

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2003 and 2004 HB4246

Introduced 1/28/2004, by Angelo Saviano

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

225 ILCS 75/3.1	
225 ILCS 75/19	from Ch. 111, par. 3719
225 ILCS 90/1	from Ch. 111, par. 4251
225 ILCS 90/17	from Ch. 111, par. 4267
410 ILCS 70/2.2	
410 ILCS 70/5	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 87-5
410 ILCS 70/6.4	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 87-6.4
410 ILCS 225/2	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7022
410 ILCS 225/6	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7026
410 ILCS 305/7	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7307
410 ILCS 305/8	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7308
410 ILCS 305/9	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7309
410 ILCS 325/4	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7404
410 ILCS 325/5.5	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7405.5
410 ILCS 325/6	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7406
410 ILCS 210/1	from Ch. 111, par. 4501
410 ILCS 210/2	from Ch. 111, par. 4502
410 ILCS 210/3	from Ch. 111, par. 4503
410 ILCS 210/5	from Ch. 111, par. 4505

Amends the Illinois Occupational Therapy Practice Act, the Illinois Physical Therapy Act, the Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency Treatment Act, the Prenatal and Newborn Care Act, the AIDS Confidentiality Act, the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act, and the Consent by Minors to Medical Procedures Act. Allows an advanced practice nurse to engage in activities permitted under a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician and a physician assistant to engage in the provision of health services that the physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated to that physician assistant. Effective immediately.

LRB093 18998 AMC 44733 b

1 AN ACT concerning health care.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Occupational Therapy Practice Act is amended by changing Sections 3.1 and 19 as follows:
- 6 (225 ILCS 75/3.1)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)
- 8 Sec. 3.1. Referrals. A licensed occupational therapist or
- 9 licensed occupational therapy assistant may consult with,
- 10 educate, evaluate, and monitor services for clients concerning
- 11 non-medical occupational therapy needs. Implementation of
- 12 direct occupational therapy to individuals for their specific
- 13 health care conditions shall be based upon a referral from a
- 14 licensed physician, dentist, podiatrist, advanced practice
- 15 <u>nurse</u>, <u>physician assistant</u>, or optometrist.
- An occupational therapist shall refer to a licensed
- 17 physician, dentist, optometrist, <u>advanced practice nurse</u>,
- 18 physician assistant, or podiatrist any patient whose medical
- 19 condition should, at the time of evaluation or treatment, be
- 20 determined to be beyond the scope of practice of the
- 21 occupational therapist.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 92-297, eff. 1-1-02; 93-461, eff. 8-8-03.)
- 23 (225 ILCS 75/19) (from Ch. 111, par. 3719)
- 24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2014)
- Sec. 19. (a) The Department may refuse to issue or renew,
- or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand or take
- other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper,
- including fines not to exceed \$2,500 for each violation, with
- 29 regard to any license for any one or combination of the
- 30 following:
- 31 (1) Material misstatement in furnishing information to

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the Department;

- (2) Wilfully violating this Act, or of the rules promulgated thereunder;
- (3) Conviction of any crime under the laws of the United States or any state or territory thereof which is a felony or which is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or of any crime which is directly related to the practice of occupational therapy;
- (4) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining certification, or violating any provision of this Act or the rules promulgated thereunder pertaining to advertising;
- (5) Having demonstrated unworthiness, or incompetency to act as an occupational therapist or occupational therapy assistant in such manner as to safeguard the interest of the public;
- (6) Wilfully aiding or assisting another person, firm, partnership or corporation in violating any provision of this Act or rules;
- (7) Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department;
- (8) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public;
- (9) Habitual intoxication or addiction to the use of drugs;
- (10) Discipline by another state, the District of Columbia, a territory, or foreign nation, if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth herein;
- (11) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership or association any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for professional services not actually or personally rendered;
 - (12) A finding by the Department that the license

holder, after having his license disciplined, has violated the terms of the discipline;

- (13) Wilfully making or filing false records or reports in the practice of occupational therapy, including but not limited to false records filed with the State agencies or departments;
- (14) Physical illness, including but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill which results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill or safety;
- (15) Solicitation of professional services other than by permitted advertising;
- (16) Wilfully exceeding the scope of practice customarily undertaken by persons licensed under this Act, which conduct results in, or may result in, harm to the public;
- (17) Holding one's self out to practice occupational therapy under any name other than his own or impersonation of any other occupational therapy licensee;
 - (18) Gross negligence;
 - (19) Malpractice;
- (20) Obtaining a fee in money or gift in kind of any other items of value or in the form of financial profit or benefit as personal compensation, or as compensation, or charge, profit or gain for an employer or for any other person or persons, on the fraudulent misrepresentation that a manifestly incurable condition of sickness, disease or injury to any person can be cured;
- (21) Accepting commissions or rebates or other forms of remuneration for referring persons to other professionals;
- (22) Failure to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied;

