

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB3784

Introduced 2/9/2024, by Sen. Mike Simmons

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

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5 ILCS 140/7.5
20 ILCS 2305/2
                                      from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 22
210 ILCS 85/6.17
225 ILCS 60/64
225 ILCS 65/70-170
225 ILCS 95/25
410 ILCS 50/3
                                     from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 5403
410 ILCS 325/Act title
410 ILCS 325/1
                                      from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7401
410 ILCS 325/2
                                      from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7402
410 ILCS 325/3
                                      from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7403
410 ILCS 325/4
                                      from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7404
410 ILCS 325/5
                                     from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7405
410 ILCS 325/5.5
                                     from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7405.5
410 ILCS 325/6
                                     from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7406
410 ILCS 325/7
                                     from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7407
410 ILCS 325/8
                                     from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7408
410 ILCS 325/9
                                     from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7409
325 ILCS 5/5
                                      from Ch. 23, par. 2055
410 ILCS 335/15
705 ILCS 405/2-11
                                      from Ch. 37, par. 802-11
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Amends the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act. Changes the short title of the Act to the Illinois Sexually Transmitted Infection Control Act. Changes references to "sexually transmissible diseases" to "sexually transmitted infections". Makes conforming changes throughout the statutes. Provides that, in determining which infections are to be designated sexually transmitted infections, the Department of Public Health shall consider human papillomavirus (HPV) and mpox. Effective immediately.

LRB103 36440 CES 66542 b

1 AN ACT concerning health.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by changing Section 7.5 as follows:
- 6 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)

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- 7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-472)
- Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be
- 10 exempt from inspection and copying:
- 11 (a) All information determined to be confidential 12 under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and 13 Development Act.
  - (b) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials under the Library Records Confidentiality Act.
  - (c) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.
- 23 (d) Information and records held by the Department of

Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually <u>transmitted</u> <u>infection</u> <u>transmissible disease</u> or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually <u>Transmitted Infection</u> <u>Transmissible Disease</u> Control Act.

- (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
- (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
- (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
- (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.
- (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers

under the Emergency Telephone System Act.

- (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.
- (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act (repealed). This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
- (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
- (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the

Department of Transportation under Sections 2705-300 and 2705-616 of the Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act, or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act (repealed).

- (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Record Review Act.
- (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.
- (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
  - (t) (Blank).
- (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under the Developmental Disability and Mental Health Safety Act (also known as Brian's Law).
- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the

- 1 Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
  - (v-5) Records of the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board that are exempted from disclosure under Section 10 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
    - (w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.
    - (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
    - (y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
    - (z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
    - (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.
    - (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

1	(cc)	Rec	ording	s made	under	the	Law	Enfo	rcement
2	Officer-W	orn	Body	Camera	Act,	except	to	the	extent
3	authorize								

- (dd) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.
- (ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.
- (ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
- (gg) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (hh) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
- (ii) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- (jj) Information and reports that are required to be submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day and Temporary Labor Services Act.
- (kk) Information prohibited from disclosure under the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.
  - (11) Information the disclosure of which is restricted

1	and	exempted	under	Section	5-30.8	of	the	Illinois	Public
2	Aid	Code.							

- (mm) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 4.2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act.
- (nn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 70 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act.
- (00) Communications, notes, records, and reports arising out of a peer support counseling session prohibited from disclosure under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
- (pp) Names and all identifying information relating to an employee of an emergency services provider or law enforcement agency under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
- (qq) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives collected under the Reproductive Health Act.
- (rr) Information that is exempt from disclosure under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.
- (ss) Data reported by an employer to the Department of Human Rights pursuant to Section 2-108 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.
- (tt) Recordings made under the Children's Advocacy Center Act, except to the extent authorized under that Act.
- (uu) Information that is exempt from disclosure under

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1	Section 50 of the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act.
2	(vv) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
3	subsections (f) and (j) of Section 5-36 of the Illinois
4	Public Aid Code.
5	(ww) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
6	Section 16.8 of the State Treasurer Act.
7	(xx) Information that is exempt from disclosure or
8	information that shall not be made public under the
9	Illinois Insurance Code.
10	(yy) Information prohibited from being disclosed under
11	the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act.
12	(zz) Information prohibited from being disclosed under
13	the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.
14	(aaa) Information prohibited from being disclosed
15	under Section 1-167 of the Illinois Pension Code.
16	(bbb) Information that is prohibited from disclosure
17	by the Illinois Police Training Act and the Illinois State
18	Police Act.
19	(ccc) Records exempt from disclosure under Section
20	2605-304 of the Illinois State Police Law of the Civil
21	Administrative Code of Illinois.
22	(ddd) Information prohibited from being disclosed
23	under Section 35 of the Address Confidentiality for

Victims of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human

(eee) Information prohibited from being disclosed

Trafficking, or Stalking Act.

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1	under	subsection	(b)	of	Section	75	of	the	Domestic
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- (fff) Images from cameras under the Expressway Camera Act. This subsection (fff) is inoperative on and after July 1, 2025.
- (ggg) Information prohibited from disclosure under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 14 of the Nurse Agency Licensing Act.
  - (hhh) Information submitted to the Illinois State Police in an affidavit or application for an assault weapon endorsement, assault weapon attachment endorsement, .50 caliber rifle endorsement, or .50 caliber cartridge endorsement under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
- (iii) Data exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of the School Safety Drill Act.
- 17 <u>(jjj)</u> (hhh) Information exempt from disclosure under 18 Section 30 of the Insurance Data Security Law.
- 19 <u>(kkk)</u> <del>(iii)</del> Confidential business information 20 prohibited from disclosure under Section 45 of the Paint 21 Stewardship Act.

## (lll) (Reserved).

- 23 (mmm) (iii) Information prohibited from being 24 disclosed under subsection (e) of Section 1-129 of the 25 Illinois Power Agency Act.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 102-36, eff. 6-25-21; 102-237, eff. 1-1-22;

- 1 102-292, eff. 1-1-22; 102-520, eff. 8-20-21; 102-559, eff.
- 2 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-946, eff. 7-1-22;
- 3 102-1042, eff. 6-3-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23; 103-8, eff.
- 4 6-7-23; 103-34, eff. 6-9-23; 103-142, eff. 1-1-24; 103-372,
- 5 eff. 1-1-24; 103-508, eff. 8-4-23; 103-580, eff. 12-8-23;
- 6 revised 1-2-24.)
- 7 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-472)
- 8 Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for
- 9 by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be
- 10 exempt from inspection and copying:
- 11 (a) All information determined to be confidential
- 12 under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and
- 13 Development Act.
- 14 (b) Library circulation and order records identifying
- 15 library users with specific materials under the Library
- 16 Records Confidentiality Act.
- 17 (c) Applications, related documents, and medical
- 18 records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
- 19 Procedures Board and any and all documents or other
- 20 records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation
- 21 Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it
- 22 has received.
- 23 (d) Information and records held by the Department of
- 24 Public Health and its authorized representatives relating
- 25 to known or suspected cases of sexually <u>transmitted</u>

infection	tran	<del>smissib</del>	<del>le </del>	<del>disease</del>	or	any	inform	ation	the
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- (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
- (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
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- (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.
- (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.
  - (k) Law enforcement officer identification information

or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

- (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.
- (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act (repealed). This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
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- (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Department of Transportation under Sections 2705-300 and 2705-616 of the Department of Transportation Law of the

Civil	Administ	rative	Code	of	Illinois	5,	the	Reg	rional
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County	Transit	District	under	the	Bi-Sta	te T	ransi	t S	afety
Act (re	epealed).								

- (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Record Review Act.
- (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.
- (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
  - (t) (Blank).
- (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under the Developmental Disability and Mental Health Safety Act (also known as Brian's Law).
- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
  - (v-5) Records of the Firearm Owner's Identification

1 Card Review Board that are exempted from disclosure under 2 Section 10 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.

