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AN ACT concerning regulation.

## 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Banking Act is amended by changing
Section 48.1 as follows:

6 (205 ILCS 5/48.1) (from Ch. 17, par. 360)

- Sec. 48.1. Customer financial records; confidentiality.
- 8 (a) For the purpose of this Section, the term "financial 9 records" means any original, any copy, or any summary of:
- 10 (1) a document granting signature authority over a
   11 deposit or account;
- (2) a statement, ledger card or other record on any
  deposit or account, which shows each transaction in or with
  respect to that account;
- 15 (3) a check, draft or money order drawn on a bank or16 issued and payable by a bank; or
- (4) any other item containing information pertaining
  to any relationship established in the ordinary course of a
  bank's business between a bank and its customer, including
  financial statements or other financial information
  provided by the customer.
- 22 (b) This Section does not prohibit:
- (1) The preparation, examination, handling or
  maintenance of any financial records by any officer,
  employee or agent of a bank having custody of the records,
  or the examination of the records by a certified public
  accountant engaged by the bank to perform an independent
  audit.
- (2) The examination of any financial records by, or the
  furnishing of financial records by a bank to, any officer,
  employee or agent of (i) the Commissioner of Banks and Real
  Estate, (ii) after May 31, 1997, a state regulatory

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authority authorized to examine a branch of a State bank located in another state, (iii) the Comptroller of the Currency, (iv) the Federal Reserve Board, or (v) the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for use solely in the exercise of his duties as an officer, employee, or agent.

(3) The publication of data furnished from financial records relating to customers where the data cannot be identified to any particular customer or account.

9 (4) The making of reports or returns required under
10 Chapter 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

11 (5) Furnishing information concerning the dishonor of 12 any negotiable instrument permitted to be disclosed under 13 the Uniform Commercial Code.

(6) The exchange in the regular course of business of 14 (i) credit information between a bank and other banks or 15 16 financial institutions or commercial enterprises, directly 17 or through a consumer reporting agency or (ii) financial records or information derived from financial records 18 between a bank and other banks or financial institutions or 19 20 commercial enterprises for the purpose of conducting due 21 diligence pursuant to a purchase or sale involving the bank or assets or liabilities of the bank. 22

(7) The furnishing of information to the appropriate
law enforcement authorities where the bank reasonably
believes it has been the victim of a crime.

26 (8) The furnishing of information under the Uniform27 Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act.

(9) The furnishing of information under the Illinois
Income Tax Act and the Illinois Estate and
Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Act.

(10) The furnishing of information under the federal
 Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act Title 31,
 United States Code, Section 1051 et seq.

(11) The furnishing of information under any other
 statute that by its terms or by regulations promulgated
 thereunder requires the disclosure of financial records

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HB1301 Engrossed

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other than by subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order.

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(12) The furnishing of information about the existence of an account of a person to a judgment creditor of that person who has made a written request for that information.

(13) The exchange in the regular course of business of information between commonly owned banks in connection with a transaction authorized under paragraph (23) of Section 5 and conducted at an affiliate facility.

(14) The furnishing of information in accordance with 9 the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity 10 11 Reconciliation Act of 1996. Any bank governed by this Act shall enter into an agreement for data exchanges with a 12 State agency provided the State agency pays to the bank a 13 reasonable fee not to exceed its actual cost incurred. A 14 bank providing information in accordance with this item 15 16 shall not be liable to any account holder or other person 17 for any disclosure of information to a State agency, for encumbering or surrendering any assets held by the bank in 18 response to a lien or order to withhold and deliver issued 19 20 by a State agency, or for any other action taken pursuant to this item, including individual or mechanical errors, 21 provided the action does not constitute gross negligence or 22 willful misconduct. A bank shall have no obligation to 23 hold, encumber, or surrender assets until it has been 24 25 served with a subpoena, summons, warrant, court or administrative order, lien, or levy. 26

(15) The exchange in the regular course of business of
information between a bank and any commonly owned affiliate
of the bank, subject to the provisions of the Financial
Institutions Insurance Sales Law.

