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1 AN ACT concerning finance.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Finance Authority Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 801-10, 801-25, and 845-5 as follows:
- (20 ILCS 3501/801-10) 6
- Sec. 801-10. Definitions. The following terms, whenever 7 used or referred to in this Act, shall have the following 8 meanings, except in such instances where the context may 9 clearly indicate otherwise: 10
- The term "Authority" means the Illinois Finance 11 Authority created by this Act. 12
- (b) The term "project" means an industrial project, housing project, public purpose project, higher education project, health facility project, cultural institution project, agricultural facility or agribusiness, and "project" may include any combination of one or more of the foregoing undertaken jointly by any person with one or more other persons, but "project" shall not include any facility used or 20 to be used for sectarian instruction or as a place of religious worship nor any facility which is used or to be used primarily in connection with any part of the program of a school or 22 department of divinity for any religious denomination 23 training of ministers, priests, rabbis or other professional persons in the field of religion.
  - (c) The term "public purpose project" means any project or facility including without limitation land, buildings, structures, machinery, equipment and all other real and personal property, which is authorized or required by law to be acquired, constructed, improved, rehabilitated, reconstructed, replaced or maintained by any unit of government or any other lawful public purpose which is authorized or required by law to

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be undertaken by any unit of government.

(d) The term "industrial project" means the acquisition, refurbishment, creation, construction, development redevelopment of any facility, equipment, machinery, real property or personal property for use by any instrumentality of the State or its political subdivisions, for use by any person or institution, public or private, for profit or not for profit, or for use in any trade or business including, but not limited to, any industrial, manufacturing or commercial enterprise and which is (1) a capital project including but not limited to: (i) land and any rights therein, one or more buildings, structures or other improvements, machinery and equipment, whether now existing or hereafter acquired, and whether or not located on the same site or sites; (ii) all appurtenances and facilities incidental to the foregoing, including, but not limited to utilities, access roads, railroad sidings, track, docking and similar facilities, parking facilities, dockage, wharfage, railroad roadbed, track, trestle, depot, terminal, switching and signaling or related equipment, site preparation and landscaping; and (iii) non-capital costs and expenses relating thereto or (2) any addition to, renovation, rehabilitation or improvement of a capital project or (3) any activity or undertaking which the Authority determines will aid, assist or encourage economic growth, development or redevelopment within the State or any area thereof, will promote the expansion, retention or diversification of employment opportunities within the State or any area thereof or will aid in stabilizing or developing any industry or economic sector of the State economy. The term "industrial project" also means the production of motion pictures.

(e) The term "bond" or "bonds" shall include bonds, notes (including bond, grant or revenue anticipation notes), certificates and/or other evidences of indebtedness representing an obligation to pay money, including refunding bonds.

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- (f) The terms "lease agreement" and "loan agreement" shall mean: (i) an agreement whereby a project acquired by the Authority by purchase, gift or lease is leased to any person, corporation or unit of local government which will use or cause the project to be used as a project as heretofore defined upon terms providing for lease rental payments at least sufficient to pay when due all principal of, interest and premium, if any, on any bonds of the Authority issued with respect to such project, providing for the maintenance, insuring and operation project on terms satisfactory to the Authority, providing for disposition of the project upon termination of the lease term, including purchase options or abandonment of the premises, and such other terms as may be deemed desirable by the Authority, or (ii) any agreement pursuant to which the Authority agrees to loan the proceeds of its bonds issued with respect to a project or other funds of the Authority to any person which will use or cause the project to be used as a project as heretofore defined upon terms providing for loan repayment installments at least sufficient to pay when due all principal of, interest and premium, if any, on any bonds of the Authority, if any, issued with respect to the project, and providing for maintenance, insurance and other matters as may be deemed desirable by the Authority.
  - (g) The term "financial aid" means the expenditure of Authority funds or funds provided by the Authority through the issuance of its bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness or from other sources for the development, construction, acquisition or improvement of a project.
  - (h) The term "person" means an individual, corporation, unit of government, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, 2 or more persons having a joint or common interest, or any other legal entity.
  - (i) The term "unit of government" means the federal government, the State or unit of local government, a school district, or any agency or instrumentality, office, officer, department, division, bureau, commission, college or

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university thereof.

