

94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2005 and 2006 HB0575

Introduced 1/27/2005, by Rep. Robert S. Molaro

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

430 ILCS	65/8	from	Ch.	38,	par.	83-8
720 ILCS	5/24-1	from	Ch.	38,	par.	24-1
720 ILCS	5/24-1.1	from	Ch.	38,	par.	24-1.1
720 ILCS	5/24-1.6					
720 ILCS	5/24-3	${\tt from}$	Ch.	38,	par.	24-3
720 ILCS	5/24-3.1	${\tt from}$	Ch.	38,	par.	24-3.1
720 ILCS	5/24-4.1 new					

Amends the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. Provides that the Department of State Police may revoke the Firearm Owner's Identification Card of a person who fails to report the loss or theft of a firearm to the Department within 72 hours after obtaining knowledge of the loss or theft. Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Provides that the possession of each firearm in violation of various laws concerning the unlawful use of weapons, unlawful use or possession of firearms by a felon, unlawful possession of firearms or firearm ammunition, and aggravated unlawful use of a weapon constitutes a single and separate violation. Provides that the exemption from the waiting period for the sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer applies only if the seller knew that the person to whom he or she was selling the firearm was a law enforcement officer. Provides that the application for the purchase of a firearm shall be in writing and shall state: (1) the name of the purchaser, (2) the purchaser's address, (3) that the purchaser has a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card, and (4) that the firearm may be sold only to the person who initially made the written application for the firearm. Provides that if a person who possesses a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card and who acquires a firearm thereafter loses the firearm, or if the firearm is stolen, the person must report the loss or theft to the Department of State Police within 72 hours after obtaining knowledge of the loss or theft. Provides that the failure to report the loss or theft is a petty offense for a first violation and a Class A misdemeanor for a second or subsequent violation. Effective immediately.

LRB094 06319 RLC 36394 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is amended by changing Section 8 as follows:
- 6 (430 ILCS 65/8) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-8)
- Sec. 8. The Department of State Police has authority to deny an application for or to revoke and seize a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued under this Act only if the Department finds that the applicant or the person to whom such card was issued is or was at the time of issuance:
- 12 (a) A person under 21 years of age who has been convicted 13 of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged 14 delinquent;
- (b) A person under 21 years of age who does not have the written consent of his parent or guardian to acquire and possess firearms and firearm ammunition, or whose parent or guardian has revoked such written consent, or where such parent or guardian does not qualify to have a Firearm Owner's Identification Card;
- 21 (c) A person convicted of a felony under the laws of this 22 or any other jurisdiction;
 - (d) A person addicted to narcotics;

- (e) A person who has been a patient of a mental institution within the past 5 years;
- 26 (f) A person whose mental condition is of such a nature 27 that it poses a clear and present danger to the applicant, any 28 other person or persons or the community;
- For the purposes of this Section, "mental condition" means a state of mind manifested by violent, suicidal, threatening or assaultive behavior.
- 32 (g) A person who is mentally retarded;

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_	(h) A person who intentionally makes a false statement in
2	the Firearm Owner's Identification Card application;

- (i) An alien who is unlawfully present in the United States under the laws of the United States;
- (i-5) An alien who has been admitted to the United States under a non-immigrant visa (as that term is defined in Section 6 101(a)(26) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 7 1101(a)(26))), except that this subsection (i-5) does not apply 8 to any alien who has been lawfully admitted to the United 9 10 States under a non-immigrant visa if that alien is:
 - (1) admitted to the United States for lawful hunting or sporting purposes;
 - (2) an official representative of a foreign government who is:
 - (A) accredited to the United States Government or Government's mission to an international organization having its headquarters in the United States; or
 - (B) en route to or from another country to which that alien is accredited;
 - (3) an official of a foreign government distinguished foreign visitor who has been so designated by the Department of State;
 - (4) a foreign law enforcement officer of a friendly foreign government entering the United States on official business; or
 - (5) one who has received a waiver from the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 922 (y) (3);
 - (j) A person who is subject to an existing order of protection prohibiting him or her from possessing a firearm;
 - (k) A person who has been convicted within the past 5 years of battery, assault, aggravated assault, violation of an order of protection, or a substantially similar offense in another jurisdiction, in which a firearm was used or possessed;
 - (1) A person who has been convicted of domestic battery or

