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1 AN ACT in relation to municipal government.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Sections 8-11-6a and 11-74.3-3 and by adding Sections 11-74.3-5 and 11-74.3-6 as follows:

7 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-6a) (from Ch. 24, par. 8-11-6a)

Sec. 8-11-6a. Home rule municipalities; preemption of certain taxes. Except as provided in Sections 8-11-1, 8-11-5, 8-11-6, and 8-11-6b, and 11-74.3-6 on and after September 1, 1990, no home rule municipality has the authority to impose, pursuant to its home rule authority, a retailer's occupation tax, service occupation tax, use tax, sales tax or other tax on the use, sale or purchase of tangible personal property based on the gross receipts from such sales or the selling or purchase price of said tangible personal property. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Section does not preempt any home rule imposed tax such as the following: (1) a tax on alcoholic beverages, whether based on gross receipts, volume sold or any other measurement; (2) a tax based on the number of units of cigarettes or tobacco products (provided, however, that a home rule municipality that has not imposed a tax based on the number of units of cigarettes or tobacco products before July 1, 1993, shall not impose such a tax after that date); (3) a tax, however measured, based on the use of a hotel or motel room or similar facility; (4) a tax, however measured, on the sale or transfer of real property; (5) a tax, however measured, on lease receipts; (6) a tax on food prepared for immediate consumption and on alcoholic beverages sold by a business which provides for on premise consumption of said food or alcoholic beverages; or (7) other taxes not based on the selling or purchase price or gross receipts from the use, sale or purchase

1 of tangible personal property. This Section is not intended to 2 affect any existing tax on food and beverages prepared for 3 immediate consumption on the premises where the sale occurs, or any existing tax on alcoholic beverages, or any existing tax 4 5 imposed on the charge for renting a hotel or motel room, which 6 was in effect January 15, 1988, or any extension of the effective date of such an existing tax by ordinance of the 7 municipality imposing the tax, which extension is hereby 8 9 authorized, in any non-home rule municipality in which the 10 imposition of such a tax has been upheld by 11 determination, nor is this Section intended to preempt the 12 authority granted by Public Act 85-1006. This Section is a limitation, pursuant to subsection (g) of Section 6 of Article 13 VII of the Illinois Constitution, on the power of home rule 14 units to tax. 15

16 (Source: P.A. 91-51, eff. 6-30-99.)

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17 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.3-3) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.3-3)

Sec. 11-74.3-3. In carrying out a business district development or redevelopment plan, the corporate authorities of each municipality shall have the following powers:

- (1) To approve all development and redevelopment proposals for a business district.
- (2) To exercise the use of eminent domain for the acquisition of real and personal property for the purpose of a development or redevelopment project.
- (3) To acquire, manage, convey or otherwise dispose of real and personal property according to the provisions of a development or redevelopment plan.
- (4) To apply for and accept capital grants and loans from the United States and the State of Illinois, or any instrumentality of the United States or the State, for business district development and redevelopment.
- (5) To borrow funds as it may be deemed necessary for the purpose of business district development and redevelopment, and in this connection issue such

1	obligation	or	revenue	bonds	as	it	shall	be	deemed
2	necessarv.	subie	ct to ap	plicable	sta	tuto:	rv limit	atio	ns.

- (6) To enter into contracts with any public or private agency or person.
- (7) To sell, lease, trade or improve real property in connection with business district development and redevelopment plans.
- (8) To employ all such persons as may be necessary for the planning, administration and implementation of business district plans.
- (9) To expend such public funds as may be necessary for the planning, execution and implementation of the business district plans.
- (10) To establish by ordinance or resolution procedures for the planning, execution and implementation of business district plans.
- (11) To create a Business District Development and Redevelopment Commission to act as agent for the municipality for the purposes of business district development and redevelopment.
- (12) To impose a retailers' occupation tax and a service occupation tax in the business district for the planning, execution, and implementation of business district plans and to pay for business district project costs as set forth in the business district plan approved by the municipality.
- (13) To impose a hotel operators' occupation tax in the business district for the planning, execution, and implementation of business district plans and to pay for the business district project costs as set forth in the business district plan approved by the municipality.
- (14) To issue obligations in one or more series bearing interest at rates determined by the corporate authorities of the municipality by ordinance and secured by the business district tax allocation fund set forth in Section 11-74.3-6 for the business district to provide for the

