- 1 AN ACT in relation to criminal law.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by adding
- 5 Section 20-1.3 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/20-1.3 new)
- 7 <u>Sec. 20-1.3. Place of worship arson.</u>
- 8 (a) A person commits the offense of place of worship
- 9 arson when, in the course of committing an arson, he or she
- 10 knowingly damages, partially or totally, any place of
- 11 worship.
- 12 (b) Sentence. Place of worship arson is a Class 1
- 13 <u>felony</u>.
- 14 Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended
- by changing Sections 5-5-3 and 5-8-1.1 as follows:
- 16 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3)
- 17 Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.
- 18 (a) Every person convicted of an offense shall be
- 19 sentenced as provided in this Section.
- 20 (b) The following options shall be appropriate
- 21 dispositions, alone or in combination, for all felonies and
- 22 misdemeanors other than those identified in subsection (c) of
- 23 this Section:
- 24 (1) A period of probation.
- 25 (2) A term of periodic imprisonment.
- 26 (3) A term of conditional discharge.
- 27 (4) A term of imprisonment.
- 28 (5) An order directing the offender to clean up and
- 29 repair the damage, if the offender was convicted under

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- paragraph (h) of Section 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 3 (6) A fine.
- 4 (7) An order directing the offender to make 5 restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6 of this 6 Code.
- 7 (8) A sentence of participation in a county impact 8 incarceration program under Section 5-8-1.2 of this Code. 9 Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 of the 10 11 Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends 12 remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither 13 the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition 14 15 and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with 16 another disposition. The court shall monitor compliance with any remedial education or treatment recommendations contained 17 in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol 18 19 or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. However, if 20 2.1 the individual is not a resident of Illinois, the court may 22 accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial 23 education program in the state of such residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed 24 25 under existing applicable alcoholism and drug treatment 26 licensure standards.

In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, any individual convicted of a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of local ordinance, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of Section 11-501 or such ordinance proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency response. Such

- 1 restitution shall not exceed \$500 per public agency for each
- 2 such emergency response. For the purpose of this paragraph,
- emergency response shall mean any incident requiring a 3
- response by: a police officer as defined under Section 1-162 4
- 5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; a fireman carried on the rolls
- б of a regularly constituted fire department; and an ambulance
- as defined under Section 4.05 of the Emergency Medical 7
- Services (EMS) Systems Act. 8
- 9 Neither a fine nor restitution shall be the sole
- disposition for a felony and either or both may be imposed 10
- 11 only in conjunction with another disposition.
- (c) (1) When a defendant is found guilty of first degree 12
- State 13 murder the may either seek a sentence of
- imprisonment under Section 5-8-1 of this Code, or where 14
- appropriate seek a sentence of death under Section 9-1 of 15
- 16 the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (2) A period of probation, a term of periodic 17
- 18 imprisonment or conditional discharge shall not. be
- 19 imposed for the following offenses. The court shall
- sentence the offender to not less than the minimum term 20
- imprisonment set forth in this Code for the following 2.1
- offenses, and may order a fine or restitution or both in 22
- 23 conjunction with such term of imprisonment:
- (A) First degree murder where the death 24
- 25 penalty is not imposed.
- (B) Attempted first degree murder. 26
- (C) A Class X felony. 27
- A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the 28
- Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or a violation 29
- 30 subdivision (c)(1) or (c)(2) of Section 401 of
- that Act which relates to more than 5 grams of 31
- 32 substance containing heroin or cocaine or an analog
- thereof. 33
- (E) A violation of Section 5.1 or 9 of 34 the

1	Cannabis	Control	Act.

- (F) A Class 2 or greater felony if the offender had been convicted of a Class 2 or greater felony within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.
 - (G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.
 - (H) Criminal sexual assault, except as otherwise provided in subsection (e) of this Section.
 - (I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen.
 - (J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to the activities of an organized gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or more persons, with an established hierarchy, that encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

- (K) Vehicular hijacking.
- (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony mob action.
- (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of institutional vandalism if the damage to

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- 1 the property exceeds \$300.
- 2 (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph
- 3 (1) of subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm
- 4 Owners Identification Card Act.
- 5 (0) A violation of Section 12-6.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 7 (P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3),
- 8 (4), (5), or (7) of subsection (a) of Section
- 9 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 10 (Q) A violation of Section 20-1.2 or 20-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 12 (R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 14 (S) A violation of Section 11-501(c-1)(3) of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (3) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 5 days or 30 days of community service as may be determined by the court shall be imposed for a second violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 60 days of community service shall be imposed.
 - (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 32 (4.1) A minimum term of 30 consecutive days of 33 imprisonment, 40 days of 24 hour periodic imprisonment or 34 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by

- the court, shall be imposed for a violation of Section

 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code during a period in

 which the defendant's driving privileges are revoked or

 suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a

 violation of Section 11-501 or Section 11-501.1 of that

 Code.
 - (4.2) Except as provided in paragraph (4.3) of this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (4.4) Except as provided in paragraph (4.5) and paragraph (4.6) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (4.6) A minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (5) The court may sentence an offender convicted of a business offense or a petty offense or a corporation or unincorporated association convicted of any offense to:
 - (A) a period of conditional discharge;
- 33 (B) a fine;
- 34 (C) make restitution to the victim under

1 Section 5-5-6 of this Code.

(5.1) In addition to any penalties imposed under paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), and except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the property of another person.

