## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

# 2005 and 2006

#### HB0244

Introduced 1/14/2005, by Rep. Elaine Nekritz

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

415 ILCS 5/10

from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1010

Amends the Environmental Protection Act. Provides that the Pollution Control Board may not amend or revise its new source review regulations to be less stringent than those that existed on December 30, 2002. Requires the Board, if the Board finds, after a public hearing, that its rules or regulations are not equivalent to or more stringent than the rules or regulations that existed on December 30, 2002, to promptly adopt the rules or regulations that may be necessary to establish, at a minimum, equivalency. Effective January 1, 2006.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1

AN ACT concerning environmental protection.

2 WHEREAS, For over 25 years, the federal Clean Air Act (42 3 U.S.C. Sec. 7401, et seq.) has required major new and modified 4 sources of air pollution to be subject to a new source review 5 program for nonattainment areas and for the prevention of significant deterioration, in order to ensure that those 6 7 sources use the state-of-the-art level of emission control, 8 offset any new emissions, and comply with other requirements, 9 as a means of ensuring that those new and modified sources do not adversely affect air quality; and 10

11 WHEREAS, Requiring modern pollution controls and emission offsets for new and modified sources ensures that industrial 12 13 growth does not result in unacceptable levels of air pollution and that existing sources operate more cleanly over time by 14 15 applying the latest pollution controls when those sources are 16 overhauled or upgraded; without these limits, air quality would 17 degrade over time, and industrial growth, critical to the economic health of the state, would be foreclosed; and 18

WHEREAS, The new source review program has been a cornerstone of the State's efforts to reduce pollution from new and existing industrial sources by requiring those sources to use the state-of-the-art level of emission controls based on the attainment status of the area where the source is located; and

25 WHEREAS, The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. 26 E.P.A.) initially promulgated, and subsequently has revised, 27 the new source review program to carry out the requirements of 28 the federal Clean Air Act for preconstruction review of new and 29 modified sources of air pollutants by the states; and

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WHEREAS, On December 31, 2002, the U.S. E.P.A., under the

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1 direction of the President of the United States, promulgated 2 regulations that substantially weaken the basic federal new source review program (67 Fed.Reg. 80186-80289 (Dec. 31, 3 4 2002)); in promulgating the regulatory amendments, the U.S. 5 E.P.A. claims that the new source review program has impeded or resulted in the cancellation of projects that would maintain or 6 improve reliability, efficiency, and safety. This claim is 7 8 contradicted by Illinois' experience under the new source 9 review programs of the air pollution control and air quality 10 management districts; and

11 WHEREAS, The amendments promulgated December 31, 2002, will drastically reduce the 12 circumstances under which 13 modifications at an existing source would be subject to federal new source review. The U.S. E.P.A. has also adopted a rule 14 15 changing the definition of "routine maintenance, repair and replacement", which, if it survives judicial review, will 16 significantly worsen the situation; and 17

18 WHEREAS, The newly revised federal new source review 19 reneges on the promise of clean air embodied in the federal 20 Clean Air Act, and threatens to undermine the air quality of 21 the State of Illinois and thereby threatens the health and 22 safety of the people of the State; and

23 WHEREAS, Section 107 of the federal Clean Air Act (42 24 U.S.C. Sec. 7407) provides that the State has primary 25 responsibility for meeting ambient air quality standards in all 26 areas of the State, and that the means to achieve the standards 27 must be set out in the State implementation plan; and

28 WHEREAS, Section 116 of the federal Clean Air Act (42 29 U.S.C. Sec. 7416) preserves the right of states to adopt air 30 pollution control requirements that are more stringent than 31 comparable federal requirements. Moreover, the recent 32 revisions to the federal new source review regulations provide

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that the states may adopt permitting programs that are "at least as stringent" as the new federal "revised base program," and that the federal regulations "certainly do not have the goal of 'preempting' State creativity or innovation." (67 Fed.Reg. 80241); and

6 WHEREAS, It is necessary to protect public health and 7 welfare from any actual or potential adverse effect that 8 reasonably may be anticipated to occur from air pollution; 9 therefore

# 10 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 11 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows:

14 (415 ILCS 5/10) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1010)

15 Sec. 10. Regulations.

(A) The Board, pursuant to procedures prescribed in Title
VII of this Act, may adopt regulations to promote the purposes
of this Title. Without limiting the generality of this
authority, such regulations may among other things prescribe:

(a) Ambient air quality standards specifying the
 maximum permissible short-term and long-term
 concentrations of various contaminants in the atmosphere;

(b) Emission standards specifying the maximum amounts
or concentrations of various contaminants that may be
discharged into the atmosphere;

