1 AN ACT concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by5 changing Section 201 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)

7 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.

8 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby 9 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate 10 for each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the 11 privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident 12 of this State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other 13 occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any 14 municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.

15 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this 16 Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by 17 subsection (d-1):

18 (1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate,
19 for taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount
20 equal to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the
21 taxable year.

(2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate,
for taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and
ending after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of
(i) 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
prior to July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3,
and (ii) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
after June 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

(3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate,
for taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, an
amount equal to 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the

1 taxable year.

(4) (Blank).

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(5) (Blank).

4 (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
5 ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of
6 the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

7 (7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 8 beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30, 9 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the 10 taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 11 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of 12 the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 13 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

14 (8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
15 beginning after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to 4.8% of
16 the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(c) Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 17 Tax. Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such 18 19 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on 20 every corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), 21 22 partnership and trust, for each taxable year ending after 23 30, 1979. Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of June earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this 24 25 The Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax State. shall be in addition to the income tax imposed by subsections 26 (a) and (b) of this Section and in addition to all other 27 occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any 28 29 municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.

30 (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
31 Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax
32 imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section
33 in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S
34 corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall

be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. 8 In the case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of 9 the Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of 10 11 domicile imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a 12 retaliatory tax (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed are 50% or more of its total insurance 13 premiums as determined under paragraph (2) of subsection 14 (b) 15 of Section 304, except that for purposes of this 16 determination premiums from reinsurance do not include from inter-affiliate reinsurance arrangements), 17 premiums beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 18 31. 19 1999, the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not increased) to the rate at 20 21 which the total amount of tax imposed under this Act, net of 22 all credits allowed under this Act, shall equal (i) the total 23 amount of tax that would be imposed on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for the taxable year by such 24 25 foreign insurer's state or country of domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes and taxes measured by 26 net income imposed by such foreign insurer's state or country 27 of domicile, net of all credits allowed or (ii) a rate of 28 29 zero if no such tax is imposed on such income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the purposes of this 30 subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes a mutual 31 32 insurer under common management.

33 (1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no
34 event shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by

subsections (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

3 (A) the total amount of tax imposed on such
4 foreign insurer under this Act for a taxable year,
5 net of all credits allowed under this Act, plus

6 (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 7 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance 8 company tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire 9 Investigation Act, and the fire department taxes 10 imposed under Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois 11 Municipal Code,

equals 1.25% of the net taxable premiums written for the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b) and (d).

17 (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by
18 this subsection shall be applied first against the rates
19 imposed by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed
20 by subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
21 Section other than the credit allowed under subsection
22 (i) has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed
23 by subsection (d).

This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a
credit against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
Tax for investment in qualified property.

(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to
.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in service
during the taxable year, provided such property is placed
in service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be
allowed an additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of
qualified property placed in service during the taxable

1 year, provided such property is placed in service on or 2 after July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over 3 the 4 preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records filed with the Illinois Department of Employment 5 Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be 6 7 deemed to have met the 1% growth in base employment for 8 the first year in which they file employment records with 9 the Illinois Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to this Section by Public Act 85-1200 10 11 (and restored by Public Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing law and not as a new enactment. 12 in any year, the increase in base employment within 13 If, Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, 14 the 15 additional credit shall be limited to that percentage 16 times a fraction, the numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. 17 The investment credit shall not be allowed to the extent 18 that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability in any tax 19 year below zero, nor may any credit for qualified 20 21 property be allowed for any year other than the year in 22 which the property was placed in service in Illinois. For 23 tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for 24 the tax year in which the property is placed in service, 25 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability 26 27 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability the liability as later amended, such excess may be 28 or 29 carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit years if 30 the taxpayer (i) makes investments which cause the creation 31 of a minimum of 2,000 full-time equivalent 32 jobs in Illinois, (ii) located in an enterprise zone 33 is established pursuant to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act 34

1 and (iii) is certified by the Department of Commerce and 2 Community Affairs as complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and (ii) by July 1, 1986. The 3 4 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs shall notify the Department of Revenue of all such certifications 5 immediately. For tax years ending after December 31, 6 7 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in 8 which the property is placed in service, or, if the 9 amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the 10 11 liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable 12 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall 13 be applied to the earliest year for which there is a 14 15 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 16 that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit shall be applied first. 17

18 (2) The term "qualified property" means property19 which:

20 (A) is tangible, whether new or used, 21 including buildings and structural components of 22 buildings and signs that are real property, but not 23 including land or improvements to real property that are not a structural component of a building such as 24 25 landscaping, lines, local access roads, sewer fencing, parking lots, and other appurtenances; 26

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of
the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year
property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that
Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this
subsection (e);

32 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in
 33 Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

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(D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is

1 2 primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal or fluorite, or in retailing; and

3 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois
4 in such a manner and by such a person as would
5 qualify for the credit provided by this subsection
6 (e) or subsection (f).