(16) The furnishing of information to law enforcement authorities, the Illinois Department on Aging and its regional administrative and provider agencies, the Department of Human Services Office of Inspector General, or public guardians, if <u>there is suspicion by the</u> <u>investigatory entity, the guardian, or</u> the bank <del>suspects</del>

1 that a customer who is an elderly or disabled person has been or may become the victim of financial exploitation. 2 3 For the purposes of this item (16), the term: (i) "elderly person" means a person who is 60 or more years of age, (ii) 4 5 "disabled person" means a person who has or reasonably appears to the bank to have a physical or mental disability 6 that impairs his or her ability to seek or obtain 7 protection from or prevent financial exploitation, and 8 (iii) "financial exploitation" means tortious or illegal 9 10 use of the assets or resources of an elderly or disabled 11 person, and includes, without limitation, misappropriation 12 of the elderly or disabled person's assets or resources by influence, breach of fiduciary relationship, 13 undue intimidation, fraud, deception, extortion, or the use of 14 assets or resources in any manner contrary to law. A bank 15 16 or person furnishing information pursuant to this item (16) 17 shall be entitled to the same rights and protections as a person furnishing information under the Elder Abuse and 18 Neglect Act, and the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 19 20 1986, and the Abuse of Adults with Disabilities Intervention Act. 21

(17) The disclosure of financial records or
information as necessary to effect, administer, or enforce
a transaction requested or authorized by the customer, or
in connection with:

26 (A) servicing or processing a financial product or
 27 service requested or authorized by the customer;

(B) maintaining or servicing a customer's account
 with the bank; or

30 (C) a proposed or actual securitization or
 31 secondary market sale (including sales of servicing
 32 rights) related to a transaction of a customer.

Nothing in this item (17), however, authorizes the sale
of the financial records or information of a customer
without the consent of the customer.

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(18) The disclosure of financial records or

information as necessary to protect against actual or potential fraud, unauthorized transactions, claims, or other liability.

The disclosure of financial records 4 (19) (a) or 5 information related to a private label credit program between a financial institution and a private label party 6 in connection with that private label credit program. Such 7 information is limited to outstanding balance, available 8 9 credit, payment and performance and account history, 10 product references, purchase information, and information 11 related to the identity of the customer.

(b) (1) For purposes of this paragraph (19) of subsection (b) of Section 48.1, a "private label credit program" means a credit program involving a financial institution and a private label party that is used by a customer of the financial institution and the private label party primarily for payment for goods or services sold, manufactured, or distributed by a private label party.

19 (2) For purposes of this paragraph (19) of subsection
20 (b) of Section 48.1, a "private label party" means, with
21 respect to a private label credit program, any of the
22 following: a retailer, a merchant, a manufacturer, a trade
23 group, or any such person's affiliate, subsidiary, member,
24 agent, or service provider.

(c) Except as otherwise provided by this Act, a bank may not disclose to any person, except to the customer or his duly authorized agent, any financial records or financial information obtained from financial records relating to that customer of that bank unless:

30 (1) the customer has authorized disclosure to the 31 person;

32 (2) the financial records are disclosed in response to
 33 a lawful subpoena, summons, warrant or court order which
 34 meets the requirements of subsection (d) of this Section;
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(3) the bank is attempting to collect an obligation

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owed to the bank and the bank complies with the provisions of Section 2I of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act.

(d) A bank shall disclose financial records under paragraph 4 5 (2) of subsection (c) of this Section under a lawful subpoena, 6 summons, warrant, or court order only after the bank mails a 7 copy of the subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order to the person establishing the relationship with the bank, if living, 8 9 and, otherwise his personal representative, if known, at his last known address by first class mail, postage prepaid, unless 10 11 the bank is specifically prohibited from notifying the person 12 by order of court or by applicable State or federal law. A bank shall not mail a copy of a subpoena to any person pursuant to 13 this subsection if the subpoena was issued by a grand jury 14 15 under the Statewide Grand Jury Act.

(e) Any officer or employee of a bank who knowingly and
willfully furnishes financial records in violation of this
Section is guilty of a business offense and, upon conviction,
shall be fined not more than \$1,000.

(f) Any person who knowingly and willfully induces or attempts to induce any officer or employee of a bank to disclose financial records in violation of this Section is guilty of a business offense and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000.

(g) A bank shall be reimbursed for costs that are reasonably necessary and that have been directly incurred in searching for, reproducing, or transporting books, papers, records, or other data of a customer required or requested to be produced pursuant to a lawful subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order. The Commissioner shall determine the rates and conditions under which payment may be made.

32 (Source: P.A. 91-330, eff. 7-29-99; 91-929, eff. 12-15-00; 33 92-483, eff. 8-23-01; 92-543, eff. 6-12-02.)

34 Section 10. The Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 is 35 amended by changing Section 3-8 as follows:

(205 ILCS 105/3-8) (from Ch. 17, par. 3303-8)

2 Sec. 3-8. Access to books and records; communication with members. 3

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(a) Every member or holder of capital shall have the right 5 to inspect the books and records of the association that pertain to his account. Otherwise, the right of inspection and 6 7 examination of the books and records shall be limited as 8 provided in this Act, and no other person shall have access to the books and records or shall be entitled to a list of the 9 10 members.

