## LRB093 10331 LRD 14398 a

- 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1379
- 2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_. Amend Senate Bill 1379, AS AMENDED,
- 3 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
- 4 following:
- 5 "Section 5. The Illinois Procurement Code is amended by
- 6 adding Section 50-11 as follows:
- 7 (30 ILCS 500/50-11 new)
- 8 <u>Sec. 50-11. Environmental Protection Act violations.</u>
- 9 <u>(a) Unless otherwise provided, no person or business</u>
- 10 <u>found by a court or the Pollution Control Board to have</u>
- 11 <u>committed a willful or knowing violation of Section 42 of the</u>
- 12 <u>Environmental Protection Act shall do business with the State</u>
- of Illinois or any State agency from the date of the order
- 14 containing the finding of violation until 5 years after that
- 15 date, unless the person or business can show that no person
- 16 <u>involved in the violation continues to have any involvement</u>
- 17 with the business.
- 18 (b) A person or business otherwise barred from doing
- 19 <u>business with the State of Illinois or any State agency under</u>
- 20 <u>subsection (a) may be allowed to do business with the State</u>
- of Illinois or any State agency if it is shown that there is
- 22 <u>no practicable alternative to the State to contracting with</u>

1 that person or business.

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- 2 (c) Every bid submitted to and contract executed by the
- 3 State shall contain a certification by the bidder or
- 4 <u>contractor that the bidder or contractor is not barred from</u>
- 5 being awarded a contract under this Section and that the
- 6 contractor acknowledges that the contracting State agency may
- 7 <u>declare the contract void if the certification completed</u>
- 8 pursuant to this subsection (c) is false.
- 9 Section 10. The Environmental Protection Act is amended
- 10 by changing Sections 39 and 42 as follows:
- 11 (415 ILCS 5/39) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1039)
- 12 Sec. 39. Issuance of permits; procedures.
- 13 (a) When the Board has by regulation required a permit
- 14 for the construction, installation, or operation of any type
- of facility, equipment, vehicle, vessel, or aircraft, the
- 16 applicant shall apply to the Agency for such permit and it
- 17 shall be the duty of the Agency to issue such a permit upon
- 18 proof by the applicant that the facility, equipment, vehicle,
- 19 vessel, or aircraft will not cause a violation of this Act or

of regulations hereunder. The Agency shall adopt such

procedures as are necessary to carry out its duties under

- this Section. In granting permits the Agency may consider the
- 23 <u>applicant's previous history of compliance or noncompliance</u>
- 24 <u>with this Act and may</u> impose such conditions as may be
- 25 necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act, and as are
- 26 not inconsistent with the regulations promulgated by the
- 27 Board hereunder. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, a
- 28 bond or other security shall not be required as a condition
- 29 for the issuance of a permit. If the Agency denies any
- 30 permit under this Section, the Agency shall transmit to the
- 31 applicant within the time limitations of this Section
- 32 specific, detailed statements as to the reasons the permit

- 1 application was denied. Such statements shall include, but
- 2 not be limited to the following:
- 3 (i) the Sections of this Act which may be violated
- 4 if the permit were granted;
- 5 (ii) the provision of the regulations, promulgated
- 6 under this Act, which may be violated if the permit were
- 7 granted;
- 8 (iii) the specific type of information, if any,
- 9 which the Agency deems the applicant did not provide the
- 10 Agency; and
- 11 (iv) a statement of specific reasons why the Act
- and the regulations might not be met if the permit were
- granted.
- 14 If there is no final action by the Agency within 90 days
- 15 after the filing of the application for permit, the applicant
- 16 may deem the permit issued; except that this time period
- shall be extended to 180 days when (1) notice and opportunity
- 18 for public hearing are required by State or federal law or
- 19 regulation, (2) the application which was filed is for any
- 20 permit to develop a landfill subject to issuance pursuant to
- 21 this subsection, or (3) the application that was filed is for
- 22 a MSWLF unit required to issue public notice under subsection
- 23 (p) of Section 39. The 90-day and 180-day time periods for
- 24 the Agency to take final action do not apply to NPDES permit
- 25 applications under subsection (b) of this Section, to RCRA
- 26 permit applications under subsection (d) of this Section, or
- 27 to UIC permit applications under subsection (e) of this
- 28 Section.
- 29 The Agency shall publish notice of all final permit
- 30 determinations for development permits for MSWLF units and
- 31 for significant permit modifications for lateral expansions
- 32 for existing MSWLF units one time in a newspaper of general
- 33 circulation in the county in which the unit is or is proposed
- 34 to be located.

