1

AN ACT in relation to education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing
Section 18-8.05 as follows:

6 (105 ILCS 5/18-8.05)

Sec. 18-8.05. Basis for apportionment of general State
financial aid and supplemental general State aid to the
common schools for the 1998-1999 and subsequent school years.

10 (A) General Provisions.

11 (1) The provisions of this Section apply to the 1998-1999 <u>school year</u> and subsequent school years. 12 The system of general State financial aid provided for in this 13 Section is designed to assure that, through a combination of 14 15 State financial aid and required local resources, the 16 financial support provided each pupil in Average Daily Attendance equals or exceeds a prescribed per pupil 17 18 Foundation Level. This formula approach imputes a level of per pupil Available Local Resources and provides for the 19 20 basis to calculate a per pupil level of general State 21 financial aid that, when added to Available Local Resources, equals or exceeds the Foundation Level. The amount of per 22 pupil general State financial aid for school districts, in 23 general, varies in inverse relation to Available Local 24 25 Resources. Per pupil amounts are based upon each school 26 district's Average Daily Attendance as that term is defined 27 in this Section.

(2) In addition to general State financial aid, school
districts with specified levels or concentrations of pupils
from low income households are eligible to receive
supplemental general State financial aid grants as provided

pursuant to subsection (H). The supplemental State aid grants provided for school districts under subsection (H) shall be appropriated for distribution to school districts as part of the same line item in which the general State financial aid of school districts is appropriated under this Section.

6 (3) To receive financial assistance under this Section,
7 school districts are required to file claims with the State
8 Board of Education, subject to the following requirements:

9 Any school district which fails for any given (a) school year to maintain school as required by law, or to 10 11 maintain a recognized school is not eligible to file for 12 such school year any claim upon the Common School Fund. In case of nonrecognition of one or more attendance 13 school district otherwise operating 14 centers in а 15 recognized schools, the claim of the district shall be 16 reduced in the proportion which the Average Daily Attendance in the attendance center or centers bear 17 to the Average Daily Attendance in the school district. 18 А 19 "recognized school" means any public school which meets the standards as established for recognition by the State 20 21 Board of Education. A school district or attendance 22 center not having recognition status at the end of a 23 school term is entitled to receive State aid payments due 24 upon a legal claim which was filed while it was 25 recognized.

(b) School district claims filed under this Section
are subject to Sections 18-9, 18-10, and 18-12, except as
otherwise provided in this Section.

(c) If a school district operates a full year
school under Section 10-19.1, the general State aid to
the school district shall be determined by the State
Board of Education in accordance with this Section as
near as may be applicable.

34 (d) (

(d) (Blank).

```
-3- LRB093 03070 NHT 03087 b
```

1 (4) Except as provided in subsections (H) and (L), the 2 board of any district receiving any of the grants provided 3 for in this Section may apply those funds to any fund so 4 received for which that board is authorized to make 5 expenditures by law.

School districts are not required to exert a minimum
Operating Tax Rate in order to qualify for assistance under
this Section.

9 (5) As used in this Section the following terms, when 10 capitalized, shall have the meaning ascribed herein:

11 (a) "Average Daily Attendance": A count of pupil 12 attendance in school, averaged as provided for in 13 subsection (C) and utilized in deriving per pupil 14 financial support levels.

(b) "Available Local Resources": A computation of
local financial support, calculated on the basis of
Average Daily Attendance and derived as provided pursuant
to subsection (D).

19 (c) "Corporate Personal Property Replacement
20 Taxes": Funds paid to local school districts pursuant to
21 "An Act in relation to the abolition of ad valorem
22 personal property tax and the replacement of revenues
23 lost thereby, and amending and repealing certain Acts and
24 parts of Acts in connection therewith", certified August
25 14, 1979, as amended (Public Act 81-1st S.S.-1).

26 (d) "Foundation Level": A prescribed level of per
27 pupil financial support as provided for in subsection
28 (B).

(e) "Operating Tax Rate": All school district
property taxes extended for all purposes, except Bond and
Interest, Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and
Vocational Education Building purposes.

33 (B) Foundation Level.

34 (1) The Foundation Level is a figure established by the

1 State representing the minimum level of per pupil financial 2 support that should be available to provide for the basic education of each pupil in Average Daily Attendance. As set 3 4 forth in this Section, each school district is assumed to 5 exert a sufficient local taxing effort such that, in б combination with the aggregate of general State financial aid 7 provided the district, an aggregate of State and local resources are available to meet the basic education needs of 8 9 pupils in the district.

10 (2) For the 1998-1999 school year, the Foundation Level 11 of support is \$4,225. For the 1999-2000 school year, the 12 Foundation Level of support is \$4,325. For the 2000-2001 13 school year, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,425.

14 (3) For the 2001-2002 school year and each school year 15 thereafter, the Foundation Level of support is \$4,560 or such 16 greater amount as may be established by law by the General 17 Assembly.

18 (C) Average Daily Attendance.

