1 AN ACT concerning vehicles.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 15-107, 15-111, 15-301, and 15-308.2 as
- 6 follows:

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- 7 (625 ILCS 5/15-107) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 15-107)
- 8 Sec. 15-107. Length of vehicles.
- 9 (a) The maximum length of a single vehicle on any highway 10 of this State may not exceed 42 feet except the following:
- 11 (1) Semitrailers.
- 12 (2) Charter or regulated route buses may be up to 45 13 feet in length, not including energy absorbing bumpers.
- 14 (a-1) A motor home as defined in Section 1-145.01 may be up
- 15 to 45 feet in length, not including energy absorbing bumpers.
- 16 The length limitations described in this subsection (a-1) shall
- be exclusive of energy-absorbing bumpers and rear view mirrors.
- 18 (b) On all non-State highways, the maximum length of vehicles in combinations is as follows:
- 20 (1) A truck tractor in combination with a semitrailer 21 may not exceed 55 feet overall dimension.
 - (2) A truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer may not exceed60 feet overall dimension.
- 24 (3) Combinations specially designed to transport motor 25 vehicles or boats may not exceed 60 feet overall dimension.

Vehicles operating during daylight hours when transporting poles, pipes, machinery, or other objects of a structural nature that cannot readily be dismembered are exempt from length limitations, provided that no object may exceed 80 feet in length and the overall dimension of the vehicle including the load may not exceed 100 feet. This exemption does not apply to operation on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. Legal

- 1 holidays referred to in this Section are the days on which the
- 2 following traditional holidays are celebrated: New Year's Day;
- Memorial Day; Independence Day; Labor Day; Thanksgiving Day; 3
- 4 and Christmas Day.
- 5 Vehicles and loads operated by a public utility while en
- 6 route to make emergency repairs to public service facilities or
- properties are exempt from length limitations, provided that 7
- during night operations every vehicle and its load must be 8
- 9 equipped with a sufficient number of clearance lamps on both
- 10 sides and marker lamps on the extreme ends of any projecting
- 11 load to clearly mark the dimensions of the load.
- 12 A tow truck in combination with a disabled vehicle or
- combination of disabled vehicles, as provided in paragraph (6) 1.3
- of subsection (c) of this Section, is exempt from length 14
- limitations. 15
- All other combinations not listed in this subsection (b) 16
- 17 may not exceed 60 feet overall dimension.
- (c) Combinations of vehicles may not exceed a total of 2 18
- 19 vehicles except the following:
 - (1) A truck tractor semitrailer may draw one trailer.
- (2) A truck tractor semitrailer may draw one converter 21 dolly.
- 22

- (3) A truck tractor semitrailer may draw one vehicle 23
- that is defined in Chapter 1 as special mobile equipment, 24
- 25 provided the overall dimension does not exceed 60 feet.
- (4) A truck in transit may draw 3 trucks in transit 26
- 27 coupled together by the triple saddlemount method.
- 28 (5) Recreational vehicles consisting of 3 vehicles,
- 29 provided the following:
- 30 (A) The total overall dimension does not exceed 60
- 31 feet.
- 32 (B) The towing vehicle is a properly registered
- vehicle capable of towing another vehicle using a 33
- 34 fifth-wheel type assembly.
- The second vehicle in the combination of 35
- vehicles is a recreational vehicle that is towed by a 36

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fifth-wheel assembly. This vehicle must be properly registered and must be equipped with brakes, regardless of weight.

- (D) The third vehicle must be the lightest of the 3 vehicles and be a trailer or semitrailer designed or used for transporting a boat, all-terrain vehicle, personal watercraft, or motorcycle.
- (E) The towed vehicles may be only for the use of the operator of the towing vehicle.
- (F) All vehicles must be properly equipped with operating brakes and safety equipment required by this Code, except the additional brake requirement in subdivision (C) of this subparagraph (5).
- (6) A tow truck in combination with a disabled vehicle or combination of disabled vehicles, provided the towing vehicle:
 - (A) Is specifically designed as a tow truck having a gross vehicle weight rating of at least 18,000 pounds and equipped with air brakes, provided that air brakes are required only if the towing vehicle is towing a vehicle, semitrailer, or tractor-trailer combination that is equipped with air brakes. For the purpose of this subsection, gross vehicle weight rating, or GVWR, means the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of the tow truck.
 - (B) Is equipped with flashing, rotating, or oscillating amber lights, visible for at least 500 feet in all directions.
 - (C) Is capable of utilizing the lighting and braking systems of the disabled vehicle or combination of vehicles.
 - (D) Does not engage a tow exceeding 50 highway miles from the initial point of wreck or disablement to a place of repair. Any additional movement of the vehicles may occur only upon issuance of authorization for that movement under the provisions of Sections

1 15-301 through 15-319 of this Code.

The Department may by rule or regulation prescribe additional requirements regarding length limitations for a tow truck towing another vehicle.

For purposes of this Section, a tow-dolly that merely serves as substitute wheels for another legally licensed vehicle is considered part of the licensed vehicle and not a separate vehicle.

- (d) On Class I highways there are no overall length limitations on motor vehicles operating in combinations provided:
 - (1) The length of a semitrailer, unladen or with load, in combination with a truck tractor may not exceed 53 feet.
 - (2) The distance between the kingpin and the center of the rear axle of a semitrailer longer than 48 feet, in combination with a truck tractor, may not exceed 45 feet 6 inches.
 - (3) The length of a semitrailer or trailer, unladen or with load, operated in a truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination, may not exceed 28 feet 6 inches.
 - (4) Maxi-cube combinations, as defined in Chapter 1, may not exceed 65 feet overall dimension.
 - (5) Combinations of vehicles specifically designed to transport motor vehicles or boats may not exceed 65 feet overall dimension. The length limitation is inclusive of front and rear bumpers but exclusive of the overhang of the transported vehicles, as provided in paragraph (i) of this Section.
 - (6) Stinger steered semitrailer vehicles as defined in Chapter 1, specifically designed to transport motor vehicles or boats, may not exceed 75 feet overall dimension. The length limitation is inclusive of front and rear bumpers but exclusive of the overhang of the transported vehicles, as provided in paragraph (i) of this Section.
 - (7) A truck in transit transporting 3 trucks coupled

together by the triple saddlemount method may not exceed 75
feet overall dimension.