- 1 (23) Violating the Health Care Worker Self-Referral 2 Act; and
 - of occupational therapy as defined in this Act, or having treated patients as a licensed occupational therapist independent of a referral from a physician, advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician, physician assistant to whom the physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision of health services, dentist, podiatrist, or optometrist, or having failed to notify the physician, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, dentist, podiatrist, or optometrist who established a diagnosis that the patient is receiving occupational therapy pursuant to that diagnosis.
 - (b) The determination by a circuit court that a license holder is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, as now or hereafter amended, operates as an automatic suspension. Such suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission, an order by the court so finding and discharging the patient, and the recommendation of the Board to the Director that the license holder be allowed to resume his practice.
 - (c) The Department may refuse to issue or take disciplinary action concerning the license of any person who fails to file a return, to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or interest as required by any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied as determined by the Department of Revenue.
- 34 (d) In enforcing this Section, the Board, upon a showing of 35 a possible violation, may compel a licensee or applicant to 36 submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as

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required by and at the expense of the Department. The examining clinical psychologists physicians or shall be specifically designated by the Board. The Board or the Department may order (i) the examining physician to present testimony concerning the mental or physical examination of a licensee or applicant or (ii) the examining clinical psychologist to present testimony concerning the mental examination of a licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between a licensee or applicant and examining physician or clinical psychologist. individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician or clinical psychologist of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of an individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, when directed, is grounds for suspension of his or her license. The license must remain suspended until the person submits to the examination or the Board finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was with reasonable cause.

If the Board finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Board must require the individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by a physician or clinical psychologist approved by the Board, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice. In lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Board may recommend that the Department file a complaint to immediately suspend or revoke the license of the individual or otherwise discipline the licensee.

Any individual whose license was granted, continued, reinstated, or renewed subject to conditions, terms, or restrictions, as provided for in this Section, or any individual who was disciplined or placed on supervision pursuant to this Section must be referred to the Director for a determination as to whether the person shall have his or her

- 1 license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Board.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 93-461, eff. 8-8-03.)
- 3 Section 10. The Illinois Physical Therapy Act is amended by
- 4 changing Sections 1 and 17 as follows:
- 5 (225 ILCS 90/1) (from Ch. 111, par. 4251)
- 6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)
- 7 Sec. 1. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 8 (1) "Physical therapy" means the evaluation or treatment of 9 a person by the use of the effective properties of physical 10 measures and heat, cold, light, water, radiant energy, 11 electricity, sound, and air; and the use of therapeutic 12 therapeutic exercise, mobilization, massage, and 13 rehabilitative procedures with or without assistive devices 14 for the purposes of preventing, correcting, or alleviating a 15 physical or mental disability, or promoting physical fitness and well-being. Physical therapy includes, but is not limited 16 17 to: (a) performance of specialized tests and measurements, (b) 18 administration of specialized treatment procedures, dentists, 19 interpretation of referrals from physicians, advanced practice nurses, physician assistants, 20 21 podiatrists, (d) establishment, and modification of physical 22 therapy treatment programs, (e) administration of topical 23 medication used in generally accepted physical therapy 24 procedures when such medication is prescribed by the patient's 25 physician, licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, practice podiatric 26 patient's physician licensed to medicine, the patient's advanced practice nurse who has a 27 written collaborative agreement with a collaborating 28 physician, the patient's physician assistant to whom the 29 physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated the 30 provision of health services, or the patient's dentist, and (f) 31 supervision or teaching of physical therapy. Physical therapy 32 33 include radiology, electrosurgery, chiropractic not

technique or determination of a differential diagnosis;

- 1 provided, however, the limitation on determining a
- 2 differential diagnosis shall not in any manner limit a physical
- 3 therapist licensed under this Act from performing an evaluation
- 4 pursuant to such license. Nothing in this Section shall limit a
- 5 physical therapist from employing appropriate physical therapy
- techniques that he or she is educated and licensed to perform.
- 7 A physical therapist shall refer to a licensed physician,
- 8 dentist, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or
- 9 podiatrist any patient whose medical condition should, at the
- time of evaluation or treatment, be determined to be beyond the
- 11 scope of practice of the physical therapist.
- 12 (2) "Physical therapist" means a person who practices
- 13 physical therapy and who has met all requirements as provided
- in this Act.
- 15 (3) "Department" means the Department of Professional
- 16 Regulation.
- 17 (4) "Director" means the Director of Professional
- 18 Regulation.
- 19 (5) "Committee" means the Physical Therapy Examining
- 20 Committee approved by the Director.
- 21 (6) (Blank) "Referral" for the purpose of this Act means
- 22 the following of guidance or direction to the physical
- 23 therapist given by the physician, dentist, or podiatrist who
- 24 shall maintain supervision of the patient.
- 25 (7) "Documented current and relevant diagnosis" for the
- 26 purpose of this Act means a diagnosis, substantiated by
- 27 signature or oral verification of a physician, dentist,
- 28 <u>advanced practice nurse</u>, physician assistant, or podiatrist,
- 29 that a patient's condition is such that it may be treated by
- 30 physical therapy as defined in this Act, which diagnosis shall
- 31 remain in effect until changed by the physician, dentist,
- 32 advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or podiatrist.
- 33 (8) "State" includes:
- 34 (a) the states of the United States of America;
- 35 (b) the District of Columbia; and
- 36 (c) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

