AN ACT concerning elections.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Sections 7-9, 22-1, 22-7, 22-8, and 22-17 as follows:
(10 ILCS 5/7-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-9)
Sec. 7-9. County central committee; county and State conventions
(a) On the $29 t h$ day after second Monday next wuceeding the primary at which committeemen are elected, the county central committee of each political party shall meet at the county seat of the proper county and proceed to organize by electing from its own number a chairman and either from its own number, or otherwise, such other officers as such committee may deem necessary or expedient. Such meeting of the county central committee shall be known as the county convention.

The chairman of each county committee shall within 10 days after the organization, forward to the state Board of Elections, the names and post office addresses of the officers, precinct committeemen and representative committeemen elected by his political party.

The county convention of each political party shall choose delegates to the state convention of its party; but in any county having within its limits any city having a population of 200,000, or over the delegates from such city shall be chosen by wards, the ward committeemen from the respective wards choosing the number of delegates to which such ward is entitled on the basis prescribed in paragraph (e) of this Section such delegates to be members of the delegation to the state convention from such county. In all counties containing a population of $2,000,000$ or more outside of cities having a population of 200,000 or more, the delegates from each of the
townships or parts of townships as the case may be shall be chosen by townships or parts of townships as the case may be, the township committeemen from the respective townships or parts of townships as the case may be choosing the number of delegates to which such townships or parts of townships as the case may be are entitled, on the basis prescribed in paragraph (e) of this section such delegates to be members of the delegation to the State convention from such county

Each member of the State Central Committee of a political party which elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of Section 7-8 shall be a delegate to the State Convention, ex officio.

Each member of the State Central Committee of a political party which elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of Section 7-8 may appoint 2 delegates to the state Convention who must be residents of the member's Congressional District
(b) State conventions shall be held within 180 days after the general primary in the year 2000 and every 4 years thereafter. In the year 1998, and every 4 years thereafter, the chairman of a State central committee may issue a call for a State convention within 180 days after the general primary.

The State convention of each political party has power to make nominations of candidates of its political party for the electors of President and Vice President of the United States, and to adopt any party platform, and, to the extent determined by the State central committee as provided in Section 7-14, to choose and select delegates and alternate delegates at large to national nominating conventions. The State Central Committee may adopt rules to provide for and govern the procedures of the State convention.
(c) The chairman and secretary of each state convention shall, within 2 days thereafter, transmit to the State Board of Elections of this State a certificate setting forth the names and addresses of all persons nominated by such state convention for electors of President and Vice President of the United

