

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2003 and 2004

Introduced 02/09/04, by Jim Sacia

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

520	ILCS	5/2.25	from	Ch.	61,	par.	2.25
520	ILCS	5/2.26	from	Ch.	61,	par.	2.26
520	ILCS	5/2.33	from	Ch.	61,	par.	2.33

Amends the Wildlife Code. Provides that the Department of Natural Resources may issue crossbow permits to persons age 65 and older upon appropriate verification of age. Effective immediately.

LRB093 18489 RAS 44205 b

1 AN ACT concerning wildlife.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Wildlife Code is amended by changing Sections 2.25, 2.26, and 2.33 as follows:
- 6 (520 ILCS 5/2.25) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.25)
- Sec. 2.25. It shall be unlawful for any person to take deer except (i) with a shotgun, handgun, or muzzleloading rifle or
- 9 (ii) as provided by administrative rule, with a bow and arrow,
- or crossbow device for handicapped persons and persons age 65
- or older as defined in Section 2.33, during the open season of
- 12 not more than 14 days which will be set annually by the
- 13 Director between the dates of November 1st and December 31st,
- 14 both inclusive.
- 15 For the purposes of this Section, legal handguns include
- any centerfire handguns of .30 caliber or larger with a minimum
- 17 barrel length of 4 inches. The only legal ammunition for a
- centerfire handgun is a cartridge of .30 caliber or larger with
- 19 a capability of at least 500 foot pounds of energy at the
- 20 muzzle. Full metal jacket bullets may not be used to harvest
- 21 deer.
- The Department shall make administrative rules concerning
- 23 management restrictions applicable to the firearm and bow and
- 24 arrow season.
- It shall be unlawful for any person to take deer except
- 26 with a bow and arrow, or crossbow device for handicapped
- 27 persons <u>and persons age 65 or older</u> (as defined in Section
- 28 2.33), during the open season for bow and arrow set annually by
- 29 the Director between the dates of September 1st and January
- 30 31st, both inclusive.
- It shall be unlawful for any person to take deer except
- 32 with (i) a muzzleloading rifle, or (ii) bow and arrow, or

crossbow device for handicapped persons <u>and persons age 65 or</u> <u>older</u> as defined in Section 2.33, during the open season for

3 muzzleloading rifles set annually by the Director.

The Director shall cause an administrative rule setting forth the prescribed rules and regulations, including bag and possession limits and those counties of the State where open seasons are established, to be published in accordance with Sections 1.3 and 1.13 of this Act.

The Department may establish separate harvest periods for the purpose of managing or eradicating disease that has been found in the deer herd. This season shall be restricted to gun or bow and arrow hunting only. The Department shall publicly announce, via statewide news release, the season dates and shooting hours, the counties and sites open to hunting, permit requirements, application dates, hunting rules, legal weapons, and reporting requirements.

The Department is authorized to establish a separate harvest period at specific sites within the State for the purpose of harvesting surplus deer that cannot be taken during the regular season provided for the taking of deer. This season shall be restricted to gun or bow and arrow hunting only and shall be established during the period of September 1st to February 15th, both inclusive. The Department shall publish suitable prescribed rules and regulations established by administrative rule pertaining to management restrictions applicable to this special harvest program.

27 (Source: P.A. 93-37, eff. 6-25-03; 93-554, eff. 8-20-03; 28 revised 9-15-03.)

29 (520 ILCS 5/2.26) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.26)

Sec. 2.26. Deer hunting permits. In this Section, "bona fide equity shareholder" means an individual who (1) purchased, for market price, publicly sold stock shares in a corporation, purchased shares of a privately-held corporation for a value equal to the percentage of the appraised value of the corporate assets represented by the ownership in the corporation, or is a

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member of a closely-held family-owned corporation and has purchased or been gifted with shares of stock in the corporation accurately reflecting his or her percentage of ownership and (2) intends to retain the ownership of the shares of stock for at least 5 years.

In this Section, "bona fide equity member" means an individual who (1) (i) became a member upon the formation of the limited liability company or (ii) has purchased a distributional interest in a limited liability company for a value equal to the percentage of the appraised value of the LLC assets represented by the distributional interest in the LLC and subsequently becomes a member of the company pursuant to Article 30 of the Limited Liability Company Act and who (2) intends to retain the membership for at least 5 years.

