

1 AN ACT in relation to the death penalty.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,  
3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by  
5 changing Section 9-1 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/9-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 9-1)

7 Sec. 9-1. First degree Murder - Death penalties -  
8 Exceptions - Separate Hearings - Proof - Findings - Appellate  
9 procedures - Reversals.

10 (a) A person who kills an individual without lawful  
11 justification commits first degree murder if, in performing  
12 the acts which cause the death:

13 (1) he either intends to kill or do great bodily  
14 harm to that individual or another, or knows that such  
15 acts will cause death to that individual or another; or

16 (2) he knows that such acts create a strong  
17 probability of death or great bodily harm to that  
18 individual or another; or

19 (3) he is attempting or committing a forcible  
20 felony other than second degree murder.

21 (b) Aggravating Factors. A defendant who at the time of  
22 the commission of the offense has attained the age of 18 or  
23 more and who has been found guilty of first degree murder may  
24 be sentenced to death if:

25 (1) the murdered individual was a peace officer or  
26 fireman killed in the course of performing his or her  
27 official duties, to prevent the performance of his  
28 official duties, or in retaliation for performing his  
29 official duties, and the defendant knew or should have  
30 known that the murdered individual was a peace officer or  
31 fireman; or

1           (2) the murdered individual was an employee of an  
2 institution or facility of the Department of Corrections,  
3 or any similar local correctional agency, killed in the  
4 course of performing his official duties, to prevent the  
5 performance of his official duties, or in retaliation for  
6 performing his official duties, or the murdered  
7 individual was an inmate at such institution or facility  
8 and was killed on the grounds thereof, or the murdered  
9 individual was otherwise present in such institution or  
10 facility with the knowledge and approval of the chief  
11 administrative officer thereof; or

12           (3) the defendant has been convicted of murdering  
13 two or more individuals under subsection (a) of this  
14 Section or under any law of the United States or of any  
15 state which is substantially similar to subsection (a) of  
16 this Section regardless of whether the deaths occurred  
17 as the result of the same act or of several related or  
18 unrelated acts so long as the deaths were the result of  
19 either an intent to kill more than one person or of  
20 separate acts which the defendant knew would cause death  
21 or create a strong probability of death or great bodily  
22 harm to the murdered individual or another; or

23           (4) the murdered individual was killed as a result  
24 of the hijacking of an airplane, train, ship, bus or  
25 other public conveyance; or

26           (5) the defendant committed the murder pursuant to  
27 a contract, agreement or understanding by which he was to  
28 receive money or anything of value in return for  
29 committing the murder or procured another to commit the  
30 murder for money or anything of value; or

31           (6) the murdered individual was killed in the  
32 course of another felony if:

33                   (a) the murdered individual:

34                           (i) was actually killed by the defendant,

1 or

2 (ii) received physical injuries  
3 personally inflicted by the defendant  
4 substantially contemporaneously with physical  
5 injuries caused by one or more persons for  
6 whose conduct the defendant is legally  
7 accountable under Section 5-2 of this Code, and  
8 the physical injuries inflicted by either the  
9 defendant or the other person or persons for  
10 whose conduct he is legally accountable caused  
11 the death of the murdered individual; and

12 (b) in performing the acts which caused the  
13 death of the murdered individual or which resulted  
14 in physical injuries personally inflicted by the  
15 defendant on the murdered individual under the  
16 circumstances of subdivision (ii) of subparagraph  
17 (a) of paragraph (6) of subsection (b) of this  
18 Section, the defendant acted with the intent to kill  
19 the murdered individual or with the knowledge that  
20 his acts created a strong probability of death or  
21 great bodily harm to the murdered individual or  
22 another; and

23 (c) the other felony was one of the following:  
24 armed robbery, armed violence, robbery, predatory  
25 criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated  
26 criminal sexual assault, aggravated kidnapping,  
27 aggravated vehicular hijacking, forcible detention,  
28 arson, aggravated arson, aggravated stalking,  
29 burglary, residential burglary, home invasion,  
30 calculated criminal drug conspiracy as defined in  
31 Section 405 of the Illinois Controlled Substances  
32 Act, streetgang criminal drug conspiracy as defined  
33 in Section 405.2 of the Illinois Controlled  
34 Substances Act, or the attempt to commit any of the

1           felonies listed in this subsection (c); or

2           (7) the murdered individual was under 12 years of  
3 age and the death resulted from exceptionally brutal or  
4 heinous behavior indicative of wanton cruelty; or