States, and of any persons selected by the State convention for delegates and alternate delegates at large to national nominating conventions; and the names of such candidates so chosen by such State convention for electors of President and Vice President of the United States, shall be caused by the State Board of Elections to be printed upon the official ballot at the general election, in the manner required by law, and shall be certified to the various county clerks of the proper counties in the manner as provided in Section $7-60$ of this Article 7 for the certifying of the names of persons nominated by any party for State offices. If and as long as this Act prescribes that the names of such electors be not printed on the ballot, then the names of such electors shall be certified in such manner as may be prescribed by the parts of this Act applicable thereto.
(d) Each convention may perform all other functions inherent to such political organization and not inconsistent with this Article.
(e) At least 33 days before the date of a State convention, the chairman of the State central committee of each political party shall file in the principal office of the State Board of Elections a call for the State convention. Such call shall state, among other things, the time and place (designating the building or hall) for holding the State convention. Such call shall be signed by the chairman and attested by the secretary of the committee. In such convention each county shall be entitled to one delegate for each 500 ballots voted by the primary electors of the party in such county at the primary to be held next after the issuance of such call; and if in such county, less than 500 ballots are so voted or if the number of ballots so voted is not exactly a multiple of 500, there shall be one delegate for such group which is less than 500 , or for such group representing the number of votes over the multiple of 500, which delegate shall have $1 / 500$ of one vote for each primary vote so represented by him. The call for such convention shall set forth this paragraph (e) of Section 7-9 in
full and shall direct that the number of delegates to be chosen be calculated in compliance herewith and that such number of delegates be chosen.
(f) All precinct, township and ward committeemen when elected as provided in this Section shall serve as though elected at large irrespective of any changes that may be made in precinct, township or ward boundaries and the voting strength of each committeeman shall remain as provided in this Section for the entire time for which he is elected.
(g) The officers elected at any convention provided for in this Section shall serve until their successors are elected as provided in this Act.
(h) A special meeting of any central committee may be called by the chairman, or by not less than $25 \%$ of the members of such committee, by giving 5 days notice to members of such committee in writing designating the time and place at which such special meeting is to be held and the business which it is proposed to present at such special meeting.
(i) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, whenever a vacancy exists in the office of precinct committeeman because no one was elected to that office or because the precinct committeeman ceases to reside in the precinct or for any other reason, the chairman of the county central committee of the appropriate political party may fill the vacancy in such office by appointment of a qualified resident of the county and the appointed precinct committeeman shall serve as though elected; however, no such appointment may be made between the general primary election and the 30th 14 th day after the general primary election.
(j) If the number of Congressional Districts in the State of Illinois is reduced as a result of reapportionment of Congressional Districts following a federal decennial census, the State Central Committeemen and Committeewomen of a political party which elects its state Central Committee by either Alternative A or by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of Section 7-8 who were previously elected shall continue to serve
as if no reapportionment had occurred until the expiration of their terms
(Source: P.A. 89-5, eff. 1-1-96; 90-627, eff. 7-10-98.)
(10 ILCS 5/22-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-1)
Sec. 22-1. Abstracts of votes. Within 217 days after the close of the election at which candidates for offices hereinafter named in this Section are voted upon, the county clerks of the respective counties, with the assistance of the chairmen of the county central committees of the Republican and Democratic parties of the county, shall open the returns and make abstracts of the votes on a separate sheet for each of the following:
A. For Governor and Lieutenant Governor;
B. For State officers;
C. For presidential electors;
D. For United States Senators and Representatives to Congress;
E. For judges of the Supreme Court;
F. For judges of the Appellate Court;
G. For judges of the circuit court;
H. For Senators and Representatives to the General Assembly;
I. For State's Attorneys elected from 2 or more counties;
J. For amendments to the Constitution, and for other propositions submitted to the electors of the entire state;
K. For county officers and for propositions submitted to the electors of the county only;
L. For Regional Superintendent of Schools;
M. For trustees of Sanitary Districts; and
N. For Trustee of a Regional Board of School Trustees.

Multiple originals of each of the sheets shall be prepared and one of each shall be turned over to the chairman of the county central committee of each of the then existing established political parties, as defined in Section $10-2$, or his duly authorized representative immediately after the
completion of the entries on the sheets and before the totals have been compiled.

The foregoing abstracts shall be preserved by the county clerk in his office.

Whenever any county chairman is also county clerk or whenever any county chairman is unable to serve as a member of such canvassing board the vice-chairman or secretary of his county central committee, in that order, shall serve in his place as member of such canvassing board; provided, that if none of these persons is able to serve, the county chairman may appoint a member of his county central committee to serve as a member of such canvassing board.