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- (9) "Physical therapist assistant" means a person licensed to assist a physical therapist and who has met all requirements as provided in this Act and who works under the supervision of a licensed physical therapist to assist in implementing the physical therapy treatment program as established by the licensed physical therapist. The patient care activities provided by the physical therapist assistant shall not include the interpretation of referrals, evaluation procedures, or the planning or major modification of patient programs.
- (10) "Physical therapy aide" means a person who has received on the job training, specific to the facility in which he is employed, but who has not completed an approved physical therapist assistant program.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)
- 15 (225 ILCS 90/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 4267)
- 16 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)
- Sec. 17. (1) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other disciplinary action as the Department deems appropriate, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$5000, with regard to a license for any one or a combination of the following:
 - A. Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or otherwise making misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in violation of this Act or otherwise in the practice of the profession;
 - B. Violations of this Act, or of the rules or regulations promulgated hereunder;
 - C. Conviction of any crime under the laws of the United States or any state or territory thereof which is a felony or which is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or of any crime which is directly related to the practice of the profession; conviction, as used in this paragraph, shall include a finding or verdict of guilty, an admission of guilt or a plea of nolo contendere;

- D. Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining licenses, or violating any provision of this Act or the rules promulgated thereunder pertaining to advertising;
 - E. A pattern of practice or other behavior which demonstrates incapacity or incompetency to practice under this Act;
 - F. Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or Rules;
 - G. Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department;
 - H. Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public. Unprofessional conduct shall include any departure from or the failure to conform to the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing physical therapy practice, in which proceeding actual injury to a patient need not be established;
 - I. Unlawful distribution of any drug or narcotic, or unlawful conversion of any drug or narcotic not belonging to the person for such person's own use or benefit or for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes;
 - J. Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug which results in a physical therapist's or physical therapist assistant's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety;
 - K. Revocation or suspension of a license to practice physical therapy as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant or the taking of other disciplinary action by the proper licensing authority of another state, territory or country;
 - L. Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership or association any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally

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- M. A finding by the Committee that the licensee after having his or her license placed on probationary status has violated the terms of probation;
 - N. Abandonment of a patient;
- O. Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
- P. Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected elder abuse or neglect as required by the Elder Abuse Reporting Act;
- Q. Physical illness, including but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill which results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgement, skill or safety;
- R. The use of any words (such as physical therapy, physical therapist physiotherapy or physiotherapist), abbreviations, figures or letters with the intention of indicating practice as a licensed physical therapist without a valid license as a physical therapist issued under this Act;
- S. The use of the term physical therapist assistant, or abbreviations, figures, or letters with the intention of indicating practice as a physical therapist assistant without a valid license as a physical therapist assistant issued under this Act;
- T. Willfully violating or knowingly assisting in the violation of any law of this State relating to the practice of abortion;
- U. Continued practice by a person knowingly having an infectious, communicable or contagious disease;
- V. Having treated ailments of human beings otherwise than by the practice of physical therapy as defined in this Act, or having treated ailments of human beings as a licensed physical therapist independent of a documented referral or a documented current and relevant diagnosis

from a physician, dentist, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or podiatrist, or having failed to notify the physician, dentist, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or podiatrist who established a documented current and relevant diagnosis that the patient is receiving physical therapy pursuant to that diagnosis;

- W. Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
- X. Interpretation of referrals, performance of evaluation procedures, planning or making major modifications of patient programs by a physical therapist assistant;
- Y. Failure by a physical therapist assistant and supervising physical therapist to maintain continued contact, including periodic personal supervision and instruction, to insure safety and welfare of patients;
- ${\tt Z.}$ Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.
- (2) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. Such suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the Committee to the Director that the licensee be allowed to resume his practice.
- (3) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue,

- 1 until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are
- 2 satisfied.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 4 Section 15. The Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency
- 5 Treatment Act is amended by changing Sections 2.2, 5, and 6.4
- 6 as follows:

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- 7 (410 ILCS 70/2.2)
- 8 Sec. 2.2. Emergency contraception.
- 9 (a) The General Assembly finds:
 - (1) Crimes of sexual violence cause significant physical, emotional, and psychological trauma to the victims. This trauma is compounded by a victim's fear of becoming pregnant and bearing a child as a result of the sexual assault.
 - (2) Each year over 32,000 women become pregnant in the United States as the result of rape and approximately 50% of these pregnancies end in abortion.
 - (3) As approved for use by the Federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA), emergency contraception can significantly reduce the risk of pregnancy if taken within 72 hours after the sexual assault.
 - (4) By providing emergency contraception to rape victims in a timely manner, the trauma of rape can be significantly reduced.
 - (b) Within 120 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, every hospital providing services to alleged sexual assault survivors in accordance with a plan approved under Section 2 must develop a protocol that ensures that each survivor of sexual assault will receive medically and factually accurate and written and oral information about emergency contraception; the indications and counter-indications and risks associated with the use of emergency contraception; and a description of how and when victims may be provided emergency contraception upon the

assault.

written order of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician, or a physician assistant to whom the physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision of health services. The Department shall approve the protocol if it finds that the implementation of the protocol would provide sufficient protection for survivors of an alleged sexual

The hospital shall implement the protocol upon approval by the Department. The Department shall adopt rules and regulations establishing one or more safe harbor protocols and setting minimum acceptable protocol standards that hospitals may develop and implement. The Department shall approve any protocol that meets those standards. The Department may provide a sample acceptable protocol upon request.

