

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB2574

Introduced 5/4/2023, by Sen. Javier L. Cervantes

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

30 ILCS 105/5.990 new	
30 ILCS 105/6z-139 new	
35 ILCS 105/9	from Ch. 120, par. 439.9
35 ILCS 110/9	from Ch. 120, par. 439.39
35 ILCS 115/9	from Ch. 120, par. 439.109
35 ILCS 120/3	from Ch. 120, par. 442
35 ILCS 130/2	from Ch. 120, par. 453.2
35 ILCS 135/3	from Ch. 120, par. 453.33
35 ILCS 145/6	from Ch. 120, par. 481b.36
35 ILCS 505/2b	from Ch. 120, par. 418b
35 ILCS 505/6	from Ch. 120, par. 422
35 ILCS 505/6a	from Ch. 120, par. 422a
35 ILCS 630/6	from Ch. 120, par. 2006
235 ILCS 5/8-1	
235 ILCS 5/8-2	from Ch. 43, par. 159

Amends the State Finance Act to create the Working Families Fund. Amends the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and various other tax Acts. Provides that the vendor discount is limited to \$1,000 per calendar year. Provides for deposits into the Working Families Fund. Effective immediately.

LRB103 32240 HLH 61456 b

- 1 AN ACT concerning revenue.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 5 Sections 5.990 and 6z-139 as follows:
- 6 (30 ILCS 105/5.990 new)
- 7 <u>Sec. 5.990. The Working Families Fund.</u>
- 8 (30 ILCS 105/6z-139 new)
- 9 Sec. 6z-139. The Working Families Fund; uses. The Working
- 10 Families Fund is hereby created as a special fund in the State
- 11 treasury. All moneys deposited into the Fund shall be
- 12 appropriated to child care, ending homelessness, or public
- schools. Moneys appropriated from the Fund shall supplement
- and not supplant the current levels of funding for each item.
- 15 Section 10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section
- 16 9 as follows:
- 17 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)
- 18 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft,
- 19 and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency
- 20 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect

the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the 1 2 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time 3 when he is required to file his return for the period during which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to 5 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 2024, and 2% on and after January 1, 2024, 6 7 or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is 8 allowed to reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in 9 collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing 10 returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the 11 Department on request. On and after January 1, 1990 and prior 12 to January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to 13 any vendor be less than \$5 in any calendar year. On and after 14 January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any 15 vendor be less than \$5 in any calendar year or more than \$1,000 16 in any calendar year. When determining the discount allowed 17 under this Section, retailers shall include the amount of tax that would have been due at the 6.25% rate but for the 1.25% 18 19 rate imposed on sales tax holiday items under Public Act 20 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. The discount under this Section is not allowed for the 1.25% 21 22 portion of taxes paid on aviation fuel that is subject to the 23 revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133. When determining the discount allowed under this 24 25 Section, retailers shall include the amount of tax that would have been due at the 1% rate but for the 0% rate imposed under 26

Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. In the case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the same property.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of the selling price actually received during such tax return period.

Except as provided in this Section, on or before the

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twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish such information as the Department may reasonably require. The return shall include the gross receipts on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) which were received during the preceding calendar month, quarter, or year, as appropriate, and upon which tax would have been due but for the 0% rate imposed under Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. The return shall also include the amount of tax that would have been due on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) but for the 0% rate imposed under Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns required to be filed prior to January 1, 2023 for motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more,

all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. On and after January 1, 2023, with respect to retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act, including, but not limited to, returns for motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

- 1. The name of the seller;
- 2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State;
- 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time

- sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;
- 2 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
- 3 Act;

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- 5. The amount of tax due;
- 5 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
- 7 may require.

Each retailer required or authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act on aviation fuel sold at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall, instead of reporting and paying tax on aviation fuel as otherwise required by this Section, report and pay such tax on a separate aviation fuel tax return. The requirements related to the return shall be as otherwise provided in this Section. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, retailers collecting tax on aviation fuel shall file all aviation fuel tax returns and shall make all aviation fuel tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department. For purposes of this Section, "aviation fuel" means jet fuel and aviation gasoline.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, retailers subject to tax on cannabis shall file all

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cannabis tax returns and shall make all cannabis tax payments
by electronic means in the manner and form required by the
Department.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the

- 1 Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by
- 2 rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.
- 3 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
- 4 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make
- 5 payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required
- 6 to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those
- 7 payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.
- 8 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
- 9 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
- with the permission of the Department.
- 11 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
- 12 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
- 13 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those
- 14 payments in the manner authorized by the Department.
- The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
- 16 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
- 17 requirements of this Section.
- Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly
- 19 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers'
- 20 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
- 21 Service Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4
- 22 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the
- 23 Department each month by the 20th day of the month next
- 24 following the month during which such tax liability is
- incurred and shall make payments to the Department on or
- before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during

which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 1 2 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the 3 Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was 5 \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each 6 7 month by the 20th day of the month next following the month 8 during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make 9 payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and 10 last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. 11 If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began 12 prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month 13 14 or an amount set by the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the 15 average monthly liability of the taxpayer to the Department 16 for the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the 17 month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the month during which such tax 18 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985, and 19 prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount 20 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 21 22 month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 23 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 24 25 January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual 26

liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability 1 2 for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month 3 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or 5 after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 6 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of 7 8 the preceding year. If the month during which such tax 9 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and 10 prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount 11 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 12 month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar 13 month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual 14 liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount 15 of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. 16 17 Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall 18 continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to 19 20 the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the 21 22 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 23 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete 24 25 calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a 26 taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in

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the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. Quarter monthly payment status shall be determined under this paragraph as if the rate reduction to 1.25% in Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly on sales tax holiday items had not occurred.

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For quarter monthly payments due on or after July 1, 2023 and through June 30, 2024, "25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year" shall be determined as if the rate reduction to 1.25% in Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly on sales tax holiday items had not occurred. Quarter monthly payment status shall be determined under this paragraph as if the rate reduction to 0% in Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) had not occurred. For quarter monthly payments due under this paragraph on or after July 1, 2023 and through June 30, 2024, "25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of preceding year" shall be determined as if the rate reduction to 0% in Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly had not occurred. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section.

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The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis.

If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that

all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by an amount generated by calculating 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due and then multiplying that amount by the vendor discount percentage, and the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February, and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as

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monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, except as otherwise provided in this Section, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible personal property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the

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Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, every person who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such items and who, in connection with such business, sells any such item to a retailer for the purpose of resale is, notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, authorized to meet the return-filing requirement of this Act by reporting the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transferred for resale during a month to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form on or before the 20th of the month following the month in which the transfer takes place. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, all returns filed under this paragraph must be filed by electronic means in the manner and form as required by the Department.

The transaction reporting return in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller;

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the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to

such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine that this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or registration.

With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser

may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be

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credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer,

- 1 but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected
- from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall
- 3 remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such
- 4 return.
- 5 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the
- 6 Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint
- 7 return which will enable retailers, who are required to file
- 8 returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax
- 9 Act, to furnish all the return information required by both
- 10 Acts on the one form.
- 11 Where the retailer has more than one business registered
- 12 with the Department under separate registration under this
- 13 Act, such retailer may not file each return that is due as a
- 14 single return covering all such registered businesses, but
- shall file separate returns for each such registered business.
- Beginning February 1, 2024, each month the Department
- shall pay into the Working Families Fund an amount equal to any
- 18 net revenue realized for the preceding month as a result of the
- 19 limit on the vendor's discount of \$1,000 annually, net of the
- difference between 1.75% and the vendor's discount of 2%.
- Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
- 22 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special
- 23 fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the
- 24 remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from
- 25 the 1% tax imposed under this Act.
- 26 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall

pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property, other than (i) tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government and (ii) aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. This exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

For aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, each month the Department shall pay into the State Aviation Program Fund 20% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of aviation fuel, less an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 20% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act, which amount shall be deposited into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund. The

1 Department shall only pay moneys into the State Aviation

Program Fund and the Aviation Fuels Sales Tax Refund Fund

under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of

49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the

5 State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. If, in any month, the tax on sales tax holiday items, as defined in Section 3-6, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the Department shall pay 100% of the remaining net revenue realized for that month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from

the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund,

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1 excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last

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business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on

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the last business day of any month in which Bonds outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) the preceding sentence. The moneys received by Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not

in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

7	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
8	1993	\$0
9	1994	53,000,000
10	1995	58,000,000
11	1996	61,000,000
12	1997	64,000,000
13	1998	68,000,000
14	1999	71,000,000
15	2000	75,000,000
16	2001	80,000,000
17	2002	93,000,000
18	2003	99,000,000
19	2004	103,000,000
20	2005	108,000,000
21	2006	113,000,000
22	2007	119,000,000
23	2008	126,000,000
24	2009	132,000,000
25	2010	139,000,000
26	2011	146,000,000

	SB2574		- 29 -	LRB103 32240) HLH 61456 b
1		2012			153,000,000
2		2013			161,000,000
3		2014			170,000,000
4		2015			179,000,000
5		2016			189,000,000
6		2017			199,000,000
7		2018			210,000,000
8		2019			221,000,000
9		2020			233,000,000
10		2021			300,000,000
11		2022			300,000,000
12		2023			300,000,000
13		2024			300,000,000
14		2025			300,000,000
15		2026			300,000,000
16		2027			375,000,000
17		2028			375,000,000
18		2029			375,000,000
19		2030			375,000,000
20		2031			375,000,000
21		2032			375,000,000
22		2033			375,000,000
23		2034			375,000,000
24		2035			375,000,000
25		2036			450,000,000

and

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each fiscal year

2 thereafter that bonds

are outstanding under

Section 13.2 of the

Metropolitan Pier and

6 Exposition Authority Act,

but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Capital Projects Fund, the Clean Air Act Permit Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, for aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, the Department shall each month deposit into the Aviation Fuel

Sales Tax Refund Fund an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 80% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act. The Department shall only deposit moneys into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this paragraph for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to

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Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic
Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay

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each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate Public Transportation Act.