26 Standards for the issuance of permits for (C)construction, installation, or operation of any equipment, 27 facility, vehicle, vessel, or aircraft capable of causing 28 29 or contributing to air pollution or designed to prevent air 30 pollution;

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(d) Standards and conditions regarding the sale,

offer, or use of any fuel, vehicle, or other article
 determined by the Board to constitute an air-pollution
 hazard;

4 (e) Alert and abatement standards relative to
5 air-pollution episodes or emergencies constituting an
6 acute danger to health or to the environment;

7 (f) Requirements and procedures for the inspection of
8 any equipment, facility, vehicle, vessel, or aircraft that
9 may cause or contribute to air pollution;

10 (g) Requirements and standards for equipment and 11 procedures for monitoring contaminant discharges at their 12 sources, the collection of samples and the collection, 13 reporting and retention of data resulting from such 14 monitoring.

(B) The Board shall adopt sulfur dioxide regulations and emission standards for existing fuel combustion stationary emission sources located in all areas of the State of Illinois, except the Chicago, St. Louis (Illinois) and Peoria major metropolitan areas, in accordance with the following requirements:

(1) Such regulations shall not be more restrictive than
necessary to attain and maintain the "Primary National
Ambient Air Quality Standards for Sulfur Dioxide" and
within a reasonable time attain and maintain the "Secondary
National Ambient Air Quality Standards for Sulfur
Dioxide."

(2) Such regulations shall be based upon ambient air
quality monitoring data insofar as possible, consistent
with regulations of the United States Environmental
Protection Agency. To the extent that air quality modeling
techniques are used for setting standards, such techniques
shall be fully described and documented in the record of
the Board's rulemaking proceeding.

34 (3) Such regulations shall provide a mechanism for the
 35 establishment of emission standards applicable to a
 36 specific site as an alternative to a more restrictive

general emission standard. The Board shall delegate authority to the Agency to determine such specific site emission standards, pursuant to regulations adopted by the Board.

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(4) Such regulations and standards shall allow all available alternative air quality control methods consistent with federal law and regulations.

(C) The Board may not adopt any regulation banning the 8 burning of landscape waste throughout the State generally. The 9 Board may, by regulation, restrict or prohibit the burning of 10 11 landscape waste within any geographical area of the State if it 12 determines based on medical and biological evidence generally 13 accepted by the scientific community that such burning will the atmosphere of that geographical 14 produce in area in 15 sufficient quantities contaminants and of such 16 characteristics and duration as to be injurious to humans, 17 plant, or animal life, or health.

(D) The Board shall adopt regulations requiring the owner 18 19 or operator of a gasoline dispensing system that dispenses more 20 than 10,000 gallons of gasoline per month to install and operate a system for the recovery of gasoline vapor emissions 21 22 arising from the fueling of motor vehicles that meets the 23 requirements of Section 182 of the federal Clean Air Act (42 USC 7511a). These regulations shall apply only in areas of the 24 State that are classified as moderate, serious, severe or 25 26 extreme nonattainment areas for ozone pursuant to Section 181 27 of the federal Clean Air Act (42 USC 7511), but shall not apply in such areas classified as moderate nonattainment areas for 28 29 ozone if the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection 30 Agency promulgates standards for vehicle-based (onboard) systems for the control of vehicle refueling emissions pursuant 31 to Section 202(a)(6) of the federal Clean Air Act (42 USC 32 7521(a)(6)) by November 15, 1992. 33

34 (E) The Board shall not adopt or enforce any regulation
 35 requiring the use of a tarpaulin or other covering on a truck,
 36 trailer, or other vehicle that is stricter than the

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requirements of Section 15-109.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 To the extent that it is in conflict with this subsection, the
 Board's rule codified as 35 Ill. Admin. Code, Section 212.315
 is hereby superseded.

(F) Any person who prior to June 8, 1988, has filed a 5 6 timely Notice of Intent to Petition for an Adjusted RACT Emissions Limitation and who subsequently timely files a 7 8 completed petition for an adjusted RACT emissions limitation 9 pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code, Part 215, Subpart I, shall be subject to the procedures contained in Subpart I but shall be 10 excluded by operation of law from 35 Ill. Adm. Code, Part 215, 11 12 Subparts PP, QQ and RR, including the applicable definitions in 13 35 Ill. Adm. Code, Part 211. Such persons shall instead be subject to a separate regulation which the Board is hereby 14 15 authorized to adopt pursuant to the adjusted RACT emissions limitation procedure in 35 Ill. Adm. Code, Part 215, Subpart I. 16 17 In its final action on the petition, the Board shall create a separate rule which establishes Reasonably Available Control 18 19 Technology (RACT) for such person. The purpose of this 20 procedure is to create separate and independent regulations for purposes of SIP submittal, review, and approval by USEPA. 21

(G) Subpart FF of Subtitle B, Title 35 Ill. Adm. Code,
Sections 218.720 through 218.730 and Sections 219.720 through
219.730, are hereby repealed by operation of law and are
rendered null and void and of no force and effect.

