- 1 AN ACT in relation to criminal law.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 5-6-3 and 5-6-3.1 and by adding Sections
- 5-5-10 and 5-9-1.12 as follows:
- 7 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-10 new)
- 8 Sec. 5-5-10. Community service fee. When an offender or
- 9 <u>defendant is ordered by the court to perform community</u>
- 10 service and the offender is not otherwise assessed a fee for
- 11 probation services, the court shall impose a fee of \$50 for
- 12 <u>each month the community service ordered by the court is</u>
- 13 <u>supervised by a probation and court services department</u>,
- 14 <u>unless after determining the inability of the person</u>
- 15 <u>sentenced to community service to pay the fee, the court</u>
- 16 <u>assesses a lesser fee. The court may not impose a fee on a</u>
- 17 minor who is made a ward of the State under the Juvenile
- 18 Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. The fee
- 19 <u>shall be imposed only on an offender who is actively</u>
- 20 <u>supervised by the probation and court services department.</u>
- 21 The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court.
- 22 The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected
- 23 from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the
- 24 probation and court services fund under Section 15.1 of the
- 25 <u>Probation and Probation Officers Act.</u>
- 26 A circuit court may not impose a probation fee in excess
- of \$25 per month unless: (1) the circuit court has adopted,
- 28 by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard
- 29 <u>probation fee guide determining an offender's ability to pay,</u>
- 30 <u>under guidelines developed by the Administrative Office of</u>
- 31 the Illinois Courts; and (2) the circuit court has

- 1 authorized, by administrative order issued by the chief
- 2 judge, the creation of a Crime Victim's Services Fund, to be
- administered by the Chief Judge or his or her designee, for 3
- 4 services to crime victims and their families. Of the amount
- collected as a probation fee, not to exceed \$5 of that fee 5
- б collected per month may be used to provide services to crime
- 7 victims and their families.
- 8 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3)
- Sec. 5-6-3. Conditions of Probation and of Conditional 9
- 10 Discharge.
- (a) The conditions of probation and of conditional 11
- discharge shall be that the person: 12
- (1) not violate any criminal statute 13 of any
- 14 jurisdiction;
- 15 (2) report to or appear in person before such
- person or agency as directed by the court; 16
- 17 (3) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
- dangerous weapon; 18
- (4) not leave the State without the consent of the 19
- 20 court or, in circumstances in which the reason for the
- 21 absence is of such an emergency nature that prior consent
- 22 the court is not possible, without the prior by
- notification and approval of the person's probation 23
- 24 officer. Transfer of a person's probation or conditional
- discharge supervision to another state is subject to 25
- acceptance by the other state pursuant to the Interstate 26
- Compact for Adult Offender Supervision; 27
- (5) permit the probation officer to visit him at 28
- 29 his home or elsewhere to the extent necessary to
- discharge his duties; 30
- (6) perform no less than 30 hours of community 31
- service and not more than 120 hours of community service, 32
- if community service is available in the jurisdiction and 33

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is funded and approved by the county board where the offense was committed, where the offense was related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang and was motivated by the offender's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang. community service shall include, but not be limited to, cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 similar damage to property located within the municipality or county in which the violation occurred. When possible and reasonable, the community service should be performed in the offender's neighborhood. For purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act;

(7) if he or she is at least 17 years of age and has been sentenced to probation or conditional discharge for a misdemeanor or felony in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony, may be required by the sentencing court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing the high school level Test of General Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a vocational training program approved by the court. person on probation or conditional discharge must attend a public institution of education to obtain educational or vocational training required by this clause (7). The court shall revoke the probation or conditional discharge of a person who wilfully fails to comply with this clause (7). The person on probation or conditional discharge shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or GED test, if a fee is

