

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2003 and 2004

HB4192

Introduced 1/23/2004, by Jack D. Franks

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

10 ILCS 5/10-8	from Ch.	46,	par.	10-8
10 ILCS 5/10-10	from Ch.	46,	par.	10-10

Amends the Election Code. Provides that upon the filing of an objector's petition to a certificate of nomination or nomination papers or a proposed amendment or question of public policy, a copy of the petition may be transmitted by fax machine to the necessary parties, rather than by mail. Effective immediately.

LRB093 15973 RAS 41596 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning elections.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing
Sections 10-8 and 10-10 as follows:

6 (10 ILCS 5/10-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-8)

Sec. 10-8. Certificates of nomination and nomination 7 papers, and petitions to submit public questions to 8 а referendum, being filed as required by this Code, and being in 9 apparent conformity with the provisions of this Act, shall be 10 deemed to be valid unless objection thereto is duly made in 11 writing within 5 business days after the last day for filing 12 the certificate of nomination or nomination papers or petition 13 14 for a public question, with the following exceptions:

A. In the case of petitions to amend Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Illinois, there shall be a period of 35 business days after the last day for the filing of such petitions in which objections can be filed.

B. In the case of petitions for advisory questions of public policy to be submitted to the voters of the entire State, there shall be a period of 35 business days after the last day for the filing of such petitions in which objections can be filed.

Any legal voter of the political subdivision or district in 24 25 which the candidate or public question is to be voted on, or 26 any legal voter in the State in the case of a proposed amendment to Article IV of the Constitution or an advisory 27 28 public question to be submitted to the voters of the entire 29 State, having objections to any certificate of nomination or 30 nomination papers or petitions filed, shall file an objector's petition together with a copy thereof in the principal office 31 32 or the permanent branch office of the State Board of Elections,

1 or in the office of the election authority or local election 2 official with whom the certificate of nomination, nomination papers or petitions are on file. In the case of nomination 3 papers or certificates of nomination, the State Board of 4 5 Elections, election authority or local election official shall 6 note the day and hour upon which such objector's petition is filed, and shall, not later than 12:00 noon on the second 7 8 business day after receipt of the petition, transmit by 9 registered mail, facsimile machine, or receipted personal delivery the certificate of nomination or nomination papers and 10 11 the original objector's petition to the chairman of the proper 12 electoral board designated in Section 10-9 hereof, or his authorized agent, and shall transmit a copy by registered mail_ 13 facsimile machine, or receipted personal delivery of the 14 15 objector's petition, to the candidate whose certificate of 16 nomination or nomination papers are objected to, addressed to 17 the place of residence designated in said certificate of nomination or nomination papers. In the case of objections to a 18 19 petition for a proposed amendment to Article IV of the 20 Constitution or for an advisory public question to be submitted to the voters of the entire State, the State Board of Elections 21 shall note the day and hour upon which such objector's petition 22 23 is filed and shall transmit a copy of the objector's petition by registered mail, facsimile machine, or receipted personal 24 25 delivery to the person designated on a certificate attached to 26 the petition as the principal proponent of such proposed 27 amendment or public question, or as the proponents' attorney, 28 for the purpose of receiving notice of objections. In the case of objections to a petition for a public question, to be 29 30 submitted to the voters of a political subdivision, or district 31 thereof, the election authority or local election official with 32 whom such petition is filed shall note the day and hour upon which such objector's petition was filed, and shall, not later 33 34 than 12:00 noon on the second business day after receipt of the 35 petition, transmit by registered mail, facsimile machine, or receipted personal delivery the petition for the public 36

1 question and the original objector's petition to the chairman 2 of the proper electoral board designated in Section 10-9 3 hereof, or his authorized agent, and shall transmit a copy by 4 registered mail, facsimile machine, or receipted personal 5 delivery, of the objector's petition to the person designated 6 on a certificate attached to the petition as the principal proponent of the public question, or as the proponent's 7 8 attorney, for the purposes of receiving notice of objections.

9 The objector's petition shall give the objector's name and 10 residence address, and shall state fully the nature of the 11 objections to the certificate of nomination or nomination 12 papers or petitions in question, and shall state the interest 13 of the objector and shall state what relief is requested of the 14 electoral board.

The provisions of this Section and of Sections 10-9, 10-10 and 10-10.1 shall also apply to and govern objections to petitions for nomination filed under Article 7 or Article 8, except as otherwise provided in Section 7-13 for cases to which it is applicable, and also apply to and govern petitions for the submission of public questions under Article 28. (Source: P.A. 86-1348.)

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(10 ILCS 5/10-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-10)

23 Sec. 10-10. Within 24 hours after the receipt of the certificate of nomination or nomination papers or proposed 24 25 question of public policy, as the case may be, and the 26 objector's petition, the chairman of the electoral board other 27 than the State Board of Elections shall send a call by registered or certified mail or transmit a call by facsimile 28 29 machine to each of the members of the electoral board, and to the objector who filed the objector's petition, and either to 30 31 the candidate whose certificate of nomination or nomination papers are objected to or to the principal proponent or 32 attorney for proponents of a question of public policy, as the 33 case may be, whose petitions are objected to, and shall also 34 cause the sheriff of the county or counties in which such 35