- a substantially similar offense in another jurisdiction committed on or after January 1, 1998;
- 3 (m) A person who has been convicted within the past 5 years 4 of domestic battery or a substantially similar offense in 5 another jurisdiction committed before January 1, 1998;
- 6 (n) A person who is prohibited from acquiring or possessing
 7 firearms or firearm ammunition by any Illinois State statute or
 8 by federal law;
- 9 (o) A minor subject to a petition filed under Section 5-520 10 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 alleging that the minor is a 11 delinquent minor for the commission of an offense that if 12 committed by an adult would be a felony; or
- 13 (p) An adult who had been adjudicated a delinquent minor 14 under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for the commission of an 15 offense that if committed by an adult would be a felony.
- The Department of State Police may revoke and seize a

 Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued under

 this Act of a person who fails to report the loss or theft of a

 firearm to the Department within 72 hours after obtaining

 knowledge of the loss or theft.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 92-854, eff. 12-5-02; 93-367, eff. 1-1-04.)
- Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Sections 24-1, 24-1.1, 24-1.6, 24-3, and 24-3.1 and by adding Section 24-4.1 as follows:
- 25 (720 ILCS 5/24-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-1)
- Sec. 24-1. Unlawful Use of Weapons.
- 27 (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons 28 when he knowingly:
- (1) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries any bludgeon, black-jack, slung-shot, sand-club, sand-bag, metal knuckles, throwing star, or any knife, commonly referred to as a switchblade knife, which has a blade that opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the

knife, or a ballistic knife, which is a device that propels a knifelike blade as a projectile by means of a coil spring, elastic material or compressed gas; or

- (2) Carries or possesses with intent to use the same unlawfully against another, a dagger, dirk, billy, dangerous knife, razor, stiletto, broken bottle or other piece of glass, stun gun or taser or any other dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument of like character; or
- (3) Carries on or about his person or in any vehicle, a tear gas gun projector or bomb or any object containing noxious liquid gas or substance, other than an object containing a non-lethal noxious liquid gas or substance designed solely for personal defense carried by a person 18 years of age or older; or
- (4) Carries or possesses in any vehicle or concealed on or about his person except when on his land or in his own abode or fixed place of business <u>a</u> any pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser or other firearm, except that this subsection (a) (4) does not apply to or affect transportation of weapons that meet one of the following conditions:
 - (i) are broken down in a non-functioning state; or
 - (ii) are not immediately accessible; or
 - (iii) are unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or other container by a person who has been issued a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card; or
 - (5) Sets a spring gun; or
- (6) Possesses any device or attachment of any kind designed, used or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm; or
- (7) Sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses or carries:
 - (i) a machine gun, which shall be defined for the purposes of this subsection as any weapon, which shoots, is designed to shoot, or can be readily

restored to shoot, automatically more than one shot without manually reloading by a single function of the trigger, including the frame or receiver of any such weapon, or sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses, or carries any combination of parts designed or intended for use in converting any weapon into a machine gun, or any combination or parts from which a machine gun can be assembled if such parts are in the possession or under the control of a person;

- (ii) any rifle having one or more barrels less than 16 inches in length or a shotgun having one or more barrels less than 18 inches in length or any weapon made from a rifle or shotgun, whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise, if such a weapon as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches; or
- (iii) any bomb, bomb-shell, grenade, bottle or other container containing an explosive substance of over one-quarter ounce for like purposes, such as, but not limited to, black powder bombs and Molotov cocktails or artillery projectiles; or
- (8) Carries or possesses any firearm, stun gun or taser or other deadly weapon in any place which is licensed to sell intoxicating beverages, or at any public gathering held pursuant to a license issued by any governmental body or any public gathering at which an admission is charged, excluding a place where a showing, demonstration or lecture involving the exhibition of unloaded firearms is conducted.

