- 1 AN ACT concerning human rights.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by
- 5 changing Section 1-103 as follows:
- 6 (775 ILCS 5/1-103) (from Ch. 68, par. 1-103)
- 7 Sec. 1-103. General Definitions. When used in this Act,
- 8 unless the context requires otherwise, the term:
- 9 (A) Age. "Age" means the chronological age of a person
- 10 who is at least 40 years old, except with regard to any
- 11 practice described in Section 2-102, insofar as that practice
- 12 concerns training or apprenticeship programs. In the case of
- 13 training or apprenticeship programs, for the purposes of
- 14 Section 2-102, "age" means the chronological age of a person
- who is 18 but not yet 40 years old.
- 16 (B) Aggrieved Party. "Aggrieved party" means a person
- 17 who is alleged or proved to have been injured by a civil
- 18 rights violation or believes he or she will be injured by a
- 19 civil rights violation under Article 3 that is about to
- 20 occur.
- 21 (C) Charge. "Charge" means an allegation filed with the
- 22 Department by an aggrieved party or initiated by the
- 23 Department under its authority.
- 24 (D) Civil Rights Violation. "Civil rights violation"
- 25 includes and shall be limited to only those specific acts set
- 26 forth in Sections 2-102, 2-103, 2-105, 3-102, 3-103, 3-104,
- 3-104.1, 3-105, 4-102, 4-103, 5-102, 5A-102 and 6-101 of this
- 28 Act.
- 29 (E) Commission. "Commission" means the Human Rights
- 30 Commission created by this Act.
- 31 (F) Complaint. "Complaint" means the formal pleading

- 1 filed by the Department with the Commission following an
- 2 investigation and finding of substantial evidence of a civil
- 3 rights violation.
- 4 (G) Complainant. "Complainant" means a person including
- 5 the Department who files a charge of civil rights violation
- 6 with the Department or the Commission.
- 7 (H) Department. "Department" means the Department of
- 8 Human Rights created by this Act.
- 9 (I) Handicap. "Handicap" means a determinable physical
- 10 or mental characteristic of a person, including, but not
- 11 limited to, a determinable physical characteristic which
- 12 necessitates the person's use of a guide, hearing or support
- dog, the history of such characteristic, or the perception of
- 14 such characteristic by the person complained against, which
- 15 may result from disease, injury, congenital condition of
- 16 birth or functional disorder and which characteristic:
- 17 (1) For purposes of Article 2 is unrelated to the
- 18 person's ability to perform the duties of a particular
- job or position and, pursuant to Section 2-104 of this
- 20 Act, a person's illegal use of drugs or alcohol is not a
- 21 handicap;
- (2) For purposes of Article 3, is unrelated to the
- person's ability to acquire, rent or maintain a housing
- 24 accommodation;
- 25 (3) For purposes of Article 4, is unrelated to a
- 26 person's ability to repay;
- 27 (4) For purposes of Article 5, is unrelated to a
- 28 person's ability to utilize and benefit from a place of
- 29 public accommodation.
- 30 (J) Marital Status. "Marital status" means the legal
- 31 status of being married, single, separated, divorced or
- 32 widowed.
- 33 (J-1) Military Status. "Military status" means a
- 34 person's status on active duty in the armed forces of the

- 1 United States.
- 2 (K) National Origin. "National origin" means the place
- 3 in which a person or one of his or her ancestors was born.
- 4 (L) Person. "Person" includes one or more individuals,
- 5 partnerships, associations or organizations, labor
- 6 organizations, labor unions, joint apprenticeship committees,
- 7 or union labor associations, corporations, the State of
- 8 Illinois and its instrumentalities, political subdivisions,
- 9 units of local government, legal representatives, trustees in
- 10 bankruptcy or receivers.
- 11 (M) Public Contract. "Public contract" includes every
- 12 contract to which the State, any of its political
- 13 subdivisions or any municipal corporation is a party.
- 14 (N) Religion. "Religion" includes all aspects of
- 15 religious observance and practice, as well as belief, except
- 16 that with respect to employers, for the purposes of Article
- 2, "religion" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (F)
- 18 of Section 2-101.
- 19 (0) Sex. "Sex" means the status of being male or female.
- 20 <u>"Because of sex" includes, but is not limited to, because of</u>
- 21 pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions; and
- 22 <u>women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical</u>
- 23 <u>conditions</u> shall be treated the same for all
- 24 <u>employment-related purposes, including receipt of benefits</u>
- 25 <u>under fringe benefit programs, as other persons not so</u>
- 26 <u>affected but similar in their ability or inability to work.</u>
- 27 (P) Unfavorable Military Discharge. "Unfavorable
- 28 military discharge" includes discharges from the Armed Forces
- of the United States, their Reserve components or any
- 30 National Guard or Naval Militia which are classified as RE-3
- 31 or the equivalent thereof, but does not include those
- 32 characterized as RE-4 or "Dishonorable".
- 33 (Q) Unlawful Discrimination. "Unlawful discrimination"
- 34 means discrimination against a person because of his or her

- 1 race, color, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, sex,
- 2 marital status, handicap, military status, or unfavorable
- 3 discharge from military service as those terms are defined in
- 4 this Section.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 88-178; 88-180; 88-670, eff. 12-2-94.)