19 For purposes of calculating general State (1) aid pursuant to subsection (E), an Average Daily Attendance 20 21 figure shall be utilized. The Average Daily Attendance figure for formula calculation purposes shall be the monthly 22 23 average of the actual number of pupils in attendance of each 24 school district, as further averaged for the best 3 months of 25 pupil attendance for each school district. In compiling the 26 figures for the number of pupils in attendance, school districts and the State Board of Education shall, for 27 28 purposes of general State aid funding, conform attendance 29 figures to the requirements of subsection (F).

30 (2) The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in 31 subsection (E) shall be the requisite attendance data for the 32 school year immediately preceding the school year for which 33 general State aid is being calculated or the average of the 34 attendance data for the 3 preceding school years, whichever

-5- LRB093 03070 NHT 03087 b

is greater. The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in
 subsection (H) shall be the requisite attendance data for the
 school year immediately preceding the school year for which
 general State aid is being calculated.

5 (D) Available Local Resources.

6 (1) For purposes of calculating general State aid 7 pursuant to subsection (E), a representation of Available Local Resources per pupil, as that term is defined and 8 determined in this subsection, shall be utilized. 9 Available Local Resources per pupil shall include a calculated dollar 10 11 amount representing local school district revenues from local 12 property taxes and from Corporate Personal Property 13 Replacement Taxes, expressed on the basis of pupils in 14 Average Daily Attendance.

15 (2) In determining a school district's revenue from 16 local property taxes, the State Board of Education shall 17 utilize the equalized assessed valuation of all taxable 18 property of each school district as of September 30 of the 19 previous year. The equalized assessed valuation utilized 20 shall be obtained and determined as provided in subsection 21 (G).

For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten 22 (3) 23 through 12, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the product of the applicable equalized 24 25 assessed valuation for the district multiplied by 3.00%, and divided by the district's Average Daily Attendance figure. 26 For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten through 27 28 8. local property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated 29 as the product of the applicable equalized assessed valuation for the district multiplied by 2.30%, and divided by the 30 district's Average Daily Attendance figure. 31 For school districts maintaining grades 9 through 12, local property tax 32 33 revenues per pupil shall be the applicable equalized assessed valuation of the district multiplied by 1.05%, and divided by 34

1

the district's Average Daily Attendance figure.

2 (4) The Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes paid to each school district during the calendar year 2 years 3 4 before the calendar year in which a school year begins, 5 divided by the Average Daily Attendance figure for that 6 district, shall be added to the local property tax revenues 7 per pupil as derived by the application of the immediately 8 preceding paragraph (3). The sum of these per pupil figures 9 for each school district shall constitute Available Local Resources as that term is utilized in subsection (E) in the 10 11 calculation of general State aid.

12 (E) Computation of General State Aid.

For each school year, the amount of general State 13 (1)14 aid allotted to a school district shall be computed by the State Board of Education as provided in this subsection. 15

(2) For any school district for which Available Local 16 Resources per pupil is less than the product of 0.93 times 17 18 the Foundation Level, general State aid for that district 19 shall be calculated as an amount equal to the Foundation Level minus Available Local Resources, multiplied by the 20 21 Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

(3) For any school district for which Available Local 22 23 Resources per pupil is equal to or greater than the product 24 of 0.93 times the Foundation Level and less than the product 25 of 1.75 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid per pupil shall be a decimal proportion of the Foundation Level 26 derived using a linear algorithm. Under 27 this linear 28 algorithm, the calculated general State aid per pupil shall decline in direct linear fashion from 0.07 times 29 the 30 Foundation Level for a school district with Available Local Resources equal to the product of 0.93 times the Foundation 31 Level, to 0.05 times the Foundation Level for a school 32 33 district with Available Local Resources equal to the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level. The allocation of 34

-7- LRB093 03070 NHT 03087 b

1 general State aid for school districts subject to this 2 paragraph 3 shall be the calculated general State aid per 3 pupil figure multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of 4 the school district.

5 (4) For any school district for which Available Local 6 Resources per pupil equals or exceeds the product of 1.75 7 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid for the 8 school district shall be calculated as the product of \$218 9 multiplied by the Average Daily Attendance of the school 10 district.

11 (5) The amount of general State aid allocated to a school district for the 1999-2000 school year meeting the 12 requirements set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) 13 increased by an amount equal to the general State 14 shall be aid that would have been received by the district for the 15 16 1998-1999 school year by utilizing the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation as calculated in paragraph (4) 17 18 of subsection (G) less the general State aid allotted for the 1998-1999 school year. This amount shall be deemed a one 19 time increase, and shall not affect any future general State 20 21 aid allocations.

22 (F) (

(F) Compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

23 (1) Each school district shall, by July 1 of each year, submit to the State Board of Education, on forms prescribed 24 by the State Board of Education, attendance figures for the 25 school year that began in the preceding calendar year. 26 The attendance information so transmitted shall identify the 27 28 average daily attendance figures for each month of the school year. Beginning with the general State aid claim form for 29 the 2002-2003 school year, districts shall calculate Average 30 Daily Attendance as provided in subdivisions (a), (b), 31 and (c) of this paragraph (1). 32

33 (a) In districts that do not hold year-round
 34 classes, days of attendance in August shall be added to

1 2 the month of September and any days of attendance in June shall be added to the month of May.

3 (b) In districts in which all buildings hold 4 year-round classes, days of attendance in July and August 5 shall be added to the month of September and any days of 6 attendance in June shall be added to the month of May.