5           (8) the defendant committed the murder with intent  
6 to prevent the murdered individual from testifying in any  
7 criminal prosecution or giving material assistance to the  
8 State in any investigation or prosecution, either against  
9 the defendant or another; or the defendant committed the  
10 murder because the murdered individual was a witness in  
11 any prosecution or gave material assistance to the State  
12 in any investigation or prosecution, either against the  
13 defendant or another; or

14           (9) the defendant, while committing an offense  
15 punishable under Sections 401, 401.1, 401.2, 405, 405.2,  
16 407 or 407.1 or subsection (b) of Section 404 of the  
17 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or while engaged in a  
18 conspiracy or solicitation to commit such offense,  
19 intentionally killed an individual or counseled,  
20 commanded, induced, procured or caused the intentional  
21 killing of the murdered individual; or

22           (10) the defendant was incarcerated in an  
23 institution or facility of the Department of Corrections  
24 at the time of the murder, and while committing an  
25 offense punishable as a felony under Illinois law, or  
26 while engaged in a conspiracy or solicitation to commit  
27 such offense, intentionally killed an individual or  
28 counseled, commanded, induced, procured or caused the  
29 intentional killing of the murdered individual; or

30           (11) the murder was committed in a cold, calculated  
31 and premeditated manner pursuant to a preconceived plan,  
32 scheme or design to take a human life by unlawful means,  
33 and the conduct of the defendant created a reasonable  
34 expectation that the death of a human being would result

1           therefrom; or

2           (12) the murdered individual was an emergency  
3           medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical  
4           technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician -  
5           paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance  
6           or first aid personnel, employed by a municipality or  
7           other governmental unit, killed in the course of  
8           performing his official duties, to prevent the  
9           performance of his official duties, or in retaliation for  
10          performing his official duties, and the defendant knew or  
11          should have known that the murdered individual was an  
12          emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency  
13          medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical  
14          technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other  
15          medical assistance or first aid personnel; or

16          (13) the defendant was a principal administrator,  
17          organizer, or leader of a calculated criminal drug  
18          conspiracy consisting of a hierarchical position of  
19          authority superior to that of all other members of the  
20          conspiracy, and the defendant counseled, commanded,  
21          induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of  
22          the murdered person; or

23          (14) the murder was intentional and involved the  
24          infliction of torture. For the purpose of this Section  
25          torture means the infliction of or subjection to extreme  
26          physical pain, motivated by an intent to increase or  
27          prolong the pain, suffering or agony of the victim; or

28          (15) the murder was committed as a result of the  
29          intentional discharge of a firearm by the defendant from  
30          a motor vehicle and the victim was not present within the  
31          motor vehicle; or

32          (16) the murdered individual was 60 years of age or  
33          older and the death resulted from exceptionally brutal or  
34          heinous behavior indicative of wanton cruelty; or

1           (17) the murdered individual was a disabled person  
2 and the defendant knew or should have known that the  
3 murdered individual was disabled. For purposes of this  
4 paragraph (17), "disabled person" means a person who  
5 suffers from a permanent physical or mental impairment  
6 resulting from disease, an injury, a functional disorder,  
7 or a congenital condition that renders the person  
8 incapable of adequately providing for his or her own  
9 health or personal care; or

10           (18) the murder was committed by reason of any  
11 person's activity as a community policing volunteer or to  
12 prevent any person from engaging in activity as a  
13 community policing volunteer; or

14           (19) the murdered individual was subject to an  
15 order of protection and the murder was committed by a  
16 person against whom the same order of protection was  
17 issued under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986;  
18 or

19           (20) the murdered individual was known by the  
20 defendant to be a teacher or other person employed in any  
21 school and the teacher or other employee is upon the  
22 grounds of a school or grounds adjacent to a school, or  
23 is in any part of a building used for school purposes; or

24           (21) the murder was committed by the defendant in  
25 connection with or as a result of the offense of  
26 terrorism as defined in Section 29D-30 of this Code.

27           (c) Consideration of factors in Aggravation and  
28 Mitigation.