- payment of business district project costs.
- 2 This amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly is
- 3 declarative of existing law and is not a new enactment.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 91-418, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 5 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.3-5 new)
- 6 Sec. 11-74.3-5. Business district; additional procedures
- 7 <u>for designation of district and approval of development or</u>
- 8 redevelopment plan. If the corporate authorities of a
- 9 <u>municipality desire to impose a tax by ordinance pursuant to</u>
- subsection (12) or (13) of Section 11-74.3-3, the following
- 11 additional procedures shall apply to the designation of the
- 12 business district and the approval of the business district
- development or redevelopment plan:
- 14 <u>(1) The corporate authorities of the municipality</u>
- 15 <u>shall hold public hearings at least one week prior to</u>
- designation of the business district and approval of the
- business district development or redevelopment plan.
- 18 <u>(2) The area proposed to be designated as a business</u>
- district must be contiguous and must include only parcels
- of real property directly and substantially benefited by
- 21 <u>the proposed business district development or</u>
- 22 <u>redevelopment plan.</u>
- 23 (3) The corporate authorities of the municipality
- shall make a formal finding of the following: (i) the
- business district is a blighted area that, by reason of the
- 26 <u>predominance of defective or inadequate street layout,</u>
- 27 <u>unsanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site</u>
- improvements, improper subdivision or obsolete platting,
- or the existence of conditions which endanger life or
- property by fire or other causes, or any combination of
- 31 those factors, retards the provision of housing
- 32 <u>accommodations or constitutes an economic or social</u>
- liability or a menace to the public health, safety, morals,
- or welfare in its present condition and use; and (ii) the
- 35 <u>business district on the whole has not been subject to</u>

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growth and development through investment by private enterprises or would not reasonably be anticipated to be developed or redeveloped without the adoption of the business district development or redevelopment plan.

(4) The proposed business district development or redevelopment plan shall set forth in writing: (i) a specific description of the proposed boundaries of the district, including a map illustrating the boundaries; (ii) a general description of each project proposed to be undertaken within the business district, including a description of the approximate location of each project; (iii) the name of the proposed business district; (iv) the estimated business district project costs; (v) the anticipated source of funds to pay business district project costs; (vi) the anticipated type and terms of any obligations to be issued; and (vii) the rate of any tax to be imposed pursuant to subsection (12) or (13) of Section 11-74.3-3 and the period of time for which the tax shall be imposed.

20 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.3-6 new)

Sec. 11-74.3-6. Business district revenue and obligations.

(a) If the corporate authorities of a municipality have approved a business district development or redevelopment plan and have elected to impose a tax by ordinance pursuant to subsections (b), (c), or (d) of this Section, each year after the date of the approval of the ordinance and until all business district project costs and all municipal obligations financing the business district project costs, if any, have been paid in accordance with the business district development or redevelopment plan, but in no event longer than 23 years after the date of adoption of the ordinance approving the business district development or redevelopment plan, all amounts generated by the retailers' occupation tax and service occupation tax shall be collected and the tax shall be enforced by the Department of Revenue in the same manner as all

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retailers' occupation taxes and service occupation taxes imposed in the municipality imposing the tax and all amounts generated by the hotel operators' occupation tax shall be collected and the tax shall be enforced by the municipality in the same manner as all hotel operators' occupation taxes imposed in the municipality imposing the tax. The corporate authorities of the municipality shall deposit the proceeds of the taxes imposed under subsections (b), (c), and (d) into a special fund held by the corporate authorities of the municipality called the Business District Tax Allocation Fund for the purpose of paying business district project costs and obligations incurred in the payment of those costs.

(b) The corporate authorities of a municipality that has established a business district under this Division 74.3 may, by ordinance or resolution, impose a Business District Retailers' Occupation Tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property, other than an item of tangible personal property titled or registered with an agency of this State's government, at retail in the business district at a rate not to exceed 1% of the gross receipts from the sales made in the course of such business, to be imposed only in 0.25% increments. The tax may not be imposed on prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use.

The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration that is issued by the Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall permit the retailer to engage in a business that is taxable under any ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to this subsection without registering separately with the Department under such ordinance or resolution or under this subsection. The

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1 Department of Revenue shall have full power to administer and 2 enforce this subsection; to collect all taxes and penalties due under this subsection in the manner hereinafter provided; and 3 to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account 4 5 of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty under this subsection. In the administration of, and compliance with, this 6 subsection, the Department and persons who are subject to this 7 subsection shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, 8 9 immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, 10 11 exemptions, and definitions of terms and employ the same modes 12 of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a through 10, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than 13 the State rate of tax), 2c through 2h, 3 (except as to the 14 disposition of taxes and penalties collected), 4, 5, 5a, 5c, 15 16 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 17 12, 13, and 14 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and all provisions of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as 18 if those provisions were set forth herein. 19 20

Persons subject to any tax imposed under this subsection may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability under this subsection by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State taxes that sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act, in accordance with such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this subsection to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified and to the person named in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the business district retailers' occupation tax fund.

The Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes, penalties, and

1 interest collected under this subsection for deposit into the 2 business district retailers' occupation tax fund. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall 3 prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of 4 stated sums of money to <u>named municipalities from the business</u> 5 district retailers' occupation tax fund, the municipalities to 6 be those from which retailers have paid taxes or penalties 7 8 under this subsection to the Department during the second 9 preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit 10 11 memoranda) collected under this subsection during the second 12 preceding calendar month by the Department plus an amount the 13 Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not 14 including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during 15 16 the second preceding calendar month by the Department, less 2% 17 of that amount, which shall be deposited into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the 18 Department, subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the 19 20 Department in administering and enforcing the provisions of this subsection, on behalf of such municipality, and not 21 including any amount that the Department determines is 22 necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a 23 different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the 24 municipality. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller 25 of the disbursement certification to the municipalities 26 27 provided for in this subsection to be given to the Comptroller 28 by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the 29 directions contained in the certification. The proceeds of the 30 31 tax paid to municipalities under this subsection shall be deposited into the Business District Tax Allocation Fund by the 32 33 municipality. 34 An ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the 35 tax under this subsection or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified copy 36

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thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department, if all other requirements of this subsection are met, shall proceed to administer and enforce this subsection as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon, if all other requirements of this subsection are met, the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this subsection as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing.

The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce an ordinance imposing, discontinuing, or changing the rate of the tax under this subsection, until the municipality also provides, in the manner prescribed by the Department, the boundaries of the business district in such a way that the Department can determine by its address whether a business is <u>located</u> in the business district. The municipality must provide this boundary information to the Department on or before April 1 for administration and enforcement of the tax under this subsection by the Department beginning on the following July 1 and on or before October 1 for admin<u>istration and enforcement</u> of the tax under this subsection by the Department beginning on the following January 1. The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce any change made to the boundaries of a business district until the municipality reports the boundary change to the Department in the manner prescribed by the Department. The municipality must provide this boundary change information to the Department on or before April 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change beginning on the following July 1 and on or before October 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change beginning on the following January 1. The retailers in the business district shall be responsible for charging the tax imposed under this subsection. If a retailer is incorrectly included or excluded from the list of those required to collect the tax under this subsection, both the Department of Revenue

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and the retailer shall be held harmless if they reasonably relied on information provided by the municipality.

A municipality that imposes the tax under this subsection must submit to the Department of Revenue any other information as the Department may require for the administration and enforcement of the tax.

When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to a municipality under this subsection, the Department shall increase or decrease the amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the previous 6 months from the time a misallocation is discovered.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

If a tax is imposed under this subsection (b), a tax shall also be imposed under subsection (c) of this Section.

(c) If a tax has been imposed under subsection (b), a Business District Service Occupation Tax shall also be imposed upon all persons engaged, in the business district, in the business of making sales of service, who, as an incident to making those sales of service, transfer tangible personal property within the business district, either in the form of tangible personal property or in the form of real estate as an incident to a sale of service. The tax shall be imposed at the same rate as the tax imposed in subsection (b) and shall not exceed 1% of the selling price of tangible personal property so transferred within the business district, to be imposed only in 0.25% increments. The tax may not be imposed on prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use.

The tax imposed under this subsection and all civil

1 penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be 2 collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue. The certificate of registration which is issued by the Department 3 to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under 4 5 the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit such registrant to engage in a business which is taxable under any ordinance or 6 resolution enacted pursuant to this subsection without 7 registering separately with the Department under such 8 9 ordinance or resolution or under this subsection. Department of Revenue shall have full power to administer and 10 11 enforce this subsection; to collect all taxes and penalties due 12 under this subsection; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine 13 all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the 14 erroneous payment of tax or penalty under this subsection. In 15 16 the administration of, and compliance with this subsection, the 17 Department and persons who are subject to this subsection shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers 18 and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, 19 20 restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions, and definitions of terms and employ the same modes of procedure 21 as are prescribed in Sections 2, 2a through 2d, 3 through 3-50 22 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate 23 of tax), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to 24 the business district), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction 25 to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in 26 27 that Section 8 shall be the municipality), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected, and except that 28 the returned merchandise credit for this tax may not be taken 29 against any State tax), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference 30 31 therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean the 32 municipality), the first paragraph of Section 15, and Sections 33 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act and all 34 35 provisions of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as 36 if those provisions were set forth herein.

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Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this subsection may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax that servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Mhenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this subsection to a claimant instead of issuing credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the business district retailers' occupation tax fund.

The Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex-officio, as trustee, all taxes, penalties, and interest collected under this subsection for deposit into the business district retailers' occupation tax fund. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities from the business district retailers' occupation tax fund, the municipalities to be those from which suppliers and servicemen have paid taxes or penalties under this subsection to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected under this subsection during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, less 2% of that amount, which shall be deposited into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department, subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the Department in administering and enforcing the provisions of this subsection, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the

Department on behalf of such municipality. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the municipalities, provided for in this subsection to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions contained in such certification. The proceeds of the tax paid to municipalities under this subsection shall be deposited into the Business District Tax Allocation Fund by the municipality.

An ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax under this subsection or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall either (i) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of April, whereupon the Department, if all other requirements of this subsection are met, shall proceed to administer and enforce this subsection as of the first day of July next following the adoption and filing; or (ii) be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon, if all other conditions of this subsection are met, the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this subsection as of the first day of January next following the adoption and filing.

The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce an ordinance imposing, discontinuing, or changing the rate of the tax under this subsection, until the municipality also provides, in the manner prescribed by the Department, the boundaries of the business district in such a way that the Department can determine by its address whether a business is located in the business district. The municipality must provide this boundary information to the Department on or before April 1 for administration and enforcement of the tax under this subsection by the Department beginning on the following July 1 and on or before October 1 for administration and enforcement of the tax under this subsection by the Department beginning on the following January 1. The Department of Revenue shall not administer or enforce any change made to the boundaries of a

business district until the municipality reports the boundary change to the Department in the manner prescribed by the Department. The municipality must provide this boundary change information to the Department on or before April 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change beginning on the following July 1 and on or before October 1 for administration and enforcement by the Department of the change beginning on the following January 1. The retailers in the business district shall be responsible for charging the tax imposed under this subsection. If a retailer is incorrectly included or excluded from the list of those required to collect the tax under this subsection, both the Department of Revenue and the retailer shall be held harmless if they reasonably relied on information provided by the municipality.

A municipality that imposes the tax under this subsection must submit to the Department of Revenue any other information as the Department may require for the administration and enforcement of the tax.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by the State.

If a tax is imposed under this subsection (c), a tax shall also be imposed under subsection (b) of this Section.

(d) By ordinance, a municipality that has established a business district under this Division 74.3 may impose an occupation tax upon all persons engaged in the business district in the business of renting, leasing, or letting rooms in a hotel, as defined in the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act, at a rate not to exceed 1% of the gross rental receipts from the renting, leasing, or letting of hotel rooms within the business district, to be imposed only in 0.25% increments, excluding, however, from gross rental receipts the proceeds of renting, leasing, or letting to permanent residents of a hotel, as defined in the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act, and proceeds from the tax imposed under subsection (c) of Section

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The tax imposed by the municipality under this subsection and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident to that tax shall be collected and enforced by the municipality imposing the tax. The municipality shall have full power to administer and enforce this subsection, to collect all taxes and penalties due under this subsection, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner provided in this subsection, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty under this subsection. In the administration of and compliance with this subsection, the municipality and persons who are subject to this subsection shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers, and duties, shall be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, and definitions of terms, and shall employ the same modes of procedure as are employed with respect to a tax adopted by the municipality under Section 8-3-14 of this Code.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this subsection may reimburse themselves for their tax liability for that tax by separately stating that tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State taxes imposed under the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act, and with any other tax.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize a municipality to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

The proceeds of the tax imposed under this subsection shall be deposited into the Business District Tax Allocation Fund.

(e) Obligations issued pursuant to subsection (14) of Section 11-74.3-3 shall be retired in the manner provided in the ordinance authorizing the issuance of those obligations by the receipts of taxes levied as authorized in subsections (12) and (13) of Section 11-74.3-3. The ordinance shall pledge all of the amounts in and to be deposited in the Business District

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1 Tax Allocation Fund to the payment of business district project 2 costs and obligations. Obligations issued pursuant to subsection (14) of Section 11-74.3-3 may be sold at public or 3 private sale at a price determined by the corporate authorities 4 5 of the municipality and no referendum approval of the electors shall be required as a condition to the issuance of those 6 obligations. The ordinance authorizing the obligations may 7 require that the obligations contain a recital that they are 8 9 issued pursuant to subsection (14) of Section 11-74.3-3 and this recital shall be conclusive evidence of their validity and 10 11 of the regularity of their issuance. The corporate authorities 12 of the municipality may also issue its obligations to refund, in whole or in part, obligations previously issued by the 13 municipality under the authority of this Code, whether at or 14 prior to maturity. All obligations issued pursuant to 15 16 subsection (14) of Section 11-74.3-3 shall not be regarded as 17 indebtedness of the municipality issuing the obligations for the purpose of any limitation imposed by law. 18 19

(f) When business district costs, including, without limitation, all municipal obligations financing business district project costs incurred under Section 11-74.3-3 have been paid, any surplus funds then remaining in the Business District Tax Allocation Fund shall be distributed to the municipal treasurer for deposit into the municipal general corporate fund. Upon payment of all business district project costs and retirement of obligations, but in no event more than 23 years after the date of adoption of the ordinance approving the business district development or redevelopment plan, the municipality shall adopt an ordinance immediately rescinding the taxes imposed pursuant to subsections (12) and (13) of Section 11-74.3-3.

32 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on 33 January 1, 2005.