Subject to successful execution and delivery of public-private agreement between the public agency and private entity and completion of the civic build, beginning on July 1, 2023, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, the Department shall deposit the following specified deposits in the aggregate from collections under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, as required under Section 8.25g of the State Finance Act distribution consistent with the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Civic and Transit Infrastructure Fund are subject to the pledge, claim, and charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity", "public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. Fiscal Year..... Total Deposit

2024 \$200,000,000

1	2025 \$206,000,000
2	2026 \$212,200,000
3	2027 \$218,500,000
4	2028 \$225,100,000
5	2029 \$288,700,000
6	2030 \$298,900,000
7	2031 \$309,300,000
8	2032 \$320,100,000
9	2033\$331,200,000
10	2034 \$341,200,000
11	2035 \$351,400,000
12	2036 \$361,900,000
13	2037 \$372,800,000
14	2038 \$384,000,000
15	2039 \$395,500,000
16	2040 \$407,400,000
17	2041 \$419,600,000
18	2042 \$432,200,000
19	2043 \$445,100,000
20	Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to
21	the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax
22	Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place
23	Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the
24	Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and
25	Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the
26	Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount

estimated to represent 16% of the remaining net revenue 1 2 realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the 3 payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform 5 Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy 6 7 Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration 8 Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay 9 each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to 10 represent 32% of the remaining net revenue realized from the 11 taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 12 2023 and until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build 13 14 Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the 15 Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, 16 and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in 17 this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 48% of the 18 19 remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor 20 fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and 21 22 Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the 23 McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois 24 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 25 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided 26 Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road

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Fund the amount estimated to represent 64% of the remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3-40 of this Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this

- 1 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.
- 2 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
- 3 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
- 4 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
- 5 overpayment of liability. Remaining net revenue means net
- 6 revenue minus any amount paid into the Working Families Fund
- 7 pursuant to this Section.
- 8 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
- 9 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in
- 10 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
- 11 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
- 12 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to
- 13 such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make
- 14 written objection to the Department to this arrangement.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 101-10, Article 15, Section 15-10, eff. 6-5-19;
- 16 101-10, Article 25, Section 25-105, eff. 6-5-19; 101-27, eff.
- 17 6-25-19; 101-32, eff. 6-28-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19;
- 18 101-636, eff. 6-10-20; 102-700, Article 60, Section 60-15,
- 19 eff. 4-19-22; 102-700, Article 65, Section 65-5, eff. 4-19-22;
- 20 102-1019, eff. 1-1-23; revised 12-13-22.)
- 21 Section 15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing
- 22 Section 9 as follows:
- 23 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)
- 24 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect

the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount 1 2 of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he 3 is required to file his return for the period during which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 5 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 2024, and 2% on and after January 1, 2024, or \$5 per 6 calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to 7 8 reimburse the serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting 9 the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on 10 11 request. On and after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 12 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any vendor be less than \$5 in any calendar year. On and after January 1, 13 14 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any vendor be less than \$5 in any calendar year or more than \$1,000 in any 15 16 calendar year. When determining the discount allowed under 17 this Section, servicemen shall include the amount of tax that would have been due at the 1% rate but for the 0% rate imposed 18 under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. The 19 20 discount under this Section is not allowed for the 1.25% portion of taxes paid on aviation fuel that is subject to the 21 22 revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 23 47133. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only 24 for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. 25 The Department may disallow the discount for servicemen whose 26 certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return

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is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require. The return shall include the gross receipts which were received during the preceding calendar month or quarter on following items upon which tax would have been due but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly: (i) food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption); and (ii) food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing

Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. The return shall also include the amount of tax that would have been due on the items listed in the previous sentence but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

On and after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

- 1. The name of the seller;
- 24 2. The address of the principal place of business from 25 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this 26 State;

- 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by
 him during the preceding calendar month, including
 receipts from charge and time sales, but less all
 deductions allowed by law;
- 5 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 6 Act;
 - 5. The amount of tax due;
- 8 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 9 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department 10 may require.

Each serviceman required or authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act on aviation fuel transferred as an incident of a sale of service in this State during the preceding calendar month shall, instead of reporting and paying tax on aviation fuel as otherwise required by this Section, report and pay such tax on a separate aviation fuel tax return. The requirements related to the return shall be as otherwise provided in this Section. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, servicemen collecting tax on aviation fuel shall file all aviation fuel tax returns and shall make all aviation fuel tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department. For purposes of this Section, "aviation fuel" means jet fuel and aviation gasoline.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,

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the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be 1 2 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, servicemen subject to tax on cannabis shall file all cannabis tax returns and shall make all cannabis tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation

- and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.
 - Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.
 - Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.
 - All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.
 - The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.
 - If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year

- 1 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April,
- 2 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
- 3 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
- 4 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
- 5 October, November and December of a given year being due by
- 6 January 20 of the following year.
- 7 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly
- 8 or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly
- 9 tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the
- 10 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
- 11 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20
- of the following year.
- 13 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
- 14 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as
- monthly returns.
- Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
- the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the
- 18 case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of
- 19 business which makes him responsible for filing returns under
- 20 this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this
- 21 Act with the Department not more than 1 month after
- discontinuing such business.
- 23 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the
- 24 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser
- 25 thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds
- the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman

shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers' occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by both Acts on the one form.

Where the serviceman has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration hereunder,

such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

Beginning February 1, 2024, each month the Department shall pay into the Working Families Fund an amount equal to any net revenue realized for the preceding month as a result of the limit on the vendor's discount of \$1,000 annually, net of the difference between 1.75% and the vendor's discount of 2%.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury, the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax imposed under this Act.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other than (i) tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government and (ii) aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. This exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

For aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, each month the Department shall pay into the State Aviation Program Fund 20% of the $\underline{\text{remaining}}$ net revenue realized for the

preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of aviation fuel, less an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 20% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act, which amount shall be deposited into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the State Aviation Program Fund and the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually

by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, this Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

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may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build

Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any 1 2 future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with 3 such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds 5 secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be 6 issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the 7 8 Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on 9 the last business day of any month in which Bonds are 10 outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the 11 aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond 12 Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less 13 than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 14 15 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 16 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 17 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois 18 19 Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build 20 Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence 21 shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) 22 the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount 23 otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) 24 preceding sentence. The moneys received by the 25 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited 26 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim

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and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 1 2 Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

15	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
16	1993	\$0
17	1994	53,000,000
18	1995	58,000,000
19	1996	61,000,000
20	1997	64,000,000
21	1998	68,000,000
22	1999	71,000,000
23	2000	75,000,000
24	2001	80,000,000
25	2002	93,000,000

SB2574	

- 52 - LRB103 32240 HLH 61456 b

1	2003	99,000,000
2	2004	103,000,000
3	2005	108,000,000
4	2006	113,000,000
5	2007	119,000,000
6	2008	126,000,000
7	2009	132,000,000
8	2010	139,000,000
9	2011	146,000,000
10	2012	153,000,000
11	2013	161,000,000
12	2014	170,000,000
13	2015	179,000,000
14	2016	189,000,000
15	2017	199,000,000
16	2018	210,000,000
17	2019	221,000,000
18	2020	233,000,000
19	2021	300,000,000
20	2022	300,000,000
21	2023	300,000,000
22	2024	300,000,000
23	2025	300,000,000
24	2026	300,000,000
25	2027	375,000,000
26	2028	375,000,000

1	2029	375,000,000
2	2030	375,000,000
3	2031	375,000,000
4	2032	375,000,000
5	2033	375,000,000
6	2034	375,000,000
7	2035	375,000,000
8	2036	450,000,000