This subsection (a) (8) does not apply to any auction or raffle of a firearm held pursuant to a license or permit issued by a governmental body, nor does it apply to persons engaged in firearm safety training courses; or

(9) Carries or possesses in a vehicle or on or about his person any pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser or firearm or ballistic knife, when he is hooded, robed or

masked in such manner as to conceal his identity; or

- (10) Carries or possesses on or about his person, upon any public street, alley, or other public lands within the corporate limits of a city, village or incorporated town, except when an invitee thereon or therein, for the purpose of the display of such weapon or the lawful commerce in weapons, or except when on his land or in his own abode or fixed place of business, a any pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser or other firearm, except that this subsection (a) (10) does not apply to or affect transportation of weapons that meet one of the following conditions:
 - (i) are broken down in a non-functioning state; or
 - (ii) are not immediately accessible; or
 - (iii) are unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or other container by a person who has been issued a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

A "stun gun or taser", as used in this paragraph (a) means (i) any device which is powered by electrical charging units, such as, batteries, and which fires one or several barbs attached to a length of wire and which, upon hitting a human, can send out a current capable of disrupting the person's nervous system in such a manner as to render him incapable of normal functioning or (ii) any device which is powered by electrical charging units, such as batteries, and which, upon contact with a human or clothing worn by a human, can send out current capable of disrupting the person's nervous system in such a manner as to render him incapable of normal functioning; or

(11) Sells, manufactures or purchases any explosive bullet. For purposes of this paragraph (a) "explosive bullet" means the projectile portion of an ammunition cartridge which contains or carries an explosive charge which will explode upon contact with the flesh of a human or an animal. "Cartridge" means a tubular metal case having a projectile affixed at the front thereof and a cap or

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primer at the rear end thereof, with the propellant contained in such tube between the projectile and the cap; or

(12) (Blank).

- Sentence. A person convicted of a violation of subsection 24-1(a)(1) through (5), subsection 24-1(a)(10), or subsection 24-1(a)(11) commits a Class A misdemeanor. A person convicted of a violation of subsection 24-1(a)(8) or 24-1(a)(9) commits a Class 4 felony; a person convicted of a violation of subsection 24-1(a)(6) or 24-1(a)(7)(ii) or (iii) commits a Class 3 felony. A person convicted of a violation of subsection 24-1(a)(7)(i) commits a Class 2 felony, unless the weapon is possessed in the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle as defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or on the person, while the weapon is loaded, in which case it shall be a Class X felony. A person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of subsection 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(8), 24-1(a)(9), or 24-1(a)(10) commits a Class 3 felony. possession of each firearm in violation of subsection 24-1(a)(4) or subsection 24-1(a)(10) constitutes a single and separate violation.
 - (c) Violations in specific places.
 - (1) A person who violates subsection 24-1(a)(6) or 24-1(a)(7) in any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, in residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on the real property comprising any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, on residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real property comprising any courthouse, in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a

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school related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school, public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development commits a Class 2 felony.

- (1.5) A person who violates subsection 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(9), or 24-1(a)(10) in any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, in residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on the real property comprising any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, on residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real property comprising any courthouse, in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school, public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development commits a Class 3 felony.
- (2) A person who violates subsection 24-1(a)(1), 24-1(a)(2), or 24-1(a)(3) in any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, in residential property owned, operated or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on the real property comprising any school, regardless of the time of day or the time of year, on residential property owned, operated or managed by a public

housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real property comprising any courthouse, in any conveyance owned, leased or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school, public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development commits a Class 4 felony. "Courthouse" means any building that is used by the Circuit, Appellate, or Supreme Court of this State for the conduct of official business.