11 (b) For the purpose of this Section, the term "financial records" means any original, any copy, or any summary of (i) a 12 document granting signature authority over a deposit or 13 account; (ii) a statement, ledger card, or other record on any 14 15 deposit or account that shows each transaction in or with 16 respect to that account; (iii) a check, draft, or money order an association or issued and payable by an 17 drawn on 18 association; or (iv) any other item containing information 19 pertaining to any relationship established in the ordinary course of an association's business between an association and 20 its customer, including financial statements or other 21 22 financial information provided by the member or holder of 23 capital.

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(c) This Section does not prohibit:

25 (1)The preparation, examination, handling, or 26 maintenance of any financial records by any officer, 27 employee, or agent of an association having custody of 28 those records or the examination of those records by a 29 certified public accountant engaged by the association to 30 perform an independent audit.

31 (2) The examination of any financial records by, or the furnishing of financial records by an association to, any 32 officer, employee, or agent of the Commissioner of Banks 33 Estate or federal depository institution 34 and Real regulator for use solely in the exercise of his duties as 35

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an officer, employee, or agent.

(3) The publication of data furnished from financial 2 records relating to members or holders of capital where the data cannot be identified to any particular member, holder 5 of capital, or account.

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(4) The making of reports or returns required under Chapter 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(5) Furnishing information concerning the dishonor of 8 9 any negotiable instrument permitted to be disclosed under the Uniform Commercial Code. 10

11 (6) The exchange in the regular course of business of 12 (i) credit information between an association and other financial institutions or commercial associations or 13 enterprises, directly or through a consumer reporting 14 agency or (ii) financial records or information derived 15 16 from financial records between an association and other 17 associations or financial institutions or commercial enterprises for the purpose of conducting due diligence 18 pursuant to a purchase or sale involving the association or 19 20 assets or liabilities of the association.

(7) The furnishing of information to the appropriate 21 law enforcement authorities where the association 22 23 reasonably believes it has been the victim of a crime.

(8) The furnishing of information pursuant to the 24 Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act. 25

The furnishing of information pursuant to the 26 (9)Illinois Income Tax Act and the Illinois Estate 27 and Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Act. 28

(10) The furnishing of information pursuant to the federal "Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act", (Title 31, United States Code, Section 1051 et seq.).

32 (11) The furnishing of information pursuant to any other statute that by its terms or by regulations 33 promulgated thereunder requires the disclosure 34 of financial records other than by 35 subpoena, summons, 36 warrant, or court order.

1 (12) The exchange of information between an 2 association and an affiliate of the association; as used in 3 this item, "affiliate" includes any company, partnership, 4 or organization that controls, is controlled by, or is 5 under common control with an association.

6 (13) The furnishing of information in accordance with 7 the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. Any association governed by 8 this Act shall enter into an agreement for data exchanges 9 10 with a State agency provided the State agency pays to the 11 association a reasonable fee not to exceed its actual cost incurred. association providing information 12 An in accordance with this item shall not be liable to any 13 account holder or other person for any disclosure of 14 State agency, for encumbering or 15 information to a 16 surrendering any assets held by the association in response 17 to a lien or order to withhold and deliver issued by a State agency, or for any other action taken pursuant to 18 this item, including individual or mechanical errors, 19 20 provided the action does not constitute gross negligence or 21 willful misconduct. An association shall have no obligation to hold, encumber, or surrender assets until it 22 23 has been served with a subpoena, summons, warrant, court or 24 administrative order, lien, or levy.

(14) The furnishing of information to law enforcement 25 26 authorities, the Illinois Department on Aging and its regional administrative and provider 27 agencies, the 28 Department of Human Services Office of Inspector General, or public guardians, if there is suspicion by the 29 investigatory entity, the guardian, or the association 30 31 suspects that a customer who is an elderly or disabled 32 person has been or may become the victim of financial exploitation. For the purposes of this item (14), the term: 33 (i) "elderly person" means a person who is 60 or more years 34 of age, (ii) "disabled person" means a person who has or 35 reasonably appears to the association to have a physical or 36