- (w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.
- (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.
- (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent

- 1 authorized under that Act.
  - (dd) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.
    - (ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.
    - (ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
    - (gg) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
    - (hh) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
    - (ii) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
    - (jj) Information and reports that are required to be submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day and Temporary Labor Services Act.
    - (kk) Information prohibited from disclosure under the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.
    - (11) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 5-30.8 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

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1	(mm) Records that are exempt from disclosure under
2	Section 4.2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act.
3	(nn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
4	Section 70 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act.
5	(00) Communications, notes, records, and reports
6	arising out of a peer support counseling session
7	prohibited from disclosure under the First Responders
8	Suicide Prevention Act.
9	(pp) Names and all identifying information relating to
10	an employee of an emergency services provider or law
11	enforcement agency under the First Responders Suicide
12	Prevention Act.
13	(qq) Information and records held by the Department of
14	Public Health and its authorized representatives collected
15	under the Reproductive Health Act.
16	(rr) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
17	the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.
18	(ss) Data reported by an employer to the Department of
19	Human Rights pursuant to Section 2-108 of the Illinois
20	Human Rights Act.
21	(tt) Recordings made under the Children's Advocacy
22	Center Act, except to the extent authorized under that
23	Act.

(uu) Information that is exempt from disclosure under

(vv) Information that is exempt from disclosure under

Section 50 of the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act.

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1	subsections (f) and (j) of Section 5-36 of the Illinois
2	Public Aid Code.
3	(ww) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
4	Section 16.8 of the State Treasurer Act.
5	(xx) Information that is exempt from disclosure or
6	information that shall not be made public under the
7	Illinois Insurance Code.
8	(yy) Information prohibited from being disclosed under
9	the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act.
10	(zz) Information prohibited from being disclosed under
11	the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.
12	(aaa) Information prohibited from being disclosed
13	under Section 1-167 of the Illinois Pension Code.
14	(bbb) Information that is prohibited from disclosure
15	by the Illinois Police Training Act and the Illinois State
16	Police Act.
17	(ccc) Records exempt from disclosure under Section
18	2605-304 of the Illinois State Police Law of the Civil
19	Administrative Code of Illinois.
20	(ddd) Information prohibited from being disclosed
21	under Section 35 of the Address Confidentiality for
22	Victims of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human
23	Trafficking, or Stalking Act.
24	(eee) Information prohibited from being disclosed

under subsection (b) of Section 75 of the Domestic

Violence Fatality Review Act.

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1	(fff)	Images	from	cameras	under	the E	xpress	way	Camera
2	Act. This	s subsec	tion	(fff)	is ino	perati <sup>,</sup>	ve on	and	after
3	Julv 1, 2	025.							

- (ggg) Information prohibited from disclosure under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 14 of the Nurse Agency Licensing Act.
- (hhh) Information submitted to the Illinois State
  Police in an affidavit or application for an assault
  weapon endorsement, assault weapon attachment endorsement,
  .50 caliber rifle endorsement, or .50 caliber cartridge
  endorsement under the Firearm Owners Identification Card
  Act.
- 13 (iii) Data exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of 14 the School Safety Drill Act.
- 15 <u>(jjj) (hhh)</u> Information exempt from disclosure under 16 Section 30 of the Insurance Data Security Law.
- 17 <u>(kkk)</u> <del>(iii)</del> Confidential business information 18 prohibited from disclosure under Section 45 of the Paint 19 Stewardship Act.
- 20 <u>(111)</u> Data exempt from disclosure under Section 21 2-3.196 of the School Code.
- 22 <u>(mmm)</u> <del>(iii)</del> Information prohibited from being 23 disclosed under subsection (e) of Section 1-129 of the 24 Illinois Power Agency Act.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 102-36, eff. 6-25-21; 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-292, eff. 1-1-22; 102-520, eff. 8-20-21; 102-559, eff.

- 1 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-946, eff. 7-1-22;
- 2 102-1042, eff. 6-3-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23; 103-8, eff.
- 3 6-7-23; 103-34, eff. 6-9-23; 103-142, eff. 1-1-24; 103-372,
- 4 eff. 1-1-24; 103-472, eff. 8-1-24; 103-508, eff. 8-4-23;
- 5 103-580, eff. 12-8-23; revised 1-2-24.)
- 6 Section 10. The Department of Public Health Act is amended
- 7 by changing Section 2 as follows:
- 8 (20 ILCS 2305/2) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 22)
- 9 Sec. 2. Powers.
- 10 (a) The State Department of Public Health has general
- 11 supervision of the interests of the health and lives of the
- 12 people of the State. It has supreme authority in matters of
- 13 quarantine and isolation, and may declare and enforce
- 14 quarantine and isolation when none exists, and may modify or
- 15 relax quarantine and isolation when it has been established.
- 16 The Department may adopt, promulgate, repeal and amend rules
- 17 and regulations and make such sanitary investigations and
- 18 inspections as it may from time to time deem necessary for the
- 19 preservation and improvement of the public health, consistent
- 20 with law regulating the following:
- 21 (1) Transportation of the remains of deceased persons.
- 22 (2) Sanitary practices relating to drinking water made
- 23 accessible to the public for human consumption or for
- lavatory or culinary purposes.

- (3) Sanitary practices relating to rest room facilities made accessible to the public or to persons handling food served to the public.
  - (4) Sanitary practices relating to disposal of human wastes in or from all buildings and places where people live, work or assemble.

The provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act are hereby expressly adopted and shall apply to all administrative rules and procedures of the Department of Public Health under this Act, except that Section 5-35 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act relating to procedures for rule-making does not apply to the adoption of any rule required by federal law in connection with which the Department is precluded by law from exercising any discretion.

All local boards of health, health authorities and officers, police officers, sheriffs and all other officers and employees of the state or any locality shall enforce the rules and regulations so adopted and orders issued by the Department pursuant to this Section.

The Department of Public Health shall conduct a public information campaign to inform Hispanic women of the high incidence of breast cancer and the importance of mammograms and where to obtain a mammogram. This requirement may be satisfied by translation into Spanish and distribution of the breast cancer summaries required by Section 2310-345 of the Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law (20 ILCS)

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2310/2310-345). The information provided by the Department of
Public Health shall include (i) a statement that mammography
is the most accurate method for making an early detection of
breast cancer, however, no diagnostic tool is 100% effective
and (ii) instructions for performing breast self-examination
and a statement that it is important to perform a breast
self-examination monthly.

The Department of Public Health shall investigate the causes of dangerously contagious or infectious diseases, especially when existing in epidemic form, and take means to restrict and suppress the same, and whenever such disease becomes, or threatens to become epidemic, in any locality and the local board of health or local authorities neglect or refuse to enforce efficient measures for its restriction or suppression or to act with sufficient promptness efficiency, or whenever the local board of health or local authorities neglect or refuse to promptly enforce efficient measures for the restriction or suppression of dangerously contagious or infectious diseases, the Department of Public Health may enforce such measures as it deems necessary to protect the public health, and all necessary expenses so incurred shall be paid by the locality for which services are rendered.

(b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c), the Department may order a person or group of persons to be quarantined or isolated or may order a place to be closed and

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made off limits to the public to prevent the probable spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease, including non-compliant tuberculosis patients, until such time as the condition can be corrected or the danger to the public health eliminated or reduced in such a manner that no substantial danger to the public's health any longer exists. Orders for isolation of a person or quarantine of a place to prevent the of a sexually transmitted infection probable spread transmissible disease shall be governed by the provisions of Section 7 of the Illinois Sexually Transmitted Infection Transmissible Disease Control Act and not this Section.