Vehicles operating during daylight hours when transporting poles, pipes, machinery, or other objects of a structural nature that cannot readily be dismembered are exempt from length limitations, provided that no object may exceed 80 feet in length and the overall dimension of the vehicle including the load may not exceed 100 feet. This exemption does not apply to operation on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. Legal holidays referred to in this Section are the days on which the following traditional holidays are celebrated: New Year's Day; Memorial Day; Independence Day; Labor Day; Thanksgiving Day; and Christmas Day.

Vehicles and loads operated by a public utility while en route to make emergency repairs to public service facilities or properties are exempt from length limitations, provided that during night operations every vehicle and its load must be equipped with a sufficient number of clearance lamps on both sides and marker lamps on the extreme ends of any projecting load to clearly mark the dimensions of the load.

A tow truck in combination with a disabled vehicle or combination of disabled vehicles, as provided in paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of this Section, is exempt from length limitations.

The length limitations described in this paragraph (d) shall be exclusive of safety and energy conservation devices, such as bumpers, refrigeration units or air compressors and other devices, that the Department may interpret as necessary for safe and efficient operation; except that no device excluded under this paragraph shall have by its design or use the capability to carry cargo.

Section 5-35 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act relating to procedures for rulemaking shall not apply to the designation of highways under this paragraph (d).

(e) On Class II highways there are no overall length limitations on motor vehicles operating in combinations,

- (1) The length of a semitrailer, unladen or with load, in combination with a truck tractor, may not exceed 53 feet overall dimension.
 - (2) The distance between the kingpin and the center of the rear axle of a semitrailer longer than 48 feet, in combination with a truck tractor, may not exceed 45 feet 6 inches.
 - (3) A truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination may not exceed 65 feet in dimension from front axle to rear axle.
 - (4) The length of a semitrailer or trailer, unladen or with load, operated in a truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination, may not exceed 28 feet 6 inches.
 - (5) Maxi-cube combinations, as defined in Chapter 1, may not exceed 65 feet overall dimension.
 - (6) A combination of vehicles, specifically designed to transport motor vehicles or boats, may not exceed 65 feet overall dimension. The length limitation is inclusive of front and rear bumpers but exclusive of the overhang of the transported vehicles, as provided in paragraph (i) of this Section.
 - (7) Stinger steered semitrailer vehicles, as defined in Chapter 1, specifically designed to transport motor vehicles or boats, may not exceed 75 feet overall dimension. The length limitation is inclusive of front and rear bumpers but exclusive of the overhang of the transported vehicles, as provided in paragraph (i) of this Section.
 - (8) A truck in transit transporting 3 trucks coupled together by the triple saddlemount method may not exceed 75 feet overall dimension.

Vehicles operating during daylight hours when transporting poles, pipes, machinery, or other objects of a structural nature that cannot readily be dismembered are exempt from length limitations, provided that no object may exceed 80 feet

1 in length and the overall dimension of the vehicle including

2 the load may not exceed 100 feet. This exemption does not apply

3 to operation on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. Legal

holidays referred to in this Section are the days on which the

following traditional holidays are celebrated: New Year's Day;

Memorial Day; Independence Day; Labor Day; Thanksgiving Day;

and Christmas Day.

Vehicles and loads operated by a public utility while en route to make emergency repairs to public service facilities or properties are exempt from length limitations, provided that during night operations every vehicle and its load must be equipped with a sufficient number of clearance lamps on both sides and marker lamps on the extreme ends of any projecting load to clearly mark the dimensions of the load.

A tow truck in combination with a disabled vehicle or combination of disabled vehicles, as provided in paragraph (6) of subsection (c) of this Section, is exempt from length limitations.

Local authorities, with respect to streets and highways under their jurisdiction, may also by ordinance or resolution allow length limitations of this subsection (e).

The length limitations described in this paragraph (e) shall be exclusive of safety and energy conservation devices, such as bumpers, refrigeration units or air compressors and other devices, that the Department may interpret as necessary for safe and efficient operation; except that no device excluded under this paragraph shall have by its design or use the capability to carry cargo.

- (e-1) Combinations of vehicles not exceeding 65 feet overall length are allowed access as follows:
 - (1) From any State designated highway onto any county, township, or municipal highway for a distance of 5 highway miles for the purpose of loading and unloading, provided:
- (A) The vehicle does not exceed 73,280 pounds in gross weight and 8 feet 6 inches in width.
 - (B) There is no sign prohibiting that access.

- 1 (C) The route is not being used as a thoroughfare between State designated highways.
 - (2) From any State designated highway onto any county or township highway for a distance of 5 highway miles or onto any municipal highway for a distance of one highway mile for the purpose of food, fuel, repairs, and rest, provided:
 - (A) The vehicle does not exceed 73,280 pounds in gross weight and 8 feet 6 inches in width.
 - (B) There is no sign prohibiting that access.
- 11 (C) The route is not being used as a thoroughfare 12 between State designated highways.
 - (e-2) Except as provided in subsection (e-3), combinations of vehicles over 65 feet in length, with no overall length limitation except as provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this Section, are allowed access as follows:
 - (1) From a Class I highway onto any street or highway for a distance of one highway mile for the purpose of loading, unloading, food, fuel, repairs, and rest, provided there is no sign prohibiting that access.
 - (2) From a Class I or Class II highway onto any State highway or any locally designated highway for a distance of 5 highway miles for the purpose of loading, unloading, food, fuel, repairs, and rest.
 - (e-3) Combinations of vehicles over 65 feet in length operated by household goods carriers, with no overall length limitations except as provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this Section, have unlimited access to points of loading and unloading.
 - Section 5-35 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act relating to procedures for rulemaking shall not apply to the designation of highways under this paragraph (e).
- 33 (f) On Class III and other non-designated State highways, 34 the length limitations for vehicles in combination are as 35 follows:
 - (1) Truck tractor-semitrailer combinations, must

comply with either a maximum 55 feet overall wheel base or a maximum 65 feet extreme overall dimension.