- 53 -

LRB103 32240 HLH 61456 b

10 each fiscal year

SB2574

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11 thereafter that bonds

and

12 are outstanding under

13 Section 13.2 of the

14 Metropolitan Pier and

15 Exposition Authority Act,

but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project

- 1 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but
- 2 not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total
- 3 Deposit", has been deposited.
- 4 Subject to payment of amounts into the Capital Projects
- 5 Fund, the Clean Air Act Permit Fund, the Build Illinois Fund,
- and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
- 7 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
- 8 enacted, for aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019,
- 9 the Department shall each month deposit into the Aviation Fuel
- 10 Sales Tax Refund Fund an amount estimated by the Department to
- 11 be required for refunds of the 80% portion of the tax on
- 12 aviation fuel under this Act. The Department shall only
- deposit moneys into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund
- 14 under this paragraph for so long as the revenue use
- 15 requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are
- 16 binding on the State.
- Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
- and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the
- 19 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter
- 20 enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30,
- 21 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois
- 22 Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the $\underline{\text{remaining}}$ net revenue
- realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate
- on the selling price of tangible personal property.
- 25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund
- and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the

preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year

- 1 by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act,
- 2 the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
- 3 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation
- 4 and use taxes administered by the Department.
- 5 Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois
- 6 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois
- 7 Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the
- 8 Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this
- 9 Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay
- 10 each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the
- 11 moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the
- 12 Downstate Public Transportation Act.
- Subject to successful execution and delivery of
- 14 public-private agreement between the public agency and private
- entity and completion of the civic build, beginning on July 1,
- 16 2023, of the remainder of the moneys received by the
- 17 Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the
- 18 Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, the Department shall
- 19 deposit the following specified deposits in the aggregate from
- 20 collections under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the
- 21 Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax
- 22 Act, as required under Section 8.25g of the State Finance Act
- 23 for distribution consistent with the Public-Private
- 24 Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
- 25 The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and
- 26 required to be deposited into the Civic and Transit

1	Infrastructure Fund are subject to the pledge, claim, and
2	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private
3	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
4	As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity",
5	"public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the
6	meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private
7	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
8	Fiscal Year Total Deposit
9	2024 \$200,000,000
10	2025 \$206,000,000
11	2026 \$212,200,000
12	2027 \$218,500,000
13	2028 \$225,100,000
14	2029 \$288,700,000
15	2030 \$298,900,000
16	2031 \$309,300,000
17	2032 \$320,100,000
18	2033 \$331,200,000
19	2034 \$341,200,000
20	2035 \$351,400,000
21	2036 \$361,900,000
22	2037 \$372,800,000
23	2038 \$384,000,000
24	2039 \$395,500,000
25	2040 \$407,400,000
26	2041 \$419,600,000

2042 \$432,200,000 1 2 2043 \$445,100,000 Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to 3 the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax 4 5 Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the 6 7 Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance 8 Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the 9 Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount 10 estimated to represent 16% of the remaining net revenue 11 realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. 12 Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the 13 payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform 14 Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion 15 Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy 16 Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration 17 Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to 18 19 represent 32% of the remaining net revenue realized from the 20 taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2023 and until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of amounts 21 22 into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build 23 Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the 24 Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, 25 and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in 26 this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the

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Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 48% of the remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 64% of the remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be

- 1 reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to
- 2 the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the
- 3 General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the
- 4 State Finance Act.
- 5 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon
- 6 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
- 7 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
- 8 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
- 9 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the remaining net revenue realized
- 10 under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April
- 11 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be
- made.
- Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
- 14 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
- 15 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
- 16 overpayment of liability. Remaining net revenue means net
- 17 revenue minus any amount paid into the Working Families Fund
- 18 pursuant to this Section.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 101-10, Article 15, Section 15-15, eff. 6-5-19;
- 20 101-10, Article 25, Section 25-110, eff. 6-5-19; 101-27, eff.
- 21 6-25-19; 101-32, eff. 6-28-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19;
- 22 101-636, eff. 6-10-20; 102-700, eff. 4-19-22.)
- 23 Section 20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
- 24 changing Section 9 as follows:

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1 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 2024, and 2% on and after January 1, 2024, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. On and after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any vendor be less than \$5 in any calendar year. On and after January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any vendor be less than \$5 in any calendar year or more than \$1,000 in any calendar year. When determining the discount allowed under this Section, servicemen shall include the amount of tax that would have been due at the 1% rate but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. The discount under this Section is not allowed for the 1.25% portion of taxes paid on aviation fuel that is subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the

discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of the selling price actually received during such tax return period.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require. The return shall include the gross receipts which were received during the preceding calendar month or quarter on the following items upon which tax would have been due but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly: (i) food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult

use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption); and (ii) food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Use Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969, or an entity that holds a permit issued pursuant to the Life Care Facilities Act. The return shall also include the amount of tax that would have been due on the items listed in the previous sentence but for the 0% rate imposed under this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

On and after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before

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- 1 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:
- 2 1. The name of the seller;
- 2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State:
 - 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;
- 10 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 11 Act;
 - 5. The amount of tax due;
- 13 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department may require.

16 Each serviceman required or authorized to collect the tax 17 herein imposed on aviation fuel acquired as an incident to the purchase of a service in this State during the preceding 18 19 calendar month shall, instead of reporting and paying tax as otherwise required by this Section, report and pay such tax on 20 a separate aviation fuel tax return. The requirements related 21 22 to the return shall be as otherwise provided in this Section. 23 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the 24 contrary, servicemen transferring aviation fuel incident to 25 sales of service shall file all aviation fuel tax returns and 26 shall make all aviation fuel tax payments by electronic means

- 1 in the manner and form required by the Department. For
- 2 purposes of this Section, "aviation fuel" means jet fuel and
- 3 aviation gasoline.
- 4 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
- 5 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
- 6 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
- 7 due on the return shall be deemed assessed.
- 8 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the
- 9 contrary, servicemen subject to tax on cannabis shall file all
- 10 cannabis tax returns and shall make all cannabis tax payments
- 11 by electronic means in the manner and form required by the
- 12 Department.
- Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1,
- 14 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
- 15 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use
- 16 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if
- 17 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as
- 18 required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A
- 19 Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior
- 20 to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a
- 21 serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax
- 22 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service
- Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the
- certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to
- 25 tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase
- 26 Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under

- 1 this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to
- 2 September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase
- 3 Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1,
- 4 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1,
- 5 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after
- 6 September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax
- 7 liability imposed under this Act, including any audit
- 8 liability.
- 9 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the
- 10 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize
- 11 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the
- 12 return for January, February and March of a given year being
- due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May
- 14 and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
- 15 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
- being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
- October, November and December of a given year being due by
- 18 January 20 of the following year.
- 19 If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the
- 20 Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize
- 21 his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for
- 22 a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.
- Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
- 24 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as
- 25 monthly returns.
- Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning

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the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the

- 1 immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning
- on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the
- 3 amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the
- 4 Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by
- 5 rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.
- 6 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
- 7 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make
- 8 payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required
- 9 to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those
- payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.
- 11 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
- 12 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
- with the permission of the Department.
- 14 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
- 15 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
- 16 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those
- payments in the manner authorized by the Department.
- 18 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
- 19 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
- 20 requirements of this Section.
- 21 Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the
- 22 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and
- 23 the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal
- 24 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof
- 25 to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the
- 26 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When

filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by all said Acts on the one form.

Where the serviceman has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registrations hereunder, such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered business.

Beginning February 1, 2024, each month the Department shall pay into the Working Families Fund an amount equal to any net revenue realized for the preceding month as a result of the limit on the vendor's discount of \$1,000 annually, net of the

difference between 1.75% and the vendor's discount of 2%.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the <u>remaining</u> revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax imposed under this Act.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the remaining revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on sales of tangible personal property other than aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. This exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property other than aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. This exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

For aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, each

month the Department shall pay into the State Aviation Program Fund 20% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of aviation fuel, less an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 20% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act, which amount shall be deposited into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the State Aviation Program Fund and the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to

the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, this Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the

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Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the

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aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the

Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

Total Deposit	Fiscal Year	17
\$0	1993	18
53,000,000	1994	19
58,000,000	1995	20
61,000,000	1996	21
64,000,000	1997	22
68,000,000	1998	23
71,000,000	1999	24
75,000,000	2000	25

SB2574	

- 76 - LRB103 32240 HLH 61456 b

1	2001	00 000 000
1	2001	80,000,000
2	2002	93,000,000
3	2003	99,000,000
4	2004	103,000,000
5	2005	108,000,000
6	2006	113,000,000
7	2007	119,000,000
8	2008	126,000,000
9	2009	132,000,000
10	2010	139,000,000
11	2011	146,000,000
12	2012	153,000,000
13	2013	161,000,000
14	2014	170,000,000
15	2015	179,000,000
16	2016	189,000,000
17	2017	199,000,000
18	2018	210,000,000
19	2019	221,000,000
20	2020	233,000,000
21	2021	300,000,000
22	2022	300,000,000
23	2023	300,000,000
24	2024	300,000,000
25	2025	300,000,000
26	2026	300,000,000

1	2027 375,000,000
2	2028 375,000,000
3	2029 375,000,000
4	2030 375,000,000
5	2031 375,000,000
6	2032 375,000,000
7	2033 375,000,000
8	2034 375,000,000
9	2035 375,000,000
10	2036 450,000,000
11	and
12	each fiscal year
13	thereafter that bonds
14	are outstanding under
15	Section 13.2 of the
16	Metropolitan Pier and
17	Exposition Authority Act,
18	but not after fiscal year 2060.
19	Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
20	year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
21	certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
22	Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount

- 77 - LRB103 32240 HLH 61456 b

SB2574

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year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits

1 required under this Section for previous months and years,

2 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project

Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but

not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total

5 Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Capital Projects Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, for aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, the Department shall each month deposit into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 80% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act. The Department shall only deposit moneys into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this paragraph for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund

and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the remaining net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of

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the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year
by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act,
the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the

Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation

and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate Public Transportation Act.