(c) Except as provided in this Section, no person or a group of persons may be ordered to be quarantined or isolated and no place may be ordered to be closed and made off limits to the public except with the consent of the person or owner of the place or upon the prior order of a court of competent jurisdiction. The Department may, however, order a person or a group of persons to be quarantined or isolated or may order a place to be closed and made off limits to the public on an immediate basis without prior consent or court order if, in the reasonable judgment of the Department, immediate action is required to protect the public from a dangerously contagious or infectious disease. In the event of an immediate order issued without prior consent or court order, the Department shall, as soon as practical, within 48 hours after issuing the order, obtain the consent of the person or owner or file a

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petition requesting a court order authorizing the isolation or quarantine or closure. When exigent circumstances exist that cause the court system to be unavailable or that make it impossible to obtain consent or file a petition within 48 hours after issuance of an immediate order, the Department must obtain consent or file a petition requesting a court order as soon as reasonably possible. To obtain a court order, the Department, by clear and convincing evidence, must prove that the public's health and welfare are significantly endangered by a person or group of persons that has, that is suspected of having, that has been exposed to, or that is reasonably believed to have been exposed to a dangerously contagious or infectious disease including non-compliant tuberculosis patients or by a place where there is a significant amount of activity likely to spread a dangerously contagious or infectious disease. The Department must also prove that all other reasonable means of correcting the exhausted and less problem have been no restrictive alternative exists. For purposes of this subsection, in determining whether no less restrictive alternative exists, the court shall consider evidence showing that, under the circumstances presented by the case in which an order is sought, quarantine or isolation is the measure provided for in a rule of the Department or in quidelines issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or the World Health Organization. Persons who are or are about to be ordered to be

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isolated or quarantined and owners of places that are or are about to be closed and made off limits to the public shall have the right to counsel. If a person or owner is indigent, the court shall appoint counsel for that person or owner. Persons who are ordered to be isolated or quarantined or who are owners of places that are ordered to be closed and made off limits to the public, shall be given a written notice of such order. The written notice shall additionally include the following: (1) notice of the right to counsel; (2) notice that if the person or owner is indigent, the court will appoint counsel for that person or owner; (3) notice of the reason for the order for isolation, quarantine, or closure; (4) notice of whether the order is an immediate order, and if so, the time frame for the Department to seek consent or to file a petition requesting a court order as set out in this subsection; and (5) notice of the anticipated duration of the isolation, quarantine, or closure.

(d) The Department may order physical examinations and tests and collect laboratory specimens as necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of individuals in order to prevent the probable spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease. Physical examinations, tests, or collection of laboratory specimens must not be such as are reasonably likely to lead to serious harm to the affected individual. To prevent the spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease, the Department may, pursuant to the provisions of subsection

(c) of this Section, isolate or quarantine any person whose 1 2 refusal of physical examination or testing or collection of laboratory specimens results in uncertainty regarding whether 3 he or she has been exposed to or is infected with a dangerously 5 contagious or infectious disease or otherwise poses a danger to the public's health. An individual may refuse to consent to 6 7 a physical examination, test, or collection of laboratory 8 specimens. An individual shall be given a written notice that 9 shall include notice of the following: (i) that the individual 10 may refuse to consent to physical examination, test, or 11 collection of laboratory specimens; (ii) that if the 12 individual consents to physical examination, tests, 13 laboratory specimens, the results of that collection of 14 examination, test, or collection of laboratory specimens may 15 subject the individual to isolation or quarantine pursuant to 16 the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section; (iii) that 17 if the individual refuses to consent to physical examination, tests, or collection of laboratory specimens and that refusal 18 19 results in uncertainty regarding whether he or she has been 20 exposed to or is infected with a dangerously contagious or infectious disease or otherwise poses a danger to the public's 21 22 health, the individual may be subject to isolation or 23 quarantine pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section; and (iv) that if the individual refuses to 24 25 consent to physical examinations, tests, or collection of 26 laboratory specimens and becomes subject to isolation and

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- quarantine as provided in this subsection (d), he or she shall
  have the right to counsel pursuant to the provisions of
  subsection (c) of this Section. To the extent feasible without
  endangering the public's health, the Department shall respect
  and accommodate the religious beliefs of individuals in
  implementing this subsection.
  - The Department may order the administration of vaccines, medications, or other treatments to persons as necessary in order to prevent the probable spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease. A vaccine, medication, or other treatment to be administered must not be such as is reasonably likely to lead to serious harm to the affected individual. To prevent the spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease, the Department may, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section, isolate or quarantine persons who are unable or unwilling to receive vaccines, medications, or other treatments pursuant to this Section. An individual may refuse to receive vaccines, medications, or other treatments. An individual shall be given a written notice that shall include notice of the following: (i) that the individual may refuse to consent to vaccines, medications, or other treatments; (ii) that if the individual refuses to receive vaccines, medications, or other treatments, the individual may be subject to isolation or quarantine pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section; and (iii) that if the individual refuses to receive vaccines,

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medications, or other treatments and becomes subject to isolation or quarantine as provided in this subsection (e), he or she shall have the right to counsel pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section. To the extent feasible without endangering the public's health, the Department shall respect and accommodate the religious beliefs of individuals in implementing this subsection.

(f) The Department may order observation and monitoring of persons to prevent the probable spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease. To prevent the spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease, the Department may, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section, isolate or quarantine persons whose refusal to undergo observation and monitoring results in uncertainty regarding whether he or she has been exposed to or is infected with a dangerously contagious or infectious disease or otherwise poses a danger to the public's health. An individual to undergo observation and monitoring. mav refuse individual shall be given written notice that shall include notice of the following: (i) that the individual may refuse to undergo observation and monitoring; (ii) that if the individual consents to observation and monitoring, the results of that observation and monitoring may subject the individual to isolation or quarantine pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section; (iii) that if the individual refuses to undergo observation and monitoring and that refusal

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results in uncertainty regarding whether he or she has been exposed to or is infected with a dangerously contagious or infectious disease or otherwise poses a danger to the public's health, the individual may be subject to isolation or quarantine pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section; and (iv) that if the individual refuses to undergo observation and monitoring and becomes subject to isolation or quarantine as provided in this subsection (f), he or she shall have the right to counsel pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section.

(g) To prevent the spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease among humans, the Department may examine, test, disinfect, seize, or destroy animals or other related property believed to be sources of infection. An owner of such animal or other related property shall be given written notice regarding such examination, testing, disinfection, seizure, or destruction. When the Department determines that any animal or related property is infected with or has been exposed to a dangerously contagious or infectious disease, it may agree with the owner upon the value of the animal or of any related property that it may be found necessary to destroy, and in case such an agreement cannot be made, the animals or related property shall be appraised by 3 competent and disinterested appraisers, one to be selected by the Department, one by the claimant, and one by the 2 appraisers thus selected. The appraisers shall subscribe to an oath made in writing to

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fairly value the animals or related property in accordance with the requirements of this Act. The oath, together with the valuation fixed by the appraisers, shall be filed with the Department and preserved by it. Upon the appraisal being made, the owner or the Department shall immediately destroy the animals by "humane euthanasia" as that term is defined in Section 2.09 of the Humane Care for Animals Act. Dogs and cats, however, shall be euthanized pursuant to the provisions of the Humane Euthanasia in Animal Shelters Act. The owner or the Department shall additionally, dispose of the carcasses, and disinfect, change, or destroy the premises occupied by the animals, in accordance with rules prescribed by the Department governing such destruction and disinfection. Upon his or her failure so to do or to cooperate with the Department, the Department shall cause the animals or related property to be destroyed and disposed of in the same manner, and thereupon the owner shall forfeit all right to receive any compensation for the destruction of the animals or related property. All final administrative decisions of the Department hereunder shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Review Law, and all amendments and modifications thereof, and the rules adopted pursuant thereto. The term "administrative decision" is defined as in Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(h) To prevent the spread of a dangerously contagious or infectious disease, the Department, local boards of health,

and local public health authorities shall have emergency 1 2 access to medical or health information or records or data 3 upon the condition that the Department, local boards of health, and local public health authorities shall protect the 5 privacy and confidentiality of any medical or health 6 information or records or data obtained pursuant to this with federal 7 Section in accordance and State law. 8 Additionally, any such medical or health information or 9 records or data shall be exempt from inspection and copying under the Freedom of Information Act. Other than a hearing for 10 11 the purpose of this Act, any information, records, reports, 12 statements, notes, memoranda, or other data in the possession of the Department, local boards of health, or local public 13 health authorities shall not be admissible as evidence, nor 14 15 discoverable in any action of any kind in any court or before 16 any tribunal, board, agency, or person. The access to or 17 disclosure of any of this information or data by the Department, a local board of health, or a local public 18 authority shall not waive or have any effect upon its 19 20 non-discoverability or non-admissibility. Any facility, institution, or agency that provides emergency 21 22 access to health information and data under this subsection 23 shall have immunity from any civil or criminal liability, or any other type of liability that might otherwise result by 24 25 reason of these actions except in the event of willful and wanton misconduct. The privileged quality of communication 26