7 purposes of this subsection (3) For (e), 8 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production 9 of tangible personal property by procedures commonly regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or 10 11 assembling which changes some existing material into new 12 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the 13 same meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of 14 15 the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this 16 subsection (e), the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal property or services rendered in 17 conjunction with the sale of tangible consumer goods or 18 commodities. 19

20 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the
21 basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes.

(5) If the basis of the property for federal income
tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been
placed in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount
of such increase shall be deemed property placed in
service on the date of such increase in basis.

28 (6) The term "placed in service" shall have the
29 same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue
30 Code.

31 (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases 32 to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer 33 within 48 months after being placed in service, or the 34 situs of any qualified property is moved outside Illinois

1 within 48 months after being placed in service, the 2 Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be 3 4 determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the year in which credit for 5 such property was originally allowed by eliminating such 6 7 property from such computation and, (ii) subtracting such 8 recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously 9 allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting 10 11 from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent 12 of such reduction. 13

14 (8) Unless the investment credit is extended by
15 law, the basis of qualified property shall not include
16 costs incurred after December 31, 2003, except for costs
17 incurred pursuant to a binding contract entered into on
18 or before December 31, 2003.

19 (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, a partnership may elect to pass through to 20 its 21 partners the credits to which the partnership is entitled 22 under this subsection (e) for the taxable year. Α 23 partner may use the credit allocated to him or her under 24 this paragraph only against the tax imposed in 25 subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. If the partnership makes that election, those credits shall be 26 27 allocated among the partners in the partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in Section 704(b) 28 of 29 the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules promulgated 30 under that Section, and the allocated amount of the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that taxable 31 The partnership shall make this election on its 32 year. Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for 33 that taxable year. The election to pass through the 34

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credits shall be irrevocable.

2 For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, a partner that qualifies its partnership for a 3 4 subtraction under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 203 or a shareholder that 5 qualifies a Subchapter S corporation for a subtraction 6 7 under subparagraph (S) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) 8 of Section 203 shall be allowed a credit under this 9 subsection (e) equal to its share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during the taxable year by the 10 11 partnership or Subchapter S corporation, determined in accordance with the determination of income and 12 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 13 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. This 14 15 paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

16

(f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone.

(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against 17 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this 18 Section for investment in qualified property which is 19 placed in service in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant 20 21 to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act. For partners, 22 shareholders of Subchapter S corporations, and owners of 23 limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and 24 25 State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be determined in accordance 26 with the determination of income and distributive share 27 of income under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of 28 the Internal Revenue Code. The credit shall be .5% of 29 30 the basis for such property. The credit shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property 31 is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone and shall not 32 be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 33 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections 34

1 (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years 2 ending on or after December 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed 3 4 in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the 5 original liability or the liability as later amended, 6 7 such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess 8 9 credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit 10 11 from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be 12 applied first. 13

14 (2) The term qualified property means property15 which:

16 (A) is tangible, whether new or used,
17 including buildings and structural components of
18 buildings;

19 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of 20 the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year 21 property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that 22 Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this 33 subsection (f);

24 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in
25 Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (D) is used in the Enterprise Zone by the 27 taxpayer; and

(E) has not been previously used in Illinois
in such a manner and by such a person as would
qualify for the credit provided by this subsection
(f) or subsection (e).

32 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the
33 basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for
34 federal income tax purposes.

1 (4) If the basis of the property for federal income 2 tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been 3 placed in service in the Enterprise Zone by the taxpayer, 4 the amount of such increase shall be deemed property 5 placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.

6 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the 7 same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue 8 Code.

9 (6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer 10 to 11 within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside the 12 Enterprise Zone within 48 months after being placed in 13 service, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of 14 15 this Section for such taxable year shall be increased. 16 Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been allowed for the 17 year in which credit for such property was originally 18 19 allowed by eliminating such property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 20 21 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 22 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis 23 of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of 24 25 qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

26 (g) Jobs Tax Credit; Enterprise Zone and Foreign Trade27 Zone or Sub-Zone.

(1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business in an 28 29 enterprise zone or a High Impact Business designated by 30 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs the conducting a trade or business in a federally designated 31 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit 32 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of 33 this Section in the amount of \$500 per eligible employee 34

hired to work in the zone during the taxable year.

(2) To qualify for the credit:

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3 (A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible
4 employees to work in an enterprise zone or federally
5 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone during the
6 taxable year;

7 (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the 8 enterprise zone or federally designated Foreign 9 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone must increase by 5 or more full-time employees beyond the total employed in 10 11 that zone at the end of the previous tax year for which a jobs tax credit under this Section was 12 taken, or beyond the total employed by the taxpayer 13 as of December 31, 1985, whichever is later; and 14

15 (C) the eligible employees must be employed
16 180 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for
17 purposes of this subsection.