Subject to successful execution and delivery of public-private agreement between the public agency and private entity and completion of the civic build, beginning on July 1, 2023, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, the Department shall deposit the following specified deposits in the aggregate from collections under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, as required under Section 8.25g of the State Finance Act with distribution consistent the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and

1	required to be deposited into the Civic and Transit
2	Infrastructure Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and
3	charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private
4	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
5	As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity",
6	"public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the
7	meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private
8	Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act.
9	Fiscal Year Total Deposit
10	2024 \$200,000,000
11	2025 \$206,000,000
12	2026 \$212,200,000
13	2027 \$218,500,000
14	2028 \$225,100,000
15	2029 \$288,700,000
16	2030 \$298,900,000
17	2031\$309,300,000
18	2032\$320,100,000
19	2033\$331,200,000
20	2034\$341,200,000
21	2035\$351,400,000
22	2036\$361,900,000
23	2037 \$372,800,000
24	2038 \$384,000,000
25	2039\$395,500,000
26	2040 \$407,400,000

1	2041 \$419,600,000
2	2042 \$432,200,000
3	2043 \$445,100,000
4	Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to
5	the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit
6	District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build
7	Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the
8	Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund,
9	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in
10	this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the
11	Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the
12	<pre>remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor</pre>
13	fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1,
14	2023, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and
15	Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the
16	Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project
17	Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy
18	Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration
19	Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay
20	each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to
21	represent 32% of the remaining net revenue realized from the
22	taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1,
23	2023 and until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of amounts
24	into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local
25	Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick
26	Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund,

the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and 1 2 provided Administration Fund as in this Section, the 3 Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 48% of the remaining net revenue 5 realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the 6 payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District 7 Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, 8 9 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 10 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 11 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in 12 Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road 13 Fund the amount estimated to represent 64% of the remaining 14 net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of 15 16 amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the 17 Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois 18 19 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 20 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in 21 Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road 22 Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the remaining 23 net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the 24 25 meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax 26 Law, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in

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1 Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the

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- taxpayer's business during such year and any additional 1 2 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 3 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore 5 provided for in this Section.
- If the annual information return required by this Section 7 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable as follows:
 - (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.
 - (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the Department shall include a warning that the person signing the return may be liable for perjury.

The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability. Remaining net revenue means net revenue minus any amount paid into the Working Families Fund pursuant to this Section.

For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 101-10, Article 15, Section 15-20, eff. 6-5-19;
- 2 101-10, Article 25, Section 25-115, eff. 6-5-19; 101-27, eff.
- 3 6-25-19; 101-32, eff. 6-28-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19;
- 4 101-636, eff. 6-10-20; 102-700, eff. 4-19-22.)
- 5 Section 25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended
- 6 by changing Section 3 as follows:
- 7 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)
- 8 Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before
- 9 the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged
- 10 in the business of selling tangible personal property at
- 11 retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall
- 12 file a return with the Department, stating:
- 13 1. The name of the seller;
- 14 2. His residence address and the address of his
- 15 principal place of business and the address of the
- 16 principal place of business (if that is a different
- 17 address) from which he engages in the business of selling
- 18 tangible personal property at retail in this State;
- 19 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the
- 20 preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be,
- 21 from sales of tangible personal property, and from
- services furnished, by him during such preceding calendar
- 23 month or quarter;
- 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding

calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return is filed;

- 5. Deductions allowed by law;
- 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed, including gross receipts on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) which were received during the preceding calendar month or quarter and upon which tax would have been due but for the 0% rate imposed under Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly;
- 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this Act;
- 8. The amount of tax due, including the amount of tax that would have been due on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) but for the 0% rate imposed under Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly;

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- 1 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 2 10. Such other reasonable information as the
- 3 Department may require.
- On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns required 5 to be filed prior to January 1, 2023 for motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be 6 registered with an agency of this State, with respect to 7 8 retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, 9 all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be 10 filed electronically. On and after January 1, 2023, with 11 respect to retailers whose annual gross receipts average 12 \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act, including, but not limited to, returns for motor 13 vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required 14 15 to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be filed 16 electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do not 17 have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the 18 19 electronic filing requirement.
 - If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.
- Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is claimed.

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Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each

- of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:
 - 1. The name of the seller;
 - 2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State;
 - 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;
- 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 Act;
 - 5. The amount of tax due; and
- 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department may require.

Every person engaged in the business of selling aviation fuel at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall, instead of reporting and paying tax as otherwise required by this Section, report and pay such tax on a separate aviation fuel tax return. The requirements related to the return shall be as otherwise provided in this Section. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, retailers selling aviation fuel shall file all aviation fuel tax returns and shall make all aviation fuel tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required

by the Department. For purposes of this Section, "aviation
fuel" means jet fuel and aviation gasoline.

Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer, as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month and such other information as is reasonably required by the Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the Liquor Control Act of 1934.

Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to whom it was sold or distributed; the purchaser's tax registration number; and such other

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information reasonably required by the Department. Α importing distributor, or distributor, manufacturer of alcoholic liquor must personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which transaction occurred. The distributor, the importing distributor, or manufacturer shall notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales information by electronic means, the distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall furnish the sales information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail, or facsimile.

If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, retailers subject to tax on cannabis shall file all cannabis tax returns and shall make all cannabis tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the

1 Department.

2 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 3 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 5 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall 6 7 make all payments required by rules of the Department by 8 electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a 9 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 10 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the 11 Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 12 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or 13 more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax 14 liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities 15 16 under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation 17 and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly 18 tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities 19 20 under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the 21 22 immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning 23 on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the 24 25 Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by 26 rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is less than 50 cents.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,

- 1 with the return for January, February and March of a given year
- 2 being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April,
- 3 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year;
- 4 with the return for July, August and September of a given year
- 5 being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for
- 6 October, November and December of a given year being due by
- 7 January 20 of the following year.
- 8 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or
- 9 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
- 10 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the
- 11 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
- basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20
- of the following year.
- 14 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
- 15 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as
- monthly returns.
- Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
- 18 the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the
- 19 case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business
- 20 which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act,
- 21 such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the
- 22 Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
- 23 business.
- 24 Where the same person has more than one business
- 25 registered with the Department under separate registrations
- 26 under this Act, such person may not file each return that is

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due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, except as otherwise provided in this Section, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible personal property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle trailer to retailer or trailer retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

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In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, every person who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such items and who, in connection with such business, sells any such item to a retailer for the purpose of resale is, notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, authorized to meet the return-filing requirement of this Act by reporting the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transferred for resale during a month to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form on or before the 20th of the month following the month in which the transfer takes place. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, all returns filed under this paragraph must be filed by electronic means in the manner and form as required by the Department.

Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or quarterly returns, those retailers shall be required to file returns on an annual basis.

The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with

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an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other information as Department may reasonably require.

The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for

the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine that this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or registration.

With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the

Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to

the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the vendor's 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act with respect to such receipts.

Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly accredited agent of such corporation.

Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of the limited liability company.

