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AN ACT in relation to criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
5 changing Sections 9-1, 12-2, 12-4, 12-4.2, 12-4.2-5, 24-1.2,
6 and 24-1.2-5 and adding Sections 2-6.6 and 31-9 as follows:

7 (720 ILCS 5/2-6.6 new)

8 <u>Sec. 2-6.6.</u> Emergency management worker.

9 <u>"Emergency management worker" means any person, paid or</u> 10 <u>unpaid, who is a member of a local or county emergency</u> 11 <u>services and disaster agency as defined by the Illinois</u> 12 <u>Emergency Management Agency Act, or who is an employee of the</u> 13 <u>Illinois Emergency Management Agency or the Federal Emergency</u> 14 <u>Management Agency.</u>

15 (720 ILCS 5/9-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 9-1)

Sec. 9-1. First degree Murder - Death penalties -Exceptions - Separate Hearings - Proof - Findings - Appellate procedures - Reversals.

19 (a) A person who kills an individual without lawful 20 justification commits first degree murder if, in performing 21 the acts which cause the death:

(1) he either intends to kill or do great bodily
harm to that individual or another, or knows that such
acts will cause death to that individual or another; or

25 (2) he knows that such acts create a strong 26 probability of death or great bodily harm to that 27 individual or another; or

28 (3) he is attempting or committing a forcible29 felony other than second degree murder.

30 (b) Aggravating Factors. A defendant who at the time of

-2- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

1 the commission of the offense has attained the age of 18 or 2 more and who has been found guilty of first degree murder may 3 be sentenced to death if:

4 (1) the murdered individual was a peace officer or 5 fireman killed in the course of performing his official 6 duties, to prevent the performance of his official 7 duties, or in retaliation for performing his official 8 duties, and the defendant knew or should have known that 9 the murdered individual was a peace officer or fireman; 10 or

11 (2) the murdered individual was an employee of an institution or facility of the Department of Corrections, 12 13 or any similar local correctional agency, killed in the course of performing his official duties, to prevent the 14 15 performance of his official duties, or in retaliation for 16 performing his official duties, or the murdered individual was an inmate at such institution or facility 17 and was killed on the grounds thereof, or the murdered 18 individual was otherwise present in such institution or 19 facility with the knowledge and approval of the chief 20 21 administrative officer thereof; or

22 (3) the defendant has been convicted of murdering or more individuals under subsection (a) of this 23 two Section or under any law of the United States or of any 24 state which is substantially similar to subsection (a) of 25 this Section regardless of whether the deaths occurred 26 as the result of the same act or of several related or 27 unrelated acts so long as the deaths were the result of 28 29 either an intent to kill more than one person or of separate acts which the defendant knew would cause death 30 31 or create a strong probability of death or great bodily harm to the murdered individual or another; or 32

33 (4) the murdered individual was killed as a result
34 of the hijacking of an airplane, train, ship, bus or

-3- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

other public conveyance; or

2 (5) the defendant committed the murder pursuant to 3 a contract, agreement or understanding by which he was to 4 receive money or anything of value in return for 5 committing the murder or procured another to commit the 6 murder for money or anything of value; or

7 (6) the murdered individual was killed in the8 course of another felony if:

(a) the murdered individual:

10 (i) was actually killed by the defendant,11 or

physical (ii) received 12 injuries personally inflicted 13 by the defendant substantially contemporaneously with physical 14 15 injuries caused by one or more persons for 16 whose conduct the defendant is legally accountable under Section 5-2 of this Code, and 17 the physical injuries inflicted by either the 18 19 defendant or the other person or persons for whose conduct he is legally accountable caused 20 21 the death of the murdered individual; and

22 (b) in performing the acts which caused the 23 death of the murdered individual or which resulted in physical injuries personally inflicted by the 24 25 defendant on the murdered individual under the circumstances of subdivision (ii) of subparagraph 26 (a) of paragraph (6) of subsection (b) of this 27 Section, the defendant acted with the intent to kill 28 the murdered individual or with the knowledge that 29 30 his acts created a strong probability of death or great bodily harm to the murdered individual or 31 32 another; and

33 (c) the other felony was one of the following:34 armed robbery, armed violence, robbery, predatory

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1 criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated 2 criminal sexual assault, aggravated kidnapping, aggravated vehicular hijacking, forcible detention, 3 4 arson, aggravated arson, aggravated stalking, burglary, home invasion, 5 burglary, residential calculated criminal drug conspiracy as defined in 6 7 Section 405 of the Illinois Controlled Substances 8 Act, streetgang criminal drug conspiracy as defined 9 in Section 405.2 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the attempt to commit any of the 10 11 felonies listed in this subsection (c); or

12 (7) the murdered individual was under 12 years of 13 age and the death resulted from exceptionally brutal or 14 heinous behavior indicative of wanton cruelty; or

15 (8) the defendant committed the murder with intent 16 to prevent the murdered individual from testifying in any criminal prosecution or giving material assistance to the 17 State in any investigation or prosecution, either against 18 the defendant or another; or the defendant committed the 19 murder because the murdered individual was a witness in 20 21 any prosecution or gave material assistance to the State 22 in any investigation or prosecution, either against the 23 defendant or another; or

