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AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2 represented in the General Assembly: 3

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Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 5 18-8.05 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/18-8.05) 6

7 Sec. 18-8.05. Basis for apportionment of general State financial aid and supplemental general State aid to the common 8 schools for the 1998-1999 and subsequent school years. 9

10 (A) General Provisions.

(1) The provisions of this Section apply to the 1998-1999 11 and subsequent school years. The system of general State 12 13 financial aid provided for in this Section is designed to 14 assure that, through a combination of State financial aid and required local resources, the financial support provided each 15 pupil in Average Daily Attendance equals or exceeds a 16 prescribed per pupil Foundation Level. This formula approach 17 18 imputes a level of per pupil Available Local Resources and provides for the basis to calculate a per pupil level of 19 general State financial aid that, when added to Available Local 20 21 Resources, equals or exceeds the Foundation Level. The amount of per pupil general State financial aid for school districts, 22 in general, varies in inverse relation to Available Local 23 24 Resources. Per pupil amounts are based upon each school 25 district's Average Daily Attendance as that term is defined in this Section. 26

27 (2) In addition to general State financial aid, school 28 districts with specified levels or concentrations of pupils 29 from low income households are eligible to receive supplemental general State financial aid grants as provided pursuant to 30 subsection (H). The supplemental State aid grants provided for 31

1 school districts under subsection (H) shall be appropriated for 2 distribution to school districts as part of the same line item 3 in which the general State financial aid of school districts is 4 appropriated under this Section.

5 (3) To receive financial assistance under this Section, 6 school districts are required to file claims with the State 7 Board of Education, subject to the following requirements:

(a) Any school district which fails for any given 8 9 school year to maintain school as required by law, or to 10 maintain a recognized school is not eligible to file for 11 such school year any claim upon the Common School Fund. In 12 case of nonrecognition of one or more attendance centers in a school district otherwise operating recognized schools, 13 claim of the district shall be reduced in the 14 the proportion which the Average Daily Attendance in the 15 16 attendance center or centers bear to the Average Daily 17 Attendance in the school district. A "recognized school" means any public school which meets the standards as 18 established for recognition by the State 19 Board of 20 Education. A school district or attendance center not having recognition status at the end of a school term is 21 entitled to receive State aid payments due upon a legal 22 23 claim which was filed while it was recognized.

(b) School district claims filed under this Section are
subject to Sections 18-9, 18-10, and 18-12, except as
otherwise provided in this Section.

(c) If a school district operates a full year school
under Section 10-19.1, the general State aid to the school
district shall be determined by the State Board of
Education in accordance with this Section as near as may be
applicable.

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(d) (Blank).

33 (4) Except as provided in subsections (H) and (L), the 34 board of any district receiving any of the grants provided for 35 in this Section may apply those funds to any fund so received 36 for which that board is authorized to make expenditures by law. HB4266 Engrossed - 3 - LRB093 17120 NHT 42786 b

School districts are not required to exert a minimum
 Operating Tax Rate in order to qualify for assistance under
 this Section.

4 (5) As used in this Section the following terms, when 5 capitalized, shall have the meaning ascribed herein:

6 (a) "Average Daily Attendance": A count of pupil 7 attendance in school, averaged as provided for in 8 subsection (C) and utilized in deriving per pupil financial 9 support levels.

10 (b) "Available Local Resources": A computation of 11 local financial support, calculated on the basis of Average 12 Daily Attendance and derived as provided pursuant to 13 subsection (D).

(c) "Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes":
Funds paid to local school districts pursuant to "An Act in
relation to the abolition of ad valorem personal property
tax and the replacement of revenues lost thereby, and
amending and repealing certain Acts and parts of Acts in
connection therewith", certified August 14, 1979, as
amended (Public Act 81-1st S.S.-1).

(d) "Foundation Level": A prescribed level of per pupil
 financial support as provided for in subsection (B).

(e) "Operating Tax Rate": All school district property
taxes extended for all purposes, except Bond and Interest,
Summer School, Rent, Capital Improvement, and Vocational
Education Building purposes.

27 (B) Foundation Level.

28 (1) The Foundation Level is a figure established by the 29 State representing the minimum level of per pupil financial 30 support that should be available to provide for the basic 31 education of each pupil in Average Daily Attendance. As set forth in this Section, each school district is assumed to exert 32 33 a sufficient local taxing effort such that, in combination with the aggregate of general State financial aid provided the 34 35 district, an aggregate of State and local resources are

1 available to meet the basic education needs of pupils in the 2 district.

3 (2) For the 1998-1999 school year, the Foundation Level of 4 support is \$4,225. For the 1999-2000 school year, the 5 Foundation Level of support is \$4,325. For the 2000-2001 school year, the Foundation Level of support is 4,425. (3) For the 6 2001-2002 school year and 2002-2003 school year, the Foundation 7 Level of support is \$4,560. For the 2003-2004 school year, the 8 Foundation Level of support is \$4,810. 9

10 (3) (4) For the 2004-2005 2003 2004 school year and each 11 school year thereafter, the Foundation Level of support is 12 $\frac{55,060}{4,810}$ or such greater amount as may be established by 13 law by the General Assembly.

14 (C) Average Daily Attendance.

15 (1) For purposes of calculating general State aid pursuant 16 to subsection (E), an Average Daily Attendance figure shall be utilized. The Average Daily Attendance figure for formula 17 18 calculation purposes shall be the monthly average of the actual 19 number of pupils in attendance of each school district, as further averaged for the best 3 months of pupil attendance for 20 each school district. In compiling the figures for the number 21 22 of pupils in attendance, school districts and the State Board 23 of Education shall, for purposes of general State aid funding, conform attendance figures to the requirements of subsection 24 (F). 25

26 (2) The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in 27 subsection (E) shall be the requisite attendance data for the 28 school year immediately preceding the school year for which 29 general State aid is being calculated or the average of the 30 attendance data for the 3 preceding school years, whichever is 31 greater. The Average Daily Attendance figures utilized in subsection (H) shall be the requisite attendance data for the 32 school year immediately preceding the school year for which 33 34 general State aid is being calculated.