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- charged for those courses or test. The court shall resentence the offender whose probation or conditional discharge has been revoked as provided in Section 5-6-4. This clause (7) does not apply to a person who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed the GED test. This clause (7) does not apply to a person who is determined by the court to be developmentally disabled or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program;
 - (8) if convicted of possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act or after a sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and upon a finding by the court that the person is addicted, undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by the court; and
 - (9) if convicted of a felony, physically surrender at a time and place designated by the court, his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card and any and all firearms in his or her possession.
- 25 (b) The Court may in addition to other reasonable 26 conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the 27 rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each 28 defendant in the proper discretion of the Court require that 29 the person:
- 30 (1) serve a term of periodic imprisonment under 31 Article 7 for a period not to exceed that specified in 32 paragraph (d) of Section 5-7-1;
 - (2) pay a fine and costs;
- 34 (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational

1	training;
2	(4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric
3	treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
4	(5) attend or reside in a facility established for
5	the instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
6	(6) support his dependents;
7	(7) and in addition, if a minor:
8	(i) reside with his parents or in a foster
9	home;
10	(ii) attend school;
11	(iii) attend a non-residential program for
12	youth;
13	(iv) contribute to his own support at home or
14	in a foster home;
15	(v) with the consent of the superintendent of
16	the facility, attend an educational program at a
17	facility other than the school in which the offense
18	was committed if he or she is convicted of a crime
19	of violence as defined in Section 2 of the Crime
20	Victims Compensation Act committed in a school, on
21	the real property comprising a school, or within
22	1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school;
23	(8) make restitution as provided in Section 5-5-6
24	of this Code;
25	(9) perform some reasonable public or community
26	service;
27	(10) serve a term of home confinement. In addition
28	to any other applicable condition of probation or
29	conditional discharge, the conditions of home confinement
30	shall be that the offender:
31	(i) remain within the interior premises of the
32	place designated for his confinement during the
33	hours designated by the court;
34	(ii) admit any person or agent designated by

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the court into the offender's place of confinement at any time for purposes of verifying the offender's compliance with the conditions of his confinement; and

- (iii) if further deemed necessary by the court or the Probation or Court Services Department, be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, subject to Article 8A of Chapter V;
- (iv) for persons convicted of any alcohol, cannabis or controlled substance violation who are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the device, as established by the county board in subsection (g) of this Section, unless after determining the inability of the offender to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to the fees imposed under subsections (g) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the substance abuse services fund under Section 5-1086.1 of the Counties Code; and
- (v) for persons convicted of offenses other than those referenced in clause (iv) above and who are placed on an approved monitoring device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall impose a reasonable fee for each day of the use of the device, as established by the county board in subsection (g) of this Section, unless after determining the inability of the defendant to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee or no

fee as the case may be. This fee shall be imposed in addition to the fees imposed under subsections (g) and (i) of this Section. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county treasurer who shall use the monies collected to defray the costs of corrections. The county treasurer shall deposit the fee collected in the county working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties Code, as the case may be.

- (11) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, as now or hereafter amended, or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory. A copy of the order of protection shall be transmitted to the probation officer or agency having responsibility for the case;
- (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced;
- (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced, to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act;
- (14) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons

- accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a probation officer, if the defendant has been placed on probation or advance approval by the court, if the defendant was placed on conditional discharge;
 - (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of persons, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
 - (16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug.
 - (c) The court may as a condition of probation or of conditional discharge require that a person under 18 years of age found guilty of any alcohol, cannabis or controlled substance violation, refrain from acquiring a driver's license during the period of probation or conditional discharge. If such person is in possession of a permit or license, the court may require that the minor refrain from driving or operating any motor vehicle during the period of probation or conditional discharge, except as may be necessary in the course of the minor's lawful employment.
 - (d) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional discharge shall be given a certificate setting forth the conditions thereof.
- (e) Except where the offender has committed a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the court shall not require as a condition of the sentence of probation or conditional discharge that the offender be committed to a period of imprisonment in excess of 6 months. This 6 month limit shall not include periods of confinement given pursuant to a