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Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 2024, and 2% on and after January 1, 2024, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. On and after January 1, 1990 and prior to January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any vendor be less than \$5 in any calendar year. On and after January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any vendor be less than \$5 in any calendar year or more than \$1,000 in any calendar year. On and after January 1, 2021, a certified service provider, as defined in the Leveling the Playing Field for Illinois Retail Act, filing the return under this Section on behalf of a remote retailer shall, at the time of such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 1.75%. A remote retailer using a certified service provider to file a return on its behalf, as provided in the Leveling the Playing Field for Illinois Retail Act, is not eligible for the discount. When determining the discount allowed under this Section, retailers shall include the amount of tax that would have been due at the 1% rate but for the 0% rate imposed under Public Act 102-700

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this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. When determining the discount allowed under this Section, retailers shall include the amount of tax that would have been due at the 6.25% rate but for the 1.25% rate imposed on sales tax holiday items under Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. The discount under this Section is not allowed for the 1.25% portion of taxes paid on aviation fuel that is subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133. Any prepayment made pursuant to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was

\$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar 1 2 quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month 3 during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make 5 payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. 6 7 On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average 8 monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the 9 Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service 10 Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to 11 be remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was 12 \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar 13 quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month 14 15 during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make 16 payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and 17 last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began 18 prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount 19 equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month 20 21 or an amount set by the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the 22 average monthly liability of the taxpayer to the Department 23 for the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability 24 25 in such 4 quarter period). If the month during which such tax 26 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985 and

prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount 1 2 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 3 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during 4 5 which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment 6 7 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability 8 9 for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month 10 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 11 January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or 12 after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 13 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of 14 15 the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and 16 17 prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 18 month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar 19 20 month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount 21 22 of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the 23 final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 24 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by 25 26 taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$10,000

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or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in

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the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. Quarter monthly payment status shall be determined under this paragraph as if the rate reduction to 0% in Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) had not occurred. For quarter monthly payments due under this paragraph on or after July 1, 2023 and through June 30, 2024, "25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year" shall be determined as if the rate reduction to 0% in Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly had not occurred. Quarter monthly payment status shall be determined under this paragraph as if the rate reduction to 1.25% in Public Act 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly on sales tax holiday items had not occurred. For quarter monthly payments due on or after July 1, 2023 and through June 30, 2024, "25% of the taxpayer's liability for

the same calendar month of the preceding year" shall be determined as if the rate reduction to 1.25% in <u>Public Act</u> 102-700 this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly on sales tax holiday items had not occurred. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis.

The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to

September 1, 1985 (the effective date of Public Act 84-221), 1 2 each payment shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month 3 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 5 January 1, 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 6 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 7 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month 8 of the preceding calendar year. If the month during which such 9 tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, 10 each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the 11 taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the 12 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments 13 shall be credited against the final tax liability of the 14 15 taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or 16 Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the 17 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until 18 such taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during 19 20 the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. 21 If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or 22 in the amount required, the taxpayer shall be liable for 23 penalties and interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in 24 25 excess of the minimum payments previously due.

The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after

October 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is 1 required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, 2 any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to 3 collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid 5 taxes that average in excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters shall file a return 6 7 with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make 8 payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and 9 last day of the month during which the liability is incurred. 10 Each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the 11 taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the 12 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of 13 preceding year. The amount of the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the 14 15 taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or 16 Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the 17 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until the 18 taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during the 19 20 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less 21 22 \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly 23 liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarters is less 24 25 than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid 26 at the time or in the amount required, the taxpayer shall be

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liable for penalties and interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments previously due.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under

Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability to the Department under this Act for the month for which the taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the

taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

Beginning February 1, 2024, each month the Department shall pay into the Working Families Fund an amount equal to any net revenue realized for the preceding month as a result of the limit on the vendor's discount of \$1,000 annually, net of the difference between 1.75% and the vendor's discount of 2%.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax imposed under this Act.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate other than aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. This exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

If, in any month, the tax on sales tax holiday items, as defined in Section 2-8, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the Department shall pay 20% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for that month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items into the County and Mass Transit District Fund.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property other than aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019. This exception for aviation fuel only applies for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

For aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, each month the Department shall pay into the State Aviation Program Fund 20% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of aviation fuel, less an amount estimated by the Department to be required for refunds of the 20% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act, which amount shall be deposited into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund. The Department shall only pay moneys into the State Aviation Program Fund and the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this Act for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. If, in any month, the tax on sales tax holiday items, as defined in Section 2-8, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the Department shall pay 80% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for that month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of sales tax holiday items into the Local Government Tax Fund.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the remaining net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the <u>remaining</u> net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall

pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required

to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for fiscal years 1986 through 1993:

14	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
15	1986	\$54,800,000
16	1987	\$76,650,000
17	1988	\$80,480,000
18	1989	\$88,510,000
19	1990	\$115,330,000
20	1991	\$145,470,000
21	1992	\$182,730,000
22	1993	\$206,520,000;

and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on

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the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any

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month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be

deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

6	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
7	1993	\$0
8	1994	53,000,000
9	1995	58,000,000
10	1996	61,000,000
11	1997	64,000,000
12	1998	68,000,000
13	1999	71,000,000
14	2000	75,000,000
15	2001	80,000,000
16	2002	93,000,000
17	2003	99,000,000
18	2004	103,000,000
19	2005	108,000,000
20	2006	113,000,000
21	2007	119,000,000
22	2008	126,000,000
23	2009	132,000,000
24	2010	139,000,000
25	2011	146,000,000
26	2012	153,000,000

1	2013	161,000,000
2	2014	170,000,000
3	2015	179,000,000
4	2016	189,000,000
5	2017	199,000,000
6	2018	210,000,000
7	2019	221,000,000
8	2020	233,000,000
9	2021	300,000,000
10	2022	300,000,000
11	2023	300,000,000
12	2024	300,000,000
13	2025	300,000,000
14	2026	300,000,000
15	2027	375,000,000
16	2028	375,000,000
17	2029	375,000,000
18	2030	375,000,000
19	2031	375,000,000
20	2032	375,000,000
21	2033	375,000,000
22	2034	375,000,000
23	2035	375,000,000
24	2036	450,000,000
25	and	
26	each fiscal year	

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1 thereafter that bonds

2 are outstanding under

3 Section 13.2 of the

4 Metropolitan Pier and

Exposition Authority Act,

but not after fiscal year 2060.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Capital Projects Fund, the Clean Air Act Permit Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, for aviation fuel sold on or after December 1, 2019, the Department shall each month deposit into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund an amount estimated by the Department to

be required for refunds of the 80% portion of the tax on aviation fuel under this Act. The Department shall only deposit moneys into the Aviation Fuel Sales Tax Refund Fund under this paragraph for so long as the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133 are binding on the State.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the remaining net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic

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1 Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the

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1 moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the 2 Downstate Public Transportation Act.

Subject to successful execution and delivery of public-private agreement between the public agency and private entity and completion of the civic build, beginning on July 1, the remainder of the moneys received by the 2023, of Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, the Department shall deposit the following specified deposits in the aggregate from collections under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, as required under Section 8.25g of the State Finance Act distribution consistent with the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Civic and Transit Infrastructure Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 25-55 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. As used in this paragraph, "civic build", "private entity", "public-private agreement", and "public agency" have the meanings provided in Section 25-10 of the Public-Private Partnership for Civic and Transit Infrastructure Project Act. Fiscal Year..... Total Deposit 2024 \$200,000,000

2025 \$206,000,000

1	2026 \$212,200,000
2	2027 \$218,500,000
3	2028 \$225,100,000
4	2029 \$288,700,000
5	2030 \$298,900,000
6	2031 \$309,300,000
7	2032 \$320,100,000
8	2033 \$331,200,000
9	2034 \$341,200,000
10	2035 \$351,400,000
11	2036 \$361,900,000
12	2037 \$372,800,000
13	2038 \$384,000,000
14	2039 \$395,500,000
15	2040 \$407,400,000
16	2041 \$419,600,000
17	2042 \$432,200,000
18	2043 \$445,100,000
19	Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to
20	the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit
21	District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build
22	Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the
23	Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund,
24	and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in
25	this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the
26	Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the

remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor 1 2 fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 3 2023, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the 5 Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project 6 the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the 7 Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration 8 Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay 9 each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to 10 represent 32% of the remaining net revenue realized from the 11 taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 12 2023 and until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local 13 14 Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick 15 Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, 16 the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and 17 Administration Fund as provided in this Section, Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount 18 19 estimated to represent 48% of the remaining net revenue 20 realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the 21 22 payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District 23 Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 24 25 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 26 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this

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Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 64% of the remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the remaining net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State treasury Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual

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information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the retailer during such year, payroll information of the retailer's business during such year and any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in this Section.

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of

a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.

(ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the Department shall include a warning that the person signing the return may be liable for perjury.

The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue

collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for overpayment of liability. Remaining net revenue means net revenue minus any amount paid into the Working Families Fund pursuant to this Section.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's business, the name of the person or persons engaged in merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant, the dates and location of the event and other reasonable information that the Department may require. The report must be filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following the month during which the event with retail sales

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was held. Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section commits a business offense and is subject to a

3 fine not to exceed \$250.

Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall impose this requirement when it finds that there is a significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of this requirement. In the absence of notification by the Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file their returns as otherwise required in this Section. (Source: P.A. 101-10, Article 15, Section 15-25, eff. 6-5-19;

101-10, Article 25, Section 25-120, eff. 6-5-19; 101-27, eff.