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1 mental disability that impairs his or her ability to seek 2 obtain protection from or prevent financial or exploitation, and (iii) "financial exploitation" means 3 tortious or illegal use of the assets or resources of an 4 5 elderly or disabled person, and includes, without 6 limitation, misappropriation of the elderly or disabled person's assets or resources by undue influence, breach of 7 fiduciary relationship, intimidation, fraud, deception, 8 9 extortion, or the use of assets or resources in any manner 10 contrary to law. An association or person furnishing 11 information pursuant to this item (14) shall be entitled to 12 the same rights and protections as a person furnishing information under the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, and the 13 Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, and the Abuse of 14 Adults with Disabilities Intervention Act. 15

16 (15) The disclosure of financial records or
17 information as necessary to effect, administer, or enforce
18 a transaction requested or authorized by the member or
19 holder of capital, or in connection with:

20 (A) servicing or processing a financial product or
21 service requested or authorized by the member or holder
22 of capital;

(B) maintaining or servicing an account of a member or holder of capital with the association; or

25 (C) a proposed or actual securitization or 26 secondary market sale (including sales of servicing 27 rights) related to a transaction of a member or holder 28 of capital.

Nothing in this item (15), however, authorizes the sale of the financial records or information of a member or holder of capital without the consent of the member or holder of capital.

33 (16) The disclosure of financial records or
34 information as necessary to protect against or prevent
35 actual or potential fraud, unauthorized transactions,
36 claims, or other liability.

1 (17) (a) The disclosure of financial records or 2 information related to a private label credit program 3 between a financial institution and a private label party in connection with that private label credit program. Such 4 5 information is limited to outstanding balance, available 6 credit, payment and performance and account history, product references, purchase information, and information 7 related to the identity of the customer. 8

9 (b) (l) For purposes of this paragraph (17) of 10 subsection (c) of Section 3-8, a "private label credit 11 program" means a credit program involving a financial 12 institution and a private label party that is used by a 13 customer of the financial institution and the private label 14 party primarily for payment for goods or services sold, 15 manufactured, or distributed by a private label party.

16 (2) For purposes of this paragraph (17) of subsection
17 (c) of Section 3-8, a "private label party" means, with
18 respect to a private label credit program, any of the
19 following: a retailer, a merchant, a manufacturer, a trade
20 group, or any such person's affiliate, subsidiary, member,
21 agent, or service provider.

(d) An association may not disclose to any person, except to the member or holder of capital or his duly authorized agent, any financial records relating to that member or holder of capital of that association unless:

26 (1) The member or holder of capital has authorized27 disclosure to the person; or

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(2) The financial records are disclosed in response to a lawful subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order that meets the requirements of subsection (e) of this Section.

31 (e) An association shall disclose financial records under 32 subsection (d) of this Section pursuant to a lawful subpoena, 33 summons, warrant, or court order only after the association 34 mails a copy of the subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order 35 to the person establishing the relationship with the 36 association, if living, and, otherwise, his personal

representative, if known, at his last known address by first class mail, postage prepaid, unless the association is specifically prohibited from notifying that person by order of court.

5 (f) (1) Any officer or employee of an association who 6 knowingly and willfully furnishes financial records in 7 violation of this Section is guilty of a business offense and, 8 upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000.

9 (2) Any person who knowingly and willfully induces or 10 attempts to induce any officer or employee of an association to 11 disclose financial records in violation of this Section is 12 guilty of a business offense and, upon conviction, shall be 13 fined not more than \$1,000.

(g) However, if any member desires to communicate with the 14 15 other members of the association with reference to any question 16 pending or to be presented at a meeting of the members, the association shall give him upon request a statement of the 17 approximate number of members entitled to vote at the meeting 18 19 and an estimate of the cost of preparing and mailing the 20 communication. The requesting member then shall submit the 21 communication to the Commissioner who, if he finds it to be 22 appropriate and truthful, shall direct that it be prepared and 23 mailed to the members upon the requesting member's payment or 24 adequate provision for payment of the expenses of preparation 25 and mailing.

(h) An association shall be reimbursed for costs that are necessary and that have been directly incurred in searching for, reproducing, or transporting books, papers, records, or other data of a customer required to be reproduced pursuant to a lawful subpoena, warrant, or court order.

31 (Source: P.A. 92-483, eff. 8-23-01; 92-543, eff. 6-12-02; 32 93-271, eff. 7-22-03.)

33 Section 15. The Savings Bank Act is amended by changing 34 Section 4013 as follows:

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(205 ILCS 205/4013) (from Ch. 17, par. 7304-13)

Sec. 4013. Access to books and records; communication with
members and shareholders.