(9) the defendant, while committing an offense 24 25 punishable under Sections 401, 401.1, 401.2, 405, 405.2, 407 or 407.1 or subsection (b) of Section 404 of the 26 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or while engaged in a 27 conspiracy or solicitation to commit such offense, 28 intentionally 29 killed an individual or counseled, 30 commanded, induced, procured or caused the intentional killing of the murdered individual; or 31

32 (10) the defendant was incarcerated in an
33 institution or facility of the Department of Corrections
34 at the time of the murder, and while committing an

offense punishable as a felony under Illinois law, or while engaged in a conspiracy or solicitation to commit such offense, intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured or caused the intentional killing of the murdered individual; or

6 (11) the murder was committed in a cold, calculated 7 and premeditated manner pursuant to a preconceived plan, 8 scheme or design to take a human life by unlawful means, 9 and the conduct of the defendant created a reasonable 10 expectation that the death of a human being would result 11 therefrom; or

(12) the murdered individual was an emergency 12 13 medical technician ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician -14 15 paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance 16 or first aid personnel, employed by a municipality or other governmental unit, killed in the 17 course of performing his official duties, to 18 prevent the performance of his official duties, or in retaliation for 19 performing his official duties, and the defendant knew or 20 should have known that the murdered individual was an 21 22 emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency 23 medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other 24 medical assistance or first aid personnel; or 25

(13) the defendant was a principal administrator, organizer, or leader of a calculated criminal drug conspiracy consisting of a hierarchical position of authority superior to that of all other members of the conspiracy, and the defendant counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of the murdered person; or

33 (14) the murder was intentional and involved the34 infliction of torture. For the purpose of this Section

-6- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

torture means the infliction of or subjection to extreme physical pain, motivated by an intent to increase or prolong the pain, suffering or agony of the victim; or

4 (15) the murder was committed as a result of the 5 intentional discharge of a firearm by the defendant from 6 a motor vehicle and the victim was not present within the 7 motor vehicle; or

8 (16) the murdered individual was 60 years of age or 9 older and the death resulted from exceptionally brutal or 10 heinous behavior indicative of wanton cruelty; or

11 (17) the murdered individual was a disabled person and the defendant knew or should have known that the 12 murdered individual was disabled. For purposes of this 13 paragraph (17), "disabled person" means a person who 14 15 suffers from a permanent physical or mental impairment 16 resulting from disease, an injury, a functional disorder, or a congenital condition that renders the person 17 incapable of adequately providing for his or her own 18 health or personal care; or 19

20 (18) the murder was committed by reason of any 21 person's activity as a community policing volunteer or to 22 prevent any person from engaging in activity as a 23 community policing volunteer; or

(19) the murdered individual was subject to an
order of protection and the murder was committed by a
person against whom the same order of protection was
issued under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986;
or

(20) the murdered individual was known by the defendant to be a teacher or other person employed in any school and the teacher or other employee is upon the grounds of a school or grounds adjacent to a school, or is in any part of a building used for school purposes; or (21) the murder was committed by the defendant in connection with or as a result of the offense of
 terrorism as defined in Section 29D-30 of this Code; or.

3 (22) the murdered individual was an emergency 4 management worker, killed in the course of performing his 5 or her official duties, or in retaliation for performing 6 his or her official duties, and the defendant knows or 7 should have known that the murdered individual was an 8 emergency management worker.

9 (c) Consideration of factors in Aggravation and 10 Mitigation.

11 The court shall consider, or shall instruct the jury to 12 consider any aggravating and any mitigating factors which are 13 relevant to the imposition of the death penalty. Aggravating 14 factors may include but need not be limited to those factors 15 set forth in subsection (b). Mitigating factors may include 16 but need not be limited to the following:

17 (1) the defendant has no significant history of18 prior criminal activity;

19 (2) the murder was committed while the defendant 20 was under the influence of extreme mental or emotional 21 disturbance, although not such as to constitute a defense 22 to prosecution;

23 (3) the murdered individual was a participant in 24 the defendant's homicidal conduct or consented to the 25 homicidal act;

26 (4) the defendant acted under the compulsion of 27 threat or menace of the imminent infliction of death or 28 great bodily harm;

29 (5) the defendant was not personally present during
30 commission of the act or acts causing death.

31 (d) Separate sentencing hearing.

Where requested by the State, the court shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding to determine the existence of factors set forth in subsection (b) and to consider any -8- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

aggravating or mitigating factors as indicated in subsection
 (c). The proceeding shall be conducted:

3 (1) before the jury that determined the defendant's4 guilt; or

5 (2) before a jury impanelled for the purpose of the 6 proceeding if:

7 A. the defendant was convicted upon a plea of8 guilty; or

9 B. the defendant was convicted after a trial 10 before the court sitting without a jury; or

11C. the court for good cause shown discharges12the jury that determined the defendant's guilt; or

13 (3) before the court alone if the defendant waives14 a jury for the separate proceeding.

15 (e) Evidence and Argument.