- between any professional person or any facility shall not constitute grounds for failure to provide emergency access. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the sharing of information as authorized in Section 2.1 of this Act. The disclosure of any of this information, records, reports, statements, notes, memoranda, or other data obtained in any activity under this Act, except that necessary for the purposes of this Act, is unlawful, and any person convicted of violating this provision is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (i) (A) The Department, in order to prevent and control disease, injury, or disability among citizens of the State of Illinois, may develop and implement, in consultation with local public health authorities, a Statewide system for syndromic data collection through the access to interoperable networks, information exchanges, and databases. The Department may also develop a system for the reporting of comprehensive, integrated data to identify and address unusual occurrences of disease symptoms and other medical complexes affecting the public's health.
  - (B) The Department may enter into contracts or agreements with individuals, corporations, hospitals, universities, not-for-profit corporations, governmental entities, or other organizations, whereby those individuals or entities agree to provide assistance in the compilation of the syndromic data collection and reporting

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- (C) The Department shall not release any syndromic data or information obtained pursuant to this subsection to any individuals or entities for purposes other than the protection of the public health. All access to data by the Department, reports made to the Department, the identity of or facts that would tend to lead to the identity of the individual who is the subject of the report, and the identity of or facts that would tend to lead to the identity of the author of the report shall be strictly confidential, are not subject to inspection dissemination, and shall be used only for public health local purposes by the Department, public authorities, or the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Entities or individuals submitting reports or providing access to the Department shall not be held liable for the release of information or confidential data to the Department in accordance with this subsection.
  - (D) Nothing in this subsection prohibits the sharing of information as authorized in Section 2.1 of this Act.
- (j) This Section shall be considered supplemental to the existing authority and powers of the Department and shall not be construed to restrain or restrict the Department in protecting the public health under any other provisions of the law.
  - (k) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates

- any false information or report concerning the existence of any dangerously contagious or infectious disease in connection with the Department's power of quarantine, isolation and closure or refuses to comply with a quarantine, isolation or closure order is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (1) The Department of Public Health may establish and maintain a chemical and bacteriologic laboratory for the examination of water and wastes, and for the diagnosis of diphtheria, typhoid fever, tuberculosis, malarial fever and such other diseases as it deems necessary for the protection of the public health.

As used in this Act, "locality" means any governmental agency which exercises power pertaining to public health in an area less than the State.

The terms "sanitary investigations and inspections" and "sanitary practices" as used in this Act shall not include or apply to "Public Water Supplies" or "Sewage Works" as defined in the Environmental Protection Act. The Department may adopt rules that are reasonable and necessary to implement and effectuate this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly.

(m) The public health measures set forth in subsections

(a) through (h) of this Section may be used by the Department
to respond to chemical, radiological, or nuclear agents or
events. The individual provisions of subsections (a) through

(h) of this Section apply to any order issued by the Department
under this Section. The provisions of subsection (k) apply to

- chemical, radiological, or nuclear agents or events. Prior to 1 2 the Department issuing an order for public health measures set forth in this Act for chemical, radiological, or nuclear 3 agents or events as authorized in subsection (m), 5 Department and the Illinois Emergency Management Agency shall 6 consult in accordance with the Illinois emergency response framework. When responding to chemical, radiological, or 7 8 nuclear agents or events, the Department shall determine the 9 health related risks and appropriate public health response 10 measures and provide recommendations for response to the 11 Illinois Emergency Management Agency. Nothing in this Section 12 shall supersede the current National Incident Management 13 System and the Illinois Emergency Operation Plan or response plans and procedures established pursuant to IEMA statutes. 14
- 15 (Source: P.A. 96-698, eff. 8-25-09.)
- Section 15. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by changing Section 6.17 as follows:
- 18 (210 ILCS 85/6.17)
- 19 Sec. 6.17. Protection of and confidential access to 20 medical records and information.
- 21 (a) Every hospital licensed under this Act shall develop a 22 medical record for each of its patients as required by the
- 23 Department by rule.
- 24 (b) All information regarding a hospital patient gathered

- by the hospital's medical staff and its agents and employees shall be the property and responsibility of the hospital and must be protected from inappropriate disclosure as provided in this Section.
  - (c) Every hospital shall preserve its medical records in a format and for a duration established by hospital policy and for not less than 10 years, provided that if the hospital has been notified in writing by an attorney before the expiration of the 10 year retention period that there is litigation pending in court involving the record of a particular patient as possible evidence and that the patient is his client or is the person who has instituted such litigation against his client, then the hospital shall retain the record of that patient until notified in writing by the plaintiff's attorney, with the approval of the defendant's attorney of record, that the case in court involving such record has been concluded or for a period of 12 years from the date that the record was produced, whichever occurs first in time.
  - (d) No member of a hospital's medical staff and no agent or employee of a hospital shall disclose the nature or details of services provided to patients, except that the information may be disclosed to the patient, persons authorized by the patient, the party making treatment decisions, if the patient is incapable of making decisions regarding the health services provided, those parties directly involved with providing treatment to the patient or processing the payment for that

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- treatment, those parties responsible for peer review, utilization review or quality assurance, risk management, or defense of claims brought against the hospital arising out of the care, and those parties required to be notified under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, the Sexually <u>Transmitted Infection</u> <del>Transmissible Disease</del> Control 7 Act, or where otherwise authorized or required by law.
  - The hospital's medical staff members (e) and the hospital's agents and employees may communicate, at any time and in any fashion, with legal counsel for the hospital concerning the patient medical record privacy and retention requirements of this Section and any care or treatment they provided or assisted in providing to any patient within the scope of their employment or affiliation with the hospital.
  - (e-5) Notwithstanding subsections (d) and (e), for actions filed on or after January 1, 2004, after a complaint for healing art malpractice is served upon the hospital or upon its agents or employees, members of the hospital's medical staff who are not actual or alleged agents, employees, or apparent agents of the hospital may not communicate with legal counsel for the hospital or with risk management of the hospital concerning the claim alleged in the complaint for healing art malpractice against the hospital except with the patient's consent or in discovery authorized by the Code of Civil Procedure or the Supreme Court rules. For the purposes of this subsection (e-5), "hospital" includes a hospital

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- affiliate as defined in subsection (b) of Section 10.8 of this

  Act.
- 3 (f) Each hospital licensed under this Act shall provide 4 its federally designated organ procurement agency and any 5 tissue bank with which it has an agreement with access to the 6 medical records of deceased patients for the following 7 purposes:
- 8 (1) estimating the hospital's organ and tissue 9 donation potential;
  - (2) identifying the educational needs of the hospital with respect to organ and tissue donation; and
  - (3) identifying the number of organ and tissue donations and referrals to potential organ and tissue donors.
  - (g) All hospital and patient information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, and other data obtained or created by a tissue bank or federally designated organ procurement agency from the medical records review described in subsection (f) shall be privileged, strictly confidential, and used only for the purposes put forth in subsection (f) of this Section and shall not be admissible as evidence nor discoverable in an action of any kind in court or before a tribunal, board, agency, or person.
  - (h) Any person who, in good faith, acts in accordance with the terms of this Section shall not be subject to any type of civil or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional

- 1 conduct for those actions under any professional licensing
- 2 statute.
- 3 (i) Any individual who wilfully or wantonly discloses
- 4 hospital or medical record information in violation of this
- 5 Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. As used in this
- 6 subsection, "wilfully or wantonly" means a course of action
- 7 that shows an actual or deliberate intention to cause harm or
- 8 that, if not intentional, shows an utter indifference to or
- 9 conscious disregard for the safety of others or their
- 10 property.
- 11 (j) The changes to this Section made by this amendatory
- 12 Act of the 93rd General Assembly apply to any action filed on
- or after January 1, 2004.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 93-492, eff. 1-1-04.)
- Section 20. The Medical Practice Act of 1987 is amended by
- 16 changing Section 64 as follows:
- 17 (225 ILCS 60/64)
- 18 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2027)
- 19 Sec. 64. Sexually Transmitted Infection <del>Transmissible</del>
- 20 <del>Disease</del> Control Act. No licensee under this Act may be
- 21 disciplined for providing expedited partner therapy in
- 22 accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Sexually
- 23 Transmitted Infection Transmissible Disease Control Act.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 96-613, eff. 1-1-10.)