officers and persons reside to serve a copy of such call upon 1 2 each of such officers and persons, which call shall set out the fact that the electoral board is required to meet to hear and 3 pass upon the objections to nominations made for the office, 4 5 designating it, and shall state the day, hour and place at 6 which the electoral board shall meet for the purpose, which place shall be in the county court house in the county in the 7 8 case of the County Officers Electoral Board, the Municipal 9 Officers Electoral Board, the Township Officers Electoral Board or the Education Officers Electoral Board. The Township 10 11 Officers Electoral Board may meet in the township offices, if 12 they are available, rather than the county courthouse. In those 13 cases where the State Board of Elections is the electoral board designated under Section 10-9, the chairman of the State Board 14 15 of Elections shall, within 24 hours after the receipt of the 16 certificate of nomination or nomination papers or petitions for 17 a proposed amendment to Article IV of the Constitution or proposed statewide question of public policy, send a call by 18 19 registered or certified mail to the objector who files the 20 objector's petition, and either to the candidate whose certificate of nomination or nomination papers are objected to 21 or to the principal proponent or attorney for proponents of the 22 23 proposed Constitutional amendment or statewide question of public policy and shall state the day, hour and place at which 24 25 the electoral board shall meet for the purpose, which place may 26 be in the Capitol Building or in the principal or permanent 27 branch office of the State Board. The day of the meeting shall 28 not be less than 3 nor more than 5 days after the receipt of the 29 certificate of nomination or nomination papers and the 30 objector's petition by the chairman of the electoral board.

31 The electoral board shall have the power to administer 32 oaths and to subpoena and examine witnesses and at the request 33 of either party the chairman may issue subpoenas requiring the 34 attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum requiring the 35 production of such books, papers, records and documents as may 36 be evidence of any matter under inquiry before the electoral

1 board, in the same manner as witnesses are subpoenaed in the 2 Circuit Court.

3 Service of such subpoenas shall be made by any sheriff or 4 other person in the same manner as in cases in such court and 5 the fees of such sheriff shall be the same as is provided by 6 law, and shall be paid by the objector or candidate who causes the issuance of the subpoena. In case any person so served 7 shall knowingly neglect or refuse to obey any such subpoena, or 8 to testify, the electoral board shall at once file a petition 9 in the circuit court of the county in which such hearing is to 10 11 be heard, or has been attempted to be heard, setting forth the 12 facts, of such knowing refusal or neglect, and accompanying the 13 petition with a copy of the citation and the answer, if one has been filed, together with a copy of the subpoena and the return 14 15 of service thereon, and shall apply for an order of court 16 requiring such person to attend and testify, and forthwith produce books and papers, before the electoral board. Any 17 circuit court of the state, excluding the judge who is sitting 18 19 on the electoral board, upon such showing shall order such 20 person to appear and testify, and to forthwith produce such books and papers, before the electoral board at a place to be 21 fixed by the court. If such person shall knowingly fail or 22 23 refuse to obey such order of the court without lawful excuse, the court shall punish him or her by fine and imprisonment, as 24 25 the nature of the case may require and may be lawful in cases 26 of contempt of court.

The electoral board on the first day of its meeting shall adopt rules of procedure for the introduction of evidence and the presentation of arguments and may, in its discretion, provide for the filing of briefs by the parties to the objection or by other interested persons.

In the event of a State Electoral Board hearing on objections to a petition for an amendment to Article IV of the Constitution pursuant to Section 3 of Article XIV of the Constitution, or to a petition for a question of public policy to be submitted to the voters of the entire State, the - 6 - LRB093 15973 RAS 41596 b

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1 certificates of the county clerks and boards of election 2 commissioners showing the results of the random sample of 3 signatures on the petition shall be prima facie valid and 4 accurate, and shall be presumed to establish the number of 5 valid and invalid signatures on the petition sheets reviewed in 6 the random sample, as prescribed in Section 28-11 and 28-12 of this Code. Either party, however, may introduce evidence at 7 8 such hearing to dispute the findings as to particular 9 signatures. In addition to the foregoing, in the absence of competent evidence presented at such hearing by a party 10 11 substantially challenging the results of a random sample, or 12 showing a different result obtained by an additional sample, 13 this certificate of a county clerk or board of election commissioners shall be presumed to establish the ratio of valid 14 15 invalid signatures within to the particular election 16 jurisdiction.

17 The electoral board shall take up the question as to whether or not the certificate of nomination or nomination 18 19 papers or petitions are in proper form, and whether or not they 20 were filed within the time and under the conditions required by law, and whether or not they are the genuine certificate of 21 22 nomination or nomination papers or petitions which they purport 23 to be, and whether or not in the case of the certificate of 24 nomination in question it represents accurately the decision of 25 the caucus or convention issuing it, and in general shall 26 decide whether or not the certificate of nomination or 27 nominating papers or petitions on file are valid or whether the 28 objections thereto should be sustained and the decision of a 29 majority of the electoral board shall be final subject to 30 judicial review as provided in Section 10-10.1. The electoral 31 board must state its findings in writing and must state in 32 writing which objections, if any, it has sustained.

33 Upon the expiration of the period within which a proceeding 34 for judicial review must be commenced under Section 10--10.1, 35 the electoral board shall, unless a proceeding for judicial 36 review has been commenced within such period, transmit, by HB4192 - 7 - LRB093 15973 RAS 41596 b

registered or certified mail, a certified copy of its ruling, 1 2 together with the original certificate of nomination or 3 nomination papers or petitions and the original objector's petition, to the officer or board with whom the certificate of 4 nomination or nomination papers or petitions, as objected to, 5 were on file, and such officer or board shall abide by and 6 7 comply with the ruling so made to all intents and purposes. (Source: P.A. 91-285, eff. 1-1-00.) 8

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon10 becoming law.