(a) Every member or shareholder shall have the right to 4 5 inspect books and records of the savings bank that pertain to 6 accounts. Otherwise, the right of inspection his and examination of the books and records shall be limited as 7 provided in this Act, and no other person shall have access to 8 9 the books and records nor shall be entitled to a list of the 10 members or shareholders.

11 (b) For the purpose of this Section, the term "financial 12 records" means any original, any copy, or any summary of (1) a document granting signature authority over a deposit or 13 account; (2) a statement, ledger card, or other record on any 14 15 deposit or account that shows each transaction in or with 16 respect to that account; (3) a check, draft, or money order 17 drawn on a savings bank or issued and payable by a savings bank; or (4) any other item containing information pertaining 18 19 to any relationship established in the ordinary course of a 20 savings bank's business between a savings bank and its customer, including financial statements or other financial 21 information provided by the member or shareholder. 22

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(c) This Section does not prohibit:

(1) The preparation examination, handling, or
 maintenance of any financial records by any officer,
 employee, or agent of a savings bank having custody of
 records or examination of records by a certified public
 accountant engaged by the savings bank to perform an
 independent audit.

30 (2) The examination of any financial records by, or the 31 furnishing of financial records by a savings bank to, any 32 officer, employee, or agent of the Commissioner of Banks 33 and Real Estate or the federal depository institution 34 regulator for use solely in the exercise of his duties as 35 an officer, employee, or agent.

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(3) The publication of data furnished from financial

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records relating to members or holders of capital where the data cannot be identified to any particular member, shareholder, or account.

(4) The making of reports or returns required under Chapter 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(5) Furnishing information concerning the dishonor of any negotiable instrument permitted to be disclosed under the Uniform Commercial Code.

(6) The exchange in the regular course of business of 9 10 (i) credit information between a savings bank and other 11 savings banks or financial institutions or commercial enterprises, directly or through a consumer reporting 12 agency or (ii) financial records or information derived 13 from financial records between a savings bank and other 14 savings banks or financial institutions or commercial 15 16 enterprises for the purpose of conducting due diligence 17 pursuant to a purchase or sale involving the savings bank or assets or liabilities of the savings bank. 18

19 (7) The furnishing of information to the appropriate
20 law enforcement authorities where the savings bank
21 reasonably believes it has been the victim of a crime.

(8) The furnishing of information pursuant to the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act.

(9) The furnishing of information pursuant to the
Illinois Income Tax Act and the Illinois Estate and
Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Act.

(10) The furnishing of information pursuant to the
federal "Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act",
(Title 31, United States Code, Section 1051 et seq.).

(11) The furnishing of information pursuant to any
 other statute which by its terms or by regulations
 promulgated thereunder requires the disclosure of
 financial records other than by subpoena, summons,
 warrant, or court order.

35 (12) The furnishing of information in accordance with
 36 the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity

1 Reconciliation Act of 1996. Any savings bank governed by this Act shall enter into an agreement for data exchanges 2 3 with a State agency provided the State agency pays to the savings bank a reasonable fee not to exceed its actual cost 4 5 incurred. A savings bank providing information in 6 accordance with this item shall not be liable to any account holder or other person for any disclosure of 7 State agency, for encumbering 8 information to a or 9 surrendering any assets held by the savings bank in 10 response to a lien or order to withhold and deliver issued 11 by a State agency, or for any other action taken pursuant to this item, including individual or mechanical errors, 12 provided the action does not constitute gross negligence or 13 willful misconduct. A savings bank shall have no obligation 14 to hold, encumber, or surrender assets until it has been 15 16 served with a subpoena, summons, warrant, court or 17 administrative order, lien, or levy.

(13) The furnishing of information to law enforcement 18 authorities, the Illinois Department on Aging and its 19 20 regional administrative and provider agencies, the Department of Human Services Office of Inspector General, 21 or public guardians, if there is suspicion by the 22 investigatory entity, the guardian, or the savings bank 23 suspects that a customer who is an elderly or disabled 24 25 person has been or may become the victim of financial exploitation. For the purposes of this item (13), the term: 26 27 (i) "elderly person" means a person who is 60 or more years 28 of age, (ii) "disabled person" means a person who has or reasonably appears to the savings bank to have a physical 29 30 or mental disability that impairs his or her ability to 31 seek or obtain protection from or prevent financial 32 exploitation, and (iii) "financial exploitation" means tortious or illegal use of the assets or resources of an 33 elderly or disabled person, and includes, 34 without limitation, misappropriation of the elderly or disabled 35 person's assets or resources by undue influence, breach of 36