16 During the proceeding any information relevant to any of the factors set forth in subsection (b) may be presented by 17 either the State or the defendant under the rules governing 18 19 the admission of evidence at criminal trials. Any information relevant to any additional aggravating factors or 20 21 any mitigating factors indicated in subsection (c) may be presented by the State or defendant regardless of its 22 23 admissibility under the rules governing the admission of evidence at criminal trials. The State and the defendant 24 25 shall be given fair opportunity to rebut any information received at the hearing. 26

27 (f) Proof.

The burden of proof of establishing the existence of any of the factors set forth in subsection (b) is on the State and shall not be satisfied unless established beyond a reasonable doubt.

32 (g) Procedure - Jury.

If at the separate sentencing proceeding the jury findsthat none of the factors set forth in subsection (b) exists,

1 the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of 2 imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections. If there is a unanimous finding by the jury 3 4 that one or more of the factors set forth in subsection (b) 5 exist, the jury shall consider aggravating and mitigating 6 factors as instructed by the court and shall determine 7 whether the sentence of death shall be imposed. If the jury 8 determines unanimously that there are no mitigating factors 9 sufficient to preclude the imposition of the death sentence, the court shall sentence the defendant to death. 10

Unless the jury unanimously finds that there are no mitigating factors sufficient to preclude the imposition of the death sentence the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections.

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(h) Procedure - No Jury.

17 In a proceeding before the court alone, if the court 18 finds that none of the factors found in subsection (b) 19 exists, the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of 20 imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of 21 Corrections.

If the Court determines that one or more of the factors set forth in subsection (b) exists, the Court shall consider any aggravating and mitigating factors as indicated in subsection (c). If the Court determines that there are no mitigating factors sufficient to preclude the imposition of the death sentence, the Court shall sentence the defendant to death.

29 Unless the court finds that there are no mitigating 30 factors sufficient to preclude the imposition of the sentence 31 of death, the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of 32 imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of 33 Corrections.

34 (i) Appel

(i) Appellate Procedure.

# -10- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

1 The conviction and sentence of death shall be subject to 2 automatic review by the Supreme Court. Such review shall be 3 in accordance with rules promulgated by the Supreme Court.

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(j) Disposition of reversed death sentence.

5 In the event that the death penalty in this Act is held 6 to be unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United 7 States or of the State of Illinois, any person convicted of 8 first degree murder shall be sentenced by the court to a term 9 of imprisonment under Chapter V of the Unified Code of 10 Corrections.

11 In the event that any death sentence pursuant to the sentencing provisions of this Section is declared 12 unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United States or 13 of the State of Illinois, the court having jurisdiction over 14 a person previously sentenced to death shall cause the 15 16 defendant to be brought before the court, and the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of imprisonment under 17 Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-434, eff. 1-1-00;
20 92-854, eff. 12-5-02.)

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1 (720 ILCS 5/12-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-2)

22 Sec. 12-2. Aggravated assault.

(a) A person commits an aggravated assault, when, incommitting an assault, he:

(1) Uses a deadly weapon or any device manufactured 25 and designed to be substantially similar in appearance to 26 a firearm, other than by discharging a firearm in the 27 28 direction of another person, a peace officer, a person 29 summoned or directed by a peace officer, a correctional officer or a fireman or in the direction of a vehicle 30 occupied by another person, a peace officer, a person 31 summoned or directed by a peace officer, a correctional 32 officer or a fireman while the officer or fireman is 33

engaged in the execution of any of his official duties,
 or to prevent the officer or fireman from performing his
 official duties, or in retaliation for the officer or
 fireman performing his official duties;

5 (2) Is hooded, robed or masked in such manner as to 6 conceal his identity or any device manufactured and 7 designed to be substantially similar in appearance to a 8 firearm;

9 (3) Knows the individual assaulted to be a teacher 10 or other person employed in any school and such teacher 11 or other employee is upon the grounds of a school or 12 grounds adjacent thereto, or is in any part of a building 13 used for school purposes;

(4) Knows the individual assaulted 14 to be а 15 supervisor, director, instructor or other person employed 16 in any park district and such supervisor, director, instructor or other employee is upon the grounds of the 17 park or grounds adjacent thereto, or is in any part of a 18 building used for park purposes; 19

(5) Knows the individual assaulted 20 be to а 21 caseworker, investigator, or other person employed by the 22 State Department of Public Aid, a County Department of 23 Public Aid, or the Department of Human Services (acting as successor to the Illinois Department of Public Aid 24 25 under the Department of Human Services Act) and such caseworker, investigator, or other person is upon the 26 grounds of a public aid office or grounds adjacent 27 thereto, or is in any part of a building used for public 28 29 aid purposes, or upon the grounds of a home of a public 30 aid applicant, recipient or any other person being interviewed or investigated in the employees' discharge 31 of his duties, or on grounds adjacent thereto, or is in 32 any part of a building in which the applicant, recipient, 33 or other such person resides or is located; 34