(j) The term "health facility" means: (a) any public or private institution, place, building, or agency required to be licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act; (b) any public or private institution, place, building, or agency required to be licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act; (c) any public or licensed private hospital as defined in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code; (d) any such facility exempted from such licensure when the Director of Public Health that such exempted facility meets the statutory definition of a facility subject to licensure; (e) any other public or private health service institution, place, building, or agency which the Director of Public Health attests is subject to certification by the Secretary, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services under the Social Security Act, as now or hereafter amended, or which the Director of Public Health attests is subject to standard-setting by a recognized public or voluntary accrediting or standard-setting agency; (f) any public or private institution, place, building or agency engaged in providing one or more supporting services to a health facility; (g) any public or private institution, place, building or agency engaged in providing training in the healing arts, including but not limited to schools of medicine, dentistry, osteopathy, optometry, podiatry, pharmacy nursing, schools for the training of x-ray, laboratory or other health care technicians and schools for the training of para-professionals in the health care field; (h) any public or private congregate, life or extended care or elderly housing facility or any public or private home for the aged or infirm, including, without limitation, any Facility as defined in the Life Care Facilities Act; (i) any public or private mental, emotional or physical rehabilitation facility or any public or private educational, counseling, or rehabilitation facility or home, for those persons with a developmental disability, those who are physically ill or disabled, the emotionally disturbed, those persons with a mental illness or persons with learning or

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similar disabilities or problems; (j) any public or private alcohol, drug or substance abuse diagnosis, counseling treatment or rehabilitation facility, (k) any public or private institution, place, building or agency licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services or which is not so licensed but which the Director of Children and Family Services attests provides child care, child welfare or other services of the type provided by facilities subject to such licensure; (1) any public or private adoption agency or facility; and (m) any public or private blood bank or blood center. "Health facility" also means a public or private structure or structures suitable primarily for use as a laboratory, laundry, nurses or interns residence or other housing or hotel facility used in whole or in part for staff, employees or students and their families, patients or relatives of patients admitted for treatment or care in a health facility, or persons conducting business with health facility, physician's facility, surgicenter, administration building, research facility, maintenance, storage or utility facility and all structures or facilities related to any of the foregoing or required or useful for the operation of a health facility, including parking or other facilities or other supporting service structures required or useful for the orderly conduct of such health facility.

- (k) The term "participating health institution" means a private corporation or association or public entity of this State, authorized by the laws of this State to provide or operate a health facility as defined in this Act and which, pursuant to the provisions of this Act, undertakes the financing, construction or acquisition of a project or undertakes the refunding or refinancing of obligations, loans, indebtedness or advances as provided in this Act.
- (1) The term "health facility project", means a specific health facility work or improvement to be financed or refinanced (including without limitation through reimbursement of prior expenditures), acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled, renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, with

- 1 funds provided in whole or in part hereunder, any accounts
- 2 receivable, working capital, liability or insurance cost or
- 3 operating expense financing or refinancing program of a health
- 4 facility with or involving funds provided in whole or in part
- 5 hereunder, or any combination thereof.
- 6 (m) The term "bond resolution" means the resolution or
- 7 resolutions authorizing the issuance of, or providing terms and
- 8 conditions related to, bonds issued under this Act and
- 9 includes, where appropriate, any trust agreement, trust
- 10 indenture, indenture of mortgage or deed of trust providing
- 11 terms and conditions for such bonds.
- 12 (n) The term "property" means any real, personal or mixed
- 13 property, whether tangible or intangible, or any interest
- 14 therein, including, without limitation, any real estate,
- 15 leasehold interests, appurtenances, buildings, easements,
- 16 equipment, furnishings, furniture, improvements, machinery,
- 17 rights of way, structures, accounts, contract rights or any
- 18 interest therein.
- 19 (o) The term "revenues" means, with respect to any project,
- 20 the rents, fees, charges, interest, principal repayments,
- 21 collections and other income or profit derived therefrom.
- 22 (p) The term "higher education project" means, in the case
- of a private institution of higher education, an educational
- 24 facility to be acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled,
- 25 renovated, improved, furnished, or equipped, or any
- 26 combination thereof.
- 27 (q) The term "cultural institution project" means, in the
- 28 case of a cultural institution, a cultural facility to be
- 29 acquired, constructed, enlarged, remodeled, renovated,
- improved, furnished, or equipped, or any combination thereof.
- 31 (r) The term "educational facility" means any property
- 32 located within the State constructed or acquired before or
- 33 after the effective date of this Act, which is or will be, in
- 34 whole or in part, suitable for the instruction, feeding,
- 35 recreation or housing of students, the conducting of research
- or other work of a private institution of higher education, the

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use by a private institution of higher education in connection with any educational, research or related or incidental activities then being or to be conducted by it, or any combination of the foregoing, including, without limitation, any such property suitable for use as or in connection with any one or more of the following: an academic facility, administrative facility, agricultural facility, assembly hall, athletic facility, auditorium, boating facility, campus, communication facility, computer facility, continuing education facility, classroom, dining hall, dormitory, exhibition hall, fire fighting facility, fire prevention facility, food service and preparation facility, gymnasium, health facility, greenhouse, care hospital, housing, instructional facility, laboratory, library, maintenance facility, medical facility, museum, offices, parking area, physical education facility, recreational facility, research facility, stadium, storage facility, student union, study facility, theatre or utility. An educational facility shall not include any property used or to be used for sectarian instruction or study or as a place for devotional activities or religious worship nor any property which is used or to be used primarily in connection with any part of the program of a school or department of divinity for any religious denomination.