After January 1, 1994 and until July 1, 1998, operating permits issued under this Section by the Agency for sources of air pollution permitted to emit less than 25 tons per year of any combination of regulated air pollutants, as defined in Section 39.5 of this Act, shall be required to be renewed only upon written request by the Agency consistent with applicable provisions of this Act and regulations promulgated Such operating permits shall expire 180 days hereunder. after the date of such a request. The Board shall revise its regulations for the existing State air pollution operating permit program consistent with this provision by January 1, 1994. 

After June 30, 1998, operating permits issued under this Section by the Agency for sources of air pollution that are not subject to Section 39.5 of this Act and are not required to have a federally enforceable State operating permit shall be required to be renewed only upon written request by the Agency consistent with applicable provisions of this Act and its rules. Such operating permits shall expire 180 days after the date of such a request. Before July 1, 1998, the Board shall revise its rules for the existing State air pollution operating permit program consistent with this paragraph and shall adopt rules that require a source to demonstrate that it qualifies for a permit under this paragraph.

(b) The Agency may issue NPDES permits exclusively under this subsection for the discharge of contaminants from point sources into navigable waters, all as defined in the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, within the jurisdiction of the State, or into any well.

All NPDES permits shall contain those terms and conditions, including but not limited to schedules of compliance, which may be required to accomplish the purposes and provisions of this Act.

The Agency may issue general NPDES permits for discharges from categories of point sources which are subject to the same permit limitations and conditions. Such general permits may be issued without individual applications and shall conform to regulations promulgated under Section 402 of the

Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter

7 amended.

The Agency may include, among such conditions, effluent limitations and other requirements established under this Act, Board regulations, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, and regulations pursuant thereto, and schedules for achieving compliance therewith at the earliest reasonable date.

The Agency shall adopt filing requirements and procedures which are necessary and appropriate for the issuance of NPDES permits, and which are consistent with the Act or regulations adopted by the Board, and with the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, and regulations pursuant thereto.

The Agency, subject to any conditions which may be prescribed by Board regulations, may issue NPDES permits to allow discharges beyond deadlines established by this Act or by regulations of the Board without the requirement of a variance, subject to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as now or hereafter amended, and regulations pursuant thereto.

(c) Except for those facilities owned or operated by sanitary districts organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act, no permit for the development or construction of a new pollution control facility may be granted by the Agency unless the applicant submits proof to the Agency that the location of the facility has been approved by the County Board of the county if in an unincorporated area, or the governing body of the

1 municipality when in an incorporated area, in which the

2 facility is to be located in accordance with Section 39.2 of

3 this Act.

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4 In the event that siting approval granted pursuant 5 Section 39.2 has been transferred to a subsequent owner or operator, that subsequent owner or operator may apply to the 6 7 Agency for, and the Agency may grant, a development or construction permit for the facility for which local 8 9 approval was granted. Upon application to the Agency for a development or construction permit by that subsequent owner 10 11 or operator, the permit applicant shall cause written notice of the permit application to be served upon the appropriate 12 county board or governing body of the municipality that 13 granted siting approval for that facility and upon any party 14 15 the siting proceeding pursuant to which siting approval 16 was granted. In that event, the Agency shall conduct 17 evaluation of the subsequent owner or operator's prior operations in the manner experience in waste management 18 19 conducted under subsection (i) of Section 39 of this Act.