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- 1 sentence of county impact incarceration under Section
- 2 5-8-1.2. This 6 month limit does not apply to a person
- sentenced to probation as a result of a conviction of a 3
- 4 fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (c-4) of Section
- 5 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of
- a local ordinance. 6
- Persons committed to imprisonment as a condition of 7
- 8 probation or conditional discharge shall not be committed to
- 9 the Department of Corrections.
- (f) The court may combine a sentence of 10 periodic
- 11 imprisonment under Article 7 or a sentence to a county impact
- incarceration program under Article 8 with a sentence of 12
- probation or conditional discharge. 13
- (g) An offender sentenced to probation or to conditional 14
- discharge and who during the term of either undergoes 15
- 16 mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, or is assigned to
- be placed on an approved electronic monitoring device, shall 17
- be ordered to pay all costs incidental to such mandatory drug 18
- or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs incidental to such 19
- monitoring in accordance with the 20 approved electronic
- 21 defendant's ability to pay those costs. The county board

with the concurrence of the Chief Judge of the judicial

circuit in which the county is located shall establish

- reasonable fees for the cost of maintenance, testing, and
- 25 incidental expenses related to the mandatory drug or alcohol
- testing, or both, and all costs incidental to approved 26
- electronic monitoring, involved in a successful probation 27
- program for the county. The concurrence of the Chief Judge 28
- shall be in the form of an administrative order. The fees 29
- 30 shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The
- clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys collected 31
- 32 from these fees to the county treasurer who shall use the
- 33 moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, alcohol
- 34 testing, and electronic monitoring. The county treasurer

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- 1 shall deposit the fees collected in the county working cash
- 2 fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of the Counties
- 3 Code, as the case may be.
- 4 Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred
- 5 from the sentencing court to the court of another circuit
- with the concurrence of both courts. Further transfers or 6
- 7 retransfers of jurisdiction are also authorized in the same
- 8 manner. The court to which jurisdiction has been transferred
- 9 shall have the same powers as the sentencing court.
- (i) The court shall impose upon an offender sentenced to 10
- 11 probation after January 1, 1989 or to conditional discharge
- 12 after January 1, 1992 or to community service under the
- 13 supervision of a probation or court services department after
- January 1, 2004, as a condition of such probation or 14
- 15 conditional discharge or supervised community service, a fee
- 16 of \$50 \$25 for each month of probation or conditional
- discharge supervision or supervised community service ordered 17
- by the court, unless after determining the inability of the 18
- 19 person sentenced to probation or conditional discharge or
- supervised community service to pay the fee, the court 20
- 21 assesses a lesser fee. The court may not impose the fee on a
- 22 minor who is made a ward of the State under the Juvenile
- shall be imposed only upon an offender who is actively

Court Act of 1987 while the minor is in placement. The fee

supervised by the probation and court services department.

- The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. 26
- The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all monies collected 27
- from this fee to the county treasurer for deposit in the 28
- 29 probation and court services fund under Section 15.1 of the
- 30 Probation and Probation Officers Act.
- 31 A circuit court may not impose a probation fee in excess
- of \$25 per month unless: (1) the circuit court has adopted, 32
- by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard 33
- 34 probation fee quide determining an offender's ability to pay,