1 (D) Available Local Resources.

2 (1) For purposes of calculating general State aid pursuant 3 subsection (E), a representation of Available Local to Resources per pupil, as that term is defined and determined in 4 5 this subsection, shall be utilized. Available Local Resources 6 per pupil shall include a calculated dollar amount representing local school district revenues from local property taxes and 7 8 from Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes, expressed 9 on the basis of pupils in Average Daily Attendance.

10 (2) In determining a school district's revenue from local 11 property taxes, the State Board of Education shall utilize the 12 equalized assessed valuation of all taxable property of each 13 school district as of September 30 of the previous year. The 14 equalized assessed valuation utilized shall be obtained and 15 determined as provided in subsection (G).

16 (3) For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten 17 through 12, local property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the product of the applicable equalized assessed 18 19 valuation for the district multiplied by 3.00%, and divided by 20 the district's Average Daily Attendance figure. For school districts maintaining grades kindergarten through 8, local 21 property tax revenues per pupil shall be calculated as the 22 23 product of the applicable equalized assessed valuation for the 24 district multiplied by 2.30%, and divided by the district's 25 Daily Attendance figure. For school districts Average 26 maintaining grades 9 through 12, local property tax revenues 27 per pupil shall be the applicable equalized assessed valuation 28 of the district multiplied by 1.05%, and divided by the 29 district's Average Daily Attendance figure.

30 (4) The Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes paid 31 to each school district during the calendar year 2 years before 32 the calendar year in which a school year begins, divided by the 33 Average Daily Attendance figure for that district, shall be 34 added to the local property tax revenues per pupil as derived 35 by the application of the immediately preceding paragraph (3). 36 The sum of these per pupil figures for each school district

1 shall constitute Available Local Resources as that term is 2 utilized in subsection (E) in the calculation of general State 3 aid.

4 (E) Computation of General State Aid.

5 (1) For each school year, the amount of general State aid 6 allotted to a school district shall be computed by the State 7 Board of Education as provided in this subsection.

8 (2) For any school district for which Available Local 9 Resources per pupil is less than the product of 0.93 times the 10 Foundation Level, general State aid for that district shall be 11 calculated as an amount equal to the Foundation Level minus 12 Available Local Resources, multiplied by the Average Daily 13 Attendance of the school district.

(3) For any school district for which Available Local 14 15 Resources per pupil is equal to or greater than the product of 16 0.93 times the Foundation Level and less than the product of 1.75 times the Foundation Level, the general State aid per 17 18 pupil shall be a decimal proportion of the Foundation Level 19 derived using a linear algorithm. Under this linear algorithm, the calculated general State aid per pupil shall decline in 20 direct linear fashion from 0.07 times the Foundation Level for 21 22 a school district with Available Local Resources equal to the 23 product of 0.93 times the Foundation Level, to 0.05 times the Foundation Level for a school district with Available Local 24 25 Resources equal to the product of 1.75 times the Foundation 26 Level. The allocation of general State aid for school districts 27 subject to this paragraph 3 shall be the calculated general 28 State aid per pupil figure multiplied by the Average Daily 29 Attendance of the school district.

30 (4) For any school district for which Available Local 31 Resources per pupil equals or exceeds the product of 1.75 times 32 the Foundation Level, the general State aid for the school 33 district shall be calculated as the product of \$218 multiplied 34 by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district.

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(5) The amount of general State aid allocated to a school

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1 district for the 1999-2000 school year meeting the requirements 2 set forth in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) shall be increased 3 by an amount equal to the general State aid that would have been received by the district for the 1998-1999 school year by 4 5 Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed utilizing the 6 Valuation as calculated in paragraph (4) of subsection (G) less the general State aid allotted for the 1998-1999 school year. 7 This amount shall be deemed a one time increase, and shall not 8 affect any future general State aid allocations. 9

10 (F) Compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

11 (1) Each school district shall, by July 1 of each year, submit to the State Board of Education, on forms prescribed by 12 the State Board of Education, attendance figures for the school 13 year that began in the preceding calendar year. The attendance 14 15 information so transmitted shall identify the average daily 16 attendance figures for each month of the school year. Beginning with the general State aid claim form for the 2002-2003 school 17 year, districts shall calculate Average Daily Attendance as 18 19 provided in subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) of this paragraph 20 (1).

(a) In districts that do not hold year-round classes,
days of attendance in August shall be added to the month of
September and any days of attendance in June shall be added
to the month of May.

(b) In districts in which all buildings hold year-round
classes, days of attendance in July and August shall be
added to the month of September and any days of attendance
in June shall be added to the month of May.

(c) In districts in which some buildings, but not all, hold year-round classes, for the non-year-round buildings, days of attendance in August shall be added to the month of September and any days of attendance in June shall be added to the month of May. The average daily attendance for the year-round buildings shall be computed as provided in subdivision (b) of this paragraph (1). To calculate the HB4266 Engrossed - 8 - LRB093 17120 NHT 42786 b

Average Daily Attendance for the district, the average daily attendance for the year-round buildings shall be multiplied by the days in session for the non-year-round buildings for each month and added to the monthly attendance of the non-year-round buildings.