Beginning August 20, 1993, if the pollution control facility consists of a hazardous or solid waste disposal facility for which the proposed site is located in unincorporated area of a county with a population of less than 100,000 and includes all or a portion of a parcel of land that was, on April 1, 1993, adjacent to a municipality having a population of less than 5,000, then the local siting review required under this subsection (c) in conjunction with any permit applied for after that date shall be performed by the governing body of that adjacent municipality rather than the county board of the county in which the proposed site is located; and for the purposes of that local siting review, any references in this Act to the county board shall be mean the governing body of that adjacent deemed to municipality; provided, however, that the provisions of this

1 paragraph shall not apply to any proposed site which was, on

2 April 1, 1993, owned in whole or in part by another

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In the case of a pollution control facility for which a development permit was issued before November 12, 1981, if an operating permit has not been issued by the Agency prior to August 31, 1989 for any portion of the facility, then the Agency may not issue or renew any development permit nor issue an original operating permit for any portion of such facility unless the applicant has submitted proof to the Agency that the location of the facility has been approved by the appropriate county board or municipal governing body pursuant to Section 39.2 of this Act.

January 1, 1994, if a solid waste After disposal facility, any portion for which an operating permit has been issued by the Agency, has not accepted waste disposal for 5 or more consecutive calendars years, before that facility may accept any new or additional waste for disposal, the owner and operator must obtain a new operating permit under this Act for that facility unless the owner and operator have applied to the Agency for a permit authorizing the temporary suspension of waste acceptance. The Agency may not new operation permit under this Act for the facility unless the applicant has submitted proof to the Agency that location of the facility has been approved or re-approved by the appropriate county board or municipal governing body under Section 39.2 of this Act after the facility ceased accepting waste.

Except for those facilities owned or operated by sanitary districts organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act, and except for new pollution control facilities governed by Section 39.2, and except for fossil fuel mining facilities, the granting of a permit under this Act shall not relieve the applicant from meeting and securing all necessary

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zoning approvals from the unit of government having zoning jurisdiction over the proposed facility.

Before beginning construction on any new sewage treatment plant or sludge drying site to be owned or operated by a sanitary district organized under the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Act for which a new permit (rather than the renewal or amendment of an existing permit) is required, such sanitary district shall hold a public hearing within the municipality within which the proposed facility is to be located, or within the nearest community if the proposed facility is to be located within an unincorporated area, at which information concerning the proposed facility shall be made available to the public, and members of the public shall be given the opportunity to express their views concerning the proposed facility.

The Agency may issue a permit for a municipal waste transfer station without requiring approval pursuant to Section 39.2 provided that the following demonstration is made:

- (1) the municipal waste transfer station was in existence on or before January 1, 1979 and was in continuous operation from January 1, 1979 to January 1, 1993;
- (2) the operator submitted a permit application to the Agency to develop and operate the municipal waste transfer station during April of 1994;
- (3) the operator can demonstrate that the county board of the county, if the municipal waste transfer station is in an unincorporated area, or the governing body of the municipality, if the station is in an incorporated area, does not object to resumption of the operation of the station; and
- (4) the site has local zoning approval.
- 34 (d) The Agency may issue RCRA permits exclusively under

1 this subsection to persons owning or operating a facility for

2 the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste as

3 defined under this Act.

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4 All RCRA permits shall contain those terms and 5 conditions, including but not limited to schedules of 6 compliance, which may be required to accomplish the purposes 7 and provisions of this Act. The Agency may include among such conditions standards and other requirements established 8 9 under this Act, Board regulations, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-580), as amended, and 10 11 regulations pursuant thereto, and may include schedules for achieving compliance therewith as soon as possible. 12 The 13 Agency shall require that a performance bond or other security be provided as a condition for the issuance of 14 15 RCRA permit.

In the case of a permit to operate a hazardous waste or PCB incinerator as defined in subsection (k) of Section 44, the Agency shall require, as a condition of the permit, that the operator of the facility perform such analyses of the waste to be incinerated as may be necessary and appropriate to ensure the safe operation of the incinerator.

The Agency shall adopt filing requirements and procedures which are necessary and appropriate for the issuance of RCRA permits, and which are consistent with the Act or regulations adopted by the Board, and with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-580), as amended, and regulations pursuant thereto.