The powers and duties of the county canvassing board are limited to those specified in this Section. In no event shall such canvassing board open any package in which the ballots have been wrapped or any envelope containing "defective" or "objected to" ballots, or in any manner undertake to examine the ballots used in the election, except as provided in Section 22-9.1 or when directed by a court in an election contest. Nor shall such canvassing board call in the precinct judges of election or any other persons to open or recount the ballots. (Source: P.A. 89-5, eff. 1-1-96.)
(10 ILCS 5/22-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-7)
Sec. 22-7. Canvass of votes; declaration and proclamation of result. The State Board of Elections, shall proceed within $31 z 0$ days after the election, and sooner if all the returns are received, to canvass the votes given for United States Senators and Representatives to Congress, State executive officers, judges of the Supreme Court, judges of the Appellate Court, judges of the Circuit Court, Senators, Representatives to the General Assembly, State's Attorneys and Regional Superintendents of Schools elected from 2 or more counties, respectively, and the persons having the highest number of votes for the respective offices shall be declared duly elected, but if it appears that more than the number of persons
to be elected have the highest and an equal number of votes for the same office, the electoral board shall decide by lot which of such persons shall be elected; and to each person duly elected, the Governor shall give a certificate of election or commission, as the case may require, and shall cause proclamation to be made of the result of the canvass, and they shall at the same time and in the same manner, canvass the vote cast upon amendments to the Constitution, and upon other propositions submitted to the electors of the entire State; and the Governor shall cause to be made such proclamation of the result of the canvass as the statutes elsewhere provide. The State Board of Elections shall transmit to the state Comptroller a list of the persons elected to the various offices. The State Board of Elections shall also transmit to the Supreme Court the names of persons elected to judgeships in adversary elections and the names of judges who fail to win retention in office.
(Source: P.A. 89-5, eff. 1-1-96.)
(10 ILCS 5/22-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-8)
Sec. 22-8. In municipalities operating under Article 6 of this Act, within 217 days after the close of such election, a judge of the circuit court, with the assistance of the city attorney and the board of election commissioners, who are hereby declared a canvassing board for such city, shall open all returns left respectively, with the election commissioners, the county clerk, and city comptroller, and shall make abstracts or statements of the votes in the following manner, as the case may require, viz: All votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor on one sheet; all votes for other state officers on another sheet; all votes for presidential electors on another sheet; all votes for United States Senators and Representatives to Congress on another sheet; all votes for judges of the supreme court on another sheet; all votes for judges of the Appellate Court on another sheet; all votes for Judges of the Circuit Court on another
sheet; all votes for Senators and Representatives to the General Assembly on another sheet; all votes for State's Attorneys where elected from 2 or more counties on another sheet; all votes for County Officers on another sheet; all votes for City Officers on another sheet; all votes for Town Officers on another sheet; and all votes for any other office on a separate and appropriate sheet; all votes for any proposition, which may be submitted to a vote of the people, on another sheet, and all votes against any proposition, submitted to a vote of the people, on another sheet.

Multiple originals of each of the sheets shall be prepared and one of each shall be turned over to the chairman of the county central committee of each of the then existing established political parties, as defined in Section 10-2, or his duly authorized representative immediately after the completion of the entries on the sheets and before the totals have been compiled.
(Source: P.A. 77-2626.)
(10 ILCS 5/22-17) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-17)

Sec. 22-17. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the canvass of votes cast at the consolidated primary nonpartisam and consolidated elections shall be conducted by the following canvassing boards within 217 days after the close of such elections:

1. For city offices, by the mayor, the city attorney and the city clerk.
2. For village and incorporated town offices, by the president of the board of trustees, one member of the board of trustees, and the village or incorporated town clerk.
3. For township offices, by the township supervisor, the eligible town trustee elected in the township who has the longest term of continuous service as town trustee, and the township clerk.
4. For road district offices, by the highway commissioner and the road district clerk.
5. For school district or community college district offices, by the school or community college district board.
6. For special district elected offices, by the board of the special district.
7. For multi-county educational service region offices, by the regional board of school trustees.
8. For township trustee of schools or land commissioner, by the township trustees of schools or land commissioners.
9. For park district offices, by the president of the park board, one member of the board of park commissioners and the secretary of the park district.
10. For multi-township assessment districts, by the chairman, clerk, and assessor of the multi-township assessment district.
(b) The city canvassing board provided in Section 22-8 shall canvass the votes cast at the nonpartisan and consolidated elections for offices of any political subdivision entirely within the jurisdiction of a municipal board of election commissioners.
(c) The canvass of votes cast upon any public questions submitted to the voters of any political subdivision, or any precinct or combination of precincts within a political subdivision, at any regular election or at any emergency referendum election, including votes cast by voters outside of the political subdivision where the question is for annexation thereto, shall be canvassed by the same board provided for in this Section for the canvass of votes of the officers of such political subdivision. However, referenda conducted throughout a county and referenda of sanitary districts whose officers are elected at general elections shall be canvassed by the county canvassing board. The votes cast on a public question for the formation of a political subdivision shall be canvassed by the circuit court that ordered the question submitted, or by such officers of the court as may be appointed for such purpose, except where in the formation or reorganization of a school
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district or districts the regional superintendent of schools is
designated by law as the canvassing official.
    (d) The canvass of votes for offices of political
subdivisions cast at special elections to fill vacancies held
on the day of any regular election shall be conducted by the
canvassing board which is responsible for canvassing the votes
at the regularly scheduled election for such office.
(Source: P.A. 87-738; 87-1052.)
    Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
becoming law.
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