29           The court shall consider, or shall instruct the jury to  
30 consider any aggravating and any mitigating factors which are  
31 relevant to the imposition of the death penalty. Aggravating  
32 factors may include but need not be limited to those factors  
33 set forth in subsection (b). Mitigating factors may include  
34 but need not be limited to the following:

1 (1) the defendant has no significant history of  
2 prior criminal activity;

3 (2) the murder was committed while the defendant  
4 was under the influence of extreme mental or emotional  
5 disturbance, although not such as to constitute a defense  
6 to prosecution;

7 (3) the murdered individual was a participant in  
8 the defendant's homicidal conduct or consented to the  
9 homicidal act;

10 (4) the defendant acted under the compulsion of  
11 threat or menace of the imminent infliction of death or  
12 great bodily harm;

13 (5) the defendant was not personally present during  
14 commission of the act or acts causing death.

15 (d) Separate sentencing hearing.

16 Where requested by the State, the court shall conduct a  
17 separate sentencing proceeding to determine the existence of  
18 factors set forth in subsection (b) and to consider any  
19 aggravating or mitigating factors as indicated in subsection  
20 (c). The proceeding shall be conducted:

21 (1) before the jury that determined the defendant's  
22 guilt; or

23 (2) before a jury impanelled for the purpose of the  
24 proceeding if:

25 A. the defendant was convicted upon a plea of  
26 guilty; or

27 B. the defendant was convicted after a trial  
28 before the court sitting without a jury; or

29 C. the court for good cause shown discharges  
30 the jury that determined the defendant's guilt; or

31 (3) before the court alone if the defendant waives  
32 a jury for the separate proceeding.

33 (e) Evidence and Argument.

34 During the proceeding any information relevant to any of

1 the factors set forth in subsection (b) may be presented by  
2 either the State or the defendant under the rules governing  
3 the admission of evidence at criminal trials. Any  
4 information relevant to any additional aggravating factors or  
5 any mitigating factors indicated in subsection (c) may be  
6 presented by the State or defendant regardless of its  
7 admissibility under the rules governing the admission of  
8 evidence at criminal trials. The State and the defendant  
9 shall be given fair opportunity to rebut any information  
10 received at the hearing.

11 (f) Proof.

12 The burden of proof of establishing the existence of any  
13 of the factors set forth in subsection (b) is on the State  
14 and shall not be satisfied unless established beyond a  
15 reasonable doubt.

16 (g) Procedure - Jury.

17 If at the separate sentencing proceeding the jury finds  
18 that none of the factors set forth in subsection (b) exists,  
19 the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of  
20 imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of  
21 Corrections. If there is a unanimous finding by the jury  
22 that one or more of the factors set forth in subsection (b)  
23 exist, the jury shall consider aggravating and mitigating  
24 factors as instructed by the court and shall determine  
25 whether the sentence of death shall be imposed. If the jury  
26 determines unanimously that there are no mitigating factors  
27 sufficient to preclude the imposition of the death sentence,  
28 the court shall sentence the defendant to death.

29 Unless the jury unanimously finds that there are no  
30 mitigating factors sufficient to preclude the imposition of  
31 the death sentence the court shall sentence the defendant to  
32 a term of imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of  
33 Corrections.

34 (h) Procedure - No Jury.



1 In a proceeding before the court alone, if the court  
2 finds that none of the factors found in subsection (b)  
3 exists, the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of  
4 imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of  
5 Corrections.

6 If the Court determines that one or more of the factors  
7 set forth in subsection (b) exists, the Court shall consider  
8 any aggravating and mitigating factors as indicated in  
9 subsection (c). If the Court determines that there are no  
10 mitigating factors sufficient to preclude the imposition of  
11 the death sentence, the Court shall sentence the defendant to  
12 death.

13 Unless the court finds that there are no mitigating  
14 factors sufficient to preclude the imposition of the sentence  
15 of death, the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of  
16 imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of  
17 Corrections.

18 (i) Appellate Procedure.

19 The conviction and sentence of death shall be subject to  
20 automatic review by the Supreme Court. Such review shall be  
21 in accordance with rules promulgated by the Supreme Court.

22 (j) Disposition of reversed death sentence.

23 In the event that the death penalty in this Act is held  
24 to be unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United  
25 States or of the State of Illinois, any person convicted of  
26 first degree murder shall be sentenced by the court to a term  
27 of imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of  
28 Corrections.

29 In the event that any death sentence pursuant to the  
30 sentencing provisions of this Section is declared  
31 unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United States or  
32 of the State of Illinois, the court having jurisdiction over  
33 a person previously sentenced to death shall cause the  
34 defendant to be brought before the court, and the court shall

1 sentence the defendant to a term of imprisonment under  
2 Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections.

3 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-434, eff. 1-1-00;  
4 92-854, eff. 12-5-02.)