# -12- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

1 (6) Knows the individual assaulted to be a peace 2 officer, or a community policing volunteer, or a fireman while the officer or fireman is engaged in the execution 3 4 of any of his official duties, or to prevent the officer, community policing volunteer, or fireman from performing 5 his official duties, or in retaliation for the officer, 6 7 community policing volunteer, or fireman performing his 8 official duties, and the assault is committed other than 9 by the discharge of a firearm in the direction of the officer or fireman or in the direction of a vehicle 10 11 occupied by the officer or fireman;

(7) Knows the individual assaulted to 12 an be medical technician - ambulance, emergency 13 emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical 14 15 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver or other medical 16 assistance or first aid personnel engaged in the execution of any of his official duties, or to prevent 17 the emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency 18 medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical 19 20 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other 21 medical assistance or first aid personnel from performing 22 his official duties, or in retaliation for the emergency 23 medical technician ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician -24 paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance 25 or first aid personnel performing his official duties; 26

27 (8) Knows the individual assaulted to be the driver, operator, 28 employee or passenger of any 29 transportation facility or system engaged in the business transportation of the public for hire and the 30 of individual assaulted is then performing in such capacity 31 or then using such public transportation as a passenger 32 or using any area of any description designated by the 33 transportation facility or system as a vehicle boarding, 34

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departure, or transfer location;

2 (9) Or the individual assaulted is on or about a
3 public way, public property, or public place of
4 accommodation or amusement;

5 (10) Knows the individual assaulted to be an 6 employee of the State of Illinois, a municipal 7 corporation therein or a political subdivision thereof, 8 engaged in the performance of his authorized duties as 9 such employee;

(11) Knowingly and without legal justification,
 commits an assault on a physically handicapped person;

(12) Knowingly and without legal justification,
 commits an assault on a person 60 years of age or older;

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(13) Discharges a firearm;

15 (14) Knows the individual assaulted to be a 16 correctional officer, while the officer is engaged in the 17 execution of any of his or her official duties, or to 18 prevent the officer from performing his or her official 19 duties, or in retaliation for the officer performing his 20 or her official duties;

(15) Knows the individual assaulted to 21 be а 22 correctional employee or an employee of the Department of 23 Services supervising or controlling sexually Human dangerous persons or sexually violent persons, while the 24 25 employee is engaged in the execution of any of his or her official duties, or to prevent the employee from 26 performing his or her official duties, or in retaliation 27 for the employee performing his or her official duties, 28 and the assault is committed other than by the discharge 29 30 of a firearm in the direction of the employee or in the direction of a vehicle occupied by the employee; or 31

32 (16) Knows the individual assaulted to be an
33 employee of a police or sheriff's department engaged in
34 the performance of his or her official duties as such

employee<u>; or</u>.

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(17) Knows the individual assaulted to be an 2 3 emergency management worker, while the emergency management worker is engaged in the execution of any of 4 his or her official duties, or to prevent the emergency 5 management worker from performing his or her official 6 7 duties, or in retaliation for the emergency management worker performing his or her official duties, and the 8 9 assault is committed other than by the discharge of a firearm in the direction of the emergency management 10 11 worker or in the direction of a vehicle occupied by the 12 emergency management worker.

13 (a-5) A person commits an aggravated assault when he or 14 she knowingly and without lawful justification shines or 15 flashes a laser gunsight or other laser device that is 16 attached or affixed to a firearm, or used in concert with a 17 firearm, so that the laser beam strikes near or in the 18 immediate vicinity of any person.

19 (b) Sentence.

Aggravated assault as defined in paragraphs (1) through 20 21 (5) and (8) through (12) of subsection (a) of this Section is 22 a Class A misdemeanor. Aggravated assault as defined in 23 paragraphs (13), (14), and (15) of subsection (a) of this Section and as defined in subsection (a-5) of this Section is 24 25 a Class 4 felony. Aggravated assault as defined in paragraphs (6), (7), and (16), and (17) of subsection (a) of 26 this Section is a Class A misdemeanor if a firearm is not 27 used in the commission of the assault. Aggravated assault as 28 defined in paragraphs (6), (7), and (16), and (17) of 29 subsection (a) of this Section is a Class 4 felony if a 30 firearm is used in the commission of the assault. 31 (Source: P.A. 91-672, eff. 1-1-00; 92-841, eff. 8-22-02; 32

33 92-865, eff. 1-3-03; revised 1-9-03.)

-15- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

1 (720 ILCS 5/12-4) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-4)

2 Sec. 12-4. Aggravated Battery.

3 (a) A person who, in committing a battery, intentionally
4 or knowingly causes great bodily harm, or permanent
5 disability or disfigurement commits aggravated battery.