The applicant shall make available to the public for inspection all documents submitted by the applicant to the Agency in furtherance of an application, with the exception of trade secrets, at the office of the county board or governing body of the municipality. Such documents may be copied upon payment of the actual cost of reproduction during regular business hours of the local office. The Agency shall

- 1 issue a written statement concurrent with its grant or denial
- of the permit explaining the basis for its decision.
- 3 (e) The Agency may issue UIC permits exclusively under
- 4 this subsection to persons owning or operating a facility for
- 5 the underground injection of contaminants as defined under
- 6 this Act.
- 7 All UIC permits shall contain those terms and conditions,
- 8 including but not limited to schedules of compliance, which
- 9 may be required to accomplish the purposes and provisions of
- 10 this Act. The Agency may include among such conditions
- 11 standards and other requirements established under this Act,
- Board regulations, the Safe Drinking Water Act (P.L. 93-523),
- as amended, and regulations pursuant thereto, and may include
- 14 schedules for achieving compliance therewith. The Agency
- 15 shall require that a performance bond or other security be
- 16 provided as a condition for the issuance of a UIC permit.
- 17 The Agency shall adopt filing requirements and procedures
- which are necessary and appropriate for the issuance of UIC
- 19 permits, and which are consistent with the Act or regulations
- 20 adopted by the Board, and with the Safe Drinking Water Act
- 21 (P.L. 93-523), as amended, and regulations pursuant thereto.
- The applicant shall make available to the public for
- inspection, all documents submitted by the applicant to the
- 24 Agency in furtherance of an application, with the exception
- of trade secrets, at the office of the county board or
- 26 governing body of the municipality. Such documents may be
- 27 copied upon payment of the actual cost of reproduction during
- 28 regular business hours of the local office. The Agency shall
- issue a written statement concurrent with its grant or denial
- of the permit explaining the basis for its decision.
- 31 (f) In making any determination pursuant to Section 9.1
- 32 of this Act:
- 33 (1) The Agency shall have authority to make the
- 34 determination of any question required to be determined

by the Clean Air Act, as now or hereafter amended, this

Act, or the regulations of the Board, including the

determination of the Lowest Achievable Emission Rate,

Maximum Achievable Control Technology, or Best Available

Control Technology, consistent with the Board's regulations, if any.

- (2) The Agency shall, after conferring with the applicant, give written notice to the applicant of its proposed decision on the application including the terms and conditions of the permit to be issued and the facts, conduct or other basis upon which the Agency will rely to support its proposed action.
- (3) Following such notice, the Agency shall give the applicant an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with the provisions of Sections 10-25 through 10-60 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.
- (g) The Agency shall include as conditions upon all permits issued for hazardous waste disposal sites such restrictions upon the future use of such sites as are reasonably necessary to protect public health and the environment, including permanent prohibition of the use of such sites for purposes which may create an unreasonable risk of injury to human health or to the environment. After administrative and judicial challenges to such restrictions have been exhausted, the Agency shall file such restrictions of record in the Office of the Recorder of the county in which the hazardous waste disposal site is located.
- (h) A hazardous waste stream may not be deposited in a permitted hazardous waste site unless specific authorization is obtained from the Agency by the generator and disposal site owner and operator for the deposit of that specific hazardous waste stream. The Agency may grant specific authorization for disposal of hazardous waste streams only after the generator has reasonably demonstrated that,

1 considering technological feasibility and economic 2 reasonableness, the hazardous waste cannot be reasonably recycled for reuse, nor incinerated or chemically, physically 3 4 or biologically treated so as to neutralize the hazardous waste and render it nonhazardous. In granting authorization 5 under this Section, the Agency may impose such conditions as 6 7 may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of the Act and are consistent with this Act and regulations promulgated by 8 9 the Board hereunder. If the Agency refuses to authorization under this Section, the applicant may appeal as 10 11 if the Agency refused to grant a permit, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of Section 40 of this Act. 12 purposes of this subsection (h), the term "generator" has the 13 meaning given in Section 3.205 of this Act, unless: (1) the 14 hazardous waste is treated, incinerated, or 15 16 recycled for reuse prior to disposal, in which case the last person who treats, incinerates, or partially recycles the 17 18 hazardous waste prior to disposal is the generator; or (2) 19 the hazardous waste is from a response action, in which case the person performing the response action is the generator. 20 21 This subsection (h) does not apply to any hazardous waste that is restricted from land disposal under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 22 23 728.