6 Except as otherwise provided in this Section, days of attendance by pupils shall be counted only for sessions of not 7 less than 5 clock hours of school work per day under direct 8 9 supervision of: (i) teachers, or (ii) non-teaching personnel or 10 volunteer personnel when engaging in non-teaching duties and 11 supervising in those instances specified in subsection (a) of 12 Section 10-22.34 and paragraph 10 of Section 34-18, with pupils of legal school age and in kindergarten and grades 1 through 13 12. 14

Days of attendance by tuition pupils shall be accredited only to the districts that pay the tuition to a recognized school.

(2) Days of attendance by pupils of less than 5 clock hours
of school shall be subject to the following provisions in the
compilation of Average Daily Attendance.

(a) Pupils regularly enrolled in a public school for 21 only a part of the school day may be counted on the basis 22 of 1/6 day for every class hour of instruction of 40 23 minutes or more attended pursuant to such enrollment, 24 unless a pupil is enrolled in a block-schedule format of 80 25 minutes or more of instruction, in which case the pupil may 26 27 be counted on the basis of the proportion of minutes of 28 school work completed each day to the minimum number of 29 minutes that school work is required to be held that day.

30 (b) Days of attendance may be less than 5 clock hours 31 on the opening and closing of the school term, and upon the 32 first day of pupil attendance, if preceded by a day or days 33 utilized as an institute or teachers' workshop.

34 (c) A session of 4 or more clock hours may be counted
 35 as a day of attendance upon certification by the regional
 36 superintendent, and approved by the State Superintendent

1 2 of Education to the extent that the district has been forced to use daily multiple sessions.

3 (d) A session of 3 or more clock hours may be counted as a day of attendance (1) when the remainder of the school 4 5 day or at least 2 hours in the evening of that day is utilized for an in-service training program for teachers, 6 up to a maximum of 5 days per school year of which a 7 maximum of 4 days of such 5 days may be used for 8 9 parent-teacher conferences, provided a district conducts 10 an in-service training program for teachers which has been 11 approved by the State Superintendent of Education; or, in lieu of 4 such days, 2 full days may be used, in which 12 event each such day may be counted as a day of attendance; 13 and (2) when days in addition to those provided in item (1) 14 a school pursuant to its school 15 scheduled by are 16 improvement plan adopted under Article 34 or its revised or 17 amended school improvement plan adopted under Article 2, provided that (i) such sessions of 3 or more clock hours 18 are scheduled to occur at regular intervals, (ii) the 19 20 remainder of the school days in which such sessions occur are utilized for in-service training programs or other 21 staff development activities for teachers, and (iii) a 22 sufficient number of minutes of school work under the 23 direct supervision of teachers are added to the school days 24 between such regularly scheduled sessions to accumulate 25 not less than the number of minutes by which such sessions 26 27 of 3 or more clock hours fall short of 5 clock hours. Any 28 full days used for the purposes of this paragraph shall not be considered for computing average daily attendance. Days 29 30 scheduled for in-service training programs, staff 31 development activities, or parent-teacher conferences may 32 be scheduled separately for different grade levels and different attendance centers of the district. 33

(e) A session of not less than one clock hour of
 teaching hospitalized or homebound pupils on-site or by
 telephone to the classroom may be counted as 1/2 day of

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1 attendance, however these pupils must receive 4 or more 2 clock hours of instruction to be counted for a full day of 3 attendance.

(f) A session of at least 4 clock hours may be counted as a day of attendance for first grade pupils, and pupils in full day kindergartens, and a session of 2 or more hours may be counted as 1/2 day of attendance by pupils in kindergartens which provide only 1/2 day of attendance.

9 (g) For children with disabilities who are below the 10 age of 6 years and who cannot attend 2 or more clock hours 11 because of their disability or immaturity, a session of not 12 less than one clock hour may be counted as 1/2 day of 13 attendance; however for such children whose educational 14 needs so require a session of 4 or more clock hours may be 15 counted as a full day of attendance.

16 (h) A recognized kindergarten which provides for only 17 1/2 day of attendance by each pupil shall not have more than 1/2 day of attendance counted in any one day. However, 18 kindergartens may count 2 1/2 days of attendance in any 5 19 20 consecutive school days. When a pupil attends such a kindergarten for 2 half days on any one school day, the 21 pupil shall have the following day as a day absent from 22 school, unless the school district obtains permission in 23 writing from the State Superintendent of Education. 24 25 Attendance at kindergartens which provide for a full day of attendance by each pupil shall be counted the same as 26 27 attendance by first grade pupils. Only the first year of 28 attendance in one kindergarten shall be counted, except in case of children who entered the kindergarten in their 29 30 fifth year whose educational development requires a second 31 year of kindergarten as determined under the rules and 32 regulations of the State Board of Education.

33 (G) Equalized Assessed Valuation Data.

34 (1) For purposes of the calculation of Available Local35 Resources required pursuant to subsection (D), the State Board

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1 of Education shall secure from the Department of Revenue the 2 value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue of all taxable property of every school district, together with 3 (i) the applicable tax rate used in extending taxes for the 4 5 funds of the district as of September 30 of the previous year 6 and (ii) the limiting rate for all school districts subject to property tax extension limitations as imposed under the 7 Property Tax Extension Limitation Law. 8

9 This equalized assessed valuation, as adjusted further by the requirements of this subsection, shall be utilized in the 10 11 calculation of Available Local Resources.