6 (b) In committing a battery, a person commits aggravated7 battery if he or she:

8 (1) Uses a deadly weapon other than by the9 discharge of a firearm;

10 (2) Is hooded, robed or masked, in such manner as11 to conceal his identity;

12 (3) Knows the individual harmed to be a teacher or 13 other person employed in any school and such teacher or 14 other employee is upon the grounds of a school or grounds 15 adjacent thereto, or is in any part of a building used 16 for school purposes;

17 (4) Knows the individual harmed to be a supervisor, 18 director, instructor or other person employed in any park 19 district and such supervisor, director, instructor or 20 other employee is upon the grounds of the park or grounds 21 adjacent thereto, or is in any part of a building used 22 for park purposes;

23 (5) Knows the individual harmed to be a caseworker, investigator, or other person employed by the State 24 25 Department of Public Aid, a County Department of Public Aid, or the Department of Human Services (acting as 26 successor to the Illinois Department of Public Aid under 27 Services Act) and such Department of Human 28 the 29 caseworker, investigator, or other person is upon the 30 grounds of a public aid office or grounds adjacent thereto, or is in any part of a building used for public 31 aid purposes, or upon the grounds of a home of a public 32 aid applicant, recipient, or any other person being 33 interviewed or investigated in the employee's discharge 34

of his duties, or on grounds adjacent thereto, or is in any part of a building in which the applicant, recipient, or other such person resides or is located;

4 (6) Knows the individual harmed to be a peace officer, a community policing volunteer, a correctional 5 institution employee, an employee of the Department of 6 7 Human Services supervising or controlling sexually 8 dangerous persons or sexually violent persons, or a 9 fireman while such officer, volunteer, employee or fireman is engaged in the execution of any official 10 11 duties including arrest or attempted arrest, or to prevent the officer, volunteer, employee or fireman from 12 performing official duties, or in retaliation for the 13 officer, volunteer, employee or fireman performing 14 15 official duties, and the battery is committed other than 16 by the discharge of a firearm;

(7) Knows the individual harmed to be an emergency 17 ambulance, emergency medical medical technician \_ 18 19 technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician -20 paramedic, ambulance driver, other medical assistance, 21 first aid personnel, or hospital emergency room personnel 22 engaged in the performance of any of his or her official 23 duties, or to prevent the emergency medical technician ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, 24 25 emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, other medical assistance, first aid personnel, or 26 27 hospital emergency room personnel from performing official duties, or in retaliation 28 for performing official duties; 29

30 (8) Is, or the person battered is, on or about a 31 public way, public property or public place of 32 accommodation or amusement;

33 (9) Knows the individual harmed to be the driver,
 34 operator, employee or passenger of any transportation

1 facility or system engaged in the business of 2 transportation of the public for hire and the individual 3 assaulted is then performing in such capacity or then 4 using such public transportation as a passenger or using any description designated by the 5 any area of transportation facility or system as a vehicle boarding, 6 7 departure, or transfer location;

8 (10) Knowingly and without legal justification and
9 by any means causes bodily harm to an individual of 60
10 years of age or older;

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(11) Knows the individual harmed is pregnant;

12 (12) Knows the individual harmed to be a judge whom
13 the person intended to harm as a result of the judge's
14 performance of his or her official duties as a judge;

15 (13) Knows the individual harmed to be an employee 16 of the Illinois Department of Children and Family 17 Services engaged in the performance of his authorized 18 duties as such employee;

19 (14) Knows the individual harmed to be a person who20 is physically handicapped;

(15) Knowingly and without legal justification and by any means causes bodily harm to a merchant who detains the person for an alleged commission of retail theft under Section 16A-5 of this Code. In this item (15), "merchant" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16A-2.4 of this Code;

(16) Is, or the person battered is, in any building 27 or other structure used to provide shelter or other 28 29 services to victims or to the dependent children of 30 victims of domestic violence pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or the Domestic Violence 31 Shelters Act, or the person battered is within 500 feet 32 33 of such a building or other structure while going to or 34 from such a building or other structure. "Domestic violence" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986. "Building or other structure used to provide shelter" has the meaning ascribed to "shelter" in Section 1 of the Domestic Violence Shelters Act; or

6 (17) Knows the individual harmed to be an employee 7 of a police or sheriff's department engaged in the 8 performance of his or her official duties as such 9 employee<u>; or</u>.

10 (18) Knows the individual harmed to be an emergency 11 management worker engaged in the performance of any of 12 his or her official duties, or to prevent the emergency 13 management worker from performing official duties, or in 14 retaliation for the emergency management worker 15 performing official duties.

For the purpose of paragraph (14) of subsection (b) of this Section, a physically handicapped person is a person who suffers from a permanent and disabling physical characteristic, resulting from disease, injury, functional disorder or congenital condition.

(c) A person who administers to an individual or causes him to take, without his consent or by threat or deception, and for other than medical purposes, any intoxicating, poisonous, stupefying, narcotic, anesthetic, or controlled substance commits aggravated battery.

26 (d) A person who knowingly gives to another person any
27 food that contains any substance or object that is intended
28 to cause physical injury if eaten, commits aggravated
29 battery.

30 (d-3) A person commits aggravated battery when he or she 31 knowingly and without lawful justification shines or flashes 32 a laser gunsight or other laser device that is attached or 33 affixed to a firearm, or used in concert with a firearm, so 34 that the laser beam strikes upon or against the person of 1 another.

