanied by the candidate's affidavit 28 stating the candidate's previous names during the period 29 30 specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those names was 31 changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for the 32 ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot, as 33 appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name 34 35 changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or 36

HB4173 Enrolled - 10 - LRB094 14863 JAM 49870 b

1 dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of 2 marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation such as a political slogan, title, or degree or nickname suggesting 3 or implying possession of a title, degree or professional 4 5 status, or similar information may be used in connection with 6 the candidate's surname, except that the title "Mrs." may be used in the case of a married woman. For purposes of this 7 Section, a "political slogan" is defined as any word or words 8 expressing or connoting a position, opinion, or belief that the 9 candidate may espouse, including but not limited to, any word 10 11 or words conveying any meaning other than that of the personal 12 identity of the candidate. A candidate may not use a political 13 slogan as part of his or her name on the ballot, notwithstanding that the political slogan may be part of the 14 15 candidate's name.

16 (f) The State Board of Elections, a local election 17 official, or an election authority shall remove any candidate's name designation from a ballot that is inconsistent with 18 19 subsection (e) of this Section. In addition, the State Board of 20 Elections, a local election official, or an election authority shall not certify to any election authority any candidate name 21 designation that is inconsistent with subsection (e) of this 22 23 Section.

(g) If the State Board of Elections, a local election official, or an election authority removes a candidate's name designation from a ballot under subsection (f) of this Section, then the aggrieved candidate may seek appropriate relief in circuit court.

Where voting machines or electronic voting systems are used, the provisions of this Section may be modified as required or authorized by Article 24 or Article 24A, whichever is applicable.

Nothing in this Section shall prohibit election authorities from using or reusing ballot card envelopes which were printed before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985.

1 (Source: P.A. 92-178, eff. 1-1-02; 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)