17 (Source: P.A. 92-156, eff. 1-1-02.)

(410 ILCS 70/5) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 87-5)

Sec. 5. Minimum requirements for hospitals providing emergency service to sexual assault survivors.

(a) Every hospital providing emergency hospital services to an alleged sexual assault survivor under this Act shall, as minimum requirements for such services, provide, with the consent of the alleged sexual assault survivor, and as ordered by the attending physician, an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician, or a physician assistant to whom the physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision of health services, the following:

(1) appropriate medical examinations and laboratory tests required to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of an alleged sexual assault survivor or which may be used as evidence in a criminal proceeding against a person accused of the sexual assault, or both; and records of the results of such examinations and tests shall be maintained by the

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- hospital and made available to law enforcement officials upon the request of the alleged sexual assault survivor;
 - (2) appropriate oral and written information concerning the possibility of infection, sexually transmitted disease and pregnancy resulting from sexual assault;
 - (3) appropriate oral and written information concerning accepted medical procedures, medication, and possible contraindications of such medication available for the prevention or treatment of infection or disease resulting from sexual assault;
 - (4) such medication as deemed appropriate by the attending physician, an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician, or a physician assistant to whom the physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision of health services;
 - (5) a blood test to determine the presence or absence of sexually transmitted disease;
 - (6) written and oral instructions indicating the need for a second blood test 6 weeks after the sexual assault to determine the presence or absence of sexually transmitted disease; and
 - (7) appropriate counseling as determined by the hospital, by trained personnel designated by the hospital.
 - (b) Any minor who is an alleged survivor of sexual assault who seeks emergency services under this Act shall be provided such services without the consent of the parent, guardian or custodian of the minor.
- 30 (Source: P.A. 91-888, eff. 7-6-00.)
- 31 (410 ILCS 70/6.4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 87-6.4)
- 32 Sec. 6.4. Sexual assault evidence collection program.
- 33 (a) There is created a statewide sexual assault evidence 34 collection program to facilitate the prosecution of persons 35 accused of sexual assault. This program shall be administered

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by the Illinois State Police. The program shall consist of the distribution of sexual following: (1)assault collection kits which have been approved by the Illinois State Police to hospitals that request them, or arranging for such distribution by the manufacturer of the kits, (2) collection of the kits from hospitals after the kits have been used to collect evidence, (3) analysis of the collected evidence and conducting of laboratory tests, and (4) maintaining the chain of custody and safekeeping of the evidence for use in a legal proceeding. The standardized evidence collection kit for the State of Illinois shall be the State Police Evidence Collection Kit, also known as "S.P.E.C.K.". A sexual assault evidence collection kit may not be released by a hospital without the written consent of the sexual assault survivor. In the case of a survivor who is a minor 13 years of age or older, evidence and information concerning the alleged sexual assault may be released at the written request of the minor. If the survivor is a minor who is under 13 years of age, evidence and information concerning the alleged sexual assault may be released at the written request of the parent, quardian, investigating law enforcement officer, or Department Children and Family Services. Any health care professional, including any physician, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or nurse, sexual assault nurse examiner, and any health care institution, including any hospital, who provides evidence or information to a law enforcement officer pursuant to a written request as specified in this Section is immune from any civil or professional liability that might arise from those actions, with the exception of willful or wanton misconduct. The immunity provision applies only if all of the requirements of this Section are met.

(b) The Illinois State Police shall administer a program to train hospitals and hospital personnel participating in the sexual assault evidence collection program, in the correct use and application of the sexual assault evidence collection kits. A sexual assault nurse examiner may conduct examinations using

- 1 the sexual assault evidence collection kits, without the
- 2 presence or participation of a physician. The Department of
- 3 Public Health shall cooperate with the Illinois State Police in
- 4 this program as it pertains to medical aspects of the evidence
- 5 collection.
- 6 (c) In this Section, "sexual assault nurse examiner" means
- 7 a registered nurse who has completed a sexual assault nurse
- 8 examiner (SANE) training program that meets the Forensic Sexual
- 9 Assault Nurse Examiner Education Guidelines established by the
- 10 International Association of Forensic Nurses.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 91-888, eff. 7-6-00; 92-514, eff. 1-1-02.)
- 12 Section 20. The Prenatal and Newborn Care Act is amended by
- changing Sections 2 and 6 as follows:
- 14 (410 ILCS 225/2) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7022)
- 15 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
- 16 context otherwise requires:
- 17 <u>"Advanced practice nurse" or "APN" has the meaning given to</u>
- that term in the Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act.
- 19 (a) "Department" means the Illinois Department of Human
- 20 Services.
- 21 (b) "Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment
- 22 (EPSDT)" means the provision of preventative health care under
- 23 42 C.F.R. 441.50 et seq., including medical and dental
- 24 services, needed to assess growth and development and detect
- and treat health problems.
- 26 (c) "Hospital" means a hospital as defined under the
- 27 Hospital Licensing Act.
- 28 (d) "Local health authority" means the full-time official
- 29 health department or board of health, as recognized by the
- 30 Illinois Department of Public Health, having jurisdiction over
- 31 a particular area.
- 32 (e) "Nurse" means a nurse licensed under the Nursing and
- 33 Advanced Practice Nursing Act.
- 34 (f) "Physician" means a physician licensed to practice

- 1 medicine in all of its branches.
- 2 "Physician Assistant" has the meaning given to that term in
- 3 <u>the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987.</u>
- 4 (g) "Postnatal visit" means a visit occurring after birth,
 5 with reference to the newborn.
- 6 (h) "Prenatal visit" means a visit occurring before birth.
- 7 (i) "Program" means the Prenatal and Newborn Care Program established pursuant to this Act.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 89-507, eff. 7-1-97; 90-742, eff. 8-13-98.)
- 10 (410 ILCS 225/6) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7026)
- 11 Sec. 6. Covered services.

