

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2003 and 2004

Introduced 2/4/2004, by Ira I. Silverstein

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 815 ILCS 505/2Z

from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 262Z

Creates the Computer Lemon Act. Establishes rights for purchasers of defective computers and specified related devices in the case of ineffective repairs under warranty, failure of a manufacturer to take timely action regarding repairs, or repeated malfunctions or defects. Requires manufacturers to provide specified notices and keep specified records. Provides that a purchaser may bring a civil action against a manufacturer that violates the Act and recover damages, attorney's fees, costs, and expert expenses. Provides that a knowing violation of the Act constitutes an unlawful practice under the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act, and amends the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act accordingly.

LRB093 18717 WGH 44446 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning computers.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 5 Computer Lemon Act.
- 6 Section 5. Definitions. In this Act:
- 7 "Brand new computer" means a computer device which has been
- 8 recently assembled, is unused, and contains no reconditioned
- 9 parts.
- 10 "Computer device" means a central processing unit or
- 11 terminal display screen, including all circuitry and
- 12 connective devices; a printer; a modem; a scanner; or any other
- device used with a computer or any programming for a computer,
- 14 whether preinstalled or purchased separately.
- "Date of sale or lease" means the date when a computer
- device is first delivered to a purchaser.
- "Manufacturer" means a person or for-profit entity engaged
- in the business of manufacturing or assembling computers or
- 19 computer software or accessories.
- "Nonconformity" means a defect, condition, or malfunction
- 21 that impairs the use of a computer device or causes it to
- operate in a manner not intended.
- "Notice" means the means by which a purchaser advises a
- 24 manufacturer of a nonconformity. Notice may be transmitted by
- any of the following means: by certified or registered mail,
- 26 return receipt requested; by facsimile transmission;
- 27 electronically; by e-mail; any means provided for in the
- 28 manufacturer's warranty or service materials.
- "Purchaser" means a person who is a resident or temporary
- 30 resident of the State of Illinois or a business entity that has
- 31 fewer than 30 personal computers acting either in concert with
- 32 a network or as stand-alone machines and who obtains a computer

- device by lease, retail sale, internet sale, gift, special
- 2 contract, or other transaction, whether delivered or currently
- 3 located in this State.
- 4 Section 10. Notice to purchaser.
- 5 (a) At the time of sale or lease of a computer device, a
 6 purchaser must be provided by the manufacturer an accurate
 7 written statement of the purchaser's rights established by this
 8 Act. The statement must be printed in 14-point boldface type.
 9 The manufacturer must secure from the purchaser a signed
 10 acknowledgment that the manufacturer has explained to the
 11 purchaser his or her rights and that the purchaser understands
- those rights. Unless a signed acknowledgment of rights is secured, the time limits specified in Section 15 must be tolled.
 - (b) The manufacturer must conspicuously disclose the name and version number of all software programs or combinations of programs that will or may be likely to cause operating problems with the computer device. In any action brought under this Act, when there is a claim that such a disclosure was not made, the burden is on the manufacturer to prove that such a disclosure was made.
 - Section 15. Coverage and coverage period.
 - (a) A purchaser of a computer device is entitled to effective repairs by the manufacturer for any nonconformity that arises during the first 24 months of use, at no cost to the purchaser. However, if the manufacturer has issued a warranty or service contract, the coverage period must be the greater of (i) the term specified in the warranty or service contract or (ii) 24 months from the date of purchase.
 - (b) Within 5 business days after receiving notice from a purchaser of a nonconformity, plus reasonable time for shipping of not more than 3 business days, the manufacturer must repair any computer device and return it to the purchaser subject to the following conditions:

- 1 (1) If on-site service is provided for in the warranty,
 2 repairs must be made at the purchaser's location without
 3 charge.
 - (2) If on-site service is not provided for in the warranty, the manufacturer must arrange and pay for the cost of shipping from the purchaser's location.
 - (3) If on-site service is conducted by the purchaser, who, at the manufacturer's direction, performs diagnostic tests or troubleshooting procedures or attempts repairs, including but not limited to partial disassembly, the service is considered to be conducted by the manufacturer.
 - (4) All repairs must be guaranteed by the manufacturer for a term of 2 years.
 - (c) If the repair is ineffective, the manufacturer must have, upon notice from the purchaser, a second opportunity to make an effective repair at the purchaser's physical location, provided that the repair is completed within 3 business days. The manufacturer may not require the purchaser to ship the unit back to the manufacturer for the final repair opportunity regardless of the manufacturer's willingness to pay for shipping costs.
 - (d) If the second repair is ineffective or if the manufacturer fails to timely respond to the purchaser as required under this Section, the purchaser may elect to do either of the following:
 - (1) Receive from the manufacturer a refund of the full purchase price paid at the time of sale or the full value of the lease, as the case may be, plus finance and collateral charges.
 - (2) Receive from the manufacturer delivery of a brand new computer device of equal or greater value than the original price paid at the time of acquisition, without charge or offset for use.