12 (2) The equalized assessed valuation in paragraph (1) shall be adjusted, as applicable, in the following manner: 13

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(a) For the purposes of calculating State aid under this Section, with respect to any part of a school district within a redevelopment project area in respect to which a municipality has adopted tax increment financing pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, Sections 11-74.4-1 through 11-74.4-11 of the Illinois Municipal Code or the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law, Sections 11-74.6-1 through 11-74.6-50 of the Illinois Municipal Code, no part of the current equalized assessed valuation of real property located in any such project area which is attributable to an increase above the initial equalized assessed valuation of total

property shall be used as part of the equalized assessed 26 27 valuation of the district, until such time as all 28 redevelopment project costs have been paid, as provided in 29 11-74.4-8 the Tax Increment Allocation Section of 30 Redevelopment Act or in Section 11-74.6-35 of the 31 Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. For the purpose of the 32 equalized assessed valuation of the district, the total initial equalized assessed valuation or the current 33 equalized assessed valuation, whichever is lower, shall be 34 used until such time as all redevelopment project costs 35 36 have been paid.

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1 (b) The real property equalized assessed valuation for 2 a school district shall be adjusted by subtracting from the real property value as equalized or assessed by the 3 Department of Revenue for the district an amount computed 4 5 by dividing the amount of any abatement of taxes under 6 Section 18-170 of the Property Tax Code by 3.00% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten through 12, by 7 2.30% for a district maintaining grades kindergarten 8 through 8, or by 1.05% for a district maintaining grades 9 9 10 through 12 and adjusted by an amount computed by dividing 11 the amount of any abatement of taxes under subsection (a) 12 of Section 18-165 of the Property Tax Code by the same percentage rates for district type as specified in this 13 subparagraph (b). 14

15 (3) For the 1999-2000 school year and each school year 16 thereafter, if a school district meets all of the criteria of 17 this subsection (G)(3), the school district's Available Local 18 Resources shall be calculated under subsection (D) using the 19 district's Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation 20 as calculated under this subsection (G)(3).

21 For purposes of this subsection (G)(3) the following terms 22 shall have the following meanings:

"Budget Year": The school year for which general State aid is calculated and awarded under subsection (E).

25 "Base Tax Year": The property tax levy year used to26 calculate the Budget Year allocation of general State aid.

27 "Preceding Tax Year": The property tax levy year28 immediately preceding the Base Tax Year.

29 "Base Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of the 30 equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County Clerk 31 in the Base Tax Year multiplied by the limiting rate as 32 calculated by the County Clerk and defined in the Property 33 Tax Extension Limitation Law.

34 "Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension": The product of 35 the equalized assessed valuation utilized by the County 36 Clerk in the Preceding Tax Year multiplied by the Operating

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Tax Rate as defined in subsection (A).

"Extension Limitation Ratio": A numerical ratio,
certified by the County Clerk, in which the numerator is
the Base Tax Year's Tax Extension and the denominator is
the Preceding Tax Year's Tax Extension.

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"Operating Tax Rate": The operating tax rate as defined in subsection (A).

8 If a school district is subject to property tax extension 9 limitations as imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law, the State Board of Education shall calculate 10 11 the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of that 12 district. For the 1999-2000 school year, the Extension 13 Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be equal to 14 15 the product of the district's 1996 Equalized Assessed Valuation 16 and the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. For the 17 2000-2001 school year and each school year thereafter, the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school 18 19 district as calculated by the State Board of Education shall be 20 equal to the product of the Equalized Assessed Valuation last 21 used in the calculation of general State aid and the district's 22 Extension Limitation Ratio. If the Extension Limitation 23 Equalized Assessed Valuation of a school district as calculated 24 under this subsection (G)(3) is less than the district's equalized assessed valuation as calculated pursuant 25 to 26 subsections (G)(1) and (G)(2), then for purposes of calculating 27 the district's general State aid for the Budget Year pursuant 28 subsection (E), that Extension Limitation Equalized to 29 Assessed Valuation shall be utilized to calculate the 30 district's Available Local Resources under subsection (D).

(4) For the purposes of calculating general State aid for the 1999-2000 school year only, if a school district experienced a triennial reassessment on the equalized assessed valuation used in calculating its general State financial aid apportionment for the 1998-1999 school year, the State Board of Education shall calculate the Extension Limitation Equalized HB4266 Engrossed - 14 - LRB093 17120 NHT 42786 b

1 Assessed Valuation that would have been used to calculate the 2 district's 1998-1999 general State aid. This amount shall equal 3 the product of the equalized assessed valuation used to calculate general State aid for the 1997-1998 school year and 4 5 the district's Extension Limitation Ratio. If the Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation of the school district 6 as calculated under this paragraph (4) is less than the 7 district's equalized assessed valuation utilized 8 in 9 calculating the district's 1998-1999 general State aid 10 allocation, then for purposes of calculating the district's 11 general State aid pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (E), 12 that Extension Limitation Equalized Assessed Valuation shall 13 be utilized to calculate the district's Available Local Resources. 14

15 (5) For school districts having a majority of their 16 equalized assessed valuation in any county except Cook, DuPage, 17 Kane, Lake, McHenry, or Will, if the amount of general State aid allocated to the school district for the 1999-2000 school 18 19 year under the provisions of subsection (E), (H), and (J) of 20 this Section is less than the amount of general State aid allocated to the district for the 1998-1999 school year under 21 these subsections, then the general State aid of the district 22 23 for the 1999-2000 school year only shall be increased by the difference between these amounts. The total payments made under 24 this paragraph (5) shall not exceed \$14,000,000. Claims shall 25 be prorated if they exceed \$14,000,000. 26

27 (H) Supplemental General State Aid.