7 (c) In districts in which some buildings, but not all, hold year-round classes, for the non-year-round 8 9 buildings, days of attendance in August shall be added to the month of September and any days of attendance in June 10 11 shall be added to the month of May. The average daily attendance for the year-round buildings shall be computed 12 as provided in subdivision (b) of this paragraph (1). 13 То calculate the Average Daily Attendance for the district, 14 15 the average daily attendance for the year-round buildings 16 shall be multiplied by the days in session for the non-year-round buildings for each month and added to the 17 monthly attendance of the non-year-round buildings. 18

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, days of 19 attendance by pupils shall be counted only for sessions of 20 21 not less than 5 clock hours of school work per day under 22 direct supervision of: (i) teachers, or (ii) non-teaching 23 volunteer personnel when personnel or engaging in 24 non-teaching duties and supervising in those instances 25 specified in subsection (a) of Section 10-22.34 and paragraph 10 of Section 34-18, with pupils of legal school age and in 26 kindergarten and grades 1 through 12. 27

Days of attendance by tuition pupils shall be accredited only to the districts that pay the tuition to a recognized school.

31 (2) Days of attendance by pupils of less than 5 clock
32 hours of school shall be subject to the following provisions
33 in the compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

34

(a) Pupils regularly enrolled in a public school

1 for only a part of the school day may be counted on the 2 basis of 1/6 day for every class hour of instruction of 40 minutes or more attended pursuant to such enrollment, 3 4 unless a pupil is enrolled in a block-schedule format of minutes or more of instruction, in which case the 5 80 pupil may be counted on the basis of the proportion of 6 7 minutes of school work completed each day to the minimum number of minutes that school work is required to be held 8 9 that day.

10 (b) Days of attendance may be less than 5 clock 11 hours on the opening and closing of the school term, and 12 upon the first day of pupil attendance, if preceded by a 13 day or days utilized as an institute or teachers' 14 workshop.

15 (c) A session of 4 or more clock hours may be 16 counted as a day of attendance upon certification by the 17 regional superintendent, and approved by the State 18 Superintendent of Education to the extent that the 19 district has been forced to use daily multiple sessions.

(d) A session of 3 or more clock hours may be 20 21 counted as a day of attendance (1) when the remainder of 22 the school day or at least 2 hours in the evening of that 23 day is utilized for an in-service training program for teachers, up to a maximum of 5 days per school year of 24 which a maximum of 4 days of such 5 days may be used for 25 parent-teacher conferences, provided a district conducts 26 27 an in-service training program for teachers which has been approved by the State Superintendent of Education; 28 29 or, in lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days may be used, in which event each such day may be counted as a day of 30 attendance; and (2) when days in addition to those 31 provided in item (1) are scheduled by a school pursuant 32 to its school improvement plan adopted under Article 34 33 or its revised or amended school improvement plan adopted 34

1 under Article 2, provided that (i) such sessions of 3 or 2 more clock hours are scheduled to occur at regular intervals, (ii) the remainder of the school days in which 3 4 such sessions occur are utilized for in-service training programs or other staff development activities 5 for teachers, and (iii) a sufficient number of minutes of 6 7 school work under the direct supervision of teachers are 8 added to the school days between such regularly scheduled 9 sessions to accumulate not less than the number of minutes by which such sessions of 3 or more clock hours 10 11 fall short of 5 clock hours. Any full days used for the purposes of this paragraph shall not be considered for 12 13 computing average daily attendance. Days scheduled for staff 14 in-service training programs, development 15 activities, or parent-teacher conferences may be 16 scheduled separately for different grade levels and different attendance centers of the district. 17

18 (e) A session of not less than one clock hour of 19 teaching hospitalized or homebound pupils on-site or by 20 telephone to the classroom may be counted as 1/2 day of 21 attendance, however these pupils must receive 4 or more 22 clock hours of instruction to be counted for a full day 23 of attendance.

(f) A session of at least 4 clock hours may be
counted as a day of attendance for first grade pupils,
and pupils in full day kindergartens, and a session of 2
or more hours may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance by
pupils in kindergartens which provide only 1/2 day of
attendance.

30 (g) For children with disabilities who are below 31 the age of 6 years and who cannot attend 2 or more clock 32 hours because of their disability or immaturity, a 33 session of not less than one clock hour may be counted as 34 1/2 day of attendance; however for such children whose 1 2 educational needs so require a session of 4 or more clock hours may be counted as a full day of attendance.

(h) A recognized kindergarten which provides for 3 4 only 1/2 day of attendance by each pupil shall not have more than 1/2 day of attendance counted in any one day. 5 However, kindergartens may count 2 1/2 days of attendance 6 7 in any 5 consecutive school days. When a pupil attends such a kindergarten for 2 half days on any one school 8 9 day, the pupil shall have the following day as a day absent from school, unless the school district obtains 10 11 permission in writing from the State Superintendent of 12 Education. Attendance at kindergartens which provide for a full day of attendance by each pupil shall be counted 13 same as attendance by first grade pupils. Only the 14 the 15 first year of attendance in one kindergarten shall be 16 counted, except in case of children who entered the kindergarten in their fifth year whose 17 educational development requires a second year of kindergarten as 18 19 determined under the rules and regulations of the State Board of Education. 20

21

(G) Equalized Assessed Valuation Data.

