

## 93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### State of Illinois

### 2003 and 2004

Introduced 2/6/2004, by David Luechtefeld, Frank C. Watson, Kirk W. Dillard, John O. Jones

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

745 ILCS 49/26 new

Amends the Good Samaritan Act. Provides that any physician licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987 and any licensed hospital and any of the hospital's employees, agents, apparent agents, and independent contractors who in good faith provide emergency care or services to a person who is in need of emergency medical treatment and has presented to a hospital for emergency medical care shall not be liable for civil damages as a result of his, her, or its acts or omissions, except for willful or wanton misconduct on the part of the physician, the hospital, or any of the hospital's employees, independent contractors, agents, or apparent agents, in providing the care.

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AN ACT concerning civil immunity.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Good Samaritan Act is amended by adding
Section 26 as follows:

6 (745 ILCS 49/26 new)

7 Sec. 26. Preservation of emergency medical care.

8 (a) The General Assembly acknowledges that many hospitals and physicians provide great benefits to the citizens of 9 Illinois by operating emergency departments and trauma centers 10 and providing services to individuals in need of emergency care 11 throughout the State, without regard to their ability to pay 12 for the care and often without payment for services. The 13 14 General Assembly also acknowledges that many hospitals and 15 physicians are discontinuing their status as trauma centers or reducing the scope of their emergency care due to the fear of 16 17 lawsuits based on claims of medical negligence. The public and society in general will suffer if these trauma centers cease 18 19 operations or hospital emergency departments reduce their level of emergency care. 20

(b) Any physician licensed under the Medical Practice Act 21 22 of 1987 and any licensed hospital and any of the hospital's 23 employees, agents, apparent agents, and independent contractors who in good faith provide emergency care or 24 services to a person who is in need of emergency medical 25 treatment and has presented to a hospital for emergency medical 26 care shall not be liable for civil damages as a result of his, 27 her, or its acts or om<u>issions, except for willful or wanton</u> 28 misconduct on the part of the physician, the hospital, or any 29 30 of the hospital's employees, independent contractors, agents, or apparent agents, in providing the care. 31