- (5.2) In addition to any penalties imposed under paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), and except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 2 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another person.
- (5.3) In addition to any penalties imposed under paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation resulted in the death of another person.
- (6) In no case shall an offender be eligible for a disposition of probation or conditional discharge for a Class 1 felony committed while he was serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a felony.
- (7) When a defendant is adjudged a habitual criminal under Article 33B of the Criminal Code of 1961, the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of natural life imprisonment.
- (8) When a defendant, over the age of 21 years, is convicted of a Class 1 or Class 2 felony, after having twice been convicted in any state or federal court of an

offense that contains the same elements as an offense now classified in Illinois as a Class 2 or greater Class felony and such charges are separately brought and tried and arise out of different series of acts, such defendant shall be sentenced as a Class X offender. This paragraph shall not apply unless (1) the first felony was committed after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1977; and (2) the second felony was committed after conviction on the first; and (3) the third felony was committed after conviction on the second. A person sentenced as a Class X offender under this paragraph is not eligible to apply for treatment as a condition of probation as provided by Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.

- (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment.
- (10) When a person is convicted of violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the following penalties apply when his or her blood, breath, or urine was .16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2 or that person is convicted of violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code while transporting a child under the age of 16:
 - (A) For a first violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-501, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed under subsection (c) of Section 11-501: a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a minimum fine of \$500.
 - (B) For a second violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-501, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed under subsection (c) of Section 11-501 within 10 years: a mandatory minimum of 2

- days of imprisonment and a minimum fine of \$1,250.
- 2 (C) For a third violation of subsection (a) of
- 3 Section 11-501, in addition to any other penalty
- 4 that may be imposed under subsection (c) of Section
- 5 11-501 within 20 years: a mandatory minimum of 90
- days of imprisonment and a minimum fine of \$2,500.
- 7 (D) For a fourth or subsequent violation of
- 8 subsection (a) of Section 11-501: ineligibility for
- 9 a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and
- a minimum fine of \$2,500.
- 11 (d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed
- is vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court.
- 13 The trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of
- 14 the Unified Code of Corrections which may include evidence of
- 15 the defendant's life, moral character and occupation during
- 16 the time since the original sentence was passed. The trial
- 17 court shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The
- 18 trial court may impose any sentence which could have been
- 19 imposed at the original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of the
- 20 Unified Code of Corrections. If a sentence is vacated on
- 21 appeal or on collateral attack due to the failure of the

trier of fact at trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt

the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction)

- 24 necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond
- 25 the statutory maximum otherwise applicable, either the
- 26 defendant may be re-sentenced to a term within the range
- 27 otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its
- intention to again seek the extended sentence, the defendant
- 29 shall be afforded a new trial.

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- 30 (e) In cases where prosecution for criminal sexual
- 31 assault or aggravated criminal sexual abuse under Section
- 32 12-13 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 results in
- 33 conviction of a defendant who was a family member of the
- 34 victim at the time of the commission of the offense, the

1	court shall consider the safety and welfare of the victim and
2	may impose a sentence of probation only where:
3	(1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are
4	appropriate:
5	(A) the defendant is willing to undergo a
6	court approved counseling program for a minimum
7	duration of 2 years; or
8	(B) the defendant is willing to participate in
9	a court approved plan including but not limited to
10	the defendant's:
11	(i) removal from the household;
12	(ii) restricted contact with the victim;
13	(iii) continued financial support of the
14	family;
15	(iv) restitution for harm done to the
16	victim; and
17	(v) compliance with any other measures
18	that the court may deem appropriate; and
19	(2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the
20	victim's counseling services, to the extent that the
21	court finds, after considering the defendant's income and
22	assets, that the defendant is financially capable of
23	paying for such services, if the victim was under 18
24	years of age at the time the offense was committed and
25	requires counseling as a result of the offense.
26	Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section
27	5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that
28	the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation
29	restricting contact with the victim or other family members
30	or commits another offense with the victim or other family
31	members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and
32	impose a term of imprisonment.
33	For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and
34	"victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section