2 (d-5) An inmate of a penal institution or a sexually dangerous person or a sexually violent person in the custody 3 4 of the Department of Human Services who causes or attempts to 5 cause a correctional employee of the penal institution or an 6 employee of the Department of Human Services to come into 7 contact with blood, seminal fluid, urine, or feces, by 8 throwing, tossing, or expelling that fluid or material 9 commits aggravated battery. For purposes of this subsection (d-5), "correctional employee" means a person who is employed 10 11 by a penal institution.

12 (e) Sentence.

Aggravated battery is a Class 3 felony, except a 13 violation of subsection (a) is a Class 2 felony when the 14 person knows the individual harmed to be a peace officer 15 16 engaged in the execution of any of his or her official duties, or the battery is to prevent the officer from 17 18 performing his or her official duties, or in retaliation for 19 the officer performing his or her official duties. (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-488, eff. 1-1-00; 20

21 91-619, eff. 1-1-00; 91-672, eff. 1-1-00; 92-16, eff. 22 6-28-01; 92-516, eff. 1-1-02; 92-841, eff. 8-22-02; 92-865, 23 eff. 1-3-03; revised 1-9-03.)

24 (720 ILCS 5/12-4.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-4.2)

25 Sec. 12-4.2. Aggravated Battery with a firearm.

A person commits aggravated battery with a firearm 26 (a) when he, in committing a battery, knowingly or intentionally 27 by means of the discharging of a firearm (1) causes any 28 29 injury to another person, or (2) causes any injury to a person he knows to be a peace officer, a community policing 30 31 volunteer, a correctional institution employee or a fireman while the officer, volunteer, employee or fireman is engaged 32 in the execution of any of his official duties, or to prevent 33

1 the officer, volunteer, employee or fireman from performing 2 his official duties, or in retaliation for the officer, volunteer, employee or fireman performing his official 3 4 duties, or (3) causes any injury to a person he knows to be 5 an emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency 6 medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical 7 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical 8 assistance or first aid personnel, employed by a municipality 9 or other governmental unit, while the emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician -10 11 intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first aid 12 personnel is engaged in the execution of any of his official 13 duties, or to prevent the emergency medical technician -14 ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, 15 16 emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first aid personnel from 17 performing his official duties, or in retaliation for the 18 19 emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician -20 21 paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or 22 first aid personnel performing his official duties, or (4) 23 causes any injury to a person he or she knows to be a teacher or other person employed in a school and the teacher or other 24 25 employee is upon grounds of a school or grounds adjacent to a 26 school, or is in any part of a building used for school 27 purposes, or (5) causes any injury to a person he or she knows to be an emergency management worker while the 28 emergency management worker is engaged in the execution of 29 30 any of his or her official duties, or to prevent the 31 emergency management worker from performing his or her official duties, or in retaliation for the emergency 32 management worker performing his or her official duties. 33

34 (b) A violation of subsection (a)(1) of this Section is

a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(2),
 subsection (a)(3), or subsection (a)(4), or subsection (a)(5)
 of this Section is a Class X felony for which the sentence
 shall be a term of imprisonment of no less than 15 years and
 no more than 60 years.

For purposes of this Section, "firearm" is defined 6 (C) 7 in "An Act relating to the acquisition, possession and as transfer of firearms and firearm ammunition, to provide a 8 9 penalty for the violation thereof and to make an appropriation in connection therewith", approved August 1, 10 11 1967, as amended.

12 (Source: P.A. 90-651, eff. 1-1-99; 91-434, eff. 1-1-00; 13 91-696, eff. 4-13-00.)

14 (720 ILCS 5/12-4.2-5)

Sec. 12-4.2-5. Aggravated battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm.

A person commits aggravated battery with a machine 18 (a) gun or a firearm equipped with a device designed or used for 19 20 silencing the report of a firearm when he or she, in 21 committing a battery, knowingly or intentionally by means of 22 the discharging of a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a device designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm 23 24 (1) causes any injury to another person, or (2) causes any 25 injury to a person he or she knows to be a peace officer, a 26 person summoned by a peace officer, a correctional 27 institution employee or a fireman while the officer. 28 employee or fireman is engaged in the execution of any of his 29 or her official duties, or to prevent the officer, employee or fireman from performing his or her official duties, or in 30 31 retaliation for the officer, employee or fireman performing his or her official duties, or (3) causes any injury to a 32 33 person he or she knows to be an emergency medical technician

1 - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, 2 emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first aid personnel, employed 3 4 by a municipality or other governmental unit, while the 5 emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical 6 technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or 7 first aid personnel is engaged in the execution of any of his 8 9 or her official duties, or to prevent the emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician -10 11 intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first aid 12 personnel from performing his or her official duties, or in 13 retaliation for the emergency medical technician - ambulance, 14 technician - intermediate, emergency 15 emergency medical 16 medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first aid personnel performing his or 17 her official duties, or (4) causes any injury to a person he 18 19 or she knows to be an emergency management worker while the emergency management worker is engaged in the execution of 20 any of his or her official duties, or to prevent the 21 22 emergency management worker from performing his or her official duties, or in retaliation for the emergency 23 management worker performing his or her official duties. 24

25 (b) A violation of subsection (a) (1) of this Section is a Class X felony for which the person shall be sentenced to a 26 27 term of imprisonment of no less than 12 years and no more A violation of subsection (a)  $(2)_{\perp}$  or than 45 years. 28 29 subsection (a) (3), or subsection (a) (4) of this Section is 30 a Class X felony for which the sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of no less than 20 years and no more than 60 31 32 years.