- (3) Paragraphs (1), (1.5), and (2) of this subsection (c) shall not apply to law enforcement officers or security officers of such school, college, or university or to students carrying or possessing firearms for use in training courses, parades, hunting, target shooting on school ranges, or otherwise with the consent of school authorities and which firearms are transported unloaded enclosed in a suitable case, box, or transportation package.
- (4) For the purposes of this subsection (c), "school" means any public or private elementary or secondary school, community college, college, or university.
- (d) The presence in an automobile other than a public omnibus of any weapon, instrument or substance referred to in subsection (a)(7) is prima facie evidence that it is in the possession of, and is being carried by, all persons occupying such automobile at the time such weapon, instrument or substance is found, except under the following circumstances:

 (i) if such weapon, instrument or instrumentality is found upon the person of one of the occupants therein; or (ii) if such weapon, instrument or substance is found in an automobile operated for hire by a duly licensed driver in the due, lawful

- 1 and proper pursuit of his trade, then such presumption shall
- 2 not apply to the driver.
- 3 (e) Exemptions. Crossbows, Common or Compound bows and
- 4 Underwater Spearguns are exempted from the definition of
- 5 ballistic knife as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a)
- 6 of this Section.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 90-686, eff. 1-1-99; 91-673, eff. 12-22-99;
- 8 91-690, eff. 4-13-00.)
- 9 (720 ILCS 5/24-1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-1.1)
- 10 Sec. 24-1.1. Unlawful Use or Possession of Weapons by
- 11 Felons or Persons in the Custody of the Department of
- 12 Corrections Facilities.
- 13 (a) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly possess on or
- 14 about his person or on his land or in his own abode or fixed
- 15 place of business \underline{a} any weapon prohibited under Section 24-1 of
- 16 this Act or \underline{a} \underline{any} firearm or any firearm ammunition if the
- 17 person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this
- 18 State or any other jurisdiction. This Section shall not apply
- if the person has been granted relief by the Director of the
- 20 Department of State Police under Section 10 of the Firearm
- 21 Owners Identification Card Act.
- 22 (b) It is unlawful for any person confined in a penal
- institution, which is a facility of the Illinois Department of
- 24 Corrections, to possess \underline{a} any weapon prohibited under Section
- 25 24-1 of this Code or \underline{a} any firearm or firearm ammunition,
- regardless of the intent with which he possesses it.
- 27 (c) It shall be an affirmative defense to a violation of
- 28 subsection (b), that such possession was specifically
- 29 authorized by rule, regulation, or directive of the Illinois
- 30 Department of Corrections or order issued pursuant thereto.
- 31 (d) The defense of necessity is not available to a person
- 32 who is charged with a violation of subsection (b) of this
- 33 Section.
- 34 (e) Sentence. Violation of this Section by a person not
- 35 confined in a penal institution shall be a Class 3 felony for

which the person, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall 1 2 be sentenced to no less than 2 years and no more than 10 years. Violation of this Section by a person not confined in a penal 3 institution who has been convicted of a forcible felony, a 4 5 felony violation of Article 24 of this Code or of the Firearm 6 Owners Identification Card Act, stalking or aggravated stalking, or a Class 2 or greater felony under the Illinois 7 Controlled Substances Act or the Cannabis Control Act is a 8 9 Class 2 felony for which the person, if sentenced to a term of 10 imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than 3 years and 11 not more than 14 years. Violation of this Section by a person 12 who is on parole or mandatory supervised release is a Class 2 felony for which the person, if sentenced to a term of 13 imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than 3 years and 14 not more than 14 years. Violation of this Section by a person 15 16 not confined in a penal institution is a Class X felony when 17 the firearm possessed is a machine gun. Any person who violates this Section while confined in a penal institution, which is a 18 19 facility of the Illinois Department of Corrections, is guilty 20 of a Class 1 felony, if he possesses any weapon prohibited under Section 24-1 of this Code regardless of the intent with 21 which he possesses it, a Class X felony if he possesses any 22 23 firearm, firearm ammunition or explosive, and a Class X felony for which the offender shall be sentenced to not less than 12 24 years and not more than 50 years when the firearm possessed is 25 a machine gun. A violation of this Section while wearing or in 26 27 possession of body armor as defined in Section 33F-1 is a Class 28 X felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than 29 10 years and not more than 40 years. The possession of each 30 firearm or firearm ammunition in violation of this Section 31 constitutes a single and separate violation.