For purposes of the calculation of Available Local 22 (1)23 Resources required pursuant to subsection (D), the State Board of Education shall secure from the Department of 24 25 Revenue the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue of all taxable property of every school district, 26 together with (i) the applicable tax rate used in extending 27 28 taxes for the funds of the district as of September 30 of the previous year and (ii) the limiting rate for all school 29 30 districts subject to property tax extension limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. 31

This equalized assessed valuation, as adjusted further by the requirements of this subsection, shall be utilized in the calculation of Available Local Resources.

-12- LRB093 03070 NHT 03087 b

1 2 (2) The equalized assessed valuation in paragraph (1) shall be adjusted, as applicable, in the following manner:

(a) For the purposes of calculating State aid under 3 4 this Section, with respect to any part of a school district within a redevelopment project area in respect 5 which a municipality has adopted tax increment 6 to 7 allocation financing pursuant to the Tax Increment 8 Allocation Redevelopment Act, Sections 11-74.4-1 through 9 11-74.4-11 of the Illinois Municipal Code or the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law, Sections 11-74.6-1 through 10 11 11-74.6-50 of the Illinois Municipal Code, no part of the current equalized assessed valuation of real property 12 located in any such project area which is attributable to 13 an increase above the total initial equalized assessed 14 15 valuation of such property shall be used as part of the 16 equalized assessed valuation of the district, until such time as all redevelopment project costs have been paid, 17 as provided in Section 11-74.4-8 of the Tax Increment 18 Allocation Redevelopment Act or in Section 11-74.6-35 of 19 the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose of the 20 21 equalized assessed valuation of the district, the total 22 initial equalized assessed valuation or the current 23 equalized assessed valuation, whichever is lower, shall be used until such time as all redevelopment project 24 25 costs have been paid.

(b) The real property equalized assessed valuation 26 for a school district shall be adjusted by subtracting 27 from the real property value as equalized or assessed by 28 the Department of Revenue for the district an amount 29 30 computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under Section 18-170 of the Property Tax Code by 3.00% 31 for a district maintaining grades kindergarten through 32 12, by 2.30% for a district maintaining grades 33 kindergarten through 8, or by 1.05% for a district 34

maintaining grades 9 through 12 and adjusted by an amount computed by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under subsection (a) of Section 18-165 of the Property Tax Code by the same percentage rates for district type as specified in this subparagraph (b).

6 (3) For the 1999-2000 school year and each school year 7 thereafter, if a school district meets all of the criteria of 8 this subsection (G)(3), the school district's Available Local 9 Resources shall be calculated under subsection (D) using the 10 district's Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation 11 as calculated under this subsection (G)(3).

For purposes of this subsection (G)(3) the following terms shall have the following meanings:

14"Budget Year": The school year for which general15State aid is calculated and awarded under subsection (E).

16 "Base Tax Year": The property tax levy year used to 17 calculate the Budget Year allocation of general State 18 aid.

"Preceding Tax Year": The property tax levy year
immediately preceding the Base Tax Year.

"Base Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County Clerk in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as calculated by the County Clerk and defined in the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law.

26 "Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of
27 the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County
28 Clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the
29 Operating Tax Rate as defined in subsection (A).

30 "Extension Limitation Ratio": A numerical ratio,
31 certified by the County Clerk, in which the numerator is
32 the Base Tax Year's Tax Extension and the denominator is
33 the Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension.

34 "Operating Tax Rate": The operating tax rate as

1

defined in subsection (A).

2 If a school district is subject to property tax extension limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension 3 4 Limitation Law, the State Board of Education shall calculate 5 the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of that 6 district. For the 1999-2000 school year, the Extension 7 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal 8 9 to the product of the district's 1996 Equalized Assessed Valuation and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. For 10 11 the 2000-2001 school year and each school year thereafter, the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a 12 school district as calculated by the State Board of Education 13 shall be equal to the product of the Equalized Assessed 14 Valuation last used in the calculation of general State aid 15 and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. 16 Ιf the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school 17 district as calculated under this subsection (G)(3) is less 18 19 than the district's equalized assessed valuation as calculated pursuant to subsections (G)(1) and (G)(2), then 20 21 for purposes of calculating the district's general State aid 22 for the Budget Year pursuant to subsection (E), that 23 Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be the district's Available Local 24 utilized to calculate 25 Resources under subsection (D).