Any person attempting to take deer shall first obtain a "Deer Hunting Permit" in accordance with prescribed regulations set forth in an Administrative Rule. Deer Hunting Permits shall be issued by the Department. The fee for a Deer Hunting Permit to take deer with either bow and arrow or gun shall not exceed \$15.00 for residents of the State. The Department may by administrative rule provide for non-resident deer hunting permits for which the fee will not exceed \$200 except as provided below for non-resident landowners and non-resident archery hunters. The Department may by administrative rule provide for a non-resident archery deer permit consisting of not more than 2 harvest tags at a total cost not to exceed \$225. Permits shall be issued without charge to:

- (a) Illinois landowners residing in Illinois who own at least 40 acres of Illinois land and wish to hunt their land only,
- (b) resident tenants of at least 40 acres of commercial agricultural land where they will hunt, and
- (c) Bona fide equity shareholders of a corporation or bona fide equity members of a limited liability company which owns at least 40 acres of land in a county in

Illinois who wish to hunt on the corporation's or company's land only. One permit shall be issued without charge to one bona fide equity shareholder or one bona fide equity member for each 40 acres of land owned by the corporation or company in a county; however, the number of permits issued without charge to bona fide equity shareholders of any corporation or bona fide equity members of a limited liability company in any county shall not exceed 15.

Bona fide landowners or tenants who do not wish to hunt only on the land they own, rent or lease or bona fide equity shareholders or bona fide equity members who do not wish to hunt only on the land owned by the corporation or limited liability company shall be charged the same fee as the applicant who is not a landowner, tenant, bona fide equity shareholder, or bona fide equity member. Nonresidents of Illinois who own at least 40 acres of land and wish to hunt on their land only shall be charged a fee set by administrative rule. The method for obtaining these permits shall be prescribed by administrative rule.

The deer hunting permit issued without fee shall be valid on all farm lands which the person to whom it is issued owns, leases or rents, except that in the case of a permit issued to a bona fide equity shareholder or bona fide equity member, the permit shall be valid on all lands owned by the corporation or limited liability company in the county.

The standards and specifications for use of guns and bow and arrow for deer hunting shall be established by administrative rule.

No person may have in his possession any firearm not authorized by administrative rule for a specific hunting season when taking deer.

Persons having a firearm deer hunting permit shall be permitted to take deer only during the period from 1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset, and only during those days for which an open season is established for the taking of deer by use of shotgun, handgun, or muzzle loading rifle.

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Persons having an archery deer hunting permit shall be permitted to take deer only during the period from 1/2 hour before sunrise to 1/2 hour after sunset, and only during those days for which an open season is established for the taking of deer by use of bow and arrow.

It shall be unlawful for any person to take deer by use of dogs, horses, automobiles, aircraft or other vehicles, or by the use of salt or bait of any kind. An area is considered as baited during the presence of and for 10 consecutive days following the removal of bait.

It shall be unlawful to possess or transport any wild deer which has been injured or killed in any manner upon a public highway or public right-of-way of this State unless exempted by administrative rule.

Persons hunting deer must have gun unloaded and no bow and arrow device shall be carried with the arrow in the nocked position during hours when deer hunting is unlawful.

It shall be unlawful for any person, having taken the legal limit of deer by gun, to further participate with gun in any deer hunting party.

It shall be unlawful for any person, having taken the legal limit of deer by bow and arrow, to further participate with bow and arrow in any deer hunting party.

The Department may prohibit upland game hunting during the gun deer season by administrative rule.

It shall be legal for handicapped persons, as defined in Section 2.33, and persons age 65 or older to utilize a crossbow device, as defined in Department rules, to take deer.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Section, including administrative rules, shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

32 (Source: P.A. 92-177, eff. 7-27-01; 92-261, eff. 8-7-01; 33 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-554, eff. 8-20-03.)

34 (520 ILCS 5/2.33) (from Ch. 61, par. 2.33)

35 Sec. 2.33. Prohibitions.

- 1 (a) It is unlawful to carry or possess any gun in any State 2 refuge unless otherwise permitted by administrative rule.
 - (b) It is unlawful to use or possess any snare or snare-like device, deadfall, net, or pit trap to take any species, except that snares not powered by springs or other mechanical devices may be used to trap fur-bearing mammals, in water sets only, if at least one-half of the snare noose is located underwater at all times.
 - (c) It is unlawful for any person at any time to take a wild mammal protected by this Act from its den by means of any mechanical device, spade, or digging device or to use smoke or other gases to dislodge or remove such mammal except as provided in Section 2.37.
 - (d) It is unlawful to use a ferret or any other small mammal which is used in the same or similar manner for which ferrets are used for the purpose of frightening or driving any mammals from their dens or hiding places.
- 18 (e) (Blank).
- 19 (f) It is unlawful to use spears, gigs, hooks or any like 20 device to take any species protected by this Act.
 - (g) It is unlawful to use poisons, chemicals or explosives for the purpose of taking any species protected by this Act.
 - (h) It is unlawful to hunt adjacent to or near any peat, grass, brush or other inflammable substance when it is burning.
 - (i) It is unlawful to take, pursue or intentionally harass or disturb in any manner any wild birds or mammals by use or aid of any vehicle or conveyance, except as permitted by the Code of Federal Regulations for the taking of waterfowl. It is also unlawful to use the lights of any vehicle or conveyance or any light from or any light connected to the vehicle or conveyance in any area where wildlife may be found except in accordance with Section 2.37 of this Act; however, nothing in this Section shall prohibit the normal use of headlamps for the purpose of driving upon a roadway. Striped skunk, opossum, red fox, gray fox, raccoon and coyote may be taken during the open season by use of a small light which is worn on the body or