33 (c) For purposes of this Section, "firearm" is defined34 as in the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

# -23- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

1	(d) F	or purposes	of	this Sec	ction,	, "ma	achine gun"	has	the
2	meaning as	cribed to it	in	clause	(i)	of	paragraph	(7)	of
3	subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of this Code.								
4	(Source: P	.A. 91-121, e	eff.	. 7-15-99	9.)				

5 (720 ILCS 5/24-1.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-1.2)

б

Sec. 24-1.2. Aggravated discharge of a firearm.

7 (a) A person commits aggravated discharge of a firearm8 when he or she knowingly or intentionally:

9 (1) Discharges a firearm at or into a building he 10 or she knows or reasonably should know to be occupied and 11 the firearm is discharged from a place or position 12 outside that building;

13 (2) Discharges a firearm in the direction of 14 another person or in the direction of a vehicle he or she 15 knows or reasonably should know to be occupied by a 16 person;

(3) 17 Discharges a firearm in the direction of а 18 person he or she knows to be a peace officer, a community policing volunteer, a correctional institution employee, 19 or a fireman while the officer, volunteer, employee or 20 fireman is engaged in the execution of any of his or her 21 22 official duties, or to prevent the officer, volunteer, employee or fireman from performing his or her official 23 24 duties, or in retaliation for the officer, volunteer, employee or fireman performing his or her official 25 duties; 26

(4) Discharges a firearm in the direction of a
vehicle he or she knows to be occupied by a peace
officer, a person summoned or directed by a peace
officer, a correctional institution employee or a fireman
while the officer, employee or fireman is engaged in the
execution of any of his or her official duties, or to
prevent the officer, employee or fireman from performing

# -24- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

his or her official duties, or in retaliation for the officer, employee or fireman performing his or her official duties;

4 (5) Discharges a firearm in the direction of a person he or she knows to be an emergency medical 5 technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician -6 7 intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, 8 ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first 9 aid personnel, employed by a municipality or other governmental unit, while the emergency medical technician 10 11 - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance 12 or other medical assistance or first aid 13 driver, personnel is engaged in the execution of any of his or 14 15 her official duties, or to prevent the emergency medical 16 technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, 17 ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first 18 aid personnel from performing his or her official duties, 19 20 or in retaliation for the emergency medical technician -21 ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, 22 emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance 23 driver, or other medical assistance or first aid personnel performing his or her official duties; 24

25 (6) Discharges a firearm in the direction of a vehicle he or she knows to be occupied by an emergency 26 27 medical technician ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician -28 29 paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance 30 or first aid personnel, employed by a municipality or other governmental unit, while the emergency medical 31 technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician -32 intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, 33 34 ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first

1 aid personnel is engaged in the execution of any of his 2 or her official duties, or to prevent the emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical 3 4 technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance 5 or first aid personnel from performing his or her 6 7 official duties, or in retaliation for the emergency 8 medical technician ambulance, emergency medical 9 technician - intermediate, emergency medical technician paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance 10 11 or first aid personnel performing his or her official duties; or 12

13 (7) Discharges a firearm in the direction of a 14 person he or she knows to be a teacher or other person 15 employed in any school and the teacher or other employee 16 is upon the grounds of a school or grounds adjacent to a 17 school, or is in any part of a building used for school 18 purposes<u>i</u>.

(8) Discharges a firearm in the direction of a 19 20 person he or she knows to be an emergency management 21 worker while the emergency management worker is engaged 22 in the execution of any of his or her official duties, or to prevent the emergency management worker from 23 performing his or her official duties, or in retaliation 24 for the emergency management worker performing his or her 25 official duties; or 26

27 (9) Discharges a firearm in the direction of a 28 vehicle he or she knows to be occupied by an emergency 29 management worker while the emergency management worker is engaged in the execution of any of his or her official 30 31 duties, or to prevent the emergency management worker from performing his or her official duties, or in 32 retaliation for the emergency management worker 33 performing his or her official duties. 34

# -26- LRB093 09506 RLC 09741 b

1 (b) A violation of subsection (a)(1) or subsection 2 (a)(2) of this Section is a Class 1 felony. A violation of subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this Section committed in a 3 4 school, on the real property comprising a school, within 5 1,000 feet of the real property comprising a school, at a 6 school related activity or on or within 1,000 feet of any 7 conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related 8 9 activity, regardless of the time of day or time of year that the offense was committed is a Class X felony. A violation of 10 11 subsection (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (a)(7), (a)(8), or (a)(9) of this Section is a Class X felony for which the 12 sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of no less than 10 13 years and not more than 45 years. 14

15

(c) For purposes of this Section:

16 "School" means a public or private elementary or 17 secondary school, community college, college, or university.

18 "School related activity" means any sporting, social, 19 academic, or other activity for which students' attendance or 20 participation is sponsored, organized, or funded in whole or 21 in part by a school or school district.