(4) For the purposes of calculating general State aid 26 for the 1999-2000 school year only, if a school district 27 experienced a triennial reassessment on 28 the equalized 29 assessed valuation used in calculating its general State 30 financial aid apportionment for the 1998-1999 school year, the State Board of Education shall calculate the Extension 31 32 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation that would have been used to calculate the district's 1998-1999 general State aid. 33 This amount shall equal the product of the equalized assessed 34

1 valuation used to calculate general State aid for the 2 1997-1998 school year and the district's Extension Limitation If the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed 3 Ratio. 4 Valuation of the school district as calculated under this 5 paragraph (4) is less than the district's equalized assessed 6 valuation utilized in calculating the district's 1998-1999 7 allocation, then for purposes of State aid general calculating the district's general State aid pursuant to 8 9 paragraph (5) of subsection (E), that Extension Limitation 10 Equalized Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate the district's Available Local Resources. 11

12 (5) For school districts having a majority of their equalized assessed valuation in any county except Cook, 13 DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, or Will, if the amount of 14 general State aid allocated to the school district for the 15 16 1999-2000 school year under the provisions of subsection (E), (J) of this Section is less than the amount of 17 (H), and general State aid allocated to the district for the 1998-1999 18 school year under these subsections, then the general State 19 20 aid of the district for the 1999-2000 school year only shall 21 be increased by the difference between these amounts. The 22 total payments made under this paragraph (5) shall not exceed 23 \$14,000,000. Claims shall be prorated if they exceed \$14,000,000. 24

25 (H) Supplemental General State Aid.

26 (1) In addition to the general State aid a school district is allotted pursuant to subsection (E), qualifying 27 28 school districts shall receive a grant, paid in conjunction a district's payments of general State aid, for 29 with 30 supplemental general State aid based upon the concentration level of children from low-income households within the 31 school district. Supplemental State aid grants provided for 32 33 school districts under this subsection shall be appropriated for distribution to school districts as part of the same line 34

1 item in which the general State financial aid of school 2 districts is appropriated under this Section. For purposes of this subsection, the term "Low-Income Concentration Level" 3 4 shall be the low-income eligible pupil count from the most 5 recently available federal census divided by the Average 6 Daily Attendance of the school district. If, however, (i) the 7 percentage decrease from the 2 most recent federal censuses 8 in the low-income eligible pupil count of a high school 9 district with fewer than 400 students exceeds by 75% or more the percentage change in the total low-income eligible pupil 10 11 count of contiguous elementary school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous with the high school district, or 12 (ii) a high school district within 2 counties and serving 5 13 elementary school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous 14 15 with the high school district, has a percentage decrease from 16 the 2 most recent federal censuses in the low-income eligible pupil count and there is a percentage increase in the total 17 low-income eligible pupil count of a majority of 18 the 19 elementary school districts in excess of 50% from the 2 most 20 recent federal censuses, then the high school district's 21 low-income eligible pupil count from the earlier federal 22 census shall be the number used as the low-income eligible 23 pupil count for the high school district, for purposes of this subsection (H). The changes made to this paragraph (1) 24 25 by Public Act 92-28 shall apply to supplemental general State aid grants paid in fiscal year 1999 and in each fiscal year 26 thereafter and to any State aid payments made in fiscal year 27 1994 through fiscal year 1998 pursuant to subsection 1(n) of 28 29 Section 18-8 of this Code (which was repealed on July 1, 30 1998), and any high school district that is affected by Public Act 92-28 is entitled to a recomputation of its 31 32 supplemental general State aid grant or State aid paid in any of those fiscal years. This recomputation shall not be 33 34 affected by any other funding.

1 (2) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this 2 subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 3 1998-1999, 1999-2000, and 2000-2001 school years only:

4 (a) For any school district with a Low Income
5 Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%,
6 the grant for any school year shall be \$800 multiplied by
7 the low income eligible pupil count.

8 (b) For any school district with a Low Income 9 Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, 10 the grant for the 1998-1999 school year shall be \$1,100 11 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

12 (c) For any school district with a Low Income
13 Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%,
14 the grant for the 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,500
15 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

16 (d) For any school district with a Low Income
17 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for the
18 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,900 multiplied by the low
19 income eligible pupil count.

(e) For the 1999-2000 school year, the per pupil
amount specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d)
immediately above shall be increased to \$1,243, \$1,600,
and \$2,000, respectively.

(f) For the 2000-2001 school year, the per pupil amounts specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) immediately above shall be \$1,273, \$1,640, and \$2,050, respectively.

(2.5) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this
subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 2002-2003
school year and each school year thereafter:

31 (a) For any school district with a Low Income
32 Concentration Level of less than 10%, the grant for each
33 school year shall be \$355 multiplied by the low income
34 eligible pupil count.

1 (b) For any school district with a Low Income 2 Concentration Level of at least 10% and less than 20%, 3 the grant for each school year shall be \$675 multiplied 4 by the low income eligible pupil count.

5 (c) For any school district with a Low Income 6 Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%, 7 the grant for each school year shall be \$1,330 multiplied 8 by the low income eligible pupil count.

9 (d) For any school district with a Low Income 10 Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, 11 the grant for each school year shall be \$1,362 multiplied 12 by the low income eligible pupil count.

(e) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%,
the grant for each school year shall be \$1,680 multiplied
by the low income eligible pupil count.

17 (f) For any school district with a Low Income 18 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for each 19 school year shall be \$2,080 multiplied by the low income 20 eligible pupil count.

21 (3) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 22 more than 1,000 and less than 50,000 that qualify for 23 supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education prior to 24 25 October 30 of each year for the use of the funds resulting from this grant of supplemental general State aid for the 26 improvement of instruction in which priority is given to 27 meeting the education needs of disadvantaged children. 28 Such shall be submitted in accordance with rules and 29 plan 30 regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education.