28 (1) In addition to the general State aid a school district 29 is allotted pursuant to subsection (E), qualifying school 30 districts shall receive a grant, paid in conjunction with a 31 district's payments of general State aid, for supplemental general State aid based upon the concentration level of 32 33 children from low-income households within the school district. Supplemental State aid grants provided for school 34 districts under this subsection shall be appropriated for 35

1 distribution to school districts as part of the same line item 2 in which the general State financial aid of school districts is 3 appropriated under this Section. If the appropriation in any 4 fiscal year for general State aid and supplemental general 5 State aid is insufficient to pay the amounts required under the 6 general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculations, then the State Board of Education shall ensure 7 8 that each school district receives the full amount due for 9 general State aid and the remainder of the appropriation shall be used for supplemental general State aid, which the State 10 11 Board of Education shall calculate and pay to eligible 12 districts on a prorated basis.

13 (1.5) This paragraph (1.5) applies only to those school years preceding the 2003-2004 school year. For purposes of this 14 15 subsection (H), the term "Low-Income Concentration Level" 16 shall be the low-income eligible pupil count from the most 17 recently available federal census divided by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district. If, however, 18 (i) the 19 percentage decrease from the 2 most recent federal censuses in 20 the low-income eligible pupil count of a high school district with fewer than 400 students exceeds by 75% or more the 21 percentage change in the total low-income eligible pupil count 22 23 of contiguous elementary school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous with the high school district, or (ii) a high 24 school district within 2 counties and serving 5 elementary 25 school districts, whose boundaries are coterminous with the 26 27 high school district, has a percentage decrease from the 2 most 28 recent federal censuses in the low-income eligible pupil count 29 and there is a percentage increase in the total low-income 30 eligible pupil count of a majority of the elementary school districts in excess of 50% from the 2 most recent federal 31 32 censuses, then the high school district's low-income eligible pupil count from the earlier federal census shall be the number 33 used as the low-income eligible pupil count for the high school 34 35 district, for purposes of this subsection (H). The changes made to this paragraph (1) by Public Act 92-28 shall apply to 36

1 supplemental general State aid grants for school years 2 preceding the 2003-2004 school year that are paid in fiscal 3 year 1999 or thereafter and to any State aid payments made in 4 fiscal year 1994 through fiscal year 1998 pursuant to subsection 1(n) of Section 18-8 of this Code (which was 5 6 repealed on July 1, 1998), and any high school district that is affected by Public Act 92-28 is entitled to a recomputation of 7 8 its supplemental general State aid grant or State aid paid in 9 any of those fiscal years. This recomputation shall not be 10 affected by any other funding.

11 (1.10) This paragraph (1.10) applies to the 2003-2004 12 school year and each school year thereafter. For purposes of 13 this subsection (H), the term "Low-Income Concentration Level" shall, for each fiscal year, be the low-income eligible pupil 14 15 count as of July 1 of the immediately preceding fiscal year (as 16 determined by the Department of Human Services based on the 17 number of pupils who are eligible for at least one of the following low income programs: Medicaid, KidCare, TANF, or Food 18 19 Stamps, excluding pupils who are eligible for services provided 20 by the Department of Children and Family Services, averaged over the 2 immediately preceding fiscal years for fiscal year 21 22 2004 and over the 3 immediately preceding fiscal years for each 23 fiscal year thereafter) divided by the Average Daily Attendance of the school district. 24

(2) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this
subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 1998-1999,
1999-2000, and 2000-2001 school years only:

(a) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%, the
grant for any school year shall be \$800 multiplied by the
low income eligible pupil count.

32 (b) For any school district with a Low Income 33 Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, the 34 grant for the 1998-1999 school year shall be \$1,100 35 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

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(c) For any school district with a Low Income

1 Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%, the 2 grant for the 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,500 3 multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

4 (d) For any school district with a Low Income 5 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for the 6 1998-99 school year shall be \$1,900 multiplied by the low 7 income eligible pupil count.

8 (e) For the 1999-2000 school year, the per pupil amount 9 specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) immediately 10 above shall be increased to \$1,243, \$1,600, and \$2,000, 11 respectively.

(f) For the 2000-2001 school year, the per pupil amounts specified in subparagraphs (b), (c), and (d) immediately above shall be \$1,273, \$1,640, and \$2,050, respectively.

16 (2.5) Supplemental general State aid pursuant to this 17 subsection (H) shall be provided as follows for the 2002-2003 18 school year:

(a) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of less than 10%, the grant for each
school year shall be \$355 multiplied by the low income
eligible pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 10% and less than 20%, the
grant for each school year shall be \$675 multiplied by the
low income eligible pupil count.

(c) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level of at least 20% and less than 35%, the
grant for each school year shall be \$1,330 multiplied by
the low income eligible pupil count.

31 (d) For any school district with a Low Income 32 Concentration Level of at least 35% and less than 50%, the 33 grant for each school year shall be \$1,362 multiplied by 34 the low income eligible pupil count.

35 (e) For any school district with a Low Income
 36 Concentration Level of at least 50% and less than 60%, the

1 grant for each school year shall be \$1,680 multiplied by 2 the low income eligible pupil count.

3 (f) For any school district with a Low Income 4 Concentration Level of 60% or more, the grant for each 5 school year shall be \$2,080 multiplied by the low income 6 eligible pupil count.

7 (2.10) Except as otherwise provided, supplemental general 8 State aid pursuant to this subsection (H) shall be provided as 9 follows for the 2003-2004 school year and each school year 10 thereafter:

11 (a) For any school district with a Low Income 12 Concentration Level of 15% or less, the grant for each 13 school year shall be \$355 multiplied by the low income 14 eligible pupil count.

(b) For any school district with a Low Income
Concentration Level greater than 15%, the grant for each
school year shall be \$294.25 added to the product of \$2,700
and the square of the Low Income Concentration Level, all
multiplied by the low income eligible pupil count.