1 fiduciary relationship, intimidation, fraud, deception, extortion, or the use of assets or resources in any manner 2 3 contrary to law. A savings bank or person furnishing information pursuant to this item (13) shall be entitled to 4 5 the same rights and protections as a person furnishing information under the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, and the 6 Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, and the Abuse of 7 Adults with Disabilities Intervention Act. 8

9 (14) The disclosure of financial records or 10 information as necessary to effect, administer, or enforce 11 a transaction requested or authorized by the member or 12 holder of capital, or in connection with:

(A) servicing or processing a financial product or
service requested or authorized by the member or holder
of capital;

(B) maintaining or servicing an account of a member
 or holder of capital with the savings bank; or

(C) a proposed or actual securitization or
secondary market sale (including sales of servicing
rights) related to a transaction of a member or holder
of capital.

22 Nothing in this item (14), however, authorizes the sale 23 of the financial records or information of a member or 24 holder of capital without the consent of the member or 25 holder of capital.

(15) The exchange in the regular course of business of
information between a savings bank and any commonly owned
affiliate of the savings bank, subject to the provisions of
the Financial Institutions Insurance Sales Law.

30 (16) The disclosure of financial records or
31 information as necessary to protect against or prevent
32 actual or potential fraud, unauthorized transactions,
33 claims, or other liability.

(17) (a) The disclosure of financial records or
 information related to a private label credit program
 between a financial institution and a private label party

in connection with that private label credit program. Such information is limited to outstanding balance, available credit, payment and performance and account history, product references, purchase information, and information related to the identity of the customer.

6 (1) For purposes of this paragraph (17) (b) of subsection (c) of Section 4013, a "private label credit 7 program" means a credit program involving a financial 8 9 institution and a private label party that is used by a customer of the financial institution and the private label 10 11 party primarily for payment for goods or services sold, 12 manufactured, or distributed by a private label party.

(2) For purposes of this paragraph (17) of subsection
(c) of Section 4013, a "private label party" means, with
respect to a private label credit program, any of the
following: a retailer, a merchant, a manufacturer, a trade
group, or any such person's affiliate, subsidiary, member,
agent, or service provider.

(d) A savings bank may not disclose to any person, except to the member or holder of capital or his duly authorized agent, any financial records relating to that member or shareholder of the savings bank unless:

(1) the member or shareholder has authorized
disclosure to the person; or

(2) the financial records are disclosed in response to
a lawful subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order that
meets the requirements of subsection (e) of this Section.

28 (e) A savings bank shall disclose financial records under subsection (d) of this Section pursuant to a lawful subpoena, 29 30 summons, warrant, or court order only after the savings bank 31 mails a copy of the subpoena, summons, warrant, or court order 32 to the person establishing the relationship with the savings bank, if living, and otherwise, his personal representative, if 33 known, at his last known address by first class mail, postage 34 35 prepaid, unless the savings bank is specifically prohibited 36 from notifying the person by order of court.

(f) Any officer or employee of a savings bank who knowingly
 and willfully furnishes financial records in violation of this
 Section is guilty of a business offense and, upon conviction,
 shall be fined not more than \$1,000.

5 (g) Any person who knowingly and willfully induces or 6 attempts to induce any officer or employee of a savings bank to 7 disclose financial records in violation of this Section is 8 guilty of a business offense and, upon conviction, shall be 9 fined not more than \$1,000.

(h) If any member or shareholder desires to communicate 10 11 with the other members or shareholders of the savings bank with 12 reference to any question pending or to be presented at an 13 annual or special meeting, the savings bank shall give that 14 person, upon request, a statement of the approximate number of 15 members or shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting and an 16 estimate of the cost of preparing and mailing the 17 communication. The requesting member shall submit the communication to the Commissioner who, upon finding it to be 18 19 appropriate and truthful, shall direct that it be prepared and 20 mailed to the members upon the requesting member's or shareholder's payment or adequate provision for payment of the 21 22 expenses of preparation and mailing.

(i) A savings bank shall be reimbursed for costs that are necessary and that have been directly incurred in searching for, reproducing, or transporting books, papers, records, or other data of a customer required to be reproduced pursuant to a lawful subpoena, warrant, or court order.

28 (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, а 29 savings bank may sell or otherwise make use of lists of 30 customers' names and addresses. All other information 31 regarding a customer's account are subject to the disclosure 32 provisions of this Section. At the request of any customer, that customer's name and address shall be deleted from any list 33 that is to be sold or used in any other manner beyond 34 identification of the customer's accounts. 35

36 (Source: P.A. 92-483, eff. 8-23-01; 92-543, eff. 6-12-02;

1 93-271, eff. 7-22-03.)