- (2) Semitrailers, unladen or with load, may not exceed 53 feet overall dimension.
- (3) No truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination may exceed 60 feet extreme overall dimension.
- (4) The distance between the kingpin and the center axle of a semitrailer longer than 48 feet, in combination with a truck tractor, may not exceed 42 feet 6 inches.
- (g) Length limitations in the preceding subsections of this Section 15-107 do not apply to the following:
 - (1) Vehicles operated in the daytime, except on Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays, when transporting poles, pipe, machinery, or other objects of a structural nature that cannot readily be dismembered, provided the overall length of vehicle and load may not exceed 100 feet and no object exceeding 80 feet in length may be transported unless a permit has been obtained as authorized in Section 15-301.
 - (2) Vehicles and loads operated by a public utility while en route to make emergency repairs to public service facilities or properties, but during night operation every vehicle and its load must be equipped with a sufficient number of clearance lamps on both sides and marker lamps upon the extreme ends of any projecting load to clearly mark the dimensions of the load.
 - (3) A tow truck in combination with a disabled vehicle or combination of disabled vehicles, provided the towing vehicle meets the following conditions:
 - (A) It is specifically designed as a tow truck having a gross vehicle weight rating of at least 18,000 pounds and equipped with air brakes, provided that air brakes are required only if the towing vehicle is towing a vehicle, semitrailer, or tractor-trailer combination that is equipped with air brakes.
 - (B) It is equipped with flashing, rotating, or

1	oscillating	amber	lights,	visible	for	at	least	500	feet
2	in all direc	tions.							

- (C) It is capable of utilizing the lighting and braking systems of the disabled vehicle or combination of vehicles.
- (D) It does not engage in a tow exceeding 50 miles from the initial point of wreck or disablement.

The Department may by rule or regulation prescribe additional requirements regarding length limitations for a tow truck towing another vehicle. The towing vehicle, however, may tow any disabled vehicle from the initial point of wreck or disablement to a point where repairs are actually to occur. This movement shall be valid only on State routes. The tower must abide by posted bridge weight limits.

For the purpose of this subsection, gross vehicle weight rating, or GVWR, shall mean the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of the tow truck. Legal holidays referred to in this Section shall be specified as the day on which the following traditional holidays are celebrated:

New Year's Day;

21 Memorial Day;

22 Independence Day;

23 Labor Day;

24 Thanksgiving Day; and

25 Christmas Day.

(h) The load upon any vehicle operated alone, or the load upon the front vehicle of a combination of vehicles, shall not extend more than 3 feet beyond the front wheels of the vehicle or the front bumper of the vehicle if it is equipped with a front bumper. The provisions of this subsection (h) shall not apply to any vehicle or combination of vehicles specifically designed for the collection and transportation of waste, garbage, or recyclable materials during the vehicle's operation in the course of collecting garbage, waste, or recyclable materials if the vehicle is traveling at a speed not in excess of 15 miles per hour during the vehicle's operation

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- and in the course of collecting garbage, waste, or recyclable materials. However, in no instance shall the load extend more than 7 feet beyond the front wheels of the vehicle or the front bumper of the vehicle if it is equipped with a front bumper.
 - (i) The load upon the front vehicle of a combination of vehicles specifically designed to transport motor vehicles shall not extend more than 3 feet beyond the foremost part of the transporting vehicle and the load upon the rear transporting vehicle shall not extend more than 4 feet beyond the rear of the bed or body of the vehicle. This paragraph shall only be applicable upon highways designated in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this Section.
 - (j) Articulated vehicles comprised of 2 sections, neither of which exceeds a length of 42 feet, designed for the carrying of more than 10 persons, may be up to 60 feet in length, not including energy absorbing bumpers, provided that the vehicles are:
- 1. operated by or for any public body or motor carrier

 19 authorized by law to provide public transportation

 20 services; or
- 2. operated in local public transportation service by 22 any other person and the municipality in which the service 23 is to be provided approved the operation of the vehicle.
- 24 (j-1) (Blank).
- 25 (k) Any person who is convicted of violating this Section 26 is subject to the penalty as provided in paragraph (b) of 27 Section 15-113.
- 28 (1) (Blank).
- 29 (Source: P.A. 92-417, eff. 1-1-02; 92-766, eff. 1-1-03; 92-883, 30 eff. 1-13-03; 93-177, eff. 7-11-03.)
- 31 (625 ILCS 5/15-111) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 15-111)
- 32 Sec. 15-111. Wheel and axle loads and gross weights.
- 33 (a) On non-designated highways, no vehicle or combination 34 of vehicles equipped with pneumatic tires may be operated, 35 unladen or with load, when the total weight transmitted to the

- road surface exceeds 18,000 pounds on a single axle or 32,000 pounds on a tandem axle with no axle within the tandem exceeding 18,000 pounds except:
 - (1) when a different limit is established and posted in accordance with Section 15-316 of this Code;
 - (2) vehicles for which the Department of Transportation and local authorities issue overweight permits under authority of Section 15-301 of this Code;
 - (3) tow trucks subject to the conditions provided in subsection (d) may not exceed 24,000 pounds on a single rear axle or 44,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle;
 - (4) any single axle of a 2-axle truck weighing 36,000 pounds or less and not a part of a combination of vehicles, shall not exceed 20,000 pounds;
 - (5) any single axle of a 2-axle truck equipped with a personnel lift or digger derrick, weighing 36,000 pounds or less, owned and operated by a public utility, shall not exceed 20,000 pounds;
 - (6) any single axle of a 2-axle truck specially equipped with a front loading compactor used exclusively for garbage, refuse, or recycling may not exceed 20,000 pounds per axle, provided that the gross weight of the vehicle does not exceed 40,000 pounds;
 - (7) a truck, not in combination and specially equipped with a selfcompactor or an industrial roll-off hoist and roll-off container, used exclusively for garbage or refuse operations may, when laden, transmit upon the road surface the following maximum weights: 22,000 pounds on a single axle; 40,000 pounds on a tandem axle;
 - (8) a truck, not in combination and used exclusively for the collection of rendering materials, may, when laden, transmit upon the road surface the following maximum weights: 22,000 pounds on a single axle; 40,000 pounds on a tandem axle;
 - (9) tandem axles on a 3-axle truck registered as a Special Hauling Vehicle, manufactured prior to or in the

model year of 2014 and first registered in Illinois prior to January 1, 2015, with a distance greater than 72 inches but not more than 96 inches between any series of 2 axles, is allowed a combined weight on the series not to exceed 36,000 pounds and neither axle of the series may exceed 18,000 pounds. Any vehicle of this type manufactured after the model year of 2014 or first registered in Illinois after December 31, 2014 may not exceed a combined weight of 32,000 pounds through the series of 2 axles and neither axle of the series may exceed 18,000 pounds;