- 1 Section 25. The Nurse Practice Act is amended by changing
- 2 Section 70-170 as follows:
- 3 (225 ILCS 65/70-170)
- 4 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
- 5 Sec. 70-170. Sexually <u>Transmitted Infection</u> <del>Transmissible</del>
- 6 Disease Control Act. No licensee under this Act may be
- 7 disciplined for providing expedited partner therapy in
- 8 accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Sexually
- 9 Transmitted Infection Transmissible Disease Control Act.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 96-613, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 11 Section 30. The Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987
- is amended by changing Section 25 as follows:
- 13 (225 ILCS 95/25)
- 14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2028)
- 15 Sec. 25. Sexually <u>Transmitted Infection</u> <del>Transmissible</del>
- 16 Disease Control Act. No licensee under this Act may be
- 17 disciplined for providing expedited partner therapy in
- 18 accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Sexually
- 19 Transmitted Infection Transmissible Disease Control Act.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 96-613, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 21 Section 35. The Medical Patient Rights Act is amended by

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changing Section 3 as follows:

- 2 (410 ILCS 50/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 5403)
  - Sec. 3. The following rights are hereby established:
    - (a) The right of each patient to care consistent with sound nursing and medical practices, to be informed of the name of the physician responsible for coordinating his or her care, to receive information concerning his or her condition and proposed treatment, to refuse any treatment to the extent permitted by law, and to privacy and confidentiality of records except as otherwise provided by law.
    - (b) The right of each patient, regardless of source of payment, to examine and receive a reasonable explanation of his total bill for services rendered by his physician or health care provider, including the itemized charges for specific services received. Each physician or health care provider shall be responsible only for a reasonable explanation of those specific services provided by such physician or health care provider.
    - (c) In the event an insurance company or health services corporation cancels or refuses to renew an individual policy or plan, the insured patient shall be entitled to timely, prior notice of the termination of such policy or plan.

An insurance company or health services corporation

that requires any insured patient or applicant for new or continued insurance or coverage to be tested for infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) shall (1) give the patient or applicant prior written notice of such requirement, (2) proceed with such testing only upon the written authorization of the applicant or patient, and (3) keep the results of such testing confidential. Notice of an adverse underwriting or coverage decision may be given to any appropriately interested party, but the insurer may only disclose the test result itself to a physician designated by the applicant or patient, and any such disclosure shall be in a manner that assures confidentiality.

The Department of Insurance shall enforce the provisions of this subsection.

(d) The right of each patient to privacy and confidentiality in health care. Each physician, health care provider, health services corporation and insurance company shall refrain from disclosing the nature or details of services provided to patients, except that such information may be disclosed: (1) to the patient, (2) to the party making treatment decisions if the patient is incapable of making decisions regarding the health services provided, (3) for treatment in accordance with 45 CFR 164.501 and 164.506, (4) for payment in accordance

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with 45 CFR 164.501 and 164.506, (5) to those parties responsible for peer review, utilization review, and quality assurance, (6) for health care operations in accordance with 45 CFR 164.501 and 164.506, (7) to those parties required to be notified under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act or the Illinois Sexually Transmitted Infection Transmissible Disease Control Act, or (8) as otherwise permitted, authorized, or required by State or federal law. This right may be waived in writing by the patient or the patient's quardian or legal representative, but a physician or other health care provider may not condition the provision of services on patient's, guardian's, or legal representative's agreement to sign such a waiver. In the interest of public safety, and welfare, patient including, but not limited to, health information, demographic information, and information about services provided to patients, may be transmitted to or through a health information exchange, as that term is Section 2 of defined in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, in accordance with the disclosures permitted pursuant to this Section. Patients shall be provided the opportunity to opt out of their health information being transmitted to or through a health information exchange in accordance with Section 9.6 of the Mental Health and Developmental

Disabilities Confidentiality Act, Section 9.6 of the AIDS 1 2 Confidentiality Act, or Section 31.8 of the Genetic 3 Information Privacy Act, as applicable. In the case of a patient choosing to opt out of having his or her 4 5 information available on an HIE, nothing in this Act shall 6 cause the physician or health care provider to be liable 7 for the release of a patient's health information by other entities that may possess such information, including, but 8 9 not limited to, other health professionals, providers, 10 laboratories, pharmacies, hospitals, ambulatory surgical 11 centers, and nursing homes.

- 12 (Source: P.A. 103-508, eff. 8-4-23.)
- Section 40. The Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease
  Control Act is amended by changing the title of the Act and
  Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5.5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 as follows:
- 16 (410 ILCS 325/Act title)
- An Act in relation to sexually <u>transmitted infection</u>
  transmissible disease control, amending an Act herein named.
- 19 (410 ILCS 325/1) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7401)
- Sec. 1. Short title. This Act shall be known and may be
- 21 cited as the Illinois Sexually <u>Transmitted Infection</u>
- 22 Transmissible Disease Control Act.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 85-681.)

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1 (410 ILCS 325/2) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7402)

Sec. 2. Findings; intent. The General Assembly finds and declares that sexually transmitted infections transmissible diseases constitute a serious and sometimes fatal threat to the public and individual health and welfare of the people of the State and visitors to the State. The General Assembly finds that the incidence of sexually transmitted infections transmissible diseases is rising at an alarming rate and that these infections diseases result in significant social, health and economic costs, including infant and maternal mortality, temporary and lifelong disability and premature death. The General Assembly finds that sexually transmitted infections transmissible diseases, by their nature, involve sensitive issues of privacy, and it is the intent of the General Assembly that all programs designed to deal with these infections diseases afford patients privacy, confidentiality and dignity. General Assembly finds that medical knowledge and information about sexually transmitted infections transmissible diseases are rapidly changing. The General Assembly intends to provide a program that is sufficiently flexible to meet emerging needs, deals efficiently and effectively with reducing the incidence of sexually transmitted infections transmissible diseases, and provides patients with a secure knowledge that information they provide will remain private and confidential.

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- 1 (Source: P.A. 85-681.)
- 2 (410 ILCS 325/3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7403)
- 3 Sec. 3. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 5 (1) "Department" means the Department of Public Health.
- 6 (2) "Local health authority" means the full-time official
  7 health department of board of health, as recognized by the
  8 Department, having jurisdiction over a particular area.
  - (3) "Sexually transmitted infections transmissible disease" means a bacterial, viral, fungal or parasitic infection disease, determined by rule of the Department to be sexually transmissible, to be a threat to the public health and welfare, and to be an infection a disease for which a legitimate public interest will be served by providing for regulation and treatment. In considering which infections diseases are to be designated sexually transmitted infections transmissible diseases, the Department shall consider such infections <del>diseases</del> as chancroid, gonorrhea, granuloma inguinale, lymphogranuloma venereum, genital herpes simplex, chlamydia, human papillomavirus (HPV), mpox, nongonococcal urethritis (NGU), pelvic inflammatory disease (PID)/Acute Salpingitis, syphilis, Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome Immunodeficiency Virus and Human (HIV) designation, and shall consider the recommendations classifications of the Centers for Disease Control and other