31 (4) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 32 50,000 or more that qualify for supplemental general State 33 aid pursuant to this subsection shall be required to 34 distribute from funds available pursuant to this Section, no 1 less than \$261,000,000 in accordance with the following 2 requirements:

(a) The required amounts shall be distributed to 3 4 attendance centers within the district in proportion the to the number of pupils enrolled at each attendance 5 center who are eligible to receive free or reduced-price 6 7 lunches or breakfasts under the federal Child Nutrition of 1966 and under the National School Lunch Act 8 Act 9 during the immediately preceding school year.

10 (b) The distribution of these portions of 11 supplemental and general State aid among attendance 12 centers according to these requirements shall not be 13 compensated for or contravened by adjustments of the total of other funds appropriated to any attendance 14 centers, and the Board of Education shall utilize funding 15 16 from one or several sources in order to fully implement this provision annually prior to the opening of school. 17

Each attendance center shall be provided by the 18 (C)19 school district a distribution of noncategorical funds and other categorical funds to which an attendance center 20 21 is entitled under law in order that the general State aid 22 and supplemental general State aid provided by 23 application of this subsection supplements rather than supplants the noncategorical funds and other categorical 24 25 funds provided by the school district to the attendance centers. 26

(d) Any funds made available under this subsection
that by reason of the provisions of this subsection are
not required to be allocated and provided to attendance
centers may be used and appropriated by the board of the
district for any lawful school purpose.

32 (e) Funds received by an attendance center pursuant
33 to this subsection shall be used by the attendance center
34 at the discretion of the principal and local school

1 council for programs to improve educational opportunities 2 at qualifying schools through the following programs and services: early childhood education, reduced class size 3 4 or improved adult to student classroom ratio, enrichment programs, remedial assistance, attendance improvement, 5 and other educationally beneficial expenditures which 6 7 supplement the regular and basic programs as determined 8 by the State Board of Education. Funds provided shall not 9 be expended for any political or lobbying purposes as defined by board rule. 10

11 (f) Each district subject to the provisions of this subdivision (H)(4) shall submit an acceptable plan to 12 meet the educational needs of disadvantaged children, 13 in compliance with the requirements of this paragraph, to 14 15 the State Board of Education prior to July 15 of each 16 year. This plan shall be consistent with the decisions of local school councils concerning the school expenditure 17 plans developed in accordance with part 4 of Section 18 34-2.3. The State Board shall approve or reject the plan 19 within 60 days after its submission. If the plan is 20 21 rejected, the district shall give written notice of 22 intent to modify the plan within 15 days of the notification of rejection and then submit a modified plan 23 within 30 days after the date of the written notice of 24 intent to modify. Districts may amend approved plans 25 pursuant to rules promulgated by the State Board of 26 27 Education.

28 Upon notification by the State Board of Education 29 that the district has not submitted a plan prior to July 30 15 or a modified plan within the time period specified 31 herein, the State aid funds affected by that plan or 32 modified plan shall be withheld by the State Board of 33 Education until a plan or modified plan is submitted. 34 If the district fails to distribute State aid to 1 attendance centers in accordance with an approved plan, 2 the plan for the following year shall allocate funds, in 3 addition to the funds otherwise required by this 4 subsection, to those attendance centers which were 5 underfunded during the previous year in amounts equal to 6 such underfunding.

7 For purposes of determining compliance with this 8 subsection in relation to the requirements of attendance 9 center funding, each district subject to the provisions of this subsection shall submit as a separate document by 10 11 December 1 of each year a report of expenditure data for the prior year in addition to any modification of its 12 If it is determined that there has been a 13 current plan. failure to comply with the expenditure provisions of this 14 15 subsection regarding contravention or supplanting, the 16 State Superintendent of Education shall, within 60 days of receipt of the report, notify the district and any 17 affected local school council. The district shall within 18 45 days of receipt of that notification inform the State 19 Superintendent of Education of the remedial or corrective 20 21 action to be taken, whether by amendment of the current 22 plan, if feasible, or by adjustment in the plan for the 23 following year. Failure to provide the expenditure report or the notification of remedial or corrective 24 action in a timely manner shall result in a withholding 25 of the affected funds. 26

The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this subsection. No funds shall be released under this subdivision (H)(4) to any district that has not submitted a plan that has been approved by the State Board of Education.

33 (I) General State Aid for Newly Configured School Districts.
34 (1) For a new school district formed by combining

1 property included totally within 2 or more previously 2 existing school districts, for its first year of existence the general State aid and supplemental general State aid 3 4 calculated under this Section shall be computed for the new 5 district and for the previously existing districts for which property is totally included within the new district. If the 6 7 computation on the basis of the previously existing districts 8 is greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference 9 shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the new district. 10

11 (2) For a school district which annexes all of the territory of one or more entire other school districts, for 12 13 the first year during which the change of boundaries attributable to such annexation becomes effective for all 14 purposes as determined under Section 7-9 or 7A-8, the general 15 16 State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section shall be computed for the annexing district as 17 constituted after the annexation and for the annexing and 18 each annexed district as constituted prior to the annexation; 19 and if the computation on the basis of the annexing and 20 21 annexed districts as constituted prior to the annexation is 22 greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference 23 shall be made for the first 4 years of existence of the annexing school district as constituted upon such annexation. 24