Section 20. The Illinois Credit Union Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

4 (205 ILCS 305/10) (from Ch. 17, par. 4411)

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Sec. 10. Credit union records; member financial records.

6 (1) A credit union shall establish and maintain books, 7 records, accounting systems and procedures which accurately 8 reflect its operations and which enable the Department to 9 readily ascertain the true financial condition of the credit 10 union and whether it is complying with this Act.

11 (2) A photostatic or photographic reproduction of any 12 credit union records shall be admissible as evidence of 13 transactions with the credit union.

14 (3) (a) For the purpose of this Section, the term 15 "financial records" means any original, any copy, or any summary of (1) a document granting signature authority over 16 an account, (2) a statement, ledger card or other record on 17 18 any account which shows each transaction in or with respect to that account, (3) a check, draft or money order drawn on 19 a financial institution or other entity or issued and 20 payable by or through a financial institution or other 21 entity, or (4) any other item containing information 22 23 pertaining to any relationship established in the ordinary course of business between a credit union and its member, 24 25 including financial statements or other financial 26 information provided by the member.

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(b) This Section does not prohibit:

(1) The preparation, examination, handling or
maintenance of any financial records by any officer,
employee or agent of a credit union having custody of
such records, or the examination of such records by a
certified public accountant engaged by the credit
union to perform an independent audit.

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(2) The examination of any financial records by or

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the furnishing of financial records by a credit union to any officer, employee or agent of the Department, the National Credit Union Administration, Federal Reserve board or any insurer of share accounts for use solely in the exercise of his duties as an officer, employee or agent.

7 (3) The publication of data furnished from 8 financial records relating to members where the data 9 cannot be identified to any particular customer of 10 account.

(4) The making of reports or returns required under
 Chapter 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

13 (5) Furnishing information concerning the dishonor
14 of any negotiable instrument permitted to be disclosed
15 under the Uniform Commercial Code.

16 (6) The exchange in the regular course of business 17 of (i) credit information between a credit union and other credit unions or financial institutions or 18 commercial enterprises, directly or through a consumer 19 20 reporting agency or (ii) financial records or information derived from financial records between a 21 credit union and other credit unions or financial 22 23 institutions or commercial enterprises for the purpose of conducting due diligence pursuant to a merger or a 24 25 purchase or sale of assets or liabilities of the credit 26 union.

(7) The furnishing of information to the
appropriate law enforcement authorities where the
credit union reasonably believes it has been the victim
of a crime.

31 (8) The furnishing of information pursuant to the
 32 Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act.

(9) The furnishing of information pursuant to the
Illinois Income Tax Act and the Illinois Estate and
Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Act.

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(10) The furnishing of information pursuant to the

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federal "Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act", Title 31, United States Code, Section 1051 et sequentia.

4 (11) The furnishing of information pursuant to any 5 other statute which by its terms or by regulations 6 promulgated thereunder requires the disclosure of 7 financial records other than by subpoena, summons, 8 warrant or court order.

9 (12) The furnishing of information in accordance 10 with the federal Personal Responsibility and Work 11 Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. Any credit 12 union governed by this Act shall enter into an 13 agreement for data exchanges with a State agency provided the State agency pays to the credit union a 14 reasonable fee not to exceed its actual cost incurred. 15 16 A credit union providing information in accordance 17 with this item shall not be liable to any account 18 holder or other person for any disclosure of information to a State agency, for encumbering or 19 20 surrendering any assets held by the credit union in response to a lien or order to withhold and deliver 21 issued by a State agency, or for any other action taken 22 23 pursuant to this item, including individual or mechanical errors, provided the action does not 24 25 constitute gross negligence or willful misconduct. A 26 credit union shall have no obligation to hold, 27 encumber, or surrender assets until it has been served 28 subpoena, summons, with а warrant, court or administrative order, lien, or levy. 29

30 The furnishing of information to (13)law 31 enforcement authorities, the Illinois Department on 32 Aging and its regional administrative and provider agencies, the Department of Human Services Office of 33 34 Inspector General, or public guardians, if there is 35 suspicion by the investigatory entity, the guardian, 36 or the credit union suspects that a member who is an