(s) The term "cultural facility" means any property located within the State constructed or acquired before or after the effective date of this Act, which is or will be, in whole or in part, suitable for the particular purposes or needs of a cultural institution, including, without limitation, any such property suitable for use as or in connection with any one or more of the following: an administrative facility, aquarium, assembly hall, auditorium, botanical garden, exhibition hall, gallery, greenhouse, library, museum, scientific laboratory, theater or zoological facility, and shall also include, without limitation, books, works of art or music, animal, plant or aquatic life or other items for display, exhibition or

performance. The term "cultural facility" includes buildings on the National Register of Historic Places which are owned or operated by nonprofit entities. A cultural facility shall not include any property used or to be used for sectarian instruction or study or as a place for devotional activities or religious worship nor any property which is used or to be used primarily in connection with any part of the program of a school or department of divinity for any religious denomination.

- (t) "Private institution of higher education" means a not-for-profit educational institution which is not owned by the State or any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which is authorized by law to provide a program of education beyond the high school level and which:
  - (1) Admits as regular students only individuals having a certificate of graduation from a high school, or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate;
  - (2) Provides an educational program for which it awards a bachelor's degree, or provides an educational program, admission into which is conditioned upon the prior attainment of a bachelor's degree or its equivalent, for which it awards a postgraduate degree, or provides not less than a 2-year program which is acceptable for full credit toward such a degree, or offers a 2-year program in engineering, mathematics, or the physical or biological sciences which is designed to prepare the student to work as a technician and at a semiprofessional level in engineering, scientific, or other technological fields which require the understanding and application of basic engineering, scientific, or mathematical principles or knowledge;
  - (3) Is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association or, if not so accredited, is an institution whose credits are accepted, on transfer, by not less than 3 institutions which are so accredited,

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for credit on the same basis as if transferred from an institution so accredited, and holds an unrevoked certificate of approval under the Private College Act from the Board of Higher Education, or is qualified as a "degree granting institution" under the Academic Degree Act; and

- (4) Does not discriminate in the admission of students on the basis of race  $\underline{\text{or}}$   $\tau$  color  $\underline{\text{or}}$  creed. "Private institution of higher education" also includes any "academic institution".
- "academic The term institution" any not-for-profit institution which is not owned by the State or any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which institution engages in, or facilitates academic, scientific, educational or professional research or learning in a field or fields of study taught at a private institution of higher education. Academic institutions include, without limitation, libraries, archives, academic, scientific, educational or professional societies, associations or foundations having such institutions, purposes. Academic institution does not include any school or any institution primarily engaged in religious or sectarian activities.
- "cultural institution" means The term  $(\nabla)$ any not-for-profit institution which is not owned by the State or any political subdivision, agency, instrumentality, district or municipality thereof, which institution engages in the cultural, intellectual, scientific, educational or artistic enrichment of the people of the State. Cultural institutions include, without limitation, aquaria, botanical societies, historical societies, libraries, museums, performing arts associations or societies, scientific societies and zoological societies. <del>Cultural institution does not include any</del> institution primarily engaged in religious or sectarian 20tivitio
- (w) The term "affiliate" means, with respect to financing of an agricultural facility or an agribusiness, any lender, any

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- person, firm or corporation controlled by, or under common control with, such lender, and any person, firm or corporation controlling such lender.
  - (x) The term "agricultural facility" means land, any building or other improvement thereon or thereto, and any personal properties deemed necessary or suitable for use, whether or not now in existence, in farming, ranching, the production of agricultural commodities (including, without limitation, the products of aquaculture, hydroponics and silviculture) or the treating, processing or storing of such agricultural commodities when such activities are customarily engaged in by farmers as a part of farming.
  - (y) The term "lender" with respect to financing of an agricultural facility or an agribusiness, means any federal or State chartered bank, Federal Land Bank, Production Credit Association, Bank for Cooperatives, federal or State chartered savings and loan association or building and loan association, Small Business Investment Company or any other institution qualified within this State to originate and service loans, including, but without limitation to, insurance companies, credit unions and mortgage loan companies. "Lender" also means a wholly owned subsidiary of a manufacturer, seller or distributor of goods or services that makes loans to businesses or individuals, commonly known as a "captive finance company".
  - (z) The term "agribusiness" means any sole proprietorship, limited partnership, co-partnership, joint venture, corporation or cooperative which operates or will operate a facility located within the State of Illinois that is related to the processing of agricultural commodities (including, without limitation, the products of aquaculture, hydroponics and silviculture) or the manufacturing, production construction of agricultural buildings, structures, equipment, implements, and supplies, or any other facilities or processes used in agricultural production. Agribusiness includes but is not limited to the following:
    - (1) grain handling and processing, including grain