26 (H) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 27 contrary, the Board may not amend or revise its new source review regulations to be less stringent than those that existed 28 on December 30, 2002. If the Board finds, after a public 29 30 hearing, that its rules or regulations are not equivalent to or 31 more stringent than the rules or regulations that existed on December 30, 2002, then the Board must promptly adopt the rules 32 or regulations that may be necessary to establish, at a 33 34 minimum, equivalency.

35 (2) In amending or revising its new source review rules,
 36 the Board may not change any of the following that existed on

1	December 30, 2002 if the amendments or revisions would exempt,
2	relax, or reduce the obligations of a stationary source for a
3	pertinent requirement:
4	(a) The applicability determination for new source
5	review.
6	(b) The definition or "modification", "major
7	modification", "routine maintenance", or "repair or
8	replacement".
9	(c) The calculation, methodology, thresholds, or other
10	procedures of new source review.
11	(d) Any definitions or requirements of the new source
12	review regulations.
13	(3) For purposes of this subpart (H):
14	(a) A "pertinent requirement" means:
15	(i) Any requirement to obtain new source review or
16	other permits to construct, prior to commencement of
17	construction.
18	(ii) Any requirement for best available control
19	technology.
20	(iii) Any requirement for air quality impact
21	analysis.
22	(iv) Any requirement for recordkeeping, monitoring
23	and reporting in a manner that would make
24	recordkeeping, monitoring, or reporting less
25	representative, enforceable, or publicly accessible.
26	(v) Any requirement for regulating any air
27	pollutant covered by the new source review rules and
28	regulations.
29	(vi) Any requirement for public participation,
30	including a public comment period, public
31	notification, public hearing, or other opportunities
32	or forms of public participation, prior to issuance of
33	permits to construct.
34	(b) "More stringent" means that the application of the
35	source review rules increases the obligations of
36	stationary sources under the pertinent requirements.

1	(c) "Equivalent to" means that the application of the
2	source review rules does not alter the obligations of
3	stationary sources under the pertinent requirements.
4	(d) "Less stringent" means that the application of the
5	source review rules reduces the obligations of stationary
6	sources under the pertinent requirements.
7	(4) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) and (2), the Board may
8	amend or revise a regulation if, at the time the amendments or
9	revisions are adopted, the Board makes its decision based upon
10	substantial evidence in the record and each of the following
11	conditions is met:
12	(a) The amended or revised rule or regulation:
13	(i) will replace an existing rule or regulation
14	that caused a risk to public health or safety from
15	exposure to a toxic material, a dangerous condition, or
16	an infectious disease with a rule or regulation that
17	provides greater protection to public health or
18	safety; and
19	(ii) is a temporary rule or regulation necessary to
20	respond to an emergency consisting of a sudden,
21	unexpected occurrence and demanding prompt action to
22	prevent or mitigate loss of or damage to life, health,
23	property, or essential services and the temporary rule
24	or regulation does not extend beyond the reasonably
25	anticipated duration of the emergency; and
26	(b) The amended or revised rule or regulation will not
27	exempt, relax, or reduce the obligation of any stationary
28	source under the rules or regulations of the Board, as
29	those rules or regulations existed on December 30, 2002, to
30	obtain a permit or to meet best available control
31	technology requirements. This paragraph applies only to a
32	source that constituted a major source under the rules or
33	regulations of a district that existed on December 30, 2002
34	and does not apply to any individual best available control
35	technology determination; and
36	(c) The amended or revised rule or regulation is

1	otherwise consistent with this subpart (H).
2	(I) Notwithstanding any preexisting delegation agreement
3	under which Illinois administers the federal new source review
4	program in attainment or unclassified areas, the Board must, no
5	later than 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory
6	Act of the 94th General Assembly, adopt final and
7	immediately-effective emergency rules that apply to those
8	areas and that are identical to the rules applicable to those
9	areas on December 30, 2002.
10	After adopting the emergency rules, the Board may revise
11	them only if the Board determines, after a public hearing based
12	on substantial evidence in the record, that the application of
13	any new rules would be more beneficial to and more protective
14	of the public health and the environment.
15	(Source: P.A. 88-381; 89-79, eff. 6-30-95.)
16	Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
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17 1, 2006.