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- nationally recognized medical authorities. Not all <u>infections</u>

  diseases that are sexually transmissible need be designated
- 3 for purposes of this Act.
  - (4) "Health care professional" means a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, a licensed physician assistant, or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse.
- 7 (5) "Expedited partner therapy" means to prescribe,
  8 dispense, furnish, or otherwise provide prescription
  9 antibiotic drugs to the partner or partners of persons
  10 clinically diagnosed as infected with a sexually transmitted
  11 infection transmissible disease, without physical examination
  12 of the partner or partners.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 99-173, eff. 7-29-15; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18.)
- 14 (410 ILCS 325/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7404)
- 15 Sec. 4. Reporting required.
- 16 (a) A physician licensed under the provisions of the Medical Practice Act of 1987, an advanced practice registered 17 nurse licensed under the provisions of the Nurse Practice Act, 18 19 or a physician assistant licensed under the provisions of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987 who makes a diagnosis 20 21 of or treats a person with a sexually transmitted infection 22 transmissible disease and each laboratory that performs a test 23 for a sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease 24 which concludes with a positive result shall report such facts 25 as may be required by the Department by rule, within such time

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- period as the Department may require by rule, but in no case to exceed 2 weeks.
- 3 (b) The Department shall adopt rules specifying the
  4 information required in reporting a sexually transmitted
  5 infection transmissible disease, the method of reporting and
  6 specifying a minimum time period for reporting. In adopting
  7 such rules, the Department shall consider the need for
  8 information, protections for the privacy and confidentiality
  9 of the patient, and the practical abilities of persons and
  10 laboratories to report in a reasonable fashion.
  - (c) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates any false information or report concerning the existence of any sexually <u>transmitted infections</u> transmissible disease under this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
    - (d) Any person who violates the provisions of this Section or the rules adopted hereunder may be fined by the Department up to \$500 for each violation. The Department shall report each violation of this Section to the regulatory agency responsible for licensing a health care professional or a laboratory to which these provisions apply.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 99-173, eff. 7-29-15; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18.)
- 22 (410 ILCS 325/5) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7405)
- Sec. 5. Contact investigation. (a) The Department shall adopt rules authorizing interviews and its authorized representatives may interview, or cause to be interviewed, all

- persons infected with a sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease and all persons whom the Department reasonably believes may be infected with such infection disease for the purpose of investigating the source and spread of the infection disease and for the purpose of ordering a person to submit to examination and treatment as necessary for the protection of the public health and safety.
  - (b) All information gathered in the course of contact investigation pursuant to this Section shall be considered confidential and subject to the provisions of Section 8 of this Act. Such information shall be exempt from inspection and copying under The Freedom of Information Act, as amended.
  - (c) No person contacted under this Section or reasonably believed to be infected with a sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease who reveals the name or names of sexual contacts during the course of an investigation shall be held liable in a civil action for such revelation, unless the revelation is made falsely or with reckless disregard for the truth.
  - (d) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates any false information or report concerning the existence of any sexually <u>transmitted infection</u> transmissible disease under this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 85-681.)

- 1 Sec. 5.5. Risk assessment.
- (a) Whenever the Department receives a report of HIV infection or AIDS pursuant to this Act and the Department determines that the subject of the report may present or may have presented a possible risk of HIV transmission, the Department shall, when medically appropriate, investigate the subject of the report and that person's contacts as defined in subsection (c), to assess the potential risks of transmission. Any investigation and action shall be conducted in a timely fashion. All contacts other than those defined in subsection (c) shall be investigated in accordance with Section 5 of this Act.
  - (b) If the Department determines that there is or may have been potential risks of HIV transmission from the subject of the report to other persons, the Department shall afford the subject the opportunity to submit any information and comment on proposed actions the Department intends to take with respect to the subject's contacts who are at potential risk of transmission of HIV prior to notification of the subject's contacts. The Department shall also afford the subject of the report the opportunity to notify the subject's contacts in a timely fashion who are at potential risk of transmission of HIV prior to the Department taking any steps to notify such contacts. If the subject declines to notify such contacts or if the Department determines the notices to be inadequate or incomplete, the Department shall endeavor to notify such other

persons of the potential risk, and offer testing and counseling services to these individuals. When the contacts are notified, they shall be informed of the disclosure provisions of the AIDS Confidentiality Act and the penalties therein and this Section.

(c) Contacts investigated under this Section shall in the case of HIV infection include (i) individuals who have undergone invasive procedures performed by an HIV infected health care provider and (ii) health care providers who have performed invasive procedures for persons infected with HIV, provided the Department has determined that there is or may have been potential risk of HIV transmission from the health care provider to those individuals or from infected persons to health care providers. The Department shall have access to the subject's records to review for the identity of contacts. The subject's records shall not be copied or seized by the Department.

For purposes of this subsection, the term "invasive procedures" means those procedures termed invasive by the Centers for Disease Control in current guidelines or recommendations for the prevention of HIV transmission in health care settings, and the term "health care provider" means any physician, dentist, podiatric physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, nurse, or other person providing health care services of any kind.

(d) All information and records held by the Department and

- local health authorities pertaining to activities conducted 1 2 pursuant to this Section shall be strictly confidential and 3 exempt from copying and inspection under the Freedom of Information Act. Such information and records shall not be 5 released or made public by the Department or local health authorities, and shall not be admissible as evidence, nor 6 7 discoverable in any action of any kind in any court or before 8 any tribunal, board, agency or person and shall be treated in 9 the same manner as the information and those records subject 10 to the provisions of Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of 11 Civil Procedure except under the following circumstances:
- 12 (1) When made with the written consent of all persons 13 to whom this information pertains;
  - (2) (Blank); or

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- (3) When made by the Department for the purpose of seeking a warrant authorized by Sections 6 and 7 of this Act. Such disclosure shall conform to the requirements of subsection (a) of Section 8 of this Act.
- (e) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates any information or report concerning the existence of any <a href="infection">infection</a> disease under this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 102-168, eff. 7-27-21.)
- 24 (410 ILCS 325/6) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7406)
- 25 Sec. 6. Physical examination and treatment.

- (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section, the Department and its authorized representatives may examine or cause to be examined persons reasonably believed to be infected with or to have been exposed to a sexually <a href="transmitted infection">transmissible disease</a>.
- (b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section, persons with a sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease shall report for complete treatment to a physician licensed under the provisions of the Medical Practice Act of 1987, or shall submit to treatment at a facility provided by a local health authority or other public facility, as the Department shall require by rule or regulation until the infection disease is noncommunicable or the Department determines that the person does not present a real and present danger to the public health. This subsection (b) shall not be construed to require the Department or local health authorities to pay for or provide such treatment.
- (c) No person shall be apprehended, examined or treated for a sexually <u>transmitted infection</u> transmissible disease against his will, under the provisions of this Act, except upon the presentation of a warrant duly authorized by a court of competent jurisdiction. In requesting the issuance of such a warrant the Department shall show by a preponderance of evidence that the person is infectious and that a real and present danger to the public health and welfare exists unless such warrant is issued and shall show that all other

- 1 reasonable means of obtaining compliance have been exhausted
- 2 and that no other less restrictive alternative is available.
- 3 The court shall require any proceedings authorized by this
- 4 subsection (c) to be conducted in camera. A record shall be
- 5 made of such proceedings but shall be sealed, impounded and
- 6 preserved in the records of the court, to be made available to
- 7 the reviewing court in the event of an appeal.
- 8 (d) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates
- 9 any false information or report concerning the existence of
- 10 any sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease under
- 11 this Section is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 12 (e) Taking into account the recommendations of the U.S.
- 13 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and other
- 14 nationally recognized medical authorities, the Department
- 15 shall provide information and technical assistance as
- appropriate to health care professionals who provide expedited
- 17 partner therapy services for persons with sexually transmitted
- 18 <u>infections</u> transmissible diseases.
- 19 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a
- 20 health care professional who makes a clinical diagnosis of
- 21 chlamydia, gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis may prescribe,
- 22 dispense, furnish, or otherwise provide prescription
- antibiotic drugs to the infected person's sexual partner
- or partners for the treatment of the sexually transmitted
- 25 infection transmissible disease without physical
- 26 examination of the partner or partners, if in the judgment

of the health care professional the partner is unlikely or unable to present for comprehensive healthcare, including evaluation, testing, and treatment for sexually transmitted infections transmissible diseases. Expedited partner therapy shall be limited to partners who may have been exposed to a sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease within the previous 60 days, if the patient is able to contact the partner.