Before issuing any RCRA permit or any permit for a waste storage site, sanitary landfill, waste disposal site, waste transfer station, waste treatment facility, waste incinerator, or any waste-transportation operation, the Agency shall conduct an evaluation of the prospective owner's or operator's prior experience in waste management operations. The Agency may deny such a permit if the prospective owner or operator or any employee or officer of the prospective owner or operator has a history of:

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33 (1) repeated violations of federal, State, or local 34 laws, regulations, standards, or ordinances in the operation of waste management facilities or sites; or

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- (2) conviction in this or another State of any crime which is a felony under the laws of this State, or conviction of a felony in a federal court; or
- (3) proof of gross carelessness or incompetence in handling, storing, processing, transporting or disposing of waste.
- 8 (j) The issuance under this Act of a permit to engage in 9 the surface mining of any resources other than fossil fuels 10 shall not relieve the permittee from its duty to comply with 11 any applicable local law regulating the commencement, 12 location or operation of surface mining facilities.
  - (k) A development permit issued under subsection (a) of Section 39 for any facility or site which is required to have a permit under subsection (d) of Section 21 shall expire at the end of 2 calendar years from the date upon which it was issued, unless within that period the applicant has taken action to develop the facility or the site. In the event that review of the conditions of the development permit is sought pursuant to Section 40 or 41, or permittee is prevented from commencing development of the facility or site by any other litigation beyond the permittee's control, such two-year period shall be deemed to begin on the date upon which such review process or litigation is concluded.
  - (1) No permit shall be issued by the Agency under this Act for construction or operation of any facility or site located within the boundaries of any setback zone established pursuant to this Act, where such construction or operation is prohibited.
- 30 (m) The Agency may issue permits to persons owning or 31 operating a facility for composting landscape waste. In 32 granting such permits, the Agency may impose such conditions 33 as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act, 34 and as are not inconsistent with applicable regulations

- 1 promulgated by the Board. Except as otherwise provided in
- 2 this Act, a bond or other security shall not be required as a
- 3 condition for the issuance of a permit. If the Agency denies
- 4 any permit pursuant to this subsection, the Agency shall
- 5 transmit to the applicant within the time limitations of this
- 6 subsection specific, detailed statements as to the reasons
- 7 the permit application was denied. Such statements shall
- 8 include but not be limited to the following:

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- 9 (1) the Sections of this Act that may be violated 10 if the permit were granted;
- 11 (2) the specific regulations promulgated pursuant 12 to this Act that may be violated if the permit were 13 granted;
- 14 (3) the specific information, if any, the Agency
  15 deems the applicant did not provide in its application to
  16 the Agency; and
- 17 (4) a statement of specific reasons why the Act and
  18 the regulations might be violated if the permit were
  19 granted.
  - If no final action is taken by the Agency within 90 days after the filing of the application for permit, the applicant may deem the permit issued. Any applicant for a permit may waive the 90 day limitation by filing a written statement with the Agency.
  - The Agency shall issue permits for such facilities upon receipt of an application that includes a legal description of the site, a topographic map of the site drawn to the scale of 200 feet to the inch or larger, a description of the operation, including the area served, an estimate of the volume of materials to be processed, and documentation that:
- 31 (1) the facility includes a setback of at least 200 32 feet from the nearest potable water supply well;
- 33 (2) the facility is located outside the boundary of 34 the 10-year floodplain or the site will be floodproofed;

(3) the facility is located so as to minimize incompatibility with the character of the surrounding area, including at least a 200 foot setback from any residence, and in the case of a facility that is developed or the permitted composting area of which is expanded after November 17, 1991, the composting area is located at least 1/8 mile from the nearest residence (other than a residence located on the same property as the facility);

- (4) the design of the facility will prevent any compost material from being placed within 5 feet of the water table, will adequately control runoff from the site, and will collect and manage any leachate that is generated on the site;
- (5) the operation of the facility will include appropriate dust and odor control measures, limitations on operating hours, appropriate noise control measures for shredding, chipping and similar equipment, management procedures for composting, containment and disposal of non-compostable wastes, procedures to be used for terminating operations at the site, and recordkeeping sufficient to document the amount of materials received, composted and otherwise disposed of; and
- (6) the operation will be conducted in accordance with any applicable rules adopted by the Board.