- hand-held by a person on foot and not in any vehicle.
- (j) It is unlawful to use any shotgun larger than 10 gauge while taking or attempting to take any of the species protected by this Act.
 - (k) It is unlawful to use or possess in the field any shotgun shell loaded with a shot size larger than lead BB or steel T (.20 diameter) when taking or attempting to take any species of wild game mammals (excluding white-tailed deer), wild game birds, migratory waterfowl or migratory game birds protected by this Act, except white-tailed deer as provided for in Section 2.26 and other species as provided for by subsection (1) or administrative rule.
 - (1) It is unlawful to take any species of wild game, except white-tailed deer, with a shotgun loaded with slugs unless otherwise provided for by administrative rule.
 - (m) It is unlawful to use any shotgun capable of holding more than 3 shells in the magazine or chamber combined, except on game breeding and hunting preserve areas licensed under Section 3.27 and except as permitted by the Code of Federal Regulations for the taking of waterfowl. If the shotgun is capable of holding more than 3 shells, it shall, while being used on an area other than a game breeding and shooting preserve area licensed pursuant to Section 3.27, be fitted with a one piece plug that is irremovable without dismantling the shotgun or otherwise altered to render it incapable of holding more than 3 shells in the magazine and chamber, combined.
 - (n) It is unlawful for any person, except persons who possess a permit to hunt from a vehicle as provided in this Section and persons otherwise permitted by law, to have or carry any gun in or on any vehicle, conveyance or aircraft, unless such gun is unloaded and enclosed in a case, except that at field trials authorized by Section 2.34 of this Act, unloaded guns or guns loaded with blank cartridges only, may be carried on horseback while not contained in a case, or to have or carry any bow or arrow device in or on any vehicle unless such bow or arrow device is unstrung or enclosed in a case, or

- 1 otherwise made inoperable.
- 2 (o) It is unlawful to use any crossbow for the purpose of
- 3 taking any wild birds or mammals, except as provided for in
- 4 Section 2.33.
- 5 (p) It is unlawful to take game birds, migratory game birds
- or migratory waterfowl with a rifle, pistol, revolver or
- 7 airgun.
- 8 (q) It is unlawful to fire a rifle, pistol, revolver or
- 9 airgun on, over or into any waters of this State, including
- 10 frozen waters.
- 11 (r) It is unlawful to discharge any gun or bow and arrow
- device along, upon, across, or from any public right-of-way or
- 13 highway in this State.
- 14 (s) It is unlawful to use a silencer or other device to
- 15 muffle or mute the sound of the explosion or report resulting
- 16 from the firing of any gun.
- 17 (t) It is unlawful for any person to trap or hunt, or allow
- 18 a dog to hunt, within or upon the land of another, or upon
- 19 waters flowing over or standing on the land of another, without
- 20 first obtaining permission from the owner or tenant. It shall
- 21 be prima facie evidence that a person does not have permission
- of the owner or tenant if the person is unable to demonstrate
- 23 to the law enforcement officer in the field that permission had
- 24 been obtained. This provision may only be rebutted by testimony
- of the owner or tenant that permission had been given. Before
- 26 enforcing this Section the law enforcement officer must have
- 27 received notice from the owner or tenant of a violation of this
- 28 Section. Statements made to the law enforcement officer
- regarding this notice shall not be rendered inadmissible by the
- 30 hearsay rule when offered for the purpose of showing the
- 31 required notice.
- 32 (u) It is unlawful for any person to discharge any firearm
- for the purpose of taking any of the species protected by this
- Act, or hunt with gun or dog, or allow a dog to hunt, within 300
- 35 yards of an inhabited dwelling without first obtaining
- 36 permission from the owner or tenant, except that while