- (2) Health care professionals who provide expedited partner therapy shall comply with Sections 4 and 5 of <a href="this:the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control">the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control</a> Act.
- (3) Health care professionals who provide expedited partner therapy shall provide counseling for the patient and written materials provided by the Department to be given by the patient to the partner or partners that include at a minimum the following:
  - (A) a warning that a woman who is pregnant or might be pregnant must not take certain antibiotics and must immediately contact a health care professional for an examination, and a recommendation for such an examination;
  - (B) information about the antibiotic and dosage provided or prescribed; clear and explicit allergy and side effect warnings, including a warning that a partner who has a history of allergy to the antibiotic or the pharmaceutical class of antibiotic must not

1	take the antibiotic and must be immediately examined
2	by a health care professional, and a recommendation
3	for such an examination;
4	(C) information about the treatment and prevention
5	of sexually <u>transmitted infections</u> <del>transmissible</del>
6	<del>diseases</del> ;
7	(D) the requirement of abstinence until a period
8	of time after treatment to prevent infecting others;
9	(E) notification of the importance of the partner
10	or partners of the patient to receive examination and
11	testing for HIV and other sexually <u>transmitted</u>
12	infections transmissible diseases, and available
13	resources;
14	(F) notification of the risk to self, others, and
15	the public health if the sexually <u>transmitted</u>
16	<u>infection</u> transmissible disease is not completely and
17	successfully treated;
18	(G) the responsibility of the partner or partners
19	to inform his or her sex partner or partners of the
20	risk of sexually <u>transmitted infection</u> <del>transmissible</del>
21	disease and the importance of prompt examination and
22	treatment; and
23	(H) other information as deemed necessary by the
24	Department.
25	(4) The Department shall develop and disseminate in

26 electronic and other formats the following written

- (A) informational materials for partners, as
  required in item (3) of this subsection (e);
  - (B) informational materials for persons who are repeatedly diagnosed with sexually <u>transmitted</u> infections <del>transmissible diseases</del>; and
  - (C) guidance for health care professionals on the safe and effective provision of expedited partner therapy.

The Department may offer educational programs about expedited partner therapy for health care professionals and pharmacists licensed under the Pharmacy Practice Act.

- (5) A health care professional prescribing, dispensing, furnishing, or otherwise providing in good faith without fee or compensation prescription antibiotics to partners under this subsection (e) and providing counseling and written materials as required by item (3) of this subsection (e) shall not be subject to civil or professional liability, except for willful and wanton misconduct. A health care professional shall not be subject to civil or professional liability for choosing not to provide expedited partner therapy.
- (6) A pharmacist or pharmacy shall not be subject to civil or professional liability for choosing not to fill a prescription that would cause the pharmacist or pharmacy to violate any provision of the Pharmacy Practice Act,

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including the definition of "prescription" set forth in 1 2 subsection (e) of Section 3 of the Pharmacy Practice Act or the definition of "drug regimen review" set forth in 3 subsection (y) of Section 3 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.

5 (Source: P.A. 102-185, eff. 1-1-22.)

- 6 (410 ILCS 325/7) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7407)
- 7 Sec. 7. Quarantine and isolation.
  - (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this Section, the Department may order a person to be isolated or a place to be quarantined and made off limits to the public to prevent the probable spread of a sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease, until such time as condition can be corrected or the danger to the public health eliminated or reduced in such a manner that no substantial danger to the public's health any longer exists.
  - (b) No person may be ordered to be isolated, and no place may be ordered to be quarantined, except with the consent of such person or owner of such place or upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction and upon proof by the Department, by clear and convincing evidence, that the public's health and welfare are significantly endangered by a person with a sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease or by a place where there is a significant amount of sexual activity sexually transmitted likely to spread а infection transmissible disease, and upon proof that all other

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- reasonable means of correcting the problem have been exhausted 1 2 and no less restrictive alternative exists.
- (c) This Section shall be considered supplemental to the existing authorities and powers of the Department, and shall not be construed to restrain or restrict the Department in protecting the public health under any other provisions of the 7 law.
- 8 (d) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates 9 any false information or report concerning the existence of 10 any sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease in 11 connection with the Department's power of quarantine and 12 isolation is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (Source: P.A. 85-681.) 13
- (410 ILCS 325/8) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7408) 14
- 15 Sec. 8. Confidentiality.
- 16 (a) All information and records held by the Department and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected 17 18 cases of sexually transmitted infections transmissible diseases shall be strictly confidential and exempt from 19 inspection and copying under The Freedom of Information Act, 20 21 as amended. The Department and its authorized representatives 22 shall not disclose information and records held by them 23 relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmitted 24 infections transmissible diseases publicly or in any action of 25 any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board, or agency,

- and such information shall not be released or made public by a court conducting proceedings authorized by subsection (c) of Section 6 of this Act, except that release of such information may be made under the following circumstances:
  - (1) When made with the consent of all persons to which the information applies;
  - (2) When made for statistical purposes and medical or epidemiologic information is summarized so that no person can be identified and no names are revealed:
  - (3) When made to medical personnel, appropriate State agencies or courts of appropriate jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this Act and related rules; or
  - (4) When made to persons determined by the Department to be or have been at potential risk of HIV transmission pursuant to Section 5.5 of this Act.
  - (b) (Blank).
  - (c) A court hearing a request for the issuance of a warrant as authorized in subsection (c) of Section 6 of this Act shall conduct such proceedings in camera. A record shall be made of authorized proceedings but shall be sealed, impounded and preserved in the records of the court, to be made available to the reviewing court in the event of an appeal.
  - (d) No employee of the Department or its authorized representatives shall be examined in a civil, criminal, special or other proceeding concerning the existence or contents of pertinent records of a person examined or treated

- for a sexually transmitted infection transmissible disease by 1 2 the Department or its authorized representatives pursuant to the provisions of this Act, or concerning the existence or 3 contents of such reports received from a private physician or 4 5 private health facility, pursuant to the provisions of this Act, without the consent of the person examined and treated 6 7 for such <u>infections</u> diseases, except in proceedings under Sections 6 and 7 of this Act. 8
- 9 (e) Any person who knowingly violates the confidentiality 10 provisions of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 11 (f) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates
  12 any false information or report concerning the existence of
  13 any sexually <u>transmitted infection</u> <del>transmissible disease</del> under
  14 this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 89-381, eff. 8-18-95.)
- 16 (410 ILCS 325/9) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 7409)
- 17 Sec. 9. Prisoners.
- 18 (a) The Department and its authorized representatives may, at its discretion, enter any State, county or municipal 19 detention facility to interview, examine and treat any 20 21 prisoner for a sexually transmitted infection transmissible 22 Any such State, county or municipal detention <del>disease</del>. 23 facility shall cooperate with the Department and authorized representative to provide such space as 24 25 necessary for the examination and treatment of all prisoners

- suffering from or suspected of having a sexually <u>transmitted</u>
  infection <del>transmissible disease</del>.
  - (b) Nothing in this Section shall be construed as relieving the Department of Corrections or any county or municipality of their primary responsibility for providing medical treatment for prisoners under their jurisdiction, including treatment for sexually transmitted infections transmissible diseases.
  - (c) Any person who knowingly or maliciously disseminates any false information or report concerning the existence of any sexually <u>transmitted infection</u> transmissible disease under this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
  - (d) The Department, in consultation with the Department of Corrections, shall develop and implement written procedures that establish a process for confidentially notifying and recommending sexually <a href="mailto:transmitted">transmitted infection</a> <a href="mailto:transmissible">transmissible</a> <a href="mailto:disease">disease</a> testing of the contacts of a committed person who has been diagnosed with a sexually <a href="mailto:transmissible-disease">transmissible-disease</a> and for notifying and recommending sexually <a href="mailto:transmitted-infection-transmissible-disease">transmissible-disease</a> testing of a committed person who has had contact with one diagnosed with a sexually <a href="mailto:transmitted-infection-transmissible-disease">transmissible-disease</a>. The process shall be in accordance with Sections 3, 5, and 8 of this Act.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 97-928, eff. 8-10-12.)