For the 2003-2004 school year only, the grant shall be no less than the grant for the 2002-2003 school year. For the 2004-2005 school year only, the grant shall be no less than the grant for the 2002-2003 school year multiplied by 0.66. For the 2005-2006 school year only, the grant shall be no less than the grant for the 2002-2003 school year multiplied by 0.33.

26 For the 2003-2004 school year only, the grant shall be no 27 greater than the grant received during the 2002-2003 school 28 year added to the product of 0.25 multiplied by the difference 29 between the grant amount calculated under subsection (a) or (b) 30 of this paragraph (2.10), whichever is applicable, and the 31 grant received during the 2002-2003 school year. For the 32 2004-2005 school year only, the grant shall be no greater than the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year added to 33 the product of 0.50 multiplied by the difference between the 34 35 grant amount calculated under subsection (a) or (b) of this paragraph (2.10), whichever is applicable, and the grant 36

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received during the 2002-2003 school year. For the 2005-2006 school year only, the grant shall be no greater than the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year added to the product of 0.75 multiplied by the difference between the grant amount calculated under subsection (a) or (b) of this paragraph (2.10), whichever is applicable, and the grant received during the 2002-2003 school year.

(3) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 8 9 more than 1,000 and less than 50,000 that qualify for 10 supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection 11 shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education prior to 12 October 30 of each year for the use of the funds resulting from State aid supplemental general 13 this grant of for the improvement of instruction in which priority is given to 14 15 meeting the education needs of disadvantaged children. Such 16 plan shall be submitted in accordance with rules and 17 regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education.

(4) School districts with an Average Daily Attendance of 50,000 or more that qualify for supplemental general State aid pursuant to this subsection shall be required to distribute from funds available pursuant to this Section, no less than \$261,000,000 in accordance with the following requirements:

23 (a) The required amounts shall be distributed to the attendance centers within the district in proportion to the 24 25 number of pupils enrolled at each attendance center who are eligible to receive free or reduced-price lunches or 26 27 breakfasts under the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966 28 under the National School Lunch Act during and the 29 immediately preceding school year.

30 (b) The distribution of these portions of supplemental 31 and general State aid among attendance centers according to 32 these requirements shall not be compensated for or 33 contravened by adjustments of the total of other funds 34 appropriated to any attendance centers, and the Board of 35 Education shall utilize funding from one or several sources 36 in order to fully implement this provision annually prior 1

to the opening of school.

(c) Each attendance center shall be provided by the 2 school district a distribution of noncategorical funds and 3 other categorical funds to which an attendance center is 4 5 entitled under law in order that the general State aid and supplemental general State aid provided by application of 6 7 this subsection supplements rather than supplants the noncategorical funds and other categorical funds provided 8 9 by the school district to the attendance centers.

10 (d) Any funds made available under this subsection that 11 by reason of the provisions of this subsection are not 12 required to be allocated and provided to attendance centers 13 may be used and appropriated by the board of the district 14 for any lawful school purpose.

(e) Funds received by an attendance center pursuant to 15 16 this subsection shall be used by the attendance center at 17 the discretion of the principal and local school council programs to improve educational opportunities at 18 for qualifying schools through the following programs and 19 20 services: early childhood education, reduced class size or improved adult to student classroom ratio, enrichment 21 programs, remedial assistance, attendance improvement, and 22 23 other educationally beneficial expenditures which supplement the regular and basic programs as determined by 24 the State Board of Education. Funds provided shall not be 25 26 expended for any political or lobbying purposes as defined 27 by board rule.

28 (f) Each district subject to the provisions of this 29 subdivision (H)(4) shall submit an acceptable plan to meet 30 educational needs of disadvantaged children, the in 31 compliance with the requirements of this paragraph, to the 32 State Board of Education prior to July 15 of each year. This plan shall be consistent with the decisions of local 33 school councils concerning the school expenditure plans 34 developed in accordance with part 4 of Section 34-2.3. The 35 State Board shall approve or reject the plan within 60 days 36

after its submission. If the plan is rejected, the district shall give written notice of intent to modify the plan within 15 days of the notification of rejection and then submit a modified plan within 30 days after the date of the written notice of intent to modify. Districts may amend approved plans pursuant to rules promulgated by the State Board of Education.

8 Upon notification by the State Board of Education that 9 the district has not submitted a plan prior to July 15 or a 10 modified plan within the time period specified herein, the 11 State aid funds affected by that plan or modified plan 12 shall be withheld by the State Board of Education until a 13 plan or modified plan is submitted.

If the district fails to distribute State aid to 14 15 attendance centers in accordance with an approved plan, the 16 plan for the following year shall allocate funds, in 17 addition to the funds otherwise required by this 18 subsection, to those attendance centers which were underfunded during the previous year in amounts equal to 19 20 such underfunding.

For purposes of determining compliance with 21 this subsection in relation to the requirements of attendance 22 23 center funding, each district subject to the provisions of this subsection shall submit as a separate document by 24 December 1 of each year a report of expenditure data for 25 26 the prior year in addition to any modification of its 27 current plan. If it is determined that there has been a 28 failure to comply with the expenditure provisions of this 29 subsection regarding contravention or supplanting, the 30 State Superintendent of Education shall, within 60 days of 31 receipt of the report, notify the district and any affected 32 local school council. The district shall within 45 days of notification 33 receipt of that inform the State Superintendent of Education of the remedial or corrective 34 35 action to be taken, whether by amendment of the current plan, if feasible, or by adjustment in the plan for the 36

1 following year. Failure to provide the expenditure report 2 or the notification of remedial or corrective action in a 3 timely manner shall result in a withholding of the affected 4 funds.

