1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act is amended by changing Section 3.50 as follows:
- 6 (210 ILCS 50/3.50)

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- 7 Sec. 3.50. Emergency Medical Technician (EMT) Licensure.
- 8 (a) "Emergency Medical Technician-Basic" or "EMT-B" means
 9 a person who has successfully completed a course of instruction
 10 in basic life support as prescribed by the Department, is
 11 currently licensed by the Department in accordance with
 12 standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the
 13 Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an EMS
 14 System.
 - (b) "Emergency Medical Technician-Intermediate" or "EMT-I" means a person who has successfully completed a course of instruction in intermediate life support as prescribed by the Department, is currently licensed by the Department in accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an Intermediate or Advanced Life Support EMS System.
 - (c) "Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic" or "EMT-P" means a person who has successfully completed a course of instruction in advanced life support care as prescribed by the Department, is licensed by the Department in accordance with standards prescribed by this Act and rules adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act, and practices within an Advanced Life Support EMS System.
- 29 (d) The Department shall have the authority and 30 responsibility to:
- 31 (1) Prescribe education and training requirements, 32 which includes training in the use of epinephrine, for all

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levels of EMT, based on the respective national curricula of the United States Department of Transportation and any modifications to such curricula specified by the Department through rules adopted pursuant to this Act;

- (2) Prescribe licensure testing requirements for all levels of EMT, which shall include a requirement that all phases of instruction, training, and field experience be completed before taking the EMT licensure examination. Candidates may elect to take the National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians examination in lieu of the Department's examination, but are responsible for making their own arrangements for taking the National Registry examination;
- (3) License individuals as an EMT-B, EMT-I, or EMT-P who have met the Department's education, training and testing requirements;
- (4) Prescribe annual continuing education and relicensure requirements for all levels of EMT;
- (5) Relicense individuals as an EMT-B, EMT-I, or EMT-P every 4 years, based on their compliance with continuing education and relicensure requirements;
- (6) Grant inactive status to any EMT who qualifies, based on standards and procedures established by the Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act;
- (7) Charge each candidate for EMT a fee to be submitted with an application for a licensure examination;
- (8) Suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of an EMT, after an opportunity for a hearing, when findings show one or more of the following:
 - (A) The EMT has not met continuing education or relicensure requirements as prescribed by the Department;
 - (B) The EMT has failed to maintain proficiency in the level of skills for which he or she is licensed;
 - (C) The EMT, during the provision of medical services, engaged in dishonorable, unethical or

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unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public;

- (D) The EMT has failed to maintain or has violated standards of performance and conduct as prescribed by the Department in rules adopted pursuant to this Act or his or her EMS System's Program Plan;
- (E) The EMT is physically impaired to the extent that he or she cannot physically perform the skills and functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified by a physician, unless the person is on inactive status pursuant to Department regulations;
- (F) The EMT is mentally impaired to the extent that he or she cannot exercise the appropriate judgment, skill and safety for performing the functions for which he or she is licensed, as verified by a physician, unless the person is on inactive status pursuant to Department regulations; or
- (G) The EMT has violated this Act or any rule adopted by the Department pursuant to this Act.

The education requirements prescribed by the Department under this subsection must allow for the suspension of those requirements in the case of a member of the armed services or reserve forces of the United States or a member of the Illinois National Guard who is on active duty pursuant to an executive order of the President of the United States, an act of the Congress of the United States, or an order of the Governor at the time that the member would otherwise be required to fulfill a particular education requirement. Such a person must fulfill the education requirement within 6 months after his or her release from active duty.

(e) In the event that any rule of the Department or an EMS Medical Director that requires testing for drug use as a condition for EMT licensure conflicts with or duplicates a provision of a collective bargaining agreement that requires testing for drug use, that rule shall not apply to any person covered by the collective bargaining agreement.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 92-376, eff. 8-15-01.)
- 2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 3 becoming law.