- 1 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 2 (f) This Article shall not deprive a court in other
- 3 proceedings to order a forfeiture of property, to suspend or
- 4 cancel a license, to remove a person from office, or to
- 5 impose any other civil penalty.
- 6 (g) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense
- 7 under Sections 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18,
- 8 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1,
- 9 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961, the defendant
- 10 shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the
- 11 defendant has any sexually transmissible disease, including a
- 12 test for infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or
- 13 any other identified causative agent of acquired
- 14 immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Any such medical test
- shall be performed only by appropriately licensed medical
- 16 practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily
- 17 fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's person.
- 18 Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test
- 19 shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel
- 20 involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a
- 21 sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the
- 22 conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera.
- 23 Acting in accordance with the best interests of the victim
- 24 and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to
- determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may
- 26 be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test
- 27 results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested
- 28 by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and
- if requested by the victim's parents or legal guardian, the
- 30 court shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of
- 31 the test results. The court shall provide information on the
- 32 availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of
- 33 Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results
- 34 of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's

- 1 Attorney to provide the information to the victim when
- 2 possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain
- 3 the results of any HIV test administered under this Section,
- 4 and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's
- 5 Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge
- of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-16.2 of the
- 7 Criminal Code of 1961 against the defendant. The court shall
- 8 order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the
- 9 county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted
- 10 defendant.
- 11 (q-5) When an inmate is tested for an airborne
- 12 communicable disease, as determined by the Illinois
- 13 Department of Public Health including but not limited to
- 14 tuberculosis, the results of the test shall be personally
- delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed
- 16 envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must
- 17 appear for the judge's inspection in camera if requested by
- 18 the judge. Acting in accordance with the best interests of
- 19 those in the courtroom, the judge shall have the discretion
- 20 to determine what if any precautions need to be taken to
- 21 prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.
- (h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense
- 23 under Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles
- 24 Act, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine
- 25 whether the defendant has been exposed to human
- 26 immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified
- 27 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS).
- 28 Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test
- 29 shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel
- involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a
- 31 sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the
- 32 conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera.
- 33 Acting in accordance with the best interests of the public,
- 34 the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if

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1 anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court 2 shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The 3 4 court shall provide information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health 5 facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing 6 7 are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide 8 the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any 9 HIV test administered under this Section, and the court 10 11 shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal 12 transmission of HIV under Section 12-16.2 of the Criminal 13 Code of 1961 against the defendant. The court shall order 14 15 that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county 16 and may be taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

- (i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
- In cases when prosecution for any violation of 24 25 Section 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 11-11, 11-14, 11-15, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 26 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-21, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 27 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961, any violation of the 28 29 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or any violation of the 30 Cannabis Control Act results in conviction, a disposition of court supervision, or an order of probation granted under 31 Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or Section 410 of the 32 Illinois Controlled Substance Act of a defendant, the court 33 34 shall determine whether the defendant is employed by a

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1 facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 2 1969, a public or private elementary or secondary school, or otherwise works with children under 18 years of age on a 3 4 daily basis. When a defendant is so employed, the court 5 shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of б judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation 7 to the defendant's employer by certified mail. 8 employer of the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court 9 shall direct the mailing of a copy of the judgment conviction or order of supervision or probation to the 10 appropriate regional superintendent of schools. The regional 11 superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board of 12 Education of any notification under this subsection. 13

(j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the Illinois Department Corrections shall as a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing the high school level Test of General Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a vocational training program offered by the Department of Corrections. defendant fails to complete the educational training required by his or her sentence during the term of incarceration, the Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high school diploma or passage of the GED test. The Prisoner Review Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised release of defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release

1	term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a
2	good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the
3	educational training shall not be deemed a wilful failure to
4	comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the
5	defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been
б	revoked under this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section
7	3-3-9. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant
8	who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed the
9	GED test. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant
10	who is determined by the court to be developmentally disabled
11	or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational
12	or vocational program.

- (k) A court may not impose a sentence or disposition for a felony or misdemeanor that requires the defendant to be implanted or injected with or to use any form of birth control.
 - (1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any felony or misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent to be deported when:
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
- Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in this Chapter V.

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- 1 (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for 2 a felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or 3 4 Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to 5 suspend the sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the 6 7 custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent when: 8
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
 - (C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who are subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3.
 - (D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before the sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of initial sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible for additional good conduct credit for meritorious service as provided under Section 3-6-6.
- person convicted of criminal defacement of 30 property under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, in which the property damage exceeds \$300 and the property 31 damaged is a school building, shall be ordered to perform 32 33 community service that may include cleanup, removal, or 34 painting over the defacement.

- (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-404, eff. 1-1-00; 1
- 91-663, eff. 12-22-99; 91-695, eff. 4-13-00; 91-953, eff. 2
- 2-23-01; 92-183, eff. 7-27-01; 92-248, eff. 8-3-01; 92-283, 3
- 4 1-1-02; 92-340, eff. 8-10-01; 92-418, eff. 8-17-01;
- 5 92-422, eff. 8-17-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-698, eff.
- б 7-19-02.