The Agency shall issue renewable permits of not longer than 10 years in duration for the composting of landscape wastes, as defined in Section 3.155 of this Act, based on the above requirements.

The operator of any facility permitted under this subsection (m) must submit a written annual statement to the Agency on or before April 1 of each year that includes an estimate of the amount of material, in tons, received for composting.

- 1 (n) The Agency shall issue permits jointly with the
- 2 Department of Transportation for the dredging or deposit of
- 3 material in Lake Michigan in accordance with Section 18 of
- 4 the Rivers, Lakes, and Streams Act.
- 5 (o) (Blank.)
- 6 (p) (1) Any person submitting an application for a
- 7 permit for a new MSWLF unit or for a lateral expansion under
- 8 subsection (t) of Section 21 of this Act for an existing
- 9 MSWLF unit that has not received and is not subject to local
- 10 siting approval under Section 39.2 of this Act shall publish
- 11 notice of the application in a newspaper of general
- 12 circulation in the county in which the MSWLF unit is or is
- 13 proposed to be located. The notice must be published at
- 14 least 15 days before submission of the permit application to
- 15 the Agency. The notice shall state the name and address of
- 16 the applicant, the location of the MSWLF unit or proposed
- 17 MSWLF unit, the nature and size of the MSWLF unit or proposed
- 18 MSWLF unit, the nature of the activity proposed, the probable
- 19 life of the proposed activity, the date the permit
- 20 application will be submitted, and a statement that persons
- 21 may file written comments with the Agency concerning the
- 22 permit application within 30 days after the filing of the
- 23 permit application unless the time period to submit comments
- is extended by the Agency.
- When a permit applicant submits information to the Agency
- 26 to supplement a permit application being reviewed by the
- 27 Agency, the applicant shall not be required to reissue the
- 28 notice under this subsection.
- 29 (2) The Agency shall accept written comments concerning
- 30 the permit application that are postmarked no later than 30
- 31 days after the filing of the permit application, unless the
- 32 time period to accept comments is extended by the Agency.
- 33 (3) Each applicant for a permit described in part (1) of
- 34 this subsection shall file a copy of the permit application

- 1 with the county board or governing body of the municipality
- 2 in which the MSWLF unit is or is proposed to be located at
- 3 the same time the application is submitted to the Agency.
- 4 The permit application filed with the county board or
- 5 governing body of the municipality shall include all
- 6 documents submitted to or to be submitted to the Agency,
- 7 except trade secrets as determined under Section 7.1 of this
- 8 Act. The permit application and other documents on file with
- 9 the county board or governing body of the municipality shall
- 10 be made available for public inspection during regular
- 11 business hours at the office of the county board or the
- 12 governing body of the municipality and may be copied upon
- 13 payment of the actual cost of reproduction.
- 14 (q) For any permit that is not covered by subsection (i)
- of this Section, the Agency may deny such permit if the
- 16 person applying for the permit has a history of:
- 17 <u>(1) repeated adjudicated violations of federal,</u>
- 18 <u>State, or local laws, regulations, standards, or</u>
- 19 <u>ordinances intended to protect the environment in the</u>
- 20 <u>operation of facilities or sites; or</u>
- 21 (2) conviction in this or another State of any
- 22 <u>crime that is a felony, or conviction of a felony in a</u>
- 23 <u>federal court.</u>
- 24 <u>For purpose of this Section, in considering the previous</u>
- 25 <u>history of non-compliance, the Agency shall not consider any</u>
- 26 <u>violation or conviction that resulted from any evidence that</u>
- 27 <u>in the first instance was obtained by the Agency from a</u>
- 28 <u>written self-disclosure of non-compliance submitted by the</u>
- applicant to the Agency.
- 30 (Source: P.A. 92-574, eff. 6-26-02.)
- 31 (415 ILCS 5/42) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1042)
- 32 Sec. 42. Civil penalties.
- 33 (a) Except as provided in this Section, any person that