18 (3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who 19 is:

(A) Certified by the Department of Commerce
and Community Affairs as "eligible for services"
pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance
with Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act,
Training Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III
of the Job Training Partnership Act, Employment and
Training Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program.

(B) Hired after the enterprise zone or
federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone
was designated or the trade or business was located
in that zone, whichever is later.

31 (C) Employed in the enterprise zone or Foreign
32 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone. An employee is employed in
33 an enterprise zone or federally designated Foreign
34 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone if his services are rendered

1 2 there or it is the base of operations for the services performed.

3 (D) A full-time employee working 30 or more
4 hours per week.

(4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 5 1985 and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be 6 7 allowed for the tax year in which the eligible employees 8 are hired. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 9 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately following the tax year in which the eligible 10 11 employees are hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the 12 13 original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax 14 liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess 15 16 credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit 17 from more than one tax year that is available to offset a 18 liability, earlier credit shall be applied first. 19

(5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such
rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry
out the purposes of this subsection (g).

23 (6) The credit shall be available for eligible
 24 employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.

25 (h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

(1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 26 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall 27 credit against the tax imposed by 28 be allowed а subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for investment in 29 30 qualified property which is placed in service by a Department of Commerce and Community Affairs designated 31 High Impact Business. The credit shall be .5% of the 32 basis for such property. The credit shall not be 33 available (i) until the minimum investments in qualified 34

1 property set forth in subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 2 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the time authorized in subsection 3 4 (b-5) of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact Businesses under subdivisions 5 (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(C), and (a)(3)(D) of Section 5.5 of the 6 7 Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, and shall not be allowed to 8 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability 9 for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this The credit applicable to such 10 Section to below zero. 11 investments shall be taken in the taxable year in which such investments have been completed. The credit for 12 additional investments beyond the minimum investment by a 13 designated high impact business authorized 14 under subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 15 16 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service 17 and shall not be allowed to the extent that 18 it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by 19 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. 20 21 For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the 22 23 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether 24 25 it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and 26 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years 27 following the excess credit year. The credit shall be 28 29 applied to the earliest year for which there is a 30 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit 31 accruing first in time shall be applied first. 32

Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public
 Act 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and

1 reflect existing law.

2 (2) The term qualified property means property3 which:

4 (A) is tangible, whether new or used,
5 including buildings and structural components of
6 buildings;

7 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year
9 property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that
10 Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this
11 subsection (h);

12 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in
13 Section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

14 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone
15 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this
16 Section.

17 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the
18 basis used to compute the depreciation deduction for
19 federal income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income
tax depreciation purposes is increased after it has been
placed in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade
Zone or Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the
amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed
in service on the date of such increase in basis.

26 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the
27 same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue
28 Code.

(6) If during any taxable year ending on or before December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed

1 under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such 2 taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which 3 4 would have been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such 5 property from such computation, and (ii) subtracting such 6 7 recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously 8 allowed. For the purposes of this paragraph (6), a 9 reduction of the basis of qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be 10 11 deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction. 12

(7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 13 31, 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under 14 15 this subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax 16 abatement and the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of the explicit terms and length of the 17 contract under Section 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, 18 the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this 19 Section shall be increased for the taxable year in which 20 21 the taxpayer relocated its facility by an amount equal to 22 the amount of credit received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h). 23

Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement 24 Income (i) 25 A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by Tax. subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for the tax imposed 26 by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. This credit 27 shall be computed by multiplying the tax 28 imposed by 29 subsections (c) and (d) of this Section by a fraction, the 30 numerator of which is base income allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois base income, and further 31 product by the tax rate imposed by 32 multiplying the subsections (a) and (b) of this Section. 33

Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under

1 this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is 2 computed because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the 3 4 original liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by 5 б subsections (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. This credit shall be applied first to 7 the earliest year for which there is a liability. 8 If there 9 is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest credit 10 11 arising under this subsection shall be applied first.

12 If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this 13 Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this 14 subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax 15 16 shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax 17 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the 18 19 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such 20 21 taxable year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

22 (j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years 23 ending on or after December 31, 1986, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 24 25 and (b) under this Section for all amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by the taxpayer in Illinois 26 Illinois residents employed outside of 27 Illinois by a or taxpayer, for educational 28 or vocational training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled or skilled 29 30 fields, which were deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income. The credit against the 31 tax 32 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter 33 S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if 34

1 the liability company is treated as a partnership for 2 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (j) to be determined 3 4 in accordance with the determination of income and 5 distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and б subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

7 Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to 8 9 each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first computed until it is used. This credit shall 10 11 be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from 12 more than one tax year that is available to offset a 13 liability the earliest credit arising under this subsection 14 15 shall be applied first.

