

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2003 and 2004

Introduced 2/6/2004, by Debbie DeFrancesco Halvorson

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

| 820 ILCS 130/2 | from Ch. | 48, | par. | 39s-2 |
|----------------|----------|-----|------|-------|
| 820 ILCS 130/3 | from Ch. | 48, | par. | 39s-3 |

Provides that the transportation of aggregate materials to or from the job site shall be deemed to be employment on public works. Eliminates a provision that the processing of non-aggregate materials shall not be deemed to be employment on public works.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1

AN ACT concerning employment.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Prevailing Wage Act is amended by changing
Sections 2 and 3 as follows:

6 (820 ILCS 130/2) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-2)

7 Sec. 2. This Act applies to the wages of laborers, 8 mechanics and other workers employed in any public works, as 9 hereinafter defined, by any public body and to anyone under 10 contracts for public works.

As used in this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise:

"Public works" means all fixed works constructed by any 13 14 public body, other than work done directly by any public utility company, whether or not done under public supervision 15 or direction, or paid for wholly or in part out of public 16 17 funds. "Public works" as defined herein includes all projects financed in whole or in part with bonds issued under the 18 19 Industrial Project Revenue Bond Act (Article 11, Division 74 of the Illinois Municipal Code), the Industrial Building Revenue 20 Bond Act, the Illinois Finance Authority Act, the Illinois 21 22 Sports Facilities Authority Act, or the Build Illinois Bond 23 Act, and all projects financed in whole or in part with loans or other funds made available pursuant to the Build Illinois 24 25 Act. "Public works" also includes all projects financed in whole or in part with funds from the Fund for Illinois' Future 26 under Section 6z-47 of the State Finance Act, funds for school 27 28 construction under Section 5 of the General Obligation Bond funds authorized under Section 3 of the School 29 Act, 30 Construction Bond Act, funds for school infrastructure under Section 6z-45 of the State Finance Act, and funds for 31 transportation purposes under Section 4 of the General 32

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1 Obligation Bond Act. "Public works" also includes all projects 2 financed in whole or in part with funds from the Department of 3 Commerce and <u>Economic Opportunity</u> Community Affairs under the 4 Illinois Renewable Fuels Development Program Act for which 5 there is no project labor agreement.

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6 "Construction" means all work on public works involving 7 laborers, workers or mechanics.

8 "Locality" means the county where the physical work upon public works is performed, except (1) that if there is not 9 available in the county a sufficient number of competent 10 11 skilled laborers, workers and mechanics to construct the public 12 works efficiently and properly, "locality" includes any other 13 county nearest the one in which the work or construction is to be performed and from which such persons may be obtained in 14 15 sufficient numbers to perform the work and (2) that, with 16 respect to contracts for highway work with the Department of 17 Transportation of this State, "locality" may at the discretion of the Secretary of the Department of Transportation be 18 19 construed to include two or more adjacent counties from which 20 workers may be accessible for work on such construction.

"Public body" means the State or any officer, board or 21 22 commission of the State or any political subdivision or 23 department thereof, or any institution supported in whole or in 24 part by public funds, and includes every county, city, town, 25 village, township, school district, irrigation, utility, 26 reclamation improvement or other district and every other 27 political subdivision, district or municipality of the state whether such political subdivision, municipality or district 28 29 operates under a special charter or not.

30 The terms "general prevailing rate of hourly wages", "general prevailing rate of wages" or "prevailing rate of 31 32 wages" when used in this Act mean the hourly cash wages plus 33 fringe benefits for training and apprenticeship programs approved by the U.S. Department Labor, Bureau of 34 of 35 Apprenticeship and Training, health and welfare, insurance, vacations and pensions paid generally, in the locality in which 36

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1 the work is being performed, to employees engaged in work of a 2 similar character on public works. 3 "Aggregate materials" means rock, gravel, sand, pebbles, dirt, soil, clay, bitumen, cultured/polymer, cement, concrete, 4 5 asphalt, and like materials. (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 93-15, eff. 6-11-03; 93-16, 6 eff. 1-1-04; 93-205, eff. 1-1-04; revised 1-12-04.) 7 8 (820 ILCS 130/3) (from Ch. 48, par. 39s-3) 9 Sec. 3. Not less than the general prevailing rate of hourly 10 wages for work of a similar character on public works in the 11 locality in which the work is performed, and not less than the general prevailing rate of hourly wages for legal holiday and 12 overtime work, shall be paid to all laborers, workers and 13 14 mechanics employed by or on behalf of any public body engaged 15 in the construction of public works. Only such laborers, 16 workers and mechanics as are directly employed by contractors or subcontractors in actual construction work on the site of 17 18 the building or construction job, and laborers, workers and 19 mechanics engaged in the transportation of materials, including aggregate materials, and equipment to or from the 20 site, but not including the transportation by the sellers and 21 suppliers or the manufacture or processing of materials or 22 equipment, in the execution of any contract or contracts 23 for 24 public works with any public body shall be deemed to be 25 employed upon public works.

26 <u>The transportation by the sellers and suppliers or the</u> 27 <u>manufacture of non-aggregate materials or equipment in the</u> 28 <u>execution of any contract or contracts for public works with</u> 29 <u>any public body shall not be deemed to be employment upon</u> 30 <u>public works.</u>

The wage for a tradesman performing maintenance is equivalent to that of a tradesman engaged in construction. (Source: P.A. 93-15, eff. 6-11-03; 93-16, eff. 1-1-04.)