(10) tandem axles on a 4-axle truck mixer, whose fourth axle is a road surface engaging mixer trailing axle, registered as a Special Hauling Vehicle, used exclusively for the mixing and transportation of concrete and manufactured prior to or in the model year of 2014 and first registered in Illinois prior to January 1, 2015, with a distance greater than 72 inches but not more than 96 inches between any series of 2 axles, is allowed a combined weight on the series not to exceed 36,000 pounds and neither axle of the series may exceed 18,000 pounds. Any vehicle of this type manufactured after the model year of 2014 or first registered in Illinois after December 31, 2014 may not exceed a combined weight of 32,000 pounds through the series of 2 axles and neither axle of the series may exceed 18,000 pounds;

(11) 4-axle vehicles or a 5 or more axle combination of vehicles: The weight transmitted upon the road surface through any series of 3 axles whose centers are more than 96 inches apart, measured between extreme axles in the series, may not exceed those allowed in the table contained in subsection (f) of this Section. No axle or tandem axle of the series may exceed the maximum weight permitted under this Section for a single or tandem axle.

No vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with other than pneumatic tires may be operated, unladen or with load, upon the highways of this State when the gross weight on the

- road surface through any wheel exceeds 800 pounds per inch width of tire tread or when the gross weight on the road surface through any axle exceeds 16,000 pounds.
- 4 (b) On non-designated highways, the gross weight of
 5 vehicles and combination of vehicles including the weight of
 6 the vehicle or combination and its maximum load shall be
 7 subject to the foregoing limitations and further shall not
 8 exceed the following gross weights dependent upon the number of
 9 axles and distance between extreme axles of the vehicle or
 10 combination measured longitudinally to the nearest foot.

12	VEHICLES OR COMBINATIONS					
13		HAVIN	G 3 AXLES			
14	With Tandem		With or			
15	Axles		Without			
16			Tandem Axles			
17	Minimum		Minimum			
18	distance to	Maximum	distance to	Maximum		
19	nearest foot	Gross	nearest foot	Gross		
20	between	Weight	between	Weight		
21	extreme axles	(pounds)	extreme axles	(pounds)		
22	10 feet	41,000	16 feet	46,000		
23	11	42,000	17	47,000		
24	12	43,000	18	47,500		
25	13	44,000	19	48,000		
26	14	44,500	20	49,000		
27	15	45,000	21 feet or more	50,000		
28						
29	VEHICLE	S OR COMBIN	JATIONS HAVING 4 AXLE	S		
30	Minimum		Minimum			
31	distance to	Maximum	distance to	Maximum		
32	nearest foot	Gross	nearest foot	Gross		
33	between	Weight	between	Weight		
34	extreme axles	(pounds)	extreme axles	(pounds)		

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1	15 feet	50,000	26 feet	57 , 500	
2	16	50,500	27	58,000	
3	17	51,500	28	58,500	
4	18	52,000	29	59,500	
5	19	52,500	30	60,000	
6	20	53 , 500	31	60,500	
7	21	54,000	32	61,500	
8	22	54 , 500	33	62,000	
9	23	55 , 500	34	62,500	
10	24	56,000	35	63,500	
11	25	56,500	36 feet	or more 64,000	
12	A vehicle not is	n a combina	ation havi	ng more than 4 axles may	
13	not exceed the weig	ht in the t	table in t	his subsection (b) for 4	
14	axles measured betw	een the ex	treme axle	es of the vehicle.	
15					
16	COMBI	NATIONS HA	VING 5 OR	MORE AXLES	
17	Minimum distance to	Maximum			
18	nearest foot betwee	nGross Wei	ght		
19	extreme axles	(pounds)			
20	42 feet or less	72,000			
21	43	73,000			
22	44 feet or more	73 , 280			
23	VEHICLES OPERATING	ON CRAWLER	R TYPE TRA	CKS 40,000 pounds	
24	TRUCK	S EQUIPPED	WITH SELF	COMPACTORS	
25	OR ROLL-OFF HO	ISTS AND RO	LL-OFF CO	NTAINERS FOR GARBAGE	
26	OR REFUSE HAULS ONLY AND TRUCKS USED FOR				
27	THE COLLECTION OF RENDERING MATERIALS				
28	On High	nway Not Pa	art of Nat	ional System	
29	of Ir	nterstate a	and Defens	e Highways	
30	with 2 axles			36,000 pounds	
31	with 3 axles			54,000 pounds	
30	mr.		ORG EVITE	מבר הודתם	
32	TW	O AXLE TRU	CV9 FÄNTLF	EN MITU	

A FRONT LOADING COMPACTOR USED EXCLUSIVELY

1 FOR THE COLLECTION OF GARBAGE, REFUSE, OR RECYCLING

2 with 2 axles 40,000 pounds

(c) Cities having a population of more than 50,000 may permit by ordinance axle loads on 2 axle motor vehicles 33 1/2% above those provided for herein, but the increase shall not become effective until the city has officially notified the Department of the passage of the ordinance and shall not apply to those vehicles when outside of the limits of the city, nor shall the gross weight of any 2 axle motor vehicle operating over any street of the city exceed 40,000 pounds.

(d) Weight limitations shall not apply to vehicles (including loads) operated by a public utility when transporting equipment required for emergency repair of public utility facilities or properties or water wells.