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violates any provision of this Act or any regulation adopted by the Board, or any permit or term or condition thereof, or that violates any determination or order of the Board pursuant to this Act, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not to exceed \$50,000 for the violation and an additional civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for each day during which the violation continues; such penalties may, upon order of the Board or a court of competent jurisdiction, be made payable to the Environmental Protection Trust Fund, to be used in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Protection Trust Fund Act.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section:
  - (1) Any person that violates Section 12(f) of this Act or any NPDES permit or term or condition thereof, or any filing requirement, regulation or order relating to the NPDES permit program, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 per day of violation.
  - (2) Any person that violates Section 12(g) of this Act or any UIC permit or term or condition thereof, or any filing requirement, regulation or order relating to the State UIC program for all wells, except Class wells as defined by the Board under this Act, shall be liable to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 per day of violation; provided, however, that any person who commits such violations relating to the State UIC program for II wells, as defined by the Board under this Act, Class shall be liable to a civil penalty of not to exceed \$10,000 for the violation and an additional civil penalty of not to exceed \$1,000 for each day during which the violation continues.
  - (3) Any person that violates Sections 21(f), 21(g), 21(h) or 21(i) of this Act, or any RCRA permit or term or condition thereof, or any filing requirement, regulation

or order relating to the State RCRA program, shall be liable to a civil penalty of not to exceed \$25,000 per day of violation.

- (4) In an administrative citation action under Section 31.1 of this Act, any person found to have violated any provision of subsection (o) of Section 21 of this Act shall pay a civil penalty of \$500 for each violation of each such provision, plus any hearing costs incurred by the Board and the Agency. Such penalties shall be made payable to the Environmental Protection Trust Fund, to be used in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Protection Trust Fund Act; except that if a unit of local government issued the administrative citation, 50% of the civil penalty shall be payable to the unit of local government.
- (4-5) In an administrative citation action under Section 31.1 of this Act, any person found to have violated any provision of subsection (p) of Section 21 of this Act shall pay a civil penalty of \$1,500 for a first offense and \$3,000 for a second or subsequent offense, plus any hearing costs incurred by the Board and the Agency. The penalties shall be deposited into the Environmental Protection Trust Fund, to be used in accordance with the provisions of the Environmental Protection Trust Fund Act; except that if a unit of local government issued the administrative citation, 50% of the civil penalty shall be payable to the unit of local government.
- (5) Any person who violates subsection 6 of Section 39.5 of this Act or any CAAPP permit, or term or condition thereof, or any fee or filing requirement, or any duty to allow or carry out inspection, entry or monitoring activities, or any regulation or order relating to the CAAPP shall be liable for a civil penalty

not to exceed \$10,000 per day of violation.

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2 (b.5) In lieu of the penalties set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this Section, any person who fails to file, in 3 4 a timely manner, toxic chemical release forms with the Agency 5 pursuant to Section 25b-2 of this Act shall be liable for a 6 civil penalty of \$100 per day for each day the forms are 7 late, not to exceed a maximum total penalty of \$6,000. This daily penalty shall begin accruing on the thirty-first 8 9 after the date that the person receives the warning notice issued by the Agency pursuant to Section 25b-6 of this Act; 10 11 and the penalty shall be paid to the Agency. The daily accrual of penalties shall cease as of January 1 of the 12 year. All penalties collected by the Agency 13 following pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the 14 Environmental Protection Permit and Inspection Fund. 15