32 (Source: P.A. 93-906, eff. 8-11-04.)

- 33 (720 ILCS 5/24-1.6)
- 34 Sec. 24-1.6. Aggravated unlawful use of a weapon.
- 35 (a) A person commits the offense of aggravated unlawful use

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of a weapon when he or she knowingly:

- (1) Carries on or about his or her person or in any vehicle or concealed on or about his or her person except when on his or her land or in his or her abode or fixed place of business <u>a</u> any pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser or other firearm; or
- (2) Carries or possesses on or about his or her person, upon any public street, alley, or other public lands within the corporate limits of a city, village or incorporated town, except when an invitee thereon or therein, for the purpose of the display of such weapon or the lawful commerce in weapons, or except when on his or her own land or in his or her own abode or fixed place of business, a any pistol, revolver, stun gun or taser or other firearm; and
 - (3) One of the following factors is present:
 - (A) the firearm possessed was uncased, loaded and immediately accessible at the time of the offense; or
 - (B) the firearm possessed was uncased, unloaded and the ammunition for the weapon was immediately accessible at the time of the offense; or
 - (C) the person possessing the firearm has not been issued a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card; or
 - (D) the person possessing the weapon was previously adjudicated a delinquent minor under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for an act that if committed by an adult would be a felony; or
 - (E) the person possessing the weapon was engaged in a misdemeanor violation of the Cannabis Control Act or in a misdemeanor violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act; or
 - (F) the person possessing the weapon is a member of a street gang or is engaged in street gang related activity, as defined in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act; or

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- (H) the person possessing the weapon was engaged in the commission or attempted commission of a misdemeanor involving the use or threat of violence against the person or property of another; or
- (I) the person possessing the weapon was under 21 years of age and in possession of a handgun as defined in Section 24-3, unless the person under 21 is engaged in lawful activities under the Wildlife Code or described in subsection 24-2(b)(1), (b)(3), or 24-2(f).
- (b) "Stun gun or taser" as used in this Section has the same definition given to it in Section 24-1 of this Code.
- (c) This Section does not apply to or affect the transportation or possession of weapons that:
 - (i) are broken down in a non-functioning state; or
 - (ii) are not immediately accessible; or
 - (iii) are unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or other container by a person who has been issued a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
- (d) Sentence. Aggravated unlawful use of a weapon is a Class 4 felony; a second or subsequent offense is a Class 2 felony. Aggravated unlawful use of a weapon by a person who has been previously convicted of a felony in this State or another jurisdiction is a Class 2 felony. Aggravated unlawful use of a weapon while wearing or in possession of body armor as defined in Section 33F-1 by a person who has not been issued a valid Firearms Owner's Identification Card in accordance with Section 5 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is a Class X felony. The possession of each firearm in violation of this Section constitutes a single and separate violation.
- 35 (Source: P.A. 93-906, eff. 8-11-04.)

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- 1 (720 ILCS 5/24-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-3)
- 2 Sec. 24-3. Unlawful Sale of Firearms.
- 3 (A) A person commits the offense of unlawful sale of 4 firearms when he or she knowingly does any of the following:
 - (a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of age.
 - (b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under 21 years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent.
 - (c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict.
 - (d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any other jurisdiction.
 - (e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has been a patient in a mental hospital within the past 5 years.
 - (f) Sells or gives any firearms to any person who is mentally retarded.
 - (g) Delivers any firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such firearm for at least 72 hours after application for its purchase has been made, or delivers any rifle, shotgun or other long gun, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of such rifle, shotgun or other long gun for at least 24 hours after application for its purchase has been made. The application shall be in writing and shall state: (1) the name of the purchaser, (2) the purchaser's address, (3) that the purchaser has a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card, and (4) that the firearm may be sold only to the person who initially made the written application for the firearm. However, this paragraph (g) does not apply to: (1) the sale of a firearm to a law enforcement officer if the seller of the firearm knows that the person to whom he or she is selling the firearm is a law enforcement officer or the