A combination of vehicles, including a tow truck and a disabled vehicle or disabled combination of vehicles, that exceeds the weight restriction imposed by this Code, may be operated on a public highway in this State provided that neither the disabled vehicle nor any vehicle being towed nor the tow truck itself shall exceed the weight limitations permitted under this Chapter. During the towing operation, neither the tow truck nor the vehicle combination shall exceed 24,000 pounds on a single rear axle and 44,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle, provided the towing vehicle:

- (1) is specifically designed as a tow truck having a gross vehicle weight rating of at least 18,000 pounds and is equipped with air brakes, provided that air brakes are required only if the towing vehicle is towing a vehicle, semitrailer, or tractor-trailer combination that is equipped with air brakes;
- (2) is equipped with flashing, rotating, or oscillating amber lights, visible for at least 500 feet in all directions;
- (3) is capable of utilizing the lighting and braking systems of the disabled vehicle or combination of vehicles;

and

(4) does not engage in a tow exceeding 20 miles from the initial point of wreck or disablement. Any additional movement of the vehicles may occur only upon issuance of authorization for that movement under the provisions of Sections 15-301 through 15-319 of this Code. The towing vehicle, however, may tow any disabled vehicle from the initial point of wreck or disablement to a point where repairs are actually to occur. This movement shall be valid only on State routes. The tower must abide by posted bridge weight limits.

Gross weight limits shall not apply to the combination of the tow truck and vehicles being towed. The tow truck license plate must cover the operating empty weight of the tow truck only. The weight of each vehicle being towed shall be covered by a valid license plate issued to the owner or operator of the vehicle being towed and displayed on that vehicle. If no valid plate issued to the owner or operator of that vehicle is displayed on that vehicle, or the plate displayed on that vehicle does not cover the weight of the vehicle, the weight of the vehicle shall be covered by the third tow truck plate issued to the owner or operator of the tow truck and temporarily affixed to the vehicle being towed.

The Department may by rule or regulation prescribe additional requirements. However, nothing in this Code shall prohibit a tow truck under instructions of a police officer from legally clearing a disabled vehicle, that may be in violation of weight limitations of this Chapter, from the roadway to the berm or shoulder of the highway. If in the opinion of the police officer that location is unsafe, the officer is authorized to have the disabled vehicle towed to the nearest place of safety.

For the purpose of this subsection, gross vehicle weight rating, or GVWR, shall mean the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of the tow truck.

(e) No vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with

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pneumatic tires shall be operated, unladen or with load, upon the highways of this State in violation of the provisions of any permit issued under the provisions of Sections 15-301 through 15-319 of this Chapter.

(f) On designated Class I, II, or III highways and the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, no vehicle or combination of vehicles with pneumatic tires may be operated, unladen or with load, when the total weight on the road surface exceeds the following: 20,000 pounds on a single axle; 34,000 pounds on a tandem axle with no axle within the tandem exceeding 20,000 pounds; 80,000 pounds gross weight for vehicle combinations of 5 or more axles; or a total weight on a group of 2 or more consecutive axles in excess of that weight produced by the application of the following formula: W = 500times the sum of (LN divided by N-1) + 12N + 36, where "W" equals overall total weight on any group of 2 or more consecutive axles to the nearest 500 pounds, "L" equals the distance measured to the nearest foot between extremes of any group of 2 or more consecutive axles, and "N" equals the number of axles in the group under consideration.

21 The above formula when expressed in tabular form results in 22 allowable loads as follows:

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23 Distance measured
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24 to the nearest

25 foot between the

26 extremes of any Maximum weight in pounds

27 group of 2 or of any group of

28 more consecutive 2 or more consecutive axles

29 axles

30	feet	2 axles	3 axles	4 axles	5 axles	6 axles
31	4	34,000				
32	5	34,000				
33	6	34,000				
34	7	34,000				
35	8	38,000*	42,000			

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1	9	39,000	42,500			
2	10	40,000	43,500			
3	11		44,000			
4	12		45,000	50,000		
5	13		45,500	50,500		
6	14		46,500	51,500		
7	15		47,000	52,000		
8	16		48,000	52,500	58,000	
9	17		48,500	53,500	58,500	
10	18		49,500	54,000	59,000	
11	19		50,000	54,500	60,000	
12	20		51,000	55,500	60,500	66,000
13	21		51,500	56,000	61,000	66,500
14	22		52,500	56,500	61,500	67,000
15	23		53,000	57 , 500	62 , 500	68,000
16	24		54,000	58,000	63,000	68,500
17	25		54,500	58,500	63 , 500	69,000
18	26		55,500	59 , 500	64,000	69,500
19	27		56,000	60,000	65 , 000	70,000
20	28		57 , 000	60,500	65 , 500	71,000
21	29		57 , 500	61,500	66,000	71,500
22	30		58,500	62,000	66,500	72,000
23	31		59,000	62 , 500	67,500	72,500
24	32		60,000	63,500	68,000	73,000
25	33			64,000	68,500	74,000
26	34			64,500	69,000	74,500
27	35			65 , 500	70,000	75,000
28	36			66,000	70,500	75 , 500
29	37			66,500	71,000	76,000
30	38			67 , 500	72,000	77,000
31	39			68,000	72,500	77,500
32	40			68,500	73,000	78,000
33	41			69,500	73 , 500	78 , 500
34	42			70,000	74,000	79,000
35	43			70,500	75 , 000	80,000
36	44			71,500	75,500	

1	45	72,000 76,000
2	46	72,500 76,500
3	47	73,500 77,500
4	48	74,000 78,000
5	49	74,500 78,500
6	50	75,500 79,000
7	51	76,000 80,000
8	52	76,500
9	53	77,500
10	54	78,000
11	55	78,500
12	56	79,500
13	57	80,000

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*If the distance between 2 axles is 96 inches or less, the 2 axles are tandem axles and the maximum total weight may not exceed 34,000 pounds, notwithstanding the higher limit resulting from the application of the formula.

- 20 - LRB093 05823 DRH 05916 b

Vehicles not in a combination having more than 4 axles may not exceed the weight in the table in this subsection (f) for 4 axles measured between the extreme axles of the vehicle.

Vehicles in a combination having more than 6 axles may not exceed the weight in the table in this subsection (f) for 6 axles measured between the extreme axles of the combination.