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- 12 (a) Covered services under the program may include, but are
 13 not necessarily limited to, the following:
 - (1) Laboratory services related to a recipient's pregnancy, performed or ordered by a physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant.
 - (2) Screening and treatment for sexually transmitted disease.
 - (3) Prenatal visits to a physician in the physician's office, an advanced practice nurse in the advanced practice nurse's office, a physician assistant in the physician assistant's office, or to a hospital outpatient prenatal clinic, local health department maternity clinic, or community health center.
 - (4) Radiology services which are directly related to the pregnancy, are determined to be medically necessary and are ordered by a physician, an advanced practice nurse, or a physician assistant.
 - (5) Pharmacy services related to the pregnancy.
 - (6) Other medical consultations related to the pregnancy.
 - (7) Physician, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or nurse services associated with delivery.
- 34 (8) One postnatal office visit within 60 days after delivery.

- 1 (9) Two EPSDT-equivalent screenings for the infant 2 within 90 days after birth.
- 3 (10) Social and support services.
- 4 (11) Nutrition services.
- 5 (12) Case management services.
- 6 (b) The following services shall not be covered under the 7 program:
- 8 (1) Services determined by the Department not to be medically necessary.
- 10 (2) Services not directly related to the pregnancy,
 11 except for the 2 covered EPSDT-equivalent screenings.
 - (3) Hospital inpatient services.
- 13 (4) Anesthesiologist and radiologist services during a
 14 period of hospital inpatient care.
- 15 (5) Physician, advanced practice nurse, and physician
 16 assistant hospital visits.
- 17 (6) Services considered investigational or 18 experimental.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 89-187, eff. 7-19-95.)
- Section 25. The AIDS Confidentiality Act is amended by changing Sections 7, 8, and 9 as follows:
- 22 (410 ILCS 305/7) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7307)
- 23 Sec. 7. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 4, 5 24 and 6 of this Act, written informed consent is not required for 25 a health care provider or health facility to perform a test 26 when the health care provider or health facility procures, 27 processes, distributes or uses a human body part donated for a 28 purpose specified under the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, or semen provided prior to the effective date of this Act for the 29 purpose of artificial insemination, and such a test is 30 necessary to assure medical acceptability of such gift or semen 31 32 for the purposes intended.
- 33 (b) Written informed consent is not required for a health 34 care provider or health facility to perform a test when a

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health care provider or employee of a health facility, or a firefighter or an EMT-A, EMT-I or EMT-P, is involved in an accidental direct skin or mucous membrane contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an individual which is of a nature that may transmit HIV, as determined by a physician in his medical judgment, by an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician, or by a physician assistant to whom the physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision of health services. Should such test prove to be positive, the patient and the health care provider, health facility employee, firefighter, EMT-A, EMT-I, or EMT-P shall be provided appropriate counseling consistent with this Act.

(c) Written informed consent is not required for a health care provider or health facility to perform a test when a law enforcement officer is involved in the line of duty in a direct skin or mucous membrane contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an individual which is of a nature that may transmit HIV, as determined by a physician in his medical judgment, by an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician, or by a physician assistant to whom the physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision of health services. Should such test prove to be positive, the patient shall be provided appropriate counseling consistent with this Act. For purposes of this subsection (c), "law enforcement officer" means any person employed by the State, a county or a officer, municipality a policeman, as peace auxiliary policeman, correctional officer or in some like position involving the enforcement of the law and protection of the public interest at the risk of that person's life.

32 (Source: P.A. 86-887; 86-891; 86-1028; 87-459.)

33 (410 ILCS 305/8) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7308)

Sec. 8. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 4 and 5 of this Act, written informed consent, information and

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counseling are not required for the performance of an HIV test: (a) for the purpose of research, if the testing is performed in such a way that the identity of the test subject is not known and may not be retrieved by the researcher, and in such a way 5 that the test subject is not informed of the results of the 6 testing, or (b) when in the judgment of the physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant, such testing is medically indicated to provide appropriate diagnosis and treatment to the subject of the test, provided that the subject of the test has otherwise provided his or her consent to such physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant for medical treatment.

(Source: P.A. 85-1399.)