- (c) Any person that violates this Act, or an order or other determination of the Board under this Act and causes the death of fish or aquatic life shall, in addition to the other penalties provided by this Act, be liable to pay to the State an additional sum for the reasonable value of the fish or aquatic life destroyed. Any money so recovered shall be placed in the Wildlife and Fish Fund in the State Treasury.
- 23 (d) The penalties provided for in this Section may be 24 recovered in a civil action.
  - (e) The State's Attorney of the county in which the violation occurred, or the Attorney General, may, at the request of the Agency or on his own motion, institute a civil action for an injunction to restrain violations of this Act.
- 29 (f) The State's Attorney of the county in which the 30 violation occurred, or the Attorney General, shall bring such 31 actions in the name of the people of the State of Illinois. 32 Without limiting any other authority which may exist for the 33 awarding of attorney's fees and costs, the Board or a court 34 of competent jurisdiction may award costs and reasonable

- 1 attorney's fees, including the reasonable costs of expert
- 2 witnesses and consultants, to the State's Attorney or the
- 3 Attorney General in a case where he has prevailed against a
- 4 person who has committed a wilful, knowing or repeated
- 5 violation of the Act.
- 6 Any funds collected under this subsection (f) in which
- 7 the Attorney General has prevailed shall be deposited in the
- 8 Hazardous Waste Fund created in Section 22.2 of this Act. Any
- 9 funds collected under this subsection (f) in which a State's
- 10 Attorney has prevailed shall be retained by the county in
- 11 which he serves.
- 12 (g) All final orders imposing civil penalties pursuant
- 13 to this Section shall prescribe the time for payment of such
- 14 penalties. If any such penalty is not paid within the time
- prescribed, interest on such penalty at the rate set forth in
- 16 subsection (a) of Section 1003 of the Illinois Income Tax
- 17 Act, shall be paid for the period from the date payment is
- due until the date payment is received. However, if the time
- 19 for payment is stayed during the pendency of an appeal,
- 20 interest shall not accrue during such stay.
- 21 (h) In determining the appropriate civil penalty to be
- imposed under subdivisions (a), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), or
- 23 (b)(5) of this Section, the Board is authorized to consider
- 24 any matters of record in mitigation or aggravation of
- 25 penalty, including but not limited to the following factors:
- 26 (1) the duration and gravity of the violation;
- 27 (2) the presence or absence of due diligence on the
- 28 part of the <u>respondent</u> violator in attempting to comply
- 29 with requirements of this Act and regulations thereunder
- or to secure relief therefrom as provided by this Act;
- 31 (3) any economic benefits accrued by the <u>respondent</u>
- 32 violator because of delay in compliance with
- requirements, in which case the economic benefits shall
- 34 <u>be based upon the lowest cost alternative for achieving</u>

- (4) the amount of monetary penalty which will serve to deter further violations by the <u>respondent</u> violater and to otherwise aid in enhancing voluntary compliance with this Act by the <u>respondent</u> violater and other persons similarly subject to the Act; and
- (5) the number, proximity in time, and gravity of previously adjudicated violations of this Act by the respondent; violator.
- (6) whether the respondent voluntarily self-disclosed, in accordance with subsection (i) of this Section, the non-compliance to the Agency; and
- (7) whether the respondent has agreed to undertake a "supplemental environmental project," which means an environmentally beneficial project that a respondent agrees to undertake in settlement of an enforcement action brought under this Act, but which the respondent is not otherwise legally required to perform.

In determining the appropriate civil penalty to be imposed under subsection (a) or paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (5) of subsection (b) of this Section, the Board shall 2.1 ensure, in all cases, that the penalty is at least as great as the economic benefits, if any, accrued by the respondent as a result of the violation, unless the Board finds that imposition of such penalty would result in an arbitrary or unreasonable financial hardship. However, such civil penalty, including the portion of the penalty based upon economic benefit of non-compliance, may be off-set in whole or in part pursuant to a supplemental environmental project agreed to by the complainant and the respondent.

(i) A person who voluntarily self-discloses
non-compliance to the Agency, of which the Agency had been
unaware, is entitled to a 100% reduction in the Board's
consideration of the gravity of the violation, if the person

substantial endangerment to human health or the
environment or violate the specific terms of any judicial
or administrative order or consent agreement; and,

(8) that the person cooperates as reasonably
requested by the Agency after the disclosure.
(Source: P.A. 90-773, eff. 8-14-98; 91-82, eff. 1-1-00.)".