- 1 under quidelines developed by the Administrative Office of
- 2 the Illinois Courts; and (2) the circuit court has
- 3 <u>authorized</u>, by administrative order issued by the chief
- 4 judge, the creation of a Crime Victim's Services Fund, to be
- 5 <u>administered by the Chief Judge or his or her designee, for</u>
- 6 services to crime victims and their families. Of the amount
- 7 <u>collected as a probation fee, not to exceed \$5 of that fee</u>
- 8 <u>collected</u> <u>per month may be used to provide services to crime</u>
- 9 <u>victims and their families.</u>
- 10 (j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for
- 11 any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois
- 12 Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance,
- and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a
- 14 similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected
- and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section
- 16 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 91-325, eff. 7-29-99; 91-696, eff. 4-13-00;
- 18 91-903, eff. 1-1-01; 92-282, eff. 8-7-01; 92-340, eff.
- 19 8-10-01; 92-418, eff. 8-17-01; 92-442, eff. 8-17-01; 92-571,
- 20 eff. 6-26-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)
- 21 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-3.1)
- Sec. 5-6-3.1. Incidents and Conditions of Supervision.
- 23 (a) When a defendant is placed on supervision, the court
- 24 shall enter an order for supervision specifying the period of
- 25 such supervision, and shall defer further proceedings in the
- 26 case until the conclusion of the period.
- 27 (b) The period of supervision shall be reasonable under
- 28 all of the circumstances of the case, but may not be longer
- 29 than 2 years, unless the defendant has failed to pay the
- 30 assessment required by Section 10.3 of the Cannabis Control
- 31 Act or Section 411.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances
- 32 Act, in which case the court may extend supervision beyond 2
- 33 years. Additionally, the court shall order the defendant to

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1 perform no less than 30 hours of community service and not 2 more than 120 hours of community service, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and 3 4 approved by the county board where the offense was committed, when the offense (1) was related to or in furtherance of the 5 criminal activities of an organized gang or was motivated by 6 7 the defendant's membership in or allegiance to an organized gang; or (2) is a violation of any Section of Article 24 of 8 9 the Criminal Code of 1961 where a disposition of supervision is not prohibited by Section 5-6-1 of this Code. 10 11 community service shall include, but not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by violation of 12 Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and similar 13 damages to property located within the municipality or county 14 15 the violation occurred. Where possible and

For the purposes of this Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

reasonable, the community service should be performed in the

- (c) The court may in addition to other reasonable conditions relating to the nature of the offense or the rehabilitation of the defendant as determined for each defendant in the proper discretion of the court require that the person:
- (1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of supervision;
 - (2) pay a fine and costs;

offender's neighborhood.

- 31 (3) work or pursue a course of study or vocational training;
- 33 (4) undergo medical, psychological or psychiatric
 34 treatment; or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;

1	(5) attend or reside in a facility established for
2	the instruction or residence of defendants on probation;
3	(6) support his dependents;
4	(7) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
5	dangerous weapon;
6	(8) and in addition, if a minor:
7	(i) reside with his parents or in a foster
8	home;
9	(ii) attend school;
10	(iii) attend a non-residential program for
11	youth;
12	(iv) contribute to his own support at home or
13	in a foster home; or
14	(v) with the consent of the superintendent of
15	the facility, attend an educational program at a
16	facility other than the school in which the offense
17	was committed if he or she is placed on supervision
18	for a crime of violence as defined in Section 2 of
19	the Crime Victims Compensation Act committed in a
20	school, on the real property comprising a school, or
21	within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a
22	school;
23	(9) make restitution or reparation in an amount not
24	to exceed actual loss or damage to property and pecuniary
25	loss or make restitution under Section 5-5-6 to a
26	domestic violence shelter. The court shall determine the
27	amount and conditions of payment;
28	(10) perform some reasonable public or community
29	service;
30	(11) comply with the terms and conditions of an
31	order of protection issued by the court pursuant to the
32	Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an order of
33	protection issued by the court of another state, tribe,

or United States territory. If the court has ordered the

- (12) reimburse any "local anti-crime program" as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act for any reasonable expenses incurred by the program on the offender's case, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced;
- (13) contribute a reasonable sum of money, not to exceed the maximum amount of the fine authorized for the offense for which the defendant was sentenced, to a "local anti-crime program", as defined in Section 7 of the Anti-Crime Advisory Council Act;
- (14) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon such terms as the court finds appropriate. Such terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the defendant, and advance approval by a probation officer;
- (15) refrain from having any contact, directly or indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular types of person, including but not limited to members of street gangs and drug users or dealers;
- (16) refrain from having in his or her body the presence of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence of any illicit drug;
- (17) refrain from operating any motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Under this