1 elderly or disabled person has been or may become the victim of financial exploitation. For the purposes of 2 3 this item (13), the term: (i) "elderly person" means a person who is 60 or more years of age, (ii) "disabled 4 5 person" means a person who has or reasonably appears to the credit union to have a physical or mental 6 disability that impairs his or her ability to seek or 7 protection from or prevent financial 8 obtain exploitation, and (iii) "financial exploitation" means 9 10 tortious or illegal use of the assets or resources of 11 an elderly or disabled person, and includes, without limitation, misappropriation of the elderly or 12 disabled person's assets or resources 13 by undue of fiduciary relationship, influence, breach 14 15 intimidation, fraud, deception, extortion, or the use 16 of assets or resources in any manner contrary to law. A 17 credit union or person furnishing information pursuant to this item (13) shall be entitled to the same rights 18 and protections as a person furnishing information 19 20 under the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, and the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, and the Abuse of Adults 21 with Disabilities Intervention Act. 22

(14) The disclosure of financial records or
information as necessary to effect, administer, or
enforce a transaction requested or authorized by the
member, or in connection with:

27 (A) servicing or processing a financial
 28 product or service requested or authorized by the
 29 member;

30 (B) maintaining or servicing a member's
 31 account with the credit union; or

32 (C) a proposed or actual securitization or 33 secondary market sale (including sales of 34 servicing rights) related to a transaction of a 35 member.

36 Nothing in this item (14), however, authorizes the

sale of the financial records or information of a member without the consent of the member.

3 (15) The disclosure of financial records or
4 information as necessary to protect against or prevent
5 actual or potential fraud, unauthorized transactions,
6 claims, or other liability.

(16) (a) The disclosure of financial records or 7 information related to a private label credit program 8 between a financial institution and a private label 9 10 party in connection with that private label credit 11 program. Such information is limited to outstanding balance, available credit, payment and performance and 12 13 account history, product references, purchase information, and information related to the identity 14 of the customer. 15

16 (b) (1) For purposes of this paragraph (16) of 17 subsection (b) of Section 10, a "private label credit program" means a credit program involving a financial 18 institution and a private label party that is used by a 19 20 customer of the financial institution and the private 21 label party primarily for payment for goods or services sold, manufactured, or distributed by a private label 22 23 party.

24 For purposes of this paragraph (16) (2) of 25 subsection (b) of Section 10, a "private label party" 26 means, with respect to a private label credit program, 27 any of the following: a retailer, a merchant, a 28 manufacturer, a trade group, or any such person's 29 affiliate, subsidiary, member, agent, or service 30 provider.

31 (c) Except as otherwise provided by this Act, a credit 32 union may not disclose to any person, except to the member 33 or his duly authorized agent, any financial records 34 relating to that member of the credit union unless:

35 (1) the member has authorized disclosure to the36 person;

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1 (2) the financial records are disclosed in response to a lawful subpoena, summons, warrant or 2 order 3 that meets the court requirements of subparagraph (d) of this Section; or 4

(3) the credit union is attempting to collect an obligation owed to the credit union and the credit union complies with the provisions of Section 2I of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act.

9 (d) A credit union shall disclose financial records 10 under subparagraph (c)(2) of this Section pursuant to a 11 lawful subpoena, summons, warrant or court order only after the credit union mails a copy of the subpoena, summons, 12 warrant or court order to the person establishing the 13 relationship with the credit union, if living, 14 and otherwise his personal representative, if known, at his 15 16 last known address by first class mail, postage prepaid 17 unless the credit union is specifically prohibited from notifying the person by order of court or by applicable 18 State or federal law. In the case of a grand jury subpoena, 19 20 a credit union shall not mail a copy of a subpoena to any person pursuant to this subsection if the subpoena was 21 issued by a grand jury under the Statewide Grand Jury Act 22 23 or notifying the person would constitute a violation of the federal Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978. 24

(e) (1) Any officer or employee of a credit union who
knowingly and wilfully furnishes financial records in
violation of this Section is guilty of a business
offense and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not
more than \$1,000.

30 (2) Any person who knowingly and wilfully induces
31 or attempts to induce any officer or employee of a
32 credit union to disclose financial records in
33 violation of this Section is guilty of a business
34 offense and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not
35 more than \$1,000.

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(f) A credit union shall be reimbursed for costs which

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1 are reasonably necessary and which have been directly 2 incurred in searching for, reproducing or transporting 3 books, papers, records or other data of a member required or requested to be produced pursuant to a lawful subpoena, 4 summons, warrant or court order. The Director may 5 determine, by rule, the rates and conditions under which 6 7 payment shall be made. Delivery of requested documents may be delayed until final reimbursement of all costs is 8 9 received.

10 (Source: P.A. 91-929, eff. 12-15-00; 92-293, eff. 8-9-01; 11 92-483, eff. 8-23-01; 92-543, eff. 6-12-02.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.