6-25-19; 101-32, eff. 6-28-19; 101-604, eff. 12-13-19;

- 1 101-636, eff. 6-10-20; 102-634, eff. 8-27-21; 102-700, Article
- 2 60, Section 60-30, eff. 4-19-22; 102-700, Article 65, Section
- 3 65-10, eff. 4-19-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1019, eff.
- 4 1-1-23; revised 12-13-22.)
- 5 Section 30. The Cigarette Tax Act is amended by changing
- 6 Section 2 as follows:
- 7 (35 ILCS 130/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 453.2)
- 8 Sec. 2. Tax imposed; rate; collection, payment, and
- 9 distribution; discount.
- 10 (a) Beginning on July 1, 2019, in place of the aggregate
- 11 tax rate of 99 mills previously imposed by this Act, a tax is
- imposed upon any person engaged in business as a retailer of
- 13 cigarettes at the rate of 149 mills per cigarette sold or
- 14 otherwise disposed of in the course of such business in this
- 15 State.
- 16 (b) The payment of such taxes shall be evidenced by a stamp
- 17 affixed to each original package of cigarettes, or an
- 18 authorized substitute for such stamp imprinted on each
- 19 original package of such cigarettes underneath the sealed
- 20 transparent outside wrapper of such original package, as
- 21 hereinafter provided. However, such taxes are not imposed upon
- 22 any activity in such business in interstate commerce or
- otherwise, which activity may not under the Constitution and
- 24 statutes of the United States be made the subject of taxation

1 by this State.

Beginning February 1, 2024, each month the Department shall pay into the Working Families Fund an amount equal to any net revenue realized for the preceding month as a result of changes in this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly to the discount allowed to distributors under this Act and the Cigarette Use Tax Act.

Out of the 149 mills per cigarette tax imposed by subsection (a), net of any revenues paid into the Working Families Fund, the revenues received from 4 mills shall be paid into the Common School Fund each month, not to exceed \$9,000,000 per month. Out of the 149 mills per cigarette tax imposed by subsection (a), net of any revenues paid into the Working Families Fund, all of the revenues received from 7 mills shall be paid into the Common School Fund each month. Out of the 149 mills per cigarette tax imposed by subsection (a), net of any revenues paid into the Working Families Fund, 50 mills per cigarette each month shall be paid into the Healthcare Provider Relief Fund.

Beginning on July 1, 2006, all of the moneys received by the Department of Revenue pursuant to this Act and the Cigarette Use Tax Act, other than the moneys that are dedicated to Working Families Fund or the Common School Fund and, beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly, other than the moneys from the additional taxes imposed by this amendatory Act of the 97th

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General Assembly that must be paid each month into the Healthcare Provider Relief Fund, and other than the moneys from the additional taxes imposed by this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly that must be paid each month under subsection (c), shall be distributed each month as follows: first, there shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund an amount that, when added to the amount paid into the Common School Fund for that month, equals \$29,200,000; then, from the moneys remaining, if any amounts required to be paid into the General Revenue Fund in previous months remain unpaid, those amounts shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund; then from the moneys remaining, \$5,000,000 per month shall be paid into the School Infrastructure Fund; then, if any amounts required to be paid into the School Infrastructure Fund in previous months remain unpaid, those amounts shall be paid into the School Infrastructure Fund; then the moneys remaining, if any, shall be paid into the Long-Term Care Provider Fund.

- (c) Beginning on July 1, 2019, all of the moneys from the additional taxes imposed by Public Act 101-31, except for moneys received from the tax on electronic cigarettes, received by the Department of Revenue pursuant to this Act, the Cigarette Use Tax Act, and the Tobacco Products Tax Act of 1995 shall be distributed each month into the Capital Projects Fund.
- (d) Except for moneys received from the additional taxes imposed by Public Act 101-31, moneys collected from the tax

- imposed on little cigars under Section 10-10 of the Tobacco
 Products Tax Act of 1995 shall be included with the moneys
 collected under the Cigarette Tax Act and the Cigarette Use
 Tax Act when making distributions to the Common School Fund,
 the Healthcare Provider Relief Fund, the General Revenue Fund,
 the School Infrastructure Fund, and the Long-Term Care
 Provider Fund under this Section.
 - (e) If the tax imposed herein terminates or has terminated, distributors who have bought stamps while such tax was in effect and who therefore paid such tax, but who can show, to the Department's satisfaction, that they sold the cigarettes to which they affixed such stamps after such tax had terminated and did not recover the tax or its equivalent from purchasers, shall be allowed by the Department to take credit for such absorbed tax against subsequent tax stamp purchases from the Department by such distributor.
 - upon the retailer and shall be prepaid or pre-collected by the distributor for the purpose of convenience and facility only, and the amount of the tax shall be added to the price of the cigarettes sold by such distributor. Collection of the tax shall be evidenced by a stamp or stamps affixed to each original package of cigarettes, as hereinafter provided. Any distributor who purchases stamps may credit any excess payments verified by the Department against amounts subsequently due for the purchase of additional stamps, until

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- such time as no excess payment remains.
 - (g) Each distributor shall collect the tax from the retailer at or before the time of the sale, shall affix the stamps as hereinafter required, and shall remit the tax collected from retailers to the Department, as hereinafter provided. Any distributor who fails to properly collect and pay the tax imposed by this Act shall be liable for the tax.
 - Any distributor having cigarettes in his or her possession on July 1, 2019 to which tax stamps have been affixed, and any distributor having stamps in his or her possession on July 1, 2019 that have not been affixed to packages of cigarettes before July 1, 2019, is required to pay the additional tax that begins on July 1, 2019 imposed by this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly to the extent that the volume of affixed and unaffixed stamps in the distributor's possession on July 1, 2019 exceeds the average monthly volume of cigarette stamps purchased by the distributor in calendar year 2018. This payment, less the discount provided in subsection (1), is due when distributor first makes a purchase of cigarette stamps on or after July 1, 2019 or on the first due date of a return under this Act occurring on or after July 1, 2019, whichever occurs first. Those distributors may elect to pay the additional tax on packages of cigarettes to which stamps have been affixed and on any stamps in the distributor's possession that have not been affixed to packages of cigarettes in their possession

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- on July 1, 2019 over a period not to exceed 12 months from the due date of the additional tax by notifying the Department in writing. The first payment for distributors making such election is due when the distributor first makes a purchase of cigarette tax stamps on or after July 1, 2019 or on the first due date of a return under this Act occurring on or after July 1, 2019, whichever occurs first. Distributors making such an election are not entitled to take the discount provided in subsection (1) on such payments.
 - (i) Any retailer having cigarettes in its possession on July 1, 2019 to which tax stamps have been affixed is not required to pay the additional tax that begins on July 1, 2019 imposed by this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly on those stamped cigarettes.
 - (j) Distributors making sales of cigarettes to secondary distributors shall add the amount of the tax to the price of sold by the distributors. cigarettes Secondary the distributors making sales of cigarettes to retailers shall include the amount of the tax in the price of the cigarettes sold to retailers. The amount of tax shall not be less than the amount of taxes imposed by the State and all jurisdictions. The amount of local taxes shall be calculated based on the location of the retailer's place of business shown on the retailer's certificate of registration or sub-registration issued to the retailer pursuant to Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. The original packages of

- cigarettes sold to the retailer shall bear all the required stamps, or other indicia, for the taxes included in the price of cigarettes.
 - (k) The amount of the Cigarette Tax imposed by this Act shall be separately stated, apart from the price of the goods, by distributors, manufacturer representatives, secondary distributors, and retailers, in all bills and sales invoices.
 - (1) The distributor shall be required to collect the tax provided under paragraph (a) hereof, and, to cover the costs of such collection, shall be allowed a discount during any year commencing July 1st and ending the following June 30th in accordance with the schedule set out hereinbelow, which discount shall be allowed at the time of purchase of the stamps when purchase is required by this Act, or at the time when the tax is remitted to the Department without the purchase of stamps from the Department when that method of paying the tax is required or authorized by this Act.