5 The State Board of Education shall promulgate rules and 6 regulations to implement the provisions of this funds shall be released under 7 subsection. No this subdivision (H) (4) to any district that has not submitted a 8 9 plan that has been approved by the State Board of 10 Education.

11 (I) General State Aid for Newly Configured School Districts.

(1) For a new school district formed by combining property 12 included totally within 2 or more previously existing school 13 districts, for its first year of existence the general State 14 15 aid and supplemental general State aid calculated under this 16 Section shall be computed for the new district and for the previously existing districts for which property is totally 17 18 included within the new district. If the computation on the 19 basis of the previously existing districts is greater, a supplementary payment equal to the difference shall be made for 20 the first 4 years of existence of the new district. 21

22 (2) For a school district which annexes all of the territory of one or more entire other school districts, for the 23 24 first year during which the change of boundaries attributable 25 to such annexation becomes effective for all purposes as 26 determined under Section 7-9 or 7A-8, the general State aid and 27 supplemental general State aid calculated under this Section 28 shall be computed for the annexing district as constituted 29 after the annexation and for the annexing and each annexed 30 district as constituted prior to the annexation; and if the 31 computation on the basis of the annexing and annexed districts as constituted prior to the annexation is greater, 32 supplementary payment equal to the difference shall be made for 33 the first 4 years of existence of the annexing school district 34 35 as constituted upon such annexation.

1 (3) For 2 or more school districts which annex all of the 2 territory of one or more entire other school districts, and for 2 or more community unit districts which result upon the 3 4 division (pursuant to petition under Section 11A-2) of one or 5 more other unit school districts into 2 or more parts and which 6 together include all of the parts into which such other unit 7 school district or districts are so divided, for the first year 8 during which the change of boundaries attributable to such 9 annexation or division becomes effective for all purposes as determined under Section 7-9 or 11A-10, as the case may be, the 10 11 general State aid and supplemental general State aid calculated 12 under this Section shall be computed for each annexing or 13 resulting district as constituted after the annexation or division and for each annexing and annexed district, or for 14 15 each resulting and divided district, as constituted prior to 16 the annexation or division; and if the aggregate of the general State aid and supplemental general State aid as so computed for 17 the annexing or resulting districts as constituted after the 18 19 annexation or division is less than the aggregate of the 20 general State aid and supplemental general State aid as so computed for the annexing and annexed districts, or for the 21 22 resulting and divided districts, as constituted prior to the 23 annexation or division, then a supplementary payment equal to 24 the difference shall be made and allocated between or among the annexing or resulting districts, as constituted upon such 25 26 annexation or division, for the first 4 years of their 27 existence. The total difference payment shall be allocated 28 between or among the annexing or resulting districts in the 29 same ratio as the pupil enrollment from that portion of the 30 annexed or divided district or districts which is annexed to or 31 included in each such annexing or resulting district bears to 32 the total pupil enrollment from the entire annexed or divided district or districts, as such pupil enrollment is determined 33 for the school year last ending prior to the date when the 34 35 change of boundaries attributable to the annexation or division becomes effective for all purposes. The amount of the total 36

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1 difference payment and the amount thereof to be allocated to 2 the annexing or resulting districts shall be computed by the 3 State Board of Education on the basis of pupil enrollment and other data which shall be certified to the State Board of 4 5 Education, on forms which it shall provide for that purpose, by the regional superintendent of schools for each educational 6 service region in which the annexing and annexed districts, or 7 resulting and divided districts are located. 8

9 (3.5) Claims for financial assistance under this 10 subsection (I) shall not be recomputed except as expressly 11 provided under this Section.

(4) Any supplementary payment made under this subsection(I) shall be treated as separate from all other payments madepursuant to this Section.

15 (J) Supplementary Grants in Aid.

16 (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, the amount of the aggregate general State aid in combination 17 18 with supplemental general State aid under this Section for 19 which each school district is eligible shall be no less than the amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that 20 was received by the district under Section 18-8 (exclusive of 21 22 amounts received under subsections 5(p) and 5(p-5) of that 23 Section) for the 1997-98 school year, pursuant to the provisions of that Section as it was then in effect. If a 24 25 school district qualifies to receive a supplementary payment 26 made under this subsection (J), the amount of the aggregate 27 general State aid in combination with supplemental general 28 State aid under this Section which that district is eligible to 29 receive for each school year shall be no less than the amount 30 of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that was 31 received by the district under Section 18-8 (exclusive of amounts received under subsections 5(p) and 5(p-5) of that 32 Section) for the 1997-1998 school year, pursuant to the 33 provisions of that Section as it was then in effect. 34

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(2) If, as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection

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(J), a school district is to receive aggregate general State 1 2 aid in combination with supplemental general State aid under this Section for the 1998-99 school year and any subsequent 3 school year that in any such school year is less than the 4 5 amount of the aggregate general State aid entitlement that the district received for the 1997-98 school year, the school 6 district shall also receive, from a separate appropriation made 7 for purposes of this subsection (J), a supplementary payment 8 9 that is equal to the amount of the difference in the aggregate 10 State aid figures as described in paragraph (1).

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(3) (Blank).

12 (K) Grants to Laboratory and Alternative Schools.

In calculating the amount to be paid to the governing board of a public university that operates a laboratory school under this Section or to any alternative school that is operated by a regional superintendent of schools, the State Board of Education shall require by rule such reporting requirements as it deems necessary.

As used in this Section, "laboratory school" means a public 19 school which is created and operated by a public university and 20 approved by the State Board of Education. The governing board 21 22 of a public university which receives funds from the State 23 Board under this subsection (K) may not increase the number of students enrolled in its laboratory school from a single 24 25 district, if that district is already sending 50 or more 26 students, except under a mutual agreement between the school 27 board of a student's district of residence and the university 28 which operates the laboratory school. A laboratory school may 29 not have more than 1,000 students, excluding students with 30 disabilities in a special education program.