- trapping, hunting with bow and arrow, hunting with dog and shotgun using shot shells only, or hunting with shotgun using shot shells only, or on licensed game breeding and hunting preserve areas, as defined in Section 3.27, on property operated under a Migratory Waterfowl Hunting Area Permit, on federally owned and managed lands and on Department owned, managed, leased or controlled lands, a 100 yard restriction shall apply.
 - (v) It is unlawful for any person to remove fur-bearing mammals from, or to move or disturb in any manner, the traps owned by another person without written authorization of the owner to do so.
 - (w) It is unlawful for any owner of a dog to knowingly or wantonly allow his or her dog to pursue, harass or kill deer.
 - (x) It is unlawful for any person to wantonly or carelessly injure or destroy, in any manner whatsoever, any real or personal property on the land of another while engaged in hunting or trapping thereon.
 - (y) It is unlawful to hunt wild game protected by this Act between one half hour after sunset and one half hour before sunrise, except that hunting hours between one half hour after sunset and one half hour before sunrise may be established by administrative rule for fur-bearing mammals.
 - (z) It is unlawful to take any game bird (excluding wild turkeys and crippled pheasants not capable of normal flight and otherwise irretrievable) protected by this Act when not flying. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a person from carrying an uncased, unloaded shotgun in a boat, while in pursuit of a crippled migratory waterfowl that is incapable of normal flight, for the purpose of attempting to reduce the migratory waterfowl to possession, provided that the attempt is made immediately upon downing the migratory waterfowl and is done within 400 yards of the blind from which the migratory waterfowl was downed. This exception shall apply only to migratory game birds that are not capable of normal flight. Migratory waterfowl that are crippled may be taken only with a

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- shotgun as regulated by subsection (j) of this Section using shotgun shells as regulated in subsection (k) of this Section.
- 3 (aa) It is unlawful to use or possess any device that may 4 be used for tree climbing or cutting, while hunting fur-bearing 5 mammals.
 - (bb) It is unlawful for any person, except licensed game breeders, pursuant to Section 2.29 to import, carry into, or possess alive in this State any species of wildlife taken outside of this State, without obtaining permission to do so from the Director.
- 11 (cc) It is unlawful for any person to have in his or her 12 possession any freshly killed species protected by this Act 13 during the season closed for taking.
- (dd) It is unlawful to take any species protected by this
 Act and retain it alive.
 - (ee) It is unlawful to possess any rifle while in the field during gun deer season except as provided in Section 2.26 and administrative rules.
 - (ff) It is unlawful for any person to take any species protected by this Act, except migratory waterfowl, during the gun deer hunting season in those counties open to gun deer hunting, unless he or she wears, when in the field, a cap and upper outer garment of a solid blaze orange color, with such articles of clothing displaying a minimum of 400 square inches of blaze orange material.
 - (gg) It is unlawful during the upland game season for any person to take upland game with a firearm unless he or she wears, while in the field, a cap of solid blaze orange color. For purposes of this Act, upland game is defined as Bobwhite Quail, Hungarian Partridge, Ring-necked Pheasant, Eastern Cottontail and Swamp Rabbit.
 - (hh) It shall be unlawful to kill or cripple any species protected by this Act for which there is a daily bag limit without making a reasonable effort to retrieve such species and include such in the daily bag limit.
- 36 (ii) This Section shall apply only to those species

- protected by this Act taken within the State. Any species or any parts thereof, legally taken in and transported from other states or countries, may be possessed within the State, except as provided in this Section and Sections 2.35, 2.36 and 3.21.
- (jj) Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the use of bow and arrow, or prevent the Director from issuing permits to use a crossbow to handicapped persons and persons age 65 or older as provided by administrative rule. As used herein, "handicapped persons" means those persons who have a permanent physical impairment due to injury or disease, congenital or acquired, which renders them so severely disabled as to be unable to use a conventional bow and arrow device. Permits will be issued only after the receipt of a physician's statement confirming the applicant is handicapped as defined above or upon appropriate verification of an applicant's age, as provided by administrative rule.
 - (kk) Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the Director from issuing permits to paraplegics or to other disabled persons who meet the requirements set forth in administrative rule to shoot or hunt from a vehicle as provided by that rule, provided that such is otherwise in accord with this Act.
- (11) Nothing contained in this Act shall prohibit the taking of aquatic life protected by the Fish and Aquatic Life Code or birds and mammals protected by this Act, except deer and fur-bearing mammals, from a boat not camouflaged or disguised to alter its identity or to further provide a place of concealment and not propelled by sail or mechanical power. However, only shotguns not larger than 10 gauge nor smaller than .410 bore loaded with not more than 3 shells of a shot size no larger than lead BB or steel T (.20 diameter) may be used to take species protected by this Act.
- 33 (mm) Nothing contained in this Act shall prohibit the use 34 of a shotgun, not larger than 10 gauge nor smaller than a 20 35 gauge, with a rifled barrel.
- 36 (Source: P.A. 91-654, eff. 12-15-99; 92-325, eff. 8-9-01;

- 1 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)
- 2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 3 becoming law.