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- 7 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-1.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-1.1)
- 8 Sec. 5-8-1.1. Impact incarceration.
- The Department may establish and operate an impact 9
- 10 incarceration program for eligible offenders. If the court
- finds under Section 5-4-1 that an offender sentenced to a 11
- term of imprisonment for a felony may meet the eligibility 12
- of the Department, the court may 13 requirements its
- sentencing order approve the offender for placement 14
- 15 impact incarceration program conditioned upon his acceptance
- in the program by the Department. 16 Notwithstanding
- 17 sentencing provisions of this Code, the sentencing order also
- 18 shall provide that if the Department accepts the offender in
- the program and determines that the offender has successfully 19
- 20 completed the impact incarceration program, the sentence
- shall be reduced to time considered served upon certification 21
- successfully completed the program.

to the court by the Department that the offender has

In the event

- 24 offender is not accepted for placement in the
- incarceration program or the offender does not successfully 25
- complete the program, his term of imprisonment shall 26 be as
- 27 set forth by the court in its sentencing order.
- 28 In order to be eligible to participate in the impact
- 29 incarceration program, the committed person shall meet all of
- the following requirements: 30
- 31 The person must be not less than 17 years of
- age nor more than 35 years of age. 32
- (2) The person has not previously participated in 33

- the impact incarceration program and has not previously served more than one prior sentence of imprisonment for a felony in an adult correctional facility.
 - (3) The person has not been convicted of a Class X felony, first or second degree murder, armed violence, aggravated kidnapping, criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse or a subsequent conviction for criminal sexual abuse, forcible detention, residential arson, place of worship arson, or arson and has not been convicted previously of any of those offenses.
 - (4) The person has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment of 8 years or less.
 - (5) The person must be physically able to participate in strenuous physical activities or labor.
 - (6) The person must not have any mental disorder or disability that would prevent participation in the impact incarceration program.
 - (7) The person has consented in writing to participation in the impact incarceration program and to the terms and conditions thereof.
 - (8) The person was recommended and approved for placement in the impact incarceration program in the court's sentencing order.
 - The Department may also consider, among other matters, whether the committed person has any outstanding detainers or warrants, whether the committed person has a history of escaping or absconding, whether participation in the impact incarceration program may pose a risk to the safety or security of any person and whether space is available.
- 31 (c) The impact incarceration program shall include, 32 among other matters, mandatory physical training and labor, 33 military formation and drills, regimented activities, 34 uniformity of dress and appearance, education and counseling,

- 1 including drug counseling where appropriate.
- 2 (d) Privileges including visitation, commissary, receipt
- 3 and retention of property and publications and access to
- 4 television, radio and a library may be suspended or
- 5 restricted, notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in
- 6 this Code.
- 7 (e) Committed persons participating in the impact
- 8 incarceration program shall adhere to all Department rules
- 9 and all requirements of the program. Committed persons shall
- 10 be informed of rules of behavior and conduct. Disciplinary
- 11 procedures required by this Code or by Department rule are
- 12 not applicable except in those instances in which the
- 13 Department seeks to revoke good time.
- 14 (f) Participation in the impact incarceration program
- shall be for a period of 120 to 180 days. The period of time
- 16 a committed person shall serve in the impact incarceration
- 17 program shall not be reduced by the accumulation of good
- 18 time.
- 19 (g) The committed person shall serve a term of mandatory
- 20 supervised release as set forth in subsection (d) of Section
- 21 5-8-1.
- (h) A committed person may be removed from the program
- for a violation of the terms or conditions of the program or
- in the event he is for any reason unable to participate. The
- 25 Department shall promulgate rules and regulations governing
- 26 conduct which could result in removal from the program or in
- 27 a determination that the committed person has not
- 28 successfully completed the program. Committed persons shall
- 29 have access to such rules, which shall provide that a
- 30 committed person shall receive notice and have the
- 31 opportunity to appear before and address one or more hearing
- 32 officers. A committed person may be transferred to any of
- 33 the Department's facilities prior to the hearing.
- 34 (i) The Department may terminate the impact

- 1 incarceration program at any time.
- 2 (j) The Department shall report to the Governor and the
- 3 General Assembly on or before September 30th of each year on
- 4 the impact incarceration program, including the composition
- of the program by the offenders, by county of commitment,
- 6 sentence, age, offense and race.
- 7 (k) The Department of Corrections shall consider the
- 8 affirmative action plan approved by the Department of Human
- 9 Rights in hiring staff at the impact incarceration
- 10 facilities. The Department shall report to the Director of
- 11 Human Rights on or before April 1 of the year on the sex,
- 12 race and national origin of persons employed at each impact
- incarceration facility.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 88-311; 88-674, eff. 12-14-94.)