16

(k) Research and development credit.

Beginning with tax years ending after July 1, 1990, a 17 taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by 18 19 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this State. The credit allowed 20 21 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the qualifying expenditures for increasing 22 23 research activities in this State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S corporations, 24 and owners of 25 limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State 26 income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this 27 subsection to be determined in accordance with 28 the determination of income and distributive share of income 29 30 under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. 31

32 For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying 33 expenditures" means the qualifying expenditures as defined 34 for the federal credit for increasing research activities

1 which would be allowable under Section 41 of the Internal 2 Code and which are conducted in this State, Revenue "qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities 3 4 in this State" means the excess of qualifying expenditures 5 for the taxable year in which incurred over qualifying 6 expenditures for the base period, "qualifying expenditures 7 for the base period" means the average of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base period, and "base 8 9 period" means the 3 taxable years immediately preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being made. 10

Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs first.

If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year 17 from 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the 18 19 earliest year will be applied first against the tax liability for the given year. If a tax liability for the given year 20 still remains, the credit from the next earliest year will 21 then be applied, and so on, until all credits have been used 22 23 or no tax liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused credit or credits then will be carried 24 25 forward to the next following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except that no credit can be carried forward to 26 a year which is more than 5 years after the year in which the 27 expense for which the credit is given was incurred. 28

29 Unless extended by law, the credit shall not include 30 costs incurred after December 31, 2004, except for costs 31 incurred pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or 32 before December 31, 2004.

33 No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of 34 the 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for 1

taxable years beginning before January 1, 1999.

2

(1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

(i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 3 4 and on or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections 5 (a) and (b) of this Section for certain amounts paid for 6 7 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs, as specified in 8 this subsection. For purposes of this Section, 9 "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency 10 11 ("Agency") under Section 58.14 of the Environmental 12 Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for which a No Further Remediation 13 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under 14 15 Section 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The 16 credit must be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the eligible remediation costs is 17 granted. The credit is not available to any taxpayer if 18 the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed 19 to, in any material respect, a release of regulated 20 21 substances on, in, or under the site that was identified 22 and addressed by the remedial action pursuant to the Site 23 Remediation Program of the Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control Board rules are adopted 24 pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for 25 the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 of the 26 Environmental Protection Act, determinations as to credit 27 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made 28 29 consistent with those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" includes 30 a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 31 381 of the Internal Revenue Code and "related party" 32 includes the persons disallowed a deduction for losses by 33 paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the 34

1 Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being a related 2 taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 3 4 (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except 5 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site 6 7 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the 8 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs. The total 9 credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and 10 11 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined 12 in accordance with the determination of income 13 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 14 704 15 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

16 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is in the year the credit is earned may be carried 17 unused forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year 18 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. 19 The term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of 20 21 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the 22 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). 23 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit 24 25 under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the earliest credit 26 arising under this subsection shall be applied first. 27 Α credit allowed under this subsection may be sold to 28 а 29 buyer as part of a sale of all or part of the remediation site for which the credit was granted. The purchaser of 30 a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to 31 the unused credit and remaining carry-forward period of 32 the seller. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall 33 record the transfer in the chain of title for the site 34

1 and provide written notice to the Director of the 2 Illinois Department of Revenue of the assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax 3 4 credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if 5 the taxpayer or a related party would not be eligible under 6 the provisions of subsection (i). 7

8 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site" 9 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the 10 Environmental Protection Act.

11 (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the 12 custodian of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a 13 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of 14 15 this Section for qualified education expenses incurred on 16 behalf of the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of qualified education expenses, but in no event may 17 the total credit under this subsection claimed by a family 18 that is the custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. 19 In no event shall a credit under this subsection reduce the 20 21 taxpayer's liability under this Act to less than zero. This 22 subsection is exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of 23 this Act.

For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2003, to be eligible for the credit under this subsection (m) the taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes must be equal to or less than 150% of the poverty level as established by the federal Office of Management and Budget.

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For purposes of this subsection:

30 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are 31 residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of 32 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is 33 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit 34 is sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through twelfth grade education program at any school, as
 defined in this subsection.

3 "Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred 4 on behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for 5 tuition, book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the 6 pupil is enrolled during the regular school year.

7 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or 8 secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title 9 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which 10 satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School 11 Code, except that nothing shall be construed to require a 12 child to attend any particular public or nonpublic school to 13 qualify for the credit under this Section.

14 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an 15 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal 16 guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils. 17 (Source: P.A. 91-9, eff. 1-1-00; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 18 91-643, eff. 8-20-99; 91-644, eff. 8-20-99; 91-860, eff. 19 6-22-00; 91-913, eff. 1-1-01; 92-12, eff. 7-1-01; 92-16, eff. 20 6-28-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-846, eff. 8-23-02.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect uponbecoming law.