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- storage, drying, treatment, conditioning, mailing and packaging;
  - (2) seed and feed grain development and processing;
  - (3) fruit and vegetable processing, including preparation, canning and packaging;
  - (4) processing of livestock and livestock products, dairy products, poultry and poultry products, fish or apiarian products, including slaughter, shearing, collecting, preparation, canning and packaging;
  - (5) fertilizer and agricultural chemical manufacturing, processing, application and supplying;
  - (6) farm machinery, equipment and implement manufacturing and supplying;
  - (7) manufacturing and supplying of agricultural commodity processing machinery and equipment, including machinery and equipment used in slaughter, treatment, handling, collecting, preparation, canning or packaging of agricultural commodities;
  - (8) farm building and farm structure manufacturing, construction and supplying;
  - (9) construction, manufacturing, implementation, supplying or servicing of irrigation, drainage and soil and water conservation devices or equipment;
  - (10) fuel processing and development facilities that produce fuel from agricultural commodities or byproducts;
  - (11) facilities and equipment for processing and packaging agricultural commodities specifically for export;
  - (12) facilities and equipment for forestry product processing and supplying, including sawmilling operations, wood chip operations, timber harvesting operations, and manufacturing of prefabricated buildings, paper, furniture or other goods from forestry products;
  - (13) facilities and equipment for research and development of products, processes and equipment for the production, processing, preparation or packaging of

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1 agricultural commodities and byproducts.

- (aa) The term "asset" with respect to financing of any agricultural facility or any agribusiness, means, but is not limited to the following: cash crops or feed on hand; livestock held for sale; breeding stock; marketable bonds and securities; securities not readily marketable; accounts receivable; notes receivable; cash invested in growing crops; net cash value of life insurance; machinery and equipment; cars and trucks; farm and other real estate including life estates and personal residence; value of beneficial interests in trusts; government payments or grants; and any other assets.
- (bb) The term "liability" with respect to financing of any agricultural facility or any agribusiness shall include, but not be limited to the following: accounts payable; notes or other indebtedness owed to any source; taxes; rent; amounts owed on real estate contracts or real estate mortgages; judgments; accrued interest payable; and any other liability.
- 18 (cc) The term "Predecessor Authorities" means those
  19 authorities as described in Section 845-75.
- (dd) The term "housing project" means a specific work or 20 provide residential 21 improvement undertaken to 22 accommodations, including the acquisition, construction or 23 rehabilitation of lands, buildings and community facilities and in connection therewith to provide nonhousing facilities 24 25 which are part of the housing project, including land, 26 buildings, improvements, equipment and all ancillary 27 facilities for use for offices, stores, retirement homes, 28 hotels, financial institutions, service, health education, recreation or research establishments, or any other 29 30 commercial purpose which are or are to be related to a housing 31 development.
- 32 (Source: P.A. 93-205, eff. 1-1-04.)
- 33 (20 ILCS 3501/801-25)
- 34 Sec. 801-25. All official acts of the Authority shall 35 require the approval of at least 8 members. All meetings of the

- 1 Authority and the Advisory Councils shall be conducted in
- 2 accordance with the Open Meetings Act. Eight members of the
- 3 <u>Authority shall constitute a quorum.</u> All meetings shall be
- 4 conducted at a single location within this State with a quorum
- of members physically present at this location. Other members
- 6 who are not physically present at this location may participate
- 7 in the meeting and vote on all matters by means of a video or
- 8 <u>audio conference</u> among members physically present at this
- 9 <del>location</del>. The Auditor General shall conduct financial audits
- 10 and program audits of the Authority, in accordance with the
- 11 Illinois State Auditing Act.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 93-205, eff. 1-1-04.)
- 13 (20 ILCS 3501/845-5)
- Sec. 845-5. The Authority may not have outstanding at any
- one time bonds for any of its corporate purposes in an
- 16 aggregate principal amount exceeding \$24,000,000,000
- \$23,000,000,000, excluding bonds issued to refund the bonds of
- 18 the Authority or bonds of the Predecessor Authorities.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 93-205, eff. 1-1-04.)
- 20 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 21 becoming law.