25 (3) For 2 or more school districts which annex all of the territory of one or more entire other school districts, 26 and for 2 or more community unit districts which result upon 27 the division (pursuant to petition under Section 11A-2) of 28 29 one or more other unit school districts into 2 or more parts 30 and which together include all of the parts into which such other unit school district or districts are so divided, for 31 32 first year during which the change of boundaries the attributable to such annexation or division becomes effective 33 for all purposes as determined under Section 7-9 or 11A-10, 34

1 the case may be, the general State aid and supplemental as 2 general State aid calculated under this Section shall be 3 computed for each annexing or resulting district as 4 constituted after the annexation or division and for each 5 annexing and annexed district, or for each resulting and 6 divided district, as constituted prior to the annexation or 7 division; and if the aggregate of the general State aid and 8 supplemental general State aid as so computed for the 9 annexing or resulting districts as constituted after the 10 annexation or division is less than the aggregate of the 11 general State aid and supplemental general State aid as SO 12 computed for the annexing and annexed districts, or for the resulting and divided districts, as constituted prior to 13 the annexation or division, then a supplementary payment equal to 14 15 the difference shall be made and allocated between or among 16 the annexing or resulting districts, as constituted upon such annexation or division, for the first 4 years of their 17 existence. The total difference payment shall be allocated 18 19 between or among the annexing or resulting districts in the same ratio as the pupil enrollment from that portion of the 20 21 annexed or divided district or districts which is annexed to 22 or included in each such annexing or resulting district bears 23 to the total pupil enrollment from the entire annexed or divided district or districts, as such pupil enrollment is 24 25 determined for the school year last ending prior to the date 26 when the change of boundaries attributable to the annexation or division becomes effective for all purposes. 27 The amount of the total difference payment and the amount thereof to be 28 29 allocated to the annexing or resulting districts shall be 30 computed by the State Board of Education on the basis of pupil enrollment and other data which shall be certified to 31 32 the State Board of Education, on forms which it shall provide 33 for that purpose, by the regional superintendent of schools 34 for each educational service region in which the annexing and annexed districts, or resulting and divided districts are
 located.

3 (3.5) Claims for financial assistance under this
4 subsection (I) shall not be recomputed except as expressly
5 provided under this Section.

6 (4) Any supplementary payment made under this subsection
7 (I) shall be treated as separate from all other payments made
8 pursuant to this Section.

9 (J) Supplementary Grants in Aid.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions this 10 of Section, the amount of the aggregate general State aid in 11 12 combination with supplemental general State aid under this Section for which each school district is eligible shall be 13 14 no less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that was received by the district under Section 15 18-8 (exclusive of amounts received under subsections 5(p) 16 and 5(p-5) of that Section) for the 1997-98 school year, 17 18 pursuant to the provisions of that Section as it was then in 19 Ιf a school district qualifies to receive a effect. supplementary payment made under this subsection (J), the 20 21 amount of the aggregate general State aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under this Section which that 22 23 district is eligible to receive for each school year shall be no less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid 24 25 entitlement that was received by the district under Section 18-8 (exclusive of amounts received under subsections 5(p) 26 and 5(p-5) of that Section) for the 1997-1998 school year, 27 28 pursuant to the provisions of that Section as it was then in 29 effect.

30 (2) If, as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection 31 (J), a school district is to receive aggregate general State 32 aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under 33 this Section for the 1998-99 school year and any subsequent 34 school year that in any such school year is less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that the district received for the 1997-98 school year, the school district shall also receive, from a separate appropriation made for purposes of this subsection (J), a supplementary payment that is equal to the amount of the difference in the aggregate State aid figures as described in paragraph (1).

(3) (Blank).

7

8 (K) Grants to Laboratory and Alternative Schools.

9 In calculating the amount to be paid to the governing 10 board of a public university that operates a laboratory 11 school under this Section or to any alternative school that 12 is operated by a regional superintendent of schools, the 13 State Board of Education shall require by rule such reporting 14 requirements as it deems necessary.

As used in this Section, "laboratory school" means a 15 public school which is created and operated by a public 16 university and approved by the State Board of Education. 17 The 18 governing board of a public university which receives funds 19 from the State Board under this subsection (K) may not increase the number of students enrolled in its laboratory 20 21 school from a single district, if that district is already 22 sending 50 or more students, except under a mutual agreement 23 between the school board of a student's district of residence 24 and the university which operates the laboratory school. A laboratory school may not have more than 1,000 students, 25 excluding students with disabilities in a special education 26 27 program.

28 As used in this Section, "alternative school" means а 29 public school which is created and operated by a Regional Superintendent of Schools and approved by the State Board of 30 Such alternative schools may offer courses of 31 Education. instruction for which credit is given in regular 32 school 33 programs, courses to prepare students for the high school 34 equivalency testing program or vocational and occupational 1 training. A regional superintendent of schools may contract 2 with a school district or a public community college district to operate an alternative school. An alternative school 3 4 serving more than one educational service region may be 5 established by the regional superintendents of schools of the 6 affected educational service regions. An alternative school 7 serving more than one educational service region may be 8 operated under such terms as the regional superintendents of 9 schools of those educational service regions may agree.