Local authorities, with respect to streets and highways under their jurisdiction, without additional fees, may also by ordinance or resolution allow the weight limitations of this subsection, provided the maximum gross weight on any one axle shall not exceed 20,000 pounds and the maximum total weight on any tandem axle shall not exceed 34,000 pounds, on designated highways when appropriate regulatory signs giving notice are erected upon the street or highway or portion of any street or highway affected by the ordinance or resolution.

The following are exceptions to the above formula:

(1) Two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a total weight of 34,000 pounds each if the overall distance between the first and last axles of the consecutive sets of

tandem axles is 36 feet or more.

- (2) Vehicles for which a different limit is established and posted in accordance with Section 15-316 of this Code.
- (3) Vehicles for which the Department of Transportation and local authorities issue overweight permits under authority of Section 15-301 of this Code. These vehicles are not subject to the bridge formula.
- (4) Tow trucks subject to the conditions provided in subsection (d) may not exceed 24,000 pounds on a single rear axle or 44,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle.
- (5) A tandem axle on a 3-axle truck registered as a Special Hauling Vehicle, manufactured prior to or in the model year of 2014, and registered in Illinois prior to January 1, 2015, with a distance between 2 axles in a series greater than 72 inches but not more than 96 inches may not exceed a total weight of 36,000 pounds and neither axle of the series may exceed 18,000 pounds.
- (6) A truck not in combination, equipped with a self compactor or an industrial roll-off hoist and roll-off container, used exclusively for garbage or refuse operations, may, when laden, transmit upon the road surface, except when on part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, the following maximum weights: 22,000 pounds on a single axle; 40,000 pounds on a tandem axle; 36,000 pounds gross weight on a 2-axle vehicle; 54,000 pounds gross weight on a 3-axle vehicle. This vehicle is not subject to the bridge formula.
- (7) Combinations of vehicles, registered as Special Hauling Vehicles that include a semitrailer manufactured prior to or in the model year of 2014, and registered in Illinois prior to January 1, 2015, having 5 axles with a distance of 42 feet or less between extreme axles, may not exceed the following maximum weights: 18,000 pounds on a single axle; 32,000 pounds on a tandem axle; and 72,000 pounds gross weight. This combination of vehicles is not subject to the bridge formula. For all those combinations

of vehicles that include a semitrailer manufactured after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the overall distance between the first and last axles of the 2 sets of tandems must be 18 feet 6 inches or more. Any combination of vehicles that has had its cargo container replaced in its entirety after December 31, 2014 may not exceed the weights allowed by the bridge formula.

No vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with other than pneumatic tires may be operated, unladen or with load, upon the highways of this State when the gross weight on the road surface through any wheel exceeds 800 pounds per inch width of tire tread or when the gross weight on the road surface through any axle exceeds 16,000 pounds.

- (f-1) A vehicle and load not exceeding 73,280 pounds is allowed access as follows:
 - (1) From any State designated highway onto any county, township, or municipal highway for a distance of 5 highway miles for the purpose of loading and unloading, provided:
 - (A) The vehicle and load does not exceed 8 feet 6 inches in width and 65 feet overall length.
 - (B) There is no sign prohibiting that access.
 - (C) The route is not being used as a thoroughfare between State designated highways.
 - (2) From any State designated highway onto any county or township highway for a distance of 5 highway miles, or any municipal highway for a distance of one highway mile for the purpose of food, fuel, repairs, and rest, provided:
 - (A) The vehicle and load does not exceed 8 feet 6 inches in width and 65 feet overall length.
 - (B) There is no sign prohibiting that access.
 - (C) The route is not being used as a thoroughfare between State designated highways.
- (f-2) A vehicle and load greater than 73,280 pounds in weight but not exceeding 80,000 pounds is allowed access as follows:

- (1) From a Class I highway onto any street or highway for a distance of one highway mile for the purpose of loading, unloading, food, fuel, repairs, and rest, provided there is no sign prohibiting that access.
 - (2) From a Class I, II, or III highway onto any State highway or any local designated highway for a distance of 5 highway miles for the purpose of loading, unloading, food, fuel, repairs, and rest.
- Section 5-35 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act relating to procedures for rulemaking shall not apply to the designation of highways under this subsection.
- (g) No person shall operate a vehicle or combination of vehicles over a bridge or other elevated structure constituting part of a highway with a gross weight that is greater than the maximum weight permitted by the Department, when the structure is sign posted as provided in this Section.
- (h) The Department upon request from any local authority shall, or upon its own initiative may, conduct an investigation of any bridge or other elevated structure constituting a part of a highway, and if it finds that the structure cannot with safety to itself withstand the weight of vehicles otherwise permissible under this Code the Department shall determine and declare the maximum weight of vehicles that the structures can withstand, and shall cause or permit suitable signs stating maximum weight to be erected and maintained before each end of the structure. No person shall operate a vehicle or combination of vehicles over any structure with a gross weight that is greater than the posted maximum weight.
- (i) Upon the trial of any person charged with a violation of subsections (g) or (h) of this Section, proof of the determination of the maximum allowable weight by the Department and the existence of the signs, constitutes conclusive evidence of the maximum weight that can be maintained with safety to the bridge or structure.
- 35 (Source: P.A. 92-417, eff. 1-1-02; 93-177, eff. 7-11-03;
- 36 93-186, eff. 1-1-04; revised 8-12-03.)

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1 (625 ILCS 5/15-301) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 15-301)
2 Sec. 15-301. Permits for excess size and weight.