22 (Source: P.A. 90-651, eff. 1-1-99; 91-12, eff. 1-1-00; 23 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-434, eff. 1-1-00; 91-696, eff. 24 4-13-00.)

25

(720 ILCS 5/24-1.2-5)

26 Sec. 24-1.2-5. Aggravated discharge of a machine gun or 27 a firearm equipped with a device designed or used for 28 silencing the report of a firearm.

29 (a) A person commits aggravated discharge of a machine 30 gun or a firearm equipped with a device designed or used for 31 silencing the report of a firearm when he or she knowingly or 32 intentionally:

33

(1) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped

with a device designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm at or into a building he or she knows to be occupied and the machine gun or the firearm equipped with a device designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm is discharged from a place or position outside that building;

7 (2) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped 8 with a device designed or used for silencing the report 9 of a firearm in the direction of another person or in the 10 direction of a vehicle he or she knows to be occupied;

11 (3) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a device designed or used for silencing the report 12 of a firearm in the direction of a person he or she knows 13 to be a peace officer, a person summoned or directed by a 14 15 peace officer, a correctional institution employee, or a 16 fireman while the officer, employee or fireman is engaged in the execution of any of his or her official duties, or 17 to the officer, employee or fireman from 18 prevent performing his or her official duties, or in retaliation 19 for the officer, employee or fireman performing his or 20 21 her official duties;

22 (4) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a device designed or used for silencing the report 23 of a firearm in the direction of a vehicle he or she 24 knows to be occupied by a peace officer, a person 25 summoned or directed by a peace officer, a correctional 26 27 institution employee or a fireman while the officer, employee or fireman is engaged in the execution of any of 28 29 his or her official duties, or to prevent the officer, employee or fireman from performing his or her official 30 duties, or in retaliation for the officer, employee or 31 fireman performing his or her official duties; 32

33 (5) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped34 with a device designed or used for silencing the report

1 of a firearm in the direction of a person he or she knows 2 to be an emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency 3 4 medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first aid personnel, employed 5 by a municipality or other governmental unit, while the 6 7 emergency medical technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency medical 8 9 technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first aid personnel is engaged in 10 11 the execution of any of his or her official duties, or to prevent the emergency medical technician - ambulance, 12 emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency 13 medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or 14 15 other medical assistance or first aid personnel from 16 performing his or her official duties, or in retaliation for the emergency medical technician - ambulance, 17 emergency medical technician - intermediate, emergency 18 medical technician - paramedic, ambulance driver, or 19 20 other medical assistance or first aid personnel 21 performing his or her official duties; or

22 (6) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped 23 with a device designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm in the direction of a vehicle he or she 24 knows to be occupied by an emergency medical technician -25 ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, 26 27 emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance other medical assistance or first aid driver, 28 or 29 personnel, employed by а municipality or other governmental unit, while the emergency medical technician 30 - ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, 31 emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance 32 driver, or other medical assistance or first aid 33 personnel is engaged in the execution of any of his or 34

1 her official duties, or to prevent the emergency medical 2 technician - ambulance, emergency medical technician intermediate, emergency medical technician - paramedic, 3 4 ambulance driver, or other medical assistance or first aid personnel from performing his or her official duties, 5 or in retaliation for the emergency medical technician -6 7 ambulance, emergency medical technician - intermediate, 8 emergency medical technician - paramedic, ambulance 9 other medical assistance or first aid driver, or personnel performing his or her official duties :-10

11 (7) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped with a device designed or used for silencing the report 12 13 of a firearm in the direction of a person he or she knows to be an emergency management worker while the emergency 14 management worker is engaged in the execution of any of 15 16 his or her official duties, or to prevent the emergency 17 management worker from performing his or her official duties, or in retaliation for the emergency management 18 worker performing his or her official duties; or 19

20 (8) Discharges a machine gun or a firearm equipped 21 with a device designed or used for silencing the report 22 of a firearm in the direction of a vehicle he or she knows to be occupied by an emergency management worker 23 24 while the emergency management worker is engaged in the execution of any of his or her official duties, or to 25 prevent the emergency management worker from performing 26 his or her official duties, or in retaliation for the 27 emergency management worker performing his or her 28 29 official duties.

30 (b) A violation of subsection (a) (1) or subsection
31 (a) (2) of this Section is a Class X felony. A violation of
32 subsection (a) (3), (a) (4), (a) (5), or (a) (6), (a) (7), or
33 (a) (8) of this Section is a Class X felony for which the
34 sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of no less than 12

1 years and no more than 50 years.

2 (c) For the purpose of this Section, "machine gun" has 3 the meaning ascribed to it in clause (i) of paragraph (7) of 4 subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of this Code.

5 (Source: P.A. 91-121, eff. 7-15-99.)

6

(720 ILCS 5/31-9 new)

Sec. 31-9. Obstructing an emergency management worker.
A person who knowingly obstructs the performance by one known
to the person to be an emergency management worker of any
authorized act within his or her official capacity commits a
Class A misdemeanor.