sale of a firearm to a person who desires to purchase a firearm for use in promoting the public interest incident to his or her employment as a bank guard, armed truck guard, or other similar employment; (2) a mail order sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois under which the firearm is mailed to a point outside the boundaries of Illinois; (3) the sale of a firearm to a nonresident of Illinois while at a firearm showing or display recognized by the Illinois Department of State Police; or (4) the sale of a firearm to a dealer licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923).

- (h) While holding any license as a dealer, importer, manufacturer or pawnbroker under the federal Gun Control Act of 1968, manufactures, sells or delivers to any unlicensed person a handgun having a barrel, slide, frame or receiver which is a die casting of zinc alloy or any other nonhomogeneous metal which will melt or deform at a temperature of less than 800 degrees Fahrenheit. For purposes of this paragraph, (1) "firearm" is defined as in the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act; and (2) "handgun" is defined as a firearm designed to be held and fired by the use of a single hand, and includes a combination of parts from which such a firearm can be assembled.
- (i) Sells or gives a firearm of any size to any person under 18 years of age who does not possess a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card.
- (j) Sells or gives a firearm while engaged in the business of selling firearms at wholesale or retail without being licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923). In this paragraph (j):

A person "engaged in the business" means a person who devotes time, attention, and labor to engaging in the activity as a regular course of trade or business with the

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principal objective of livelihood and profit, but does not include a person who makes occasional repairs of firearms or who occasionally fits special barrels, stocks, or trigger mechanisms to firearms.

"With the principal objective of livelihood and profit" means that the intent underlying the sale or disposition of firearms is predominantly one of obtaining livelihood and pecuniary gain, as opposed to other intents, such as improving or liquidating a personal firearms collection; however, proof of profit shall not be required as to a person who engages in the regular and repetitive purchase and disposition of firearms for criminal purposes or terrorism.

(k) Sells or transfers ownership of a firearm to a person who does not display to the seller or transferor of Firearm the firearm а currently valid Owner's Identification Card that has previously been issued in the transferee's name by the Department of State Police under the provisions of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. This paragraph (k) does not apply to the transfer of a firearm to a person who is exempt from the requirement of possessing a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under Section 2 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. For the purposes of this Section, a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card means (i) a Firearm Owner's Identification Card that has not expired or (ii) if the transferor is licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923), an approval number issued in accordance with Section 3.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act shall be proof that the Firearm Owner's Identification Card was valid.

(B) Paragraph (h) of subsection (A) does not include firearms sold within 6 months after enactment of Public Act 78-355 (approved August 21, 1973, effective October 1, 1973), nor is any firearm legally owned or possessed by any citizen or

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purchased by any citizen within 6 months after the enactment of Public Act 78-355 subject to confiscation or seizure under the provisions of that Public Act. Nothing in Public Act 78-355 shall be construed to prohibit the gift or trade of any firearm if that firearm was legally held or acquired within 6 months after the enactment of that Public Act.

(C) Sentence.

- (1) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of any of paragraphs (c) through (h) of subsection (A) commits a Class 4 felony.
- (2) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (b) or (i) of subsection (A) commits a Class 3 felony.
- (3) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) of subsection (A) commits a Class 2 felony.
- (4) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a), (b), or (i) of subsection (A) in any school, on the real property comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school, at a school related activity, or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school or school district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, regardless of the time of day or time of year at which the offense was committed, commits a Class 1 felony. Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a), (b), or (i) of subsection (A) in any school, on the real property comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school, at a school related activity, or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school or school district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, regardless of the time of day or time of year at which the offense was committed, commits a Class 1 felony for which the sentence shall be a term of

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imprisonment of no less than 5 years and no more than 15 years.