(a) The Department with respect to highways under its jurisdiction and local authorities with respect to highways under their jurisdiction may, in their discretion, application and good cause being shown therefor, issue a special permit authorizing the applicant to operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles of a size or weight of vehicle or load exceeding the maximum specified in this Act or otherwise not in conformity with this Act upon any highway under the jurisdiction of the party granting such permit and for the maintenance of which the party is responsible. Applications and permits other than those in written or printed form may only be accepted from and issued to the company or individual making the movement. Except for an application to move directly across a highway, it shall be the duty of the applicant to establish in the application that the load to be moved by such vehicle or combination is composed of a single nondivisible object that cannot reasonably be dismantled or disassembled. For the purpose of over length movements, more than one object may be carried side by side as long as the height, width, and weight laws are not exceeded and the cause for the over length is not due to multiple objects. For the purpose of over height movements, more than one object may be carried as long as the cause for the over height is not due to multiple objects and the length, width, and weight laws are not exceeded. For the purpose of an over width movement, more than one object may be carried as long as the cause for the over width is not due to multiple objects and length, height, and weight laws are not exceeded. No state or local agency shall authorize the issuance of excess size or weight permits for vehicles and loads that are divisible and that can be carried, when divided, within the existing size or weight maximums specified in this Chapter. Any excess size or weight permit issued in violation of the provisions of this Section shall be

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void at issue and any movement made thereunder shall not be authorized under the terms of the void permit. In any prosecution for a violation of this Chapter when the authorization of an excess size or weight permit is at issue, it is the burden of the defendant to establish that the permit was valid because the load to be moved could not reasonably be dismantled or disassembled, or was otherwise nondivisible.

- (b) The application for any such permit shall: (1) state whether such permit is requested for a single trip or for limited continuous operation; (2) state if the applicant is an authorized carrier under the Illinois Motor Carrier of Property Law, if so, his certificate, registration or permit number issued by the Illinois Commerce Commission; (3) specifically describe and identify the vehicle or vehicles and load to be operated or moved except that for vehicles or vehicle combinations registered by the Department as provided in Section 15-319 of this Chapter, only the Illinois Department of Transportation's (IDT) registration number or classification need be given; (4) state the routing requested including the points of origin and destination, and may identify and include a request for routing to the nearest certified scale in accordance with the Department's rules and regulations, provided the applicant has approval to travel on local roads; and (5) state if the vehicles or loads are being transported for hire. No permits for the movement of a vehicle or load for hire shall be issued to any applicant who is required under the Illinois Motor Carrier of Property Law to have a certificate, registration or permit and does not have such certificate, registration or permit.
- (c) The Department or local authority when not inconsistent with traffic safety is authorized to issue or withhold such permit at its discretion; or, if such permit is issued at its discretion to prescribe the route or routes to be traveled, to limit the number of trips, to establish seasonal or other time limitations within which the vehicles described may be operated on the highways indicated, or otherwise to limit or prescribe

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conditions of operations of such vehicle or vehicles, when against undue necessary to assure damage to the road foundations, surfaces or structures, and may require such undertaking or other security as may be deemed necessary to compensate for any injury to any roadway or road structure. The Department shall maintain a daily record of each permit issued along with the fee and the stipulated dimensions, weights, conditions and restrictions authorized and this record shall be presumed correct in any case of questions or dispute. The Department shall install an automatic device for recording applications received and permits issued by telephone. making application by telephone, the Department and applicant waive all objections to the recording of the conversation.

- (d) The Department shall, upon application in writing from any local authority, issue an annual permit authorizing the local authority to move oversize highway construction, transportation, utility and maintenance equipment over roads under the jurisdiction of the Department. The permit shall be applicable only to equipment and vehicles owned by or registered in the name of the local authority, and no fee shall be charged for the issuance of such permits.
- (e) As an exception to paragraph (a) of this Section, the Department and local authorities, with respect to highways under their respective jurisdictions, in their discretion and upon application in writing may issue a special permit for limited continuous operation, authorizing the applicant to move loads of sweet corn, soybeans, corn, wheat, milo, other small grains and ensilage during the harvest season only on a 2 axle single vehicle registered by the Secretary of State with axle loads not to exceed 35% above those provided in Section 15-111. Permits may be issued for a period not to exceed 40 days and moves may be made of a distance not to exceed 25 miles from a field to a specified processing plant over any highway except the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. All such vehicles shall be operated in the daytime except when weather or crop conditions require emergency operation at

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night, but with respect to such night operation, every such vehicle with load shall be equipped with flashing amber lights as specified under Section 12-215. Upon a declaration by the Governor that an emergency harvest situation exists, a special permit issued by the Department under this Section shall not be required from September 1 through December 31 during harvest season emergencies, provided that the weight does not exceed 20% above the limits provided in Section 15-111. All other restrictions that apply to permits issued under this Section shall apply during the declared time period. With respect to highways under the jurisdiction of local authorities, the local authorities may, at their discretion, waive special permit requirements during harvest season emergencies. This permit exemption shall apply to all vehicles eligible to obtain permits under this Section, including commercial vehicles in use during the declared time period.

(f) The form and content of the permit shall be determined Department with respect to highways under jurisdiction and by local authorities with respect to highways under their jurisdiction. Every permit shall be in written form and carried in the vehicle or combination of vehicles to which it refers and shall be open to inspection by any police officer or authorized agent of any authority granting the permit and no person shall violate any of the terms or conditions of such special permit. Violation of the terms and conditions of the permit shall not be deemed a revocation of the permit; however, any vehicle and load found to be off the route prescribed in the permit shall be held to be operating without a permit. Any off route vehicle and load shall be required to obtain a new permit or permits, as necessary, to authorize the movement back onto the original permit routing. No rule or regulation, nor anything herein shall be construed to authorize any police officer, court, or authorized agent of any authority granting the permit to remove the permit from the possession of the permittee unless the permittee is charged with a fraudulent permit violation as provided in paragraph (i). However, upon

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arrest for an offense of violation of permit, operating without a permit when the vehicle is off route, or any size or weight offense under this Chapter when the permittee plans to raise the issuance of the permit as a defense, the permittee, or his agent, must produce the permit at any court hearing concerning the alleged offense.