Each laboratory and alternative school shall file, on 10 11 forms provided by the State Superintendent of Education, an annual State aid claim which states the Average Daily 12 Attendance of the school's students by month. 13 The best 3 months' Average Daily Attendance shall be computed for each 14 15 school. The general State aid entitlement shall be computed 16 by multiplying the applicable Average Daily Attendance by the Foundation Level as determined under this Section. 17

18 (L) Payments, Additional Grants in Aid and Other19 Requirements.

(1) For a school district operating under the financial 20 21 supervision of an Authority created under Article 34A, the general State aid otherwise payable to that district under 22 23 this Section, but not the supplemental general State aid, shall be reduced by an amount equal to the budget for the 24 25 operations of the Authority as certified by the Authority to 26 the State Board of Education, and an amount equal to such reduction shall be paid to the Authority created for such 27 28 district for its operating expenses in the manner provided in Section 18-11. The remainder of general State school aid for 29 any such district shall be paid in accordance with Article 30 34A when that Article provides for a disposition other than 31 32 that provided by this Article.

33 (2) (Blank).

34 (3) Summer school. Summer school payments shall be made

1 as provided in Section 18-4.3.

2 (M) Education Funding Advisory Board.

3 The Education Funding Advisory Board, hereinafter in this subsection (M) referred to as the "Board", is hereby created. 4 5 The Board shall consist of 5 members who are appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. 6 7 The members appointed shall include representatives of 8 education, business, and the general public. One of the members so appointed shall be designated by the Governor 9 at the time the appointment is made as the chairperson of the 10 11 Board. The initial members of the Board may be appointed any 12 time after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997. The regular term of each member of the Board shall be for 4 13 14 years from the third Monday of January of the year in which 15 the term of the member's appointment is to commence, except that of the 5 initial members appointed to serve on the 16 Board, the member who is appointed as the chairperson shall 17 18 serve for a term that commences on the date of his or her 19 appointment and expires on the third Monday of January, 2002, and the remaining 4 members, by lots drawn at the first 20 21 meeting of the Board that is held after all 5 members are appointed, shall determine 2 of their number to serve for 22 23 terms that commence on the date of their respective appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2001, 24 25 and 2 of their number to serve for terms that commence on the 26 date of their respective appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2000. All members appointed to serve on 27 28 the Board shall serve until their respective successors are appointed and confirmed. Vacancies shall be filled in the 29 same manner as original appointments. 30 If a vacancy in membership occurs at a time when the Senate is not in 31 32 session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment 33 until the next meeting of the Senate, when he or she shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a 34

-28- LRB093 03070 NHT 03087 b

1 person to fill that membership for the unexpired term. If 2 the Senate is not in session when the initial appointments 3 are made, those appointments shall be made as in the case of 4 vacancies.

5 The Education Funding Advisory Board shall be deemed 6 established, and the initial members appointed by the 7 Governor to serve as members of the Board shall take office, 8 on the date that the Governor makes his or her appointment of 9 the fifth initial member of the Board, whether those initial 10 members are then serving pursuant to appointment and 11 confirmation or pursuant to temporary appointments that are made by the Governor as in the case of vacancies. 12

13 The State Board of Education shall provide such staff 14 assistance to the Education Funding Advisory Board as is 15 reasonably required for the proper performance by the Board 16 of its responsibilities.

For school years after the 2000-2001 school year, the 17 Education Funding Advisory Board, in consultation with the 18 19 State Board of Education, shall make recommendations as provided in this subsection (M) to the General Assembly for 20 21 the foundation level under subdivision (B)(3) of this Section 22 and for the supplemental general State aid grant level under 23 subsection (H) of this Section for districts with high concentrations of children from poverty. The recommended 24 25 foundation level shall be determined based on a methodology incorporates the basic education expenditures of 26 which low-spending schools exhibiting high academic performance. 27 Education Funding Advisory Board shall make such 28 The 29 recommendations to the General Assembly on January 1 of odd numbered years, beginning January 1, 2001. 30

31 (N) (Blank).

32 (O) References.

33

(1) References in other laws to the various subdivisions

-29- LRB093 03070 NHT 03087 b

of Section 18-8 as that Section existed before its repeal and replacement by this Section 18-8.05 shall be deemed to refer to the corresponding provisions of this Section 18-8.05, to the extent that those references remain applicable.

5 (2) References in other laws to State Chapter 1 funds 6 shall be deemed to refer to the supplemental general State 7 aid provided under subsection (H) of this Section.

8 (Source: P.A. 91-24, eff. 7-1-99; 91-93, eff. 7-9-99; 91-96,
9 eff. 7-9-99; 91-111, eff. 7-14-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99;
10 91-533, eff. 8-13-99; 92-7, eff. 6-29-01; 92-16, eff.
11 6-28-01; 92-28, eff. 7-1-01; 92-29, eff. 7-1-01; 92-269, eff.
12 8-7-01; 92-604, eff. 7-1-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-636,
13 eff. 7-11-02; revised 7-26-02.)