(410 ILCS 305/9) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7309)

Sec. 9. No person may disclose or be compelled to disclose the identity of any person upon whom a test is performed, or the results of such a test in a manner which permits identification of the subject of the test, except to the following persons:

(a) The subject of the test or the subject's legally authorized representative. A physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant may notify the spouse of the test subject, if the test result is positive and has been confirmed pursuant to rules adopted by the Department, provided that the physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant has first sought unsuccessfully to persuade the patient to notify the spouse or that, a reasonable time after the patient has agreed to make the notification, the physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant has reason to believe that the patient has not provided the notification. This paragraph shall not create a duty or obligation under which a physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant must notify the spouse of the test results, nor shall such duty or obligation be implied. No civil liability or criminal sanction under this Act shall be imposed for any disclosure or

- 1 non-disclosure of a test result to a spouse by a physician $_{\boldsymbol{L}}$
- 2 advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant acting in good
- 3 faith under this paragraph. For the purpose of any proceedings,
- 4 civil or criminal, the good faith of any physician, advanced
- 5 practice nurse, or physician assistant acting under this
- 6 paragraph shall be presumed.
- 7 (b) Any person designated in a legally effective release of
- 8 the test results executed by the subject of the test or the
- 9 subject's legally authorized representative.
- 10 (c) An authorized agent or employee of a health facility or
- 11 health care provider if the health facility or health care
- 12 provider itself is authorized to obtain the test results, the
- agent or employee provides patient care or handles or processes
- 14 specimens of body fluids or tissues, and the agent or employee
- has a need to know such information.
- 16 (d) The Department, in accordance with rules for reporting
- and controlling the spread of disease, as otherwise provided by
- 18 State law. Neither the Department nor its authorized
- 19 representatives shall disclose information and records held by
- 20 them relating to known or suspected cases of AIDS or HIV
- 21 infection, publicly or in any action of any kind in any court
- or before any tribunal, board, or agency. AIDS and HIV
- 23 infection data shall be protected from disclosure in accordance
- 24 with the provisions of Sections 8-2101 through 8-2105 of the
- 25 Code of Civil Procedure.
- 26 (e) A health facility or health care provider which
- 27 procures, processes, distributes or uses: (i) a human body part
- from a deceased person with respect to medical information
- regarding that person; or (ii) semen provided prior to the
- 30 effective date of this Act for the purpose of artificial
- 31 insemination.
- 32 (f) Health facility staff committees for the purposes of
- 33 conducting program monitoring, program evaluation or service
- 34 reviews.
- 35 (g) (Blank).
- 36 (h) Any health care provider or employee of a health

facility, and any firefighter or EMT-A, EMT-P, or EMT-I, involved in an accidental direct skin or mucous membrane contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an individual which is of a nature that may transmit HIV, as determined by a physician in his medical judgment, by an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician, or by a physician assistant to whom the physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision of health services.

- (i) Any law enforcement officer, as defined in subsection (c) of Section 7, involved in the line of duty in a direct skin or mucous membrane contact with the blood or bodily fluids of an individual which is of a nature that may transmit HIV, as determined by a physician in his medical judgment, by an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician, or by a physician assistant to whom the physician assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision of health services.
- (j) A temporary caretaker of a child taken into temporary protective custody by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to Section 5 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, as now or hereafter amended.
- (k) In the case of a minor under 18 years of age whose test result is positive and has been confirmed pursuant to rules adopted by the Department, the health care provider who ordered the test shall make a reasonable effort to notify the minor's parent or legal guardian if, in the professional judgement of the health care provider, notification would be in the best interest of the child and the health care provider has first sought unsuccessfully to persuade the minor to notify the parent or legal guardian or a reasonable time after the minor has agreed to notify the parent or legal guardian, the health care provider has reason to believe that the minor has not made the notification. This subsection shall not create a duty or obligation under which a health care provider must notify the minor's parent or legal guardian of the test results, nor shall

- 1 a duty or obligation be implied. No civil liability or criminal
- 2 sanction under this Act shall be imposed for any notification
- 3 or non-notification of a minor's test result by a health care
- 4 provider acting in good faith under this subsection. For the
- 5 purpose of any proceeding, civil or criminal, the good faith of
- 6 any health care provider acting under this subsection shall be
- 7 presumed.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 93-482, eff. 8-8-03.)
- 9 Section 30. The Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease
- 10 Control Act is amended by changing Sections 4, 5.5, and 6 as
- 11 follows:
- 12 (410 ILCS 325/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7404)
- 13 Sec. 4. Reporting required.
- 14 (a) A physician licensed under the provisions of the
- 15 Medical Practice Act of 1987, an advanced practice nurse
- licensed under the provisions of the Nursing and Advanced
- 17 Practice Nursing Act, or a physician assistant licensed under
- the provisions of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987
- 19 who makes a diagnosis of or treats a person with a sexually
- 20 transmissible disease and each laboratory that performs a test
- 21 for a sexually transmissible disease which concludes with a
- 22 positive result shall report such facts as may be required by
- 23 the Department by rule, within such time period as the
- Department may require by rule, but in no case to exceed 2
- weeks.
- 26 (b) The Department shall adopt rules specifying the
- 27 information required in reporting a sexually transmissible
- disease, the method of reporting and specifying a minimum time
- 29 period for reporting. In adopting such rules, the Department
- 30 shall consider the need for information, protections for the
- 31 privacy and confidentiality of the patient, and the practical
- 32 abilities of persons and laboratories to report in a reasonable
- 33 fashion.
- 34 (c) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates

- any false information or report concerning the existence of any sexually transmissible disease under this Section is guilty of
- 3 a Class A misdemeanor.
- 4 (d) Any person who violates the provisions of this Section
- or the rules adopted hereunder may be fined by the Department
- 6 up to \$500 for each violation. The Department shall report each
- 7 violation of this Section to the regulatory agency responsible
- 8 for licensing a health care professional or a laboratory to
- 9 which these provisions apply.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 90-14, eff. 7-1-97.)
- 11 (410 ILCS 325/5.5) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7405.5)
- 12 Sec. 5.5. Risk assessment.
- 13 (a) Whenever the Department receives a report of HIV
- 14 infection or AIDS pursuant to this Act and the Department
- determines that the subject of the report may present or may
- 16 have presented a possible risk of HIV transmission, the
- 17 Department shall, when medically appropriate, investigate the
- 18 subject of the report and that person's contacts as defined in
- 19 subsection (c), to assess the potential risks of transmission.
- 20 Any investigation and action shall be conducted in a timely
- 21 fashion. All contacts other than those defined in subsection
- 22 (c) shall be investigated in accordance with Section 5 of this
- 23 Act.

- 24 (b) If the Department determines that there is or may have
- 25 been potential risks of HIV transmission from the subject of
- 26 the report to other persons, the Department shall afford the
- 27 subject the opportunity to submit any information and comment
- on proposed actions the Department intends to take with respect
- 29 to the subject's contacts who are at potential risk of
- 30 transmission of HIV prior to notification of the subject's

contacts. The Department shall also afford the subject of the

- 32 report the opportunity to notify the subject's contacts in a
- timely fashion who are at potential risk of transmission of HIV
- 34 prior to the Department taking any steps to notify such
- 35 contacts. If the subject declines to notify such contacts or if

the Department determines the notices to be inadequate or incomplete, the Department shall endeavor to notify such other persons of the potential risk, and offer testing and counseling services to these individuals. When the contacts are notified, they shall be informed of the disclosure provisions of the AIDS Confidentiality Act and the penalties therein and this Section.

(c) Contacts investigated under this Section shall in the case of HIV infection include (i) individuals who have undergone invasive procedures performed by an HIV infected health care provider and (ii) health care providers who have performed invasive procedures for persons infected with HIV, provided the Department has determined that there is or may have been potential risk of HIV transmission from the health care provider to those individuals or from infected persons to health care providers. The Department shall have access to the subject's records to review for the identity of contacts. The subject's records shall not be copied or seized by the Department.

For purposes of this subsection, the term "invasive procedures" means those procedures termed invasive by the Centers for Disease Control in current guidelines or recommendations for the prevention of HIV transmission in health care settings, and the term "health care provider" means any physician, dentist, podiatrist, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, nurse, or other person providing health care services of any kind.

(d) All information and records held by the Department and local health authorities pertaining to activities conducted pursuant to this Section shall be strictly confidential and exempt from copying and inspection under the Freedom of Information Act. Such information and records shall not be released or made public by the Department or local health authorities, and shall not be admissible as evidence, nor discoverable in any action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board, agency or person and shall be treated in the same manner as the information and those records subject to

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- the provisions of Part 21 of the Code of Civil Procedure except under the following circumstances:
 - (1) When made with the written consent of all persons to whom this information pertains;
 - (2) When authorized under Section 8 to be released under court order or subpoena pursuant to Section 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961; or
 - (3) When made by the Department for the purpose of seeking a warrant authorized by Sections 6 and 7 of this Act. Such disclosure shall conform to the requirements of subsection (a) of Section 8 of this Act.
- (e) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates any information or report concerning the existence of any disease under this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 87-763.)
- 16 (410 ILCS 325/6) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7406)
- 17 Sec. 6. Physical examination and treatment.
- 18 (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this
 19 Section, the Department and its authorized representatives may
 20 examine or cause to be examined persons reasonably believed to
 21 be infected with or to have been exposed to a sexually
 22 transmissible disease.
- (b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this 23 24 Section, persons with a sexually transmissible disease shall 25 report for complete treatment to a physician licensed under the 26 provisions of the Medical Practice Act of 1987, an advanced practice nurse licensed under the provisions of the Nursing and 27 Advanced Practice Nursing Act, or a physician assistant 28 licensed under the provisions of the Physician Assistant 29 30 Practice Act of 1987, or shall submit to treatment at a 31 facility provided by a local health authority or other public facility, as the Department shall require by rule or regulation 32 33 until the disease is noncommunicable or the Department determines that the person does not present a real and present 34 danger to the public health. This subsection (b) shall not be 35

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construed to require the Department or local health authorities to pay for or provide such treatment.