- (5) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) or (i) of subsection (A) in residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, on the real property comprising any public park, on the real property comprising any courthouse, or on any public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development commits a Class 2 felony.
- (6) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (j) of subsection (A) commits a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation is a Class 4 felony.
- (7) Any person convicted of unlawful sale of firearms in violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) commits a Class 4 felony. A third or subsequent conviction for a violation of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) is a Class 1 felony.
- (D) For purposes of this Section:
- "School" means a public or private elementary or secondary school, community college, college, or university.
 - "School related activity" means any sporting, social, academic, or other activity for which students' attendance or participation is sponsored, organized, or funded in whole or in part by a school or school district.
- 35 (E) A prosecution for a violation of paragraph (k) of 36 subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 6 years

- 1 after the commission of the offense. A prosecution for a
- 2 violation of this Section other than paragraph (g) of
- 3 subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 5 years
- 4 after the commission of the offense defined in the particular
- 5 paragraph.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 93-162, eff. 7-10-03; 93-906, eff. 8-11-04.)
- 7 (720 ILCS 5/24-3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-3.1)
- 8 Sec. 24-3.1. Unlawful possession of firearms and firearm
- 9 ammunition.
- 10 (a) A person commits the offense of unlawful possession of
- 11 firearms or firearm ammunition when:
- 12 (1) He is under 18 years of age and has in his possession <u>a</u> any firearm of a size which may be concealed
- 14 upon the person; or
- 15 (2) He is under 21 years of age, has been convicted of
- 16 a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged
- 17 delinquent and has <u>a firearm</u> any firearms or firearm
- ammunition in his possession; or
- 19 (3) He is a narcotic addict and has <u>a firearm</u> any
- 20 <u>firearms</u> or firearm ammunition in his possession; or
- 21 (4) He has been a patient in a mental hospital within
- 22 the past 5 years and has \underline{a} firearm \underline{any} firearms or firearm
- 23 ammunition in his possession; or
- 24 (5) He is mentally retarded and has <u>a firearm</u> $\frac{any}{a}$
- 25 <u>firearms</u> or firearm ammunition in his possession; or
- 26 (6) He has in his possession any explosive bullet.
- For purposes of this paragraph "explosive bullet" means the
- 28 projectile portion of an ammunition cartridge which contains or
- 29 carries an explosive charge which will explode upon contact
- 30 with the flesh of a human or an animal. "Cartridge" means a
- 31 tubular metal case having a projectile affixed at the front
- 32 thereof and a cap or primer at the rear end thereof, with the
- 33 propellant contained in such tube between the projectile and
- 34 the cap; or
- 35 (b) Sentence.

- Unlawful possession of firearms, other than handguns, and firearm ammunition is a Class A misdemeanor. Unlawful possession of handguns is a Class 4 felony. The possession of each firearm or firearm ammunition in violation of this Section constitutes a single and separate violation.
- 6 (c) Nothing in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this
 7 Section prohibits a person under 18 years of age from
 8 participating in any lawful recreational activity with a
 9 firearm such as, but not limited to, practice shooting at
 10 targets upon established public or private target ranges or
 11 hunting, trapping, or fishing in accordance with the Wildlife
 12 Code or the Fish and Aquatic Life Code.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 91-696, eff. 4-13-00; 92-839, eff. 8-22-02.)
- 14 (720 ILCS 5/24-4.1 new)
- Sec. 24-4.1. Report of lost or stolen firearms.
- 16 (a) If a person who possesses a valid Firearm Owner's

 17 Identification Card and who possesses or acquires a firearm

 18 thereafter loses or misplaces the firearm, or if the firearm is

 19 stolen from the person, the person must report the loss or

 20 theft to the Department of State Police within 72 hours after

 21 obtaining knowledge of the loss or theft.
- 22 (b) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty
 23 of a petty offense for a first violation. A second or
 24 subsequent violation of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor.
- 25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.