31 As used in this Section, "alternative school" means a 32 public school which is created and operated by a Regional 33 Superintendent of Schools and approved by the State Board of 34 Education. Such alternative schools may offer courses of 35 instruction for which credit is given in regular school HB4266 Engrossed - 26 - LRB093 17120 NHT 42786 b

1 programs, courses to prepare students for the high school 2 equivalency testing program or vocational and occupational 3 training. A regional superintendent of schools may contract 4 with a school district or a public community college district 5 to operate an alternative school. An alternative school serving more than one educational service region may be established by 6 the regional superintendents of schools of the affected 7 8 educational service regions. An alternative school serving 9 more than one educational service region may be operated under 10 such terms as the regional superintendents of schools of those 11 educational service regions may agree.

12 Each laboratory and alternative school shall file, on forms provided by the State Superintendent of Education, an annual 13 State aid claim which states the Average Daily Attendance of 14 15 the school's students by month. The best 3 months' Average 16 Daily Attendance shall be computed for each school. The general 17 State aid entitlement shall be computed by multiplying the applicable Average Daily Attendance by the Foundation Level as 18 19 determined under this Section.

20 (L) Payments, Additional Grants in Aid and Other Requirements.

(1) For a school district operating under the financial 21 22 supervision of an Authority created under Article 34A, the 23 general State aid otherwise payable to that district under this Section, but not the supplemental general State aid, shall be 24 25 reduced by an amount equal to the budget for the operations of 26 the Authority as certified by the Authority to the State Board of Education, and an amount equal to such reduction shall be 27 28 paid to the Authority created for such district for its 29 operating expenses in the manner provided in Section 18-11. The 30 remainder of general State school aid for any such district 31 shall be paid in accordance with Article 34A when that Article provides for a disposition other than that provided by this 32 33 Article.

34 (2) (Bla

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(2) (Blank).

(3) Summer school. Summer school payments shall be made as

1 provided in Section 18-4.3.

2 (M) Education Funding Advisory Board.

3 The Education Funding Advisory Board, hereinafter in this 4 subsection (M) referred to as the "Board", is hereby created. The Board shall consist of 5 members who are appointed by the 5 Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The 6 7 members appointed shall include representatives of education, business, and the general public. One of the members so 8 appointed shall be designated by the Governor at the time the 9 10 appointment is made as the chairperson of the Board. The 11 initial members of the Board may be appointed any time after 12 the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997. The regular term of each member of the Board shall be for 4 years from the 13 14 third Monday of January of the year in which the term of the 15 member's appointment is to commence, except that of the 5 16 initial members appointed to serve on the Board, the member who is appointed as the chairperson shall serve for a term that 17 18 commences on the date of his or her appointment and expires on 19 the third Monday of January, 2002, and the remaining 4 members, by lots drawn at the first meeting of the Board that is held 20 after all 5 members are appointed, shall determine 2 of their 21 22 number to serve for terms that commence on the date of their 23 respective appointments and expire on the third Monday of January, 2001, and 2 of their number to serve for terms that 24 25 commence on the date of their respective appointments and 26 expire on the third Monday of January, 2000. All members 27 appointed to serve on the Board shall serve until their respective successors are appointed and confirmed. Vacancies 28 29 shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments. If 30 a vacancy in membership occurs at a time when the Senate is not 31 in session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Senate, when he or she shall 32 appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a 33 person to fill that membership for the unexpired term. If the 34 Senate is not in session when the initial appointments are 35

1 made, those appointments shall be made as in the case of 2 vacancies.

The Education Funding Advisory Board shall be deemed 3 established, and the initial members appointed by the Governor 4 5 to serve as members of the Board shall take office, on the date 6 that the Governor makes his or her appointment of the fifth initial member of the Board, whether those initial members are 7 then serving pursuant to appointment and confirmation or 8 9 pursuant to temporary appointments that are made by the Governor as in the case of vacancies. 10

11 The State Board of Education shall provide such staff 12 assistance to the Education Funding Advisory Board as is 13 reasonably required for the proper performance by the Board of 14 its responsibilities.

For school years after the 2000-2001 school year, the 15 16 Education Funding Advisory Board, in consultation with the 17 State Board of Education, shall make recommendations as provided in this subsection (M) to the General Assembly for the 18 19 foundation level under subdivision (B) (3) of this Section and 20 for the supplemental general State aid grant level under subsection (H) of this Section for districts with high 21 concentrations of children from poverty. The recommended 22 23 foundation level shall be determined based on a methodology which incorporates the basic education expenditures 24 of 25 low-spending schools exhibiting high academic performance. The 26 Education Funding Advisory Board shall make such 27 recommendations to the General Assembly on January 1 of odd 28 numbered years, beginning January 1, 2001.

29 (N) (Blank).

30 (O) References.

(1) References in other laws to the various subdivisions of Section 18-8 as that Section existed before its repeal and replacement by this Section 18-8.05 shall be deemed to refer to the corresponding provisions of this Section 18-8.05, to the HB4266 Engrossed - 29 - LRB093 17120 NHT 42786 b

1 extent that those references remain applicable.

2 (2) References in other laws to State Chapter 1 funds shall
3 be deemed to refer to the supplemental general State aid
4 provided under subsection (H) of this Section.

5 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-28, eff. 7-1-01; 92-29,
6 eff. 7-1-01; 92-269, eff. 8-7-01; 92-604, eff. 7-1-02; 92-636,
7 eff. 7-11-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-21, eff. 7-1-03.)

8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,
9 2004.