- (c) No person shall be apprehended, examined or treated for a sexually transmissible disease against his will, under the provisions of this Act, except upon the presentation of a warrant duly authorized by a court of competent jurisdiction. In requesting the issuance of such a warrant the Department shall show by a preponderance of evidence that the person is infectious and that a real and present danger to the public health and welfare exists unless such warrant is issued and shall show that all other reasonable means of obtaining compliance have been exhausted and that no other less restrictive alternative is available. The court shall require any proceedings authorized by this subsection (c) to be conducted in camera. A record shall be made of such proceedings but shall be sealed, impounded and preserved in the records of the court, to be made available to the reviewing court in the event of an appeal.
- 19 (d) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates 20 any false information or report concerning the existence of any 21 sexually transmissible disease under this Section is guilty of 22 a Class A misdemeanor.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 90-14, eff. 7-1-97.)
- Section 35. The Consent by Minors to Medical Procedures Act is amended by changing Sections 1, 2, 3, and 5 as follows:
- 26 (410 ILCS 210/1) (from Ch. 111, par. 4501)
- Sec. 1. Consent by minor. The consent to the performance of 27 28 a medical or surgical procedure by a physician licensed to 29 practice medicine and surgery, an advanced practice nurse 30 licensed to perform a medical or surgical procedure within the scope of said advanced practice nurse's written collaborative 31 agreement, or a physician assistant to whom the physician 32 33 assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision of the medical or surgical procedure executed by a married 34

- 1 person who is a minor, by a parent who is a minor, by a pregnant
- 2 woman who is a minor, or by any person 18 years of age or older,
- 3 is not voidable because of such minority, and, for such
- 4 purpose, a married person who is a minor, a parent who is a
- 5 minor, a pregnant woman who is a minor, or any person 18 years
- of age or older, is deemed to have the same legal capacity to
- 7 act and has the same powers and obligations as has a person of
- 8 legal age.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 89-187, eff. 7-19-95.)
- 10 (410 ILCS 210/2) (from Ch. 111, par. 4502)
- 11 Sec. 2. Any parent, including a parent who is a minor, may
- 12 consent to the performance upon his or her child of a medical
- or surgical procedure by a physician licensed to practice
- 14 medicine and surgery, an advanced practice nurse licensed to
- 15 perform a medical or surgical procedure within the scope of
- 16 <u>said</u> advanced practice nurse's written collaborative
- 17 agreement, or a physician assistant to whom the physician
- 18 <u>assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision</u>
- of the medical or surgical procedure or a dental procedure by a
- 20 licensed dentist. The consent of a parent who is a minor shall
- 21 not be voidable because of such minority, but, for such
- 22 purpose, a parent who is a minor shall be deemed to have the
- 23 same legal capacity to act and shall have the same powers and
- obligations as has a person of legal age.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 77-1661.)
- 26 (410 ILCS 210/3) (from Ch. 111, par. 4503)
- Sec. 3. (a) Where a hospital $_{\perp}$ or a physician $_{7}$ licensed to
- 28 practice medicine or surgery, <u>an advanced practice nurse</u>
- 29 <u>licensed to perform a medical or surgical procedure within the</u>
- 30 scope of said advanced practice nurse's written collaborative
- 31 <u>agreement</u>, or a physician assistant to whom the physician
- 32 <u>assistant's supervising physician has delegated the provision</u>
- of the medical or surgical procedure renders emergency
- 34 treatment or first aid or a licensed dentist renders emergency

- dental treatment to a minor, consent of the minor's parent or legal guardian need not be obtained if, in the sole opinion of the physician, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, dentist, or hospital, the obtaining of consent is not reasonably feasible under the circumstances without adversely affecting the condition of such minor's health.
 - (b) Where a minor is the victim of a predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse or criminal sexual abuse, as provided in Sections 12-13 through 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as now or hereafter amended, the consent of the minor's parent or legal guardian need not be obtained to authorize a hospital, physician, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or other medical personnel to furnish medical care or counseling related to the diagnosis or treatment of any disease or injury arising from such offense. The minor may consent to such counseling, diagnosis or treatment as if the minor had reached his or her age of majority. Such consent shall not be voidable, nor subject to later disaffirmance, because of minority.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 89-428, eff. 12-13-95; 89-462, eff. 5-29-96.)
- 22 (410 ILCS 210/5) (from Ch. 111, par. 4505)
 - Sec. 5. Counseling; informing parent or guardian. Any physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant, who provides diagnosis or treatment or any licensed clinical psychologist or professionally trained social worker with a master's degree or any qualified person employed (i) by an organization licensed or funded by the Department of Human Services, (ii) by units of local government, or (iii) by agencies or organizations operating drug abuse programs funded or licensed by the Federal Government or the State of Illinois or any qualified person employed by or associated with any public or private alcoholism or drug abuse program licensed by the State of Illinois who provides counseling to a minor patient who has come into contact with any sexually transmitted

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disease referred to in Section 4 of this Act may, but shall not 1 2 be obligated to, inform the parent, parents, or guardian of the 3 minor as to the treatment given or needed. Any person described 4 in this Section who provides counseling to a minor who abuses 5 drugs or alcohol or has a family member who abuses drugs or 6 alcohol shall not inform the parent, parents, guardian, or other responsible adult of the minor's condition or treatment 7 8 without the minor's consent unless that action is, in the person's judgment, necessary to protect the safety of the 9 minor, a family member, or another individual. 10

Any such person shall, upon the minor's consent, make reasonable efforts to involve the family of the minor in his or her treatment, if the person furnishing the treatment believes that the involvement of the family will not be detrimental to the progress and care of the minor. Reasonable effort shall be extended to assist the minor in accepting the involvement of his or her family in the care and treatment being given.

18 (Source: P.A. 89-187, eff. 7-19-95; 89-507, eff. 7-1-97.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.