If more than one nonconformity has been subject to repair, no second repair attempt is required before the purchaser may seek the remedies provided in this Act.

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- (e) A manufacturer may, at its discretion, request return of the unrepaired computer device at cost, if the manufacturer has replaced the unit or refunded the purchase price.
 - (f) No computer device returned in accordance with this Section may be resold in this State. A violation of this subsection is a violation of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act, and in addition to remedies provided by that Act, any subsequent purchaser is entitled to damages in the amount of treble the purchase price paid by that purchaser for the device.
 - (g) Notwithstanding subsections (e) and (f), a manufacturer who refuses to honor the terms of any warranty booklet or materials delivered to the purchaser at, prior to, or after the delivery of the computer device is in violation of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act, and in addition to remedies provided by that Act, the original purchaser is entitled to damages in the amount of treble the purchase price paid by that purchaser for the device.
 - Section 20. Records. A manufacturer must retain records of contacts, communications, notice transmissions, all customer service dialogues between itself and a purchaser and must maintain a list, by serial number, of all refunds or replacements made under this Act. Copies must be made available to the purchaser upon demand, regardless of whether the manufacturer uses the services of a third party to manage purchaser claims. Failure to comply with this Section is a violation of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act, and in addition to remedies provided by that Act, the original purchaser is entitled to damages in the amount of treble the purchase price paid by that purchaser for the device.
- 32 Section 25. Civil actions.
- 33 (a) If the manufacturer of a computer device violates any 34 provision of this Act, the purchaser may initiate a civil

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- action to recover as damages any and all remedies specified in this Act.
 - (b) In addition to refund or replacement of the computer device under Section 15, a prevailing purchaser is entitled to an additional award of \$6,000.
 - (c) If a purchaser initiates an action in this State for a violation of this Act, the manufacturer must produce at each and every court proceeding in that action a corporate representative who is fully aware of the facts and circumstances of the case and has available for the court's review a copy of all records required by Section 20.
 - Section 30. Attorney's fees; costs; expenses. If a purchaser prevails in a claim under this Act, the manufacturer must pay the purchaser's reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and expert expenses in resolving and, if necessary, litigating an action under Section 25, regardless of the cost of the computer device.
- Section 35. Prohibited defenses. It is not a defense under this Act that a nonconformity was caused by a software programming problem under the following conditions:
 - (1) If the software was preinstalled by the manufacturer.
 - (2) Unless the manufacturer produces an expert witness at the proceedings who examined the computer device and can specify the exact cause and correction of the problem.
- 26 (3) Unless the manufacturer has strictly complied with 27 the notice provisions of subsection (b) of Section 10.
- Section 40. Expert witness. A purchaser who seeks relief under this Act must not under any circumstances be required to retain the opinion of an expert to prevail against a manufacturer.

- 1 Business Practices Act. A violation of any provision of this
- 2 Act is also a violation of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive
- Business Practices Act. 3
- 4 Section 50. Rights preserved. Nothing in this Act limits
- 5 the purchaser from pursuing any other rights or remedies under
- any other law, contract, or warranty. 6
- 7 Section 55. No waiver. The provisions of this Act may not
- 8 be waived by a purchaser.
- 9 Section 60. Applicability. This Act applies to all
- computer devices purchased, leased, or delivered to a purchaser 10
- on or after the effective date of this Act. 11
- 12 Section 90. The Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business
- 13 Practices Act is amended by changing Section 2Z as follows:
- 14 (815 ILCS 505/2Z) (from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 262Z)
- 15 Sec. 2Z. Violations of other Acts. Any person who knowingly
- violates the Computer Lemon Act, the Automotive Repair Act, the 16
- Home Repair and Remodeling Act, the Dance Studio Act, the 17
- Physical Fitness Services Act, the Hearing Instrument Consumer 18
- Protection Act, the Illinois Union Label Act, the Job Referral 19
- 20 and Job Listing Services Consumer Protection Act, the Travel
- 21 Promotion Consumer Protection Act, the Credit Services
- 22 Organizations Act, the Automatic Telephone Dialers Act, the
- 23 Pay-Per-Call Services Consumer Protection Act, the Telephone
- Solicitations Act, the Illinois Funeral or Burial Funds Act, 24
- 25 the Cemetery Care Act, the Safe and Hygienic Bed Act, the
- 26 Pre-Need Cemetery Sales Act, the High Risk Home Loan Act,
- subsection (a) or (b) of Section 3-10 of the Cigarette Tax Act,

subsection (a) or (b) of Section 3-10 of the Cigarette Use Tax

- 29 Act, the Electronic Mail Act, or paragraph (6) of subsection
- (k) of Section 6-305 of the Illinois Vehicle Code commits an 30
- 31 unlawful practice within the meaning of this Act.

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1 (Source: P.A. 92-426, eff. 1-1-02; 93-561, eff. 1-1-04.)