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L AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL I.	14	RTT.T. '	SENATE	$T \cap$	TNRMCNRMA

- 2 AMENDMENT NO. ____. Amend Senate Bill 114 by replacing
- 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:
- 4 "Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 2-801, 2-802, and 2-803 and adding Sections
- 6 2-807, 2-808, and 2-809 as follows:
- 7 (735 ILCS 5/2-801) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-801)
- 8 Sec. 2-801. Prerequisites for the maintenance of a class
- 9 action.
- 10 (a) An action may be maintained as a class action only
- in the any court sitting in the county of this State in which
- 12 (i) the defendant's principal office is located, (ii) the
- 13 plurality of class members who are Illinois residents reside,
- or (iii) the cause of action arose for the plurality of class
- 15 <u>members.</u> and A party may sue or be sued as a representative
- 16 party of the class only if the court finds:
- 17 (1) The class is so numerous that joinder of all
- members is impracticable.
- 19 (2) There are questions of fact or law common to
- the class, which common questions predominate over any
- 21 questions affecting only individual members <u>and a class</u>
- 22 <u>action is superior to other available methods for the</u>

1 fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. The matters pertinent to the findings include: (A) the 2 interest of members of the class in individually 3 4 controlling the prosecution or defense of separate actions; (B) the extent and nature of any litigation 5 concerning the controversy already commenced by or 6 against members of the class; (C) the desirability or 7 undesirability of concentrating the litigation of the 8 9 claims in the particular forum; (D) the difficulties likely to be encountered in the management of a class 10 11 action.

- (3) The representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interest of the class.
- 14 (4) The class action is an appropriate method for 15 the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), a

 class action may be certified only if the plurality of the

 class members are residents of Illinois or if the plurality

 of the class members were physically in Illinois when the

 cause of action arose.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 82-280.)

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- 22 (735 ILCS 5/2-802) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-802)
- 23 Sec. 2-802. Order and findings relative to the class.
- 24 Preliminary determinations. Before making any of the 25 determinations set forth in subsections (b) and (c), the court shall determine whether the action which has been 26 brought as a class action has been commenced in the court 2.7 sitting in the County of this State in which (i) the 28 defendant's principal office is located, (ii) the plurality 29 of class members who are Illinois residents reside, or (iii) 30 the cause of action arose for the plurality of class members, 31 32 and, if the court determines that it has not been commenced in such county, the court may not permit the action to be 33

- 1 <u>maintained</u> as a class action pursuant to subsections (b) and
- 2 <u>(c)</u>.
- 3 (b) Determination of Class. As soon as practicable
- 4 after the commencement of an action brought as a class
- 5 action, the court shall determine by order whether it may be
- 6 so maintained and describe those whom the court finds to be
- 7 members of the class. This order may be conditional and may
- 8 be amended before a decision on the merits.
- 9 (c) (b) Class Action on Limited Issues and Sub-classes.
- 10 When appropriate, an action may be brought or maintained as a
- 11 class action with respect to particular issues, or divided
- into sub-classes and each sub-class treated as a class. The
- 13 provisions of this rule shall then be construed and applied
- 14 accordingly.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 82-280.)
- 16 (735 ILCS 5/2-803) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-803)
- 17 Sec. 2-803. Notice to Class Members.
- 18 (a) For any class certified under this Part 8, the court
- 19 <u>may direct appropriate notice to the class.</u>
- 20 (b) For any class certified under this Part 8, the court
- 21 <u>must direct to class members the best notice practicable</u>
- 22 <u>under the circumstances, including individual notice to all</u>
- 23 <u>members who can be identified through reasonable effort. The</u>
- 24 <u>notice must concisely and clearly state in plain, easily</u>
- 25 <u>understood language:</u>
- 26 (1) the nature of the action;
- 27 (2) the definition of the class certified;
- 28 <u>(3) the class claims, issues, or defenses;</u>
- 29 <u>(4) that a class member may enter an appearance</u>
- through counsel if the member so desires;
- 31 (5) that the court will exclude from the class any
- 32 <u>member who requests exclusion, stating when and how</u>
- 33 <u>members may elect to be excluded; and</u>

1 (6) the binding effect of a class judgment on class 2 members under this Part 8. in--elass--eases---Upon-a 3 determination-that-an-action-may-be-maintained-as-a-class 4 action,-or-at-any-time-during-the-conduct-of-the--action, 5 the-court-in-its-discretion-may-order-such-notice-that-it deems-necessary-to-protect-the-interests-of-the-class-and 6 7 the-parties. 8 An-order-entered-under-subsection-(a)-of-Section-2-802-of 9 this--Act,--determining-that-an-action-may-be-maintained-as-a 10 class-action,-may-be-conditioned-upon--the--giving--of--such 11 notice-as-the-court-deems-appropriate. (Source: P.A. 83-707.) 12 (735 ILCS 5/2-807 new) 13 14 Sec. 2-807. Judicial scrutiny of coupon and other 15 noncash settlements. The court may approve a proposed 16 settlement under which the class members would receive coupons or other similar noncash benefits or would otherwise 17 be required to expend funds to obtain part or all of the 18 19 proposed benefits only after a hearing to determine whether, 20 and making a written finding that, the settlement is fair, 21 reasonable, and adequate for class members. (735 ILCS 5/2-808 new) 22 23 Sec. 2-808. Protection against loss by class members. 2.4 The court may approve a proposed settlement under which any 25 class member is obligated to pay sums to class counsel that would result in a net loss to the class member only if the 26 27 court makes a written finding that nonmonetary benefits to 28 the class member outweigh the monetary loss.

29 (735 ILCS 5/2-809 new)

30 <u>Sec. 2-809. Attorney's fees. Any attorney representing</u>
31 <u>any member or members of the plaintiff class in a class</u>

- 1 <u>action may seek payment of attorney's fees and costs pursuant</u>
- 2 to a petition filed with the court of jurisdiction. The court
- 3 shall make a determination based on findings of fact that the
- 4 <u>amount awarded for attorney's fees and costs is reasonable</u>
- 5 <u>and commensurate with the benefits conferred upon the members</u>
- of the class represented by the attorney or attorneys who are
- 7 <u>the petitioners for fees and costs.</u>".