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Section 45. The Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

## 3 (325 ILCS 5/5) (from Ch. 23, par. 2055)

Sec. 5. An officer of a local law enforcement agency, designated employee of the Department, or a physician treating a child may take or retain temporary protective custody of the child without the consent of the person responsible for the child's welfare, if (1) the officer of a local law enforcement agency, designated employee of the Department, or a physician treating a child has reason to believe that the child cannot be cared for at home or in the custody of the person responsible for the child's welfare without endangering the child's health or safety; and (2) there is not time to apply for a court order under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for temporary custody of the child. The person taking or retaining a child in temporary protective custody shall immediately make every reasonable effort to notify the person responsible for the child's welfare and shall immediately notify the Department. Department shall provide to the temporary caretaker of a child any information in the Department's possession concerning the positive results of a test performed on the child to determine of the antibody or antigen presence to Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), or of HIV infection, as well as any communicable diseases or communicable infections that the child has. The temporary caretaker of a child shall not

disclose to another person any information received by the temporary caretaker from the Department concerning the results of a test performed on the child to determine the presence of the antibody or antigen to HIV, or of HIV infection, except pursuant to Section 9 of the AIDS Confidentiality Act, as now or hereafter amended. The Department shall promptly initiate proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for the continued temporary custody of the child.

Where the physician keeping a child in the physician's custody does so in the physician's capacity as a member of the staff of a hospital or similar institution, the physician shall notify the person in charge of the institution or the designated agent of the person in charge, who shall then become responsible for the further care of such child in the hospital or similar institution under the direction of the Department.

Said care includes, but is not limited to the granting of permission to perform emergency medical treatment to a minor where the treatment itself does not involve a substantial risk of harm to the minor and the failure to render such treatment will likely result in death or permanent harm to the minor, and there is not time to apply for a court order under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

Any person authorized and acting in good faith in the removal of a child under this Section shall have immunity from any liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be

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incurred or imposed as a result of such removal. Any physician authorized and acting in good faith and in accordance with acceptable medical practice in the treatment of a child under this Section shall have immunity from any liability, civil or criminal, that might otherwise be incurred or imposed as a result of granting permission for emergency treatment.

With respect to any child taken into temporary protective custody pursuant to this Section, the Department of Children Family Services Guardianship Administrator and or the Guardianship Administrator's designee shall be deemed the child's legally authorized representative for purposes of consenting to an HIV test if deemed necessary and appropriate Department's Guardianship Administrator Guardianship Administrator's designee and obtaining disclosing information concerning such test pursuant to the AIDS Confidentiality Act if deemed necessary and appropriate Department's Guardianship Administrator the the Guardianship Administrator's designee and for purposes of consenting to the release of information pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Transmitted Infection Transmissible Disease Control Act if deemed necessary and appropriate by the Department's Guardianship Administrator or designee.

Any person who administers an HIV test upon the consent of the Department of Children and Family Services Guardianship Administrator or the Guardianship Administrator's designee, or who discloses the results of such tests to the Department's

- 1 Guardianship Administrator or the Guardianship Administrator's
- designee, shall have immunity from any liability, civil,
- 3 criminal or otherwise, that might result by reason of such
- 4 actions. For the purpose of any proceedings, civil or
- 5 criminal, the good faith of any persons required to administer
- 6 or disclose the results of tests, or permitted to take such
- 7 actions, shall be presumed.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 103-22, eff. 8-8-23.)
- 9 Section 50. The Perinatal HIV Prevention Act is amended by
- 10 changing Section 15 as follows:
- 11 (410 ILCS 335/15)
- 12 Sec. 15. Reporting.
- 13 (a) Health care facilities shall adopt a policy that
- 14 provides that a report of a preliminarily HIV-positive woman
- identified by a rapid HIV test or a report of a preliminarily
- 16 HIV-exposed newborn infant identified by a rapid HIV test
- shall be made to the Department's Perinatal HIV Hotline within
- 18 12 hours but not later than 24 hours of the test result.
- 19 Section 15 of the AIDS Confidentiality Act applies to
- 20 reporting under this Act, except that the immunities set forth
- 21 in that Section do not apply in cases of willful or wanton
- 22 misconduct.
- 23 (b) The Department shall adopt rules specifying the
- 24 information required in reporting the preliminarily

- HIV-positive pregnant or post-partum woman and preliminarily HIV-exposed newborn infant and the method of reporting. In adopting the rules, the Department shall consider the need for information, protections for the privacy and confidentiality of the infant and parents, the need to provide access to care and follow-up services to the infant, and procedures for destruction of records maintained by the Department if, through subsequent HIV testing, the pregnant or post-partum woman or newborn infant is found to be HIV-negative.
- (c) The confidentiality provisions of the AIDS Confidentiality Act shall apply to the reports of cases of perinatal HIV made pursuant to this Section.
- (d) Health care facilities shall monthly report aggregate statistics to the Department that include the number of pregnant or delivering women who presented with known HIV status; the number of pregnant women rapidly tested for HIV in labor and delivery as either a first HIV test or a repeat third trimester HIV test; the number of newborn infants rapidly tested for HIV-exposure because the HIV status of the delivering woman was unknown in the third trimester, or the delivering woman refused testing; the number of preliminarily HIV-positive pregnant or delivering women and preliminarily HIV-exposed newborn infants identified; the number of families referred to case management; and other information the Department determines is necessary to measure progress under the provisions of this Act. Health care facilities must report

- the confirmatory test result when it becomes available for each preliminarily positive rapid HIV test performed on the pregnant or delivering woman and on a newborn.
  - (e) The Department or its authorized representative shall provide case management services to the preliminarily positive pregnant or post-partum woman or the parent or guardian of the preliminarily positive newborn infant to ensure access to treatment and care and other services where the pregnant or post-partum woman or the parent or guardian of the newborn infant has consented to the services.
  - (f) Every health care facility caring for a newborn infant whose mother had been diagnosed HIV positive prior to labor and delivery shall report a case of perinatal HIV exposure in accordance with the HIV/AIDS Registry Act, the Illinois Sexually Transmitted Infection Transmissible Disease Control Act, and rules to be developed by the Department. If after 18 months from the date that the report was submitted, a newborn infant is determined to not have HIV or AIDS, the Department shall remove the newborn infant's name from all reports, records, and files collected or created under this subsection (f).
- 22 (Source: P.A. 100-265, eff. 8-22-17.)
- 23 Section 55. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 2-11 as follows:

1 (705 ILCS 405/2-11) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-11)

Sec. 2-11. Medical and dental treatment and care. At all times during temporary custody or shelter care, the court may authorize a physician, a hospital or any other appropriate health care provider to provide medical, dental or surgical procedures if such procedures are necessary to safeguard the minor's life or health.

With respect to any minor for whom the Department of Children and Family Services Guardianship Administrator is appointed the temporary custodian, the Guardianship Administrator or the Guardianship Administrator's designee shall be deemed the minor's legally authorized representative for purposes of consenting to an HIV test and obtaining and disclosing information concerning such test pursuant to the AIDS Confidentiality Act and for purposes of consenting to the release of information pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Transmitted Infection Transmissible Disease Control Act.

Any person who administers an HIV test upon the consent of the Department of Children and Family Services Guardianship Administrator or the Guardianship Administrator's designee, or who discloses the results of such tests to the Department's Guardianship Administrator or the Guardianship Administrator's designee, shall have immunity from any liability, civil, criminal or otherwise, that might result by reason of such actions. For the purpose of any proceedings, civil or criminal, the good faith of any persons required to administer

- or disclose the results of tests, or permitted to take such
- 2 actions, shall be presumed.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 103-22, eff. 8-8-23.)
- Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.
- 11 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 12 becoming law.