- 1 condition the court may allow a defendant who is not
- 2 self-employed to operate a vehicle owned by the
- defendant's employer that is not equipped with an
- 4 ignition interlock device in the course and scope of the
- 5 defendant's employment.
- 6 (d) The court shall defer entering any judgment on the
- 7 charges until the conclusion of the supervision.
- 8 (e) At the conclusion of the period of supervision, if
- 9 the court determines that the defendant has successfully
- 10 complied with all of the conditions of supervision, the court
- 11 shall discharge the defendant and enter a judgment dismissing
- 12 the charges.

- 13 (f) Discharge and dismissal upon a successful conclusion
- 14 of a disposition of supervision shall be deemed without
- 15 adjudication of guilt and shall not be termed a conviction
- 16 for purposes of disqualification or disabilities imposed by
- 17 law upon conviction of a crime. Two years after the
- 18 discharge and dismissal under this Section, unless the
- 19 disposition of supervision was for a violation of Sections
- 20 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, 5-401.3, or 11-503 of the Illinois
- 21 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or
- for a violation of Sections 12-3.2 or 16A-3 of the Criminal
- 23 Code of 1961, in which case it shall be 5 years after

discharge and dismissal, a person may have his record of

- 25 arrest sealed or expunged as may be provided by law.
- However, any defendant placed on supervision before January
- 27 1, 1980, may move for sealing or expungement of his arrest
- 28 record, as provided by law, at any time after discharge and
- 29 dismissal under this Section. A person placed on supervision
- 30 for a sexual offense committed against a minor as defined in
- 31 subsection (g) of Section 5 of the Criminal Identification
- 32 Act or for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois
- 33 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance
- 34 shall not have his or her record of arrest sealed or

- 1 expunged.
- 2 (g) A defendant placed on supervision and who during the
- period of supervision undergoes mandatory drug or alcohol 3
- 4 testing, or both, or is assigned to be placed on an approved
- 5 electronic monitoring device, shall be ordered to pay the
- 6 costs incidental to such mandatory drug or alcohol testing,
- 7 or both, and costs incidental to such approved electronic
- monitoring in accordance with the defendant's ability to pay 8
- 9 those costs. The county board with the concurrence of
- Chief Judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is 10
- located shall establish reasonable fees for the cost of 11
- maintenance, testing, and incidental expenses related to the 12
- mandatory drug or alcohol testing, or both, and all costs 13
- approved electronic monitoring, of 14 incidental to all
- 15 defendants placed on supervision. The concurrence of
- 16 Chief Judge shall be in the form of an administrative order.
- The fees shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit 17
- The clerk of the circuit court shall pay all moneys 18
- 19 collected from these fees to the county treasurer who shall
- use the moneys collected to defray the costs of drug testing, 20
- 21 alcohol testing, and electronic monitoring. The county
- treasurer shall deposit the fees collected in the county 22
- 23 working cash fund under Section 6-27001 or Section 6-29002 of
- the Counties Code, as the case may be. 24
- 25 (h) A disposition of supervision is a final order for
- the purposes of appeal. 26
- The court shall impose upon a defendant placed 27
- supervision after January 1, 1992 or to community service 28
- 29 under the supervision of a probation or court services
- department after January 1, 2004, as a condition of 30
- supervision or supervised community service, a fee of \$50 \$25 31
- 32 for each month of supervision or supervised community service
- ordered by the court, unless after determining the inability 33
- 34 of the person placed on supervision or supervised community