If the permit designates and includes a routing to a certified scale, the permitee, while enroute to the designated scale, shall be deemed in compliance with the weight provisions of the permit provided the axle or gross weights do not exceed any of the permitted limits by more than the following amounts:

12 Single axle 2000 pounds
13 Tandem axle 3000 pounds
14 Gross 5000 pounds

- (g) The Department is authorized to adopt, amend, and to make available to interested persons a policy concerning reasonable rules, limitations and conditions or provisions of operation upon highways under its jurisdiction in addition to those contained in this Section for the movement by special permit of vehicles, combinations, or loads which cannot reasonably be dismantled or disassembled, including manufactured and modular home sections and portions thereof. All rules, limitations and conditions or provisions adopted in the policy shall have due regard for the safety of the traveling public and the protection of the highway system and shall have been promulgated in conformity with the provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The requirements of the policy for flagmen and escort vehicles shall be the same for all moves of comparable size and weight. When escort vehicles are required, they shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) All operators shall be 18 years of age or over and properly licensed to operate the vehicle.
 - (2) Vehicles escorting oversized loads more than 12-feet wide must be equipped with a rotating or flashing amber light mounted on top as specified under Section

1 12-215.

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The Department shall establish reasonable rules and regulations regarding liability insurance or self insurance for vehicles with oversized loads promulgated under The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. Police vehicles may be required for escort under circumstances as required by rules and regulations of the Department.

- (h) Violation of any rule, limitation or condition or provision of any permit issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section shall not render the entire permit null and void but the violator shall be deemed guilty of violation of permit and guilty of exceeding any size, weight or load limitations in excess of those authorized by the permit. The prescribed route or routes on the permit are not mere rules, limitations, conditions, or provisions of the permit, but are also the sole extent of the authorization granted by the permit. If a vehicle and load are found to be off the route or routes prescribed by any permit authorizing movement, the vehicle and load are operating without a permit. Any off route movement shall be subject to the size and weight maximums, under the applicable provisions of this Chapter, as determined by the type or class highway upon which the vehicle and load are being operated.
- (i) Whenever any vehicle is operated or movement made under 24 25 a fraudulent permit the permit shall be void, and the person, 26 firm, or corporation to whom such permit was granted, the 27 driver of such vehicle in addition to the person who issued 28 such permit and any accessory, shall be guilty of fraud and 29 either one or all persons may be prosecuted for such violation. 30 Any person, firm, or corporation committing such violation shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and the Department shall 31 32 not issue permits to the person, firm or corporation convicted of such violation for a period of one year after the date of 33 conviction. Penalties for violations of this Section shall be 34 35 in addition to any penalties imposed for violation of other Sections of this Act. 36

- (j) Whenever any vehicle is operated or movement made in violation of a permit issued in accordance with this Section, the person to whom such permit was granted, or the driver of such vehicle, is guilty of such violation and either, but not both, persons may be prosecuted for such violation as stated in this subsection (j). Any person, firm or corporation convicted of such violation shall be quilty of a petty offense and shall be fined for the first offense, not less than \$50 nor more than \$200 and, for the second offense by the same person, firm or corporation within a period of one year, not less than \$200 nor more than \$300 and, for the third offense by the same person, firm or corporation within a period of one year after the date of the first offense, not less than \$300 nor more than \$500 and the Department shall not issue permits to the person, firm or corporation convicted of a third offense during a period of one year after the date of conviction for such third offense.
- (k) Whenever any vehicle is operated on local roads under permits for excess width or length issued by local authorities, such vehicle may be moved upon a State highway for a distance not to exceed one-half mile without a permit for the purpose of crossing the State highway.
- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the Department, with respect to highways under its jurisdiction, and local authorities, with respect to highways under their jurisdiction, may at their discretion authorize the movement of a vehicle in violation of any size or weight requirement, or both, that would not ordinarily be eligible for a permit, when there is a showing of extreme necessity that the vehicle and load should be moved without unnecessary delay.

For the purpose of this subsection, showing of extreme necessity shall be limited to the following: shipments of livestock, hazardous materials, liquid concrete being hauled in a mobile cement mixer, or hot asphalt.

(m) Penalties for violations of this Section shall be in addition to any penalties imposed for violating any other Section of this Code.

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1	(n) The Department with respect to highways under its
2	jurisdiction and local authorities with respect to highways
3	under their jurisdiction, in their discretion and upon
4	application in writing, may issue a special permit for
5	continuous limited operation, authorizing the applicant to
6	operate a tow-truck that exceeds the weight limits provided for
7	in subsection (d) of Section 15-111, provided:
8	(1) no rear single axle of the tow-truck exceeds 26,000

- (1) no rear single axle of the tow-truck exceeds 26,000 pounds;
- (2) no rear tandem axle of the tow-truck exceeds 50,000 pounds;

(2.1) no triple rear axle on a manufactured recovery unit exceeds 56,000 pounds;

- (3) neither the disabled vehicle nor the disabled combination of vehicles exceed the weight restrictions imposed by this Chapter 15, or the weight limits imposed under a permit issued by the Department prior to hookup;
- (4) the tow-truck prior to hookup does not exceed the weight restrictions imposed by this Chapter 15;
- (5) during the tow operation the tow-truck does not violate any weight restriction sign;
- (6) the tow-truck is equipped with flashing, rotating, or oscillating amber lights, visible for at least 500 feet in all directions;
- (7) the tow-truck is specifically designed and licensed as a tow-truck;
- (8) the tow-truck has a gross vehicle weight rating of sufficient capacity to safely handle the load;
 - (9) the tow-truck is equipped with air brakes;
- (10) the tow-truck is capable of utilizing the lighting and braking systems of the disabled vehicle or combination of vehicles;
- (11) the tow commences at the initial point of wreck or disablement and terminates at a point where the repairs are actually to occur the tow distance of the tow does not exceed 50 miles from the point of disablement to a place of

1 repair or safekeeping;

- 2 (12) the permit issued to the tow-truck is carried in
- 3 the tow-truck and exhibited on demand by a police officer;
- 4 and
- 5 (13) the movement shall be valid only on state routes
- 6 approved by the Department.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 90-89, eff. 1-1-98; 90-228, eff. 7-25-97; 90-655,
- 8 eff. 7-30-98; 90-676, eff. 7-31-98; 91-569, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 9 (625 ILCS 5/15-308.2)
- Sec. 15-308.2. Fees for special permits for tow-trucks. The
- 11 fee for a special permit to operate a tow-truck pursuant to
- subsection (n) of Section 15-301 is $\frac{$50}{}$ quarterly and $\frac{$200}{}$
- 13 \$2,000 annually.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 91-569, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 15 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 16 becoming law.