

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB2737

Introduced 1/12/2024, by Sen. Paul Faraci

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

820 ILCS 90/10

Amends the Illinois Freedom to Work Act. Provides any covenant not to compete or covenant not to solicit entered into after the effective date of the amendatory Act shall not be enforceable with respect to professionals licensed in this State who provide mental health services to veterans and first responders. Effective immediately.

LRB103 37212 SPS 67331 b

1 AN ACT concerning employment.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Freedom to Work Act is amended by
- 5 changing Section 10 as follows:
- 6 (820 ILCS 90/10)

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- Sec. 10. Prohibiting covenants not to compete and covenants not to solicit.
- 9 (a) No employer shall enter into a covenant not to compete with any employee unless the employee's actual or expected 10 annualized rate of earnings exceeds \$75,000 per year. This 11 amount shall increase to \$80,000 per year beginning on January 12 13 1, 2027, \$85,000 per year beginning on January 1, 2032, and 14 \$90,000 per year beginning on January 1, 2037. A covenant not to compete entered into in violation of this subsection is 15 16 void and unenforceable.
  - (b) No employer shall enter into a covenant not to solicit with any employee unless the employee's actual or expected annualized rate of earnings exceeds \$45,000 per year. This amount shall increase to \$47,500 per year beginning on January 1, 2027, \$50,000 per year beginning on January 1, 2032, and \$52,500 per year beginning on January 1, 2037. A covenant not to solicit entered into in violation of this subsection is

void and unenforceable.

- (c) No employer shall enter into a covenant not to compete or a covenant not to solicit with any employee who an employer terminates or furloughs or lays off as the result of business circumstances or governmental orders related to the COVID-19 pandemic or under circumstances that are similar to the COVID-19 pandemic, unless enforcement of the covenant not to compete includes compensation equivalent to the employee's base salary at the time of termination for the period of enforcement minus compensation earned through subsequent employment during the period of enforcement. A covenant not to compete or a covenant not to solicit entered into in violation of this subsection is void and unenforceable.
- (d) A covenant not to compete is void and illegal with respect to individuals covered by a collective bargaining agreement under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act or the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act and individuals employed in construction. This subsection (d) does not apply to construction employees who primarily perform management, engineering or architectural, design, or sales functions for the employer or who are shareholders, partners, or owners in any capacity of the employer.
- (e) Any covenant not to compete or covenant not to solicit entered into after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly shall not be enforceable with respect to professionals licensed in this State who provide

- 1 mental health services to veterans and first responders. For
- 2 <u>the purpose of this subsection, "first responders" means</u>
- 3 <u>emergency medical services personnel</u>, as defined in the
- 4 Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act, firefighters,
- 5 and law enforcement officers.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 102-358, eff. 1-1-22.)
- 7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 8 becoming law.