1 service to pay the fee, the court assesses a lesser fee. The 2 court may not impose the fee on a minor who is made a ward of the State under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 while the 3 4 minor is in placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon a defendant who is actively supervised by the probation and 5 б court services department. The fee shall be collected by the clerk of the circuit court. The clerk of the circuit court 7 8 shall pay all monies collected from this fee to the county 9 treasurer for deposit in the probation and court services

fund pursuant to Section 15.1 of the Probation and Probation 10

11 Officers Act.

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- A circuit court may not impose a probation fee in excess of \$25 per month unless: (1) the circuit court has adopted, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, a standard probation fee quide determining an offender's ability to pay, under guidelines developed by the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts; and (2) the circuit court has authorized, by administrative order issued by the chief judge, the creation of a Crime Victim's Services Fund, to be administered by the Chief Judge or his or her designee, for services to crime victims and their families. Of the amount collected as a probation fee, not to exceed \$5 of that fee collected per month may be used to provide services to crime victims and their families.
- (j) All fines and costs imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
- A defendant at least 17 years of age who is placed 32 on supervision for a misdemeanor in a county of 3,000,000 or 33 34 more inhabitants and who has not been previously convicted of

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1 a misdemeanor or felony may as a condition of his or her 2 supervision be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school 3 4 diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work 5 passing the high school level Test of General б Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a 7 vocational training program approved by the court. 8 defendant placed on supervision must attend 9 institution of education to obtain the educational vocational training required by this subsection (k). 10 The 11 defendant placed on supervision shall be required to pay for the cost of the educational courses or GED test, if a fee is 12 charged for those courses or test. The court shall revoke 13 the supervision of a person who wilfully fails to comply with 14 15 this subsection (k). The court shall resentence 16 defendant upon revocation of supervision as provided in Section 5-6-4. This subsection (k) does not apply to a 17 18 defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully 19 passed the GED test. This subsection (k) does not apply to a who determined 20 defendant is by the court to be 21 developmentally disabled or otherwise mentally incapable of 22 completing the educational or vocational program.

(1) The court shall require a defendant placed on supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act after a previous conviction or disposition of supervision for possession of a substance prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act or Illinois Controlled Substances Act or a sentence of probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act and after a finding by the court that the person is addicted, to undergo treatment at a substance abuse program approved by the court.

(m) The Secretary of State shall require anyone placed

- 1 on court supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the
- 2 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local
- ordinance to give proof of his or her financial 3
- 4 responsibility as defined in Section 7-315 of the Illinois
- 5 The proof shall be maintained by Vehicle Code.
- individual in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary of State 6
- 7 for a minimum period of one year after the date the proof is
- 8 first filed. The proof shall be limited to a single action
- 9 per arrest and may not be affected by any post-sentence
- disposition. The Secretary of State shall suspend the 10
- 11 driver's license of any person determined by the Secretary to
- be in violation of this subsection. 12
- (Source: P.A. 91-127, eff. 1-1-00; 91-696, eff. 4-13-00; 13
- 91-903, eff. 1-1-01; 92-282, eff. 8-7-01; 92-458, eff. 14
- 8-22-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.) 15
- (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.12 new)16

22

- 17 Sec. 5-9-1.12. Applications for transfer to other
- states. A person subject to conditions of probation, parole, 18
- or mandatory supervised release who seeks to transfer to 19
- 20 another state subject to the Interstate Compact for Adult

Offender Supervision must make provisions for the payment of

any restitution awarded by the circuit court and pay a fee of

- 23 \$125 to the proper administrative or judicial authorities
- 24 before being granted the transfer, or otherwise arrange for
- 25 payment. The fee payment from persons subject to a sentence
- of probation shall be deposited into the general fund of the 26
- county in which the circuit has jurisdiction. The fee 27
- payment from persons subject to parole or mandatory 28
- supervised release shall be deposited into the General 29
- 30 Revenue Fund. The proceeds of this fee shall be used to
- defray the costs of the Department of Corrections or county 31
- sheriff departments, respectively, who will be required to 32
- 33 retrieve offenders that violate the terms of their transfers

- to other states. Upon return to the State of Illinois, these 1
- 2 persons shall also be subject to reimbursing either the State
- 3 of Illinois or the county for the actual costs of returning
- 4 them to Illinois.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 5
- 6 becoming law.