On and after December 1, 1985, and until January 1, 2024, the a discount amount shall be equal to 1.75% of the amount of the tax payable under this Act up to and including the first \$3,000,000 paid hereunder by such distributor to the Department during any such year and 1.5% of the amount of any additional tax paid hereunder by such distributor to the Department during any such year shall apply. On and after January 1, 2024, the discount amount shall be 2% of the tax payable under this Act during the calendar year; however, on

- 1 and after January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount
- 2 allowed to any distributor be less than \$5 in any calendar year
- 3 or more than \$1,000 in any calendar year.
- 4 Two or more distributors that use a common means of
- 5 affixing revenue tax stamps or that are owned or controlled by
- 6 the same interests shall be treated as a single distributor
- 7 for the purpose of computing the discount.
- 8 (m) The taxes herein imposed are in addition to all other
- 9 occupation or privilege taxes imposed by the State of
- 10 Illinois, or by any political subdivision thereof, or by any
- 11 municipal corporation.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-31, eff. 6-28-19;
- 13 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.)
- 14 Section 35. The Cigarette Use Tax Act is amended by
- 15 changing Section 3 as follows:
- 16 (35 ILCS 135/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 453.33)
- 17 Sec. 3. Stamp payment. The tax hereby imposed shall be
- 18 collected by a distributor maintaining a place of business in
- 19 this State or a distributor authorized by the Department
- 20 pursuant to Section 7 hereof to collect the tax, and the amount
- of the tax shall be added to the price of the cigarettes sold
- 22 by such distributor. Collection of the tax shall be evidenced
- 23 by a stamp or stamps affixed to each original package of
- 24 cigarettes or by an authorized substitute for such stamp

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each original package of such cigarettes on underneath the sealed transparent outside wrapper of such original package, except as hereinafter provided. Each distributor who is required or authorized to collect the tax herein imposed, before delivering or causing to be delivered any original packages of cigarettes in this State to any purchaser, shall firmly affix a proper stamp or stamps to each such package, or (in the case of manufacturers of cigarettes in original packages which are contained inside a sealed transparent wrapper) shall imprint the required language on the original package of cigarettes beneath such outside wrapper as hereinafter provided. Such stamp or stamps need not be affixed to the original package of any cigarettes with respect to which the distributor is required to affix a like stamp or stamps by virtue of the Cigarette Tax Act, however, and no tax imprint need be placed underneath the sealed transparent wrapper of an original package of cigarettes with respect to which the distributor is required or authorized to employ a like tax imprint by virtue of the Cigarette Tax Act. Any distributor who purchases stamps may credit any excess payments verified by the Department against amounts subsequently due for the purchase of additional stamps, until such time as no excess payment remains.

No stamp or imprint may be affixed to, or made upon, any package of cigarettes unless that package complies with all requirements of the federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising

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Act, 15 U.S.C. 1331 and following, for the placement of labels, warnings, or any other information upon a package of cigarettes that is sold within the United States. Under the authority of Section 6, the Department shall revoke the license of any distributor that is determined to have violated this paragraph. A person may not affix a stamp on a package of cigarettes, cigarette papers, wrappers, or tubes if that individual package has been marked for export outside the United States with a label or notice in compliance with Section 290.185 of Title 27 of the Code of Federal Regulations. It is not a defense to a proceeding for violation of this paragraph that the label or notice has been removed, mutilated, obliterated, or altered in any manner.

distributors licensed under this Act transporters, as defined in Section 9c of the Cigarette Tax Act, may possess unstamped original packages of cigarettes. Prior to shipment to an Illinois retailer or secondary distributor, a stamp shall be applied to each original package of cigarettes sold to the retailer or secondary distributor. A distributor may apply a tax stamp only to an original package of cigarettes purchased or obtained directly from an in-state maker, manufacturer, or fabricator licensed as a distributor under Section 4 of this Act or an out-of-state maker, manufacturer, or fabricator holding a permit under Section 7 of this Act. A licensed distributor may ship or otherwise cause to be delivered unstamped original packages

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into, or from this State. Α in, licensed distributor may transport unstamped original packages of facility, wherever cigarettes to a located, owned controlled by such distributor; however, a distributor may not transport unstamped original packages of cigarettes to a facility where retail sales of cigarettes take place or to a facility where a secondary distributor makes sales for resale. Any licensed distributor that ships or otherwise causes to be delivered unstamped original packages of cigarettes into, within, or from this State shall ensure that the invoice or equivalent documentation and the bill of lading or freight bill for the shipment identifies the true name and address of the consignor or seller, the true name and address of the consignee or purchaser, and the quantity by brand style of the cigarettes so transported, provided that this Section shall not be construed as to impose any requirement or liability upon any common or contract carrier.

Distributors making sales of cigarettes to secondary distributors shall add the amount of the tax to the price of the cigarettes sold by the distributors. Secondary distributors making sales of cigarettes to retailers shall include the amount of the tax in the price of the cigarettes sold to retailers. The amount of tax shall not be less than the of taxes imposed by the State and all jurisdictions. The amount of local taxes shall be calculated based on the location of the retailer's place of business

shown on the retailer's certificate of registration or sub-registration issued to the retailer pursuant to Section 2a of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. The original packages of cigarettes sold by the retailer shall bear all the required stamps, or other indicia, for the taxes included in the price of cigarettes.

Stamps, when required hereunder, shall be purchased from the Department, or any person authorized by the Department, by distributors. On and after July 1, 2003, payment for such stamps must be made by means of electronic funds transfer. The Department may refuse to sell stamps to any person who does not comply with the provisions of this Act. Beginning on June 6, 2002 and through June 30, 2002, persons holding valid licenses as distributors may purchase cigarette tax stamps up to an amount equal to 115% of the distributor's average monthly cigarette tax stamp purchases over the 12 calendar months prior to June 6, 2002.

Prior to December 1, 1985, the Department shall allow a distributor 21 days in which to make final payment of the amount to be paid for such stamps, by allowing the distributor to make payment for the stamps at the time of purchasing them with a draft which shall be in such form as the Department prescribes, and which shall be payable within 21 days thereafter: Provided that such distributor has filed with the Department, and has received the Department's approval of, a bond, which is in addition to the bond required under Section 4

of this Act, payable to the Department in an amount equal to 80% of such distributor's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act during the preceding calendar year or \$500,000, whichever is less. The bond shall be joint and several and shall be in the form of a surety company bond in such form as the Department prescribes, or it may be in the form of a bank certificate of deposit or bank letter of credit. The bond shall be conditioned upon the distributor's payment of the amount of any 21-day draft which the Department accepts from that distributor for the delivery of stamps to that distributor under this Act. The distributor's failure to pay any such draft, when due, shall also make such distributor automatically liable to the Department for a penalty equal to 25% of the amount of such draft.

On and after December 1, 1985 and until July 1, 2003, the Department shall allow a distributor 30 days in which to make final payment of the amount to be paid for such stamps, by allowing the distributor to make payment for the stamps at the time of purchasing them with a draft which shall be in such form as the Department prescribes, and which shall be payable within 30 days thereafter, and beginning on January 1, 2003 and thereafter, the draft shall be payable by means of electronic funds transfer: Provided that such distributor has filed with the Department, and has received the Department's approval of, a bond, which is in addition to the bond required under Section 4 of this Act, payable to the Department in an

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amount equal to 150% of such distributor's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act during the preceding calendar year or \$750,000, whichever is less, except that as to bonds filed on or after January 1, 1987, such additional bond shall be in an amount equal to 100% of such distributor's average monthly tax liability under this Act during the preceding calendar year or \$750,000, whichever is less. The bond shall be joint and several and shall be in the form of a surety company bond in such form as the Department prescribes, or it may be in the form of a bank certificate of deposit or bank letter of credit. The bond shall be conditioned upon the distributor's payment of the amount of any 30-day draft which the Department accepts from that distributor for the delivery of stamps to that distributor under this Act. The distributor's failure to pay any such draft, when due, shall also make such distributor automatically liable to the Department for a penalty equal to 25% of the amount of such draft.

Every prior continuous compliance taxpayer shall be exempt from all requirements under this Section concerning the furnishing of such bond, as defined in this Section, as a condition precedent to his being authorized to engage in the business licensed under this Act. This exemption shall continue for each such taxpayer until such time as he may be determined by the Department to be delinquent in the filing of any returns, or is determined by the Department (either

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through the Department's issuance of a final assessment which has become final under the Act, or by the taxpayer's filing of a return which admits tax to be due that is not paid) to be delinquent or deficient in the paying of any tax under this Act, at which time that taxpayer shall become subject to the bond requirements of this Section and, as a condition of being allowed to continue to engage in the business licensed under this Act, shall be required to furnish bond to the Department in such form as provided in this Section. Such taxpayer shall furnish such bond for a period of 2 years, after which, if the taxpayer has not been delinquent in the filing of any returns, or delinquent or deficient in the paying of any tax under this Act, the Department may reinstate such person as a prior continuance compliance taxpayer. Any taxpayer who fails to pay an admitted or established liability under this Act may also be required to post bond or other acceptable security with the Department quaranteeing the payment of such admitted or established liability.

Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any person aggrieved by any decision of the Department under this Section may, within the time allowed by law, protest and request a hearing before the Department, whereupon the Department shall give notice and shall hold a hearing in conformity with the provisions of this Act and then issue its final administrative decision in the matter to such person. Effective July 1, 2013, protests concerning matters that are subject to the

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jurisdiction of the Illinois Independent Tax Tribunal shall be 1 2 filed in accordance with the Illinois Independent Tax Tribunal 3 Act of 2012, and hearings concerning those matters shall be held before the Tribunal in accordance with that Act. With 5 respect to protests filed with the Department prior to July 1, 2013 that would otherwise be subject to the jurisdiction of 6 7 the Illinois Independent Tax Tribunal, the person filing the 8 protest may elect to be subject to the provisions of the 9 Illinois Independent Tax Tribunal Act of 2012 at any time on or 10 after July 1, 2013, but not later than 30 days after the date 11 on which the protest was filed. If made, the election shall be 12 irrevocable. In the absence of such a protest filed within the time allowed by law, the Department's decision shall become 13 14 final without any further determination being made or notice 15 given.

The Department shall discharge any surety and shall release and return any bond or security deposited, assigned, pledged, or otherwise provided to it by a taxpayer under this Section within 30 days after:

- (1) such Taxpayer becomes a prior continuous compliance taxpayer; or
- (2) such taxpayer has ceased to collect receipts on which he is required to remit tax to the Department, has filed a final tax return, and has paid to the Department an amount sufficient to discharge his remaining tax liability as determined by the Department under this Act. The

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Department shall make a final determination of the taxpayer's outstanding tax liability as expeditiously as possible after his final tax return has been filed. If the Department cannot make such final determination within 45 days after receiving the final tax return, within such period it shall so notify the taxpayer, stating its reasons therefor.

At the time of purchasing such stamps from the Department when purchase is required by this Act, or at the time when the tax which he has collected is remitted by a distributor to the Department without the purchase of stamps from the Department when that method of remitting the tax that has been collected is required or authorized by this Act, the distributor shall be allowed a discount during any year commencing July 1 and ending the following June 30 in accordance with the schedule set out hereinbelow, from the amount to be paid by him to the Department for such stamps, or to be paid by him to the Department on the basis of monthly remittances (as the case may be), to cover the cost, to such distributor, of collecting the tax herein imposed by affixing such stamps to the original packages of cigarettes sold by such distributor or by placing tax imprints underneath the sealed transparent wrapper of original packages of cigarettes sold by such distributor (as the case may be).: (1) Prior to December 1, 1985, a discount equal to 1-2/3% of the amount of the tax up to and including the first \$700,000 paid hereunder by such distributor

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Department during any such year; 1-1/3% of the next \$700,000 of tax or any part thereof, paid hereunder by such distributor to the Department during any such year; 1% of the next \$700,000 of tax, or any part thereof, paid hereunder by such distributor to the Department during any such year; and 2/3 of 1% of the amount of any additional tax paid hereunder by such distributor to the Department during any such year or (2) On and after December 1, 1985 and until January 1, 2024, a discount equal to 1.75% of the amount of the tax payable under this Act up to and including the first \$3,000,000 paid hereunder by such distributor to the Department during any such year and 1.5% of the amount of any additional tax paid hereunder by such distributor to the Department during any such year. On and after January 1, 2024, the discount shall be equal to 2% of the tax paid by the distributor to the Department under this Act during the calendar year; however, on and after January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any distributor be less than \$5 in any calendar year or more than \$1,000 in any calendar year.

Two or more distributors that use a common means of affixing revenue tax stamps or that are owned or controlled by the same interests shall be treated as a single distributor for the purpose of computing the discount.

Cigarette manufacturers who are distributors under Section 7(a) of this Act, and who place their cigarettes in original packages which are contained inside a sealed transparent

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wrapper, shall be required to remit the tax which they are required to collect under this Act to the Department by remitting the amount thereof to the Department by the 5th day of each month, covering cigarettes shipped or otherwise delivered to points in Illinois to purchasers during the preceding calendar month, but a distributor need not remit to the Department the tax so collected by him from purchasers under this Act to the extent to which such distributor is required to remit the tax imposed by the Cigarette Tax Act to the Department with respect to the same cigarettes. All taxes upon cigarettes under this Act are a direct tax upon the retail consumer and shall conclusively be presumed to be precollected for the purpose of convenience and facility only. Cigarette manufacturers that are distributors licensed under Section 7(a) of this Act and who place their cigarettes in original packages which are contained inside a sealed transparent wrapper, before delivering such cigarettes or causing such cigarettes to be delivered in this State to purchasers, shall evidence their obligation to collect and remit the tax due with respect to such cigarettes by imprinting language to be prescribed by the Department on each original package of such cigarettes underneath the sealed transparent outside wrapper of such original package, in such place thereon and in such manner as the Department may prescribe; provided (as stated hereinbefore) that this requirement does not apply when such distributor is required or authorized by the Cigarette Tax Act

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to place the tax imprint provided for in the last paragraph of Section 3 of that Act underneath the sealed transparent wrapper of such original package of cigarettes. Such imprinted language shall acknowledge the manufacturer's collection and payment of or liability for the tax imposed by this Act with respect to such cigarettes.

The Department shall adopt the design or designs of the tax stamps and shall procure the printing of such stamps in such amounts and denominations as it deems necessary to provide for the affixation of the proper amount of tax stamps to each original package of cigarettes.

are required, the Where tax stamps Department may distributors to affix revenue authorize tax stamps by imprinting tax meter stamps upon original packages cigarettes. The Department shall adopt rules and regulations relating to the imprinting of such tax meter stamps as will result in payment of the proper taxes as herein imposed. No distributor may affix revenue tax stamps to original packages of cigarettes by imprinting meter stamps thereon unless such distributor has first obtained permission from the Department to employ this method of affixation. The Department shall regulate the use of tax meters and may, to assure the proper collection of the taxes imposed by this Act, revoke or suspend the privilege, theretofore granted by the Department to any distributor, to imprint tax meter stamps upon original packages of cigarettes.

The tax hereby imposed and not paid pursuant to this Section shall be paid to the Department directly by any person using such cigarettes within this State, pursuant to Section hereof.

A distributor shall not affix, or cause to be affixed, any stamp or imprint to a package of cigarettes, as provided for in this Section, if the tobacco product manufacturer, as defined in Section 10 of the Tobacco Product Manufacturers' Escrow Act, that made or sold the cigarettes has failed to become a participating manufacturer, as defined in subdivision (a) (1) of Section 15 of the Tobacco Product Manufacturers' Escrow Act, or has failed to create a qualified escrow fund for any cigarettes manufactured by the tobacco product manufacturer and sold in this State or otherwise failed to bring itself into compliance with subdivision (a) (2) of Section 15 of the Tobacco Product Manufacturers' Escrow Act.

17 (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19.)

Section 40. The Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act is amended by changing Section 6 as follows:

20 (35 ILCS 145/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 481b.36)

Sec. 6. Filing of returns and distribution of proceeds.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before
the last day of each calendar month, every person engaged in
the business of renting, leasing or letting rooms in a hotel in

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- this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating:
 - 1. The name of the operator;
 - 2. His residence address and the address of his principal place of business and the address of the principal place of business (if that is a different address) from which he engages in the business of renting, leasing or letting rooms in a hotel in this State;
 - 3. Total amount of rental receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from renting, leasing or letting rooms during such preceding calendar month;
 - 4. Total amount of rental receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from renting, leasing or letting rooms to permanent residents during such preceding calendar month;
 - 5. Total amount of other exclusions from gross rental receipts allowed by this Act;
 - 6. Gross rental receipts which were received by him during the preceding calendar month and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed;
 - 7. The amount of tax due;
- 8. Such other reasonable information as the Department may require.
- If the operator's average monthly tax liability to the
 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize
 his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the

return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 30 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 31 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 31 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 31 of the following year.

If the operator's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 31 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which an operator may file his return, in the case of any operator who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such operator shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

Where the same person has more than 1 business registered with the Department under separate registrations under this Act, such person shall not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

In his return, the operator shall determine the value of any consideration other than money received by him in connection with the renting, leasing or letting of rooms in the course of his business and he shall include such value in his return. Such determination shall be subject to review and revision by the Department in the manner hereinafter provided for the correction of returns.

Where the operator is a corporation, the return filed on behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly accredited agent of such corporation.

The person filing the return herein provided for shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax herein imposed. The operator filing the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less the vendor discount amount a discount of 2.1% or \$25 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the operator for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. Prior to January 1, 2024, the vendor discount amount shall be 2.1% or \$25 per calendar year, whichever is greater. On and after January 1, 2024, the vendor discount amount shall be 2% of the proceeds collected during the calendar year; however, on and after January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any

person be less than \$5 in any calendar year or more than \$1,000
in any calendar year.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the operator's liabilities under this Act, as shown on an original return, the Department may authorize the operator to credit such excess payment against liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, in accordance with reasonable rules adopted by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the operator, the operator's discount shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the discount as applied to the credit taken and that actually due, and that operator shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

Beginning February 1, 2024, each month the Department shall pay into the Working Families Fund an amount equal to any net revenue realized for the preceding month as a result of the limit on the vendor's discount of \$1,000 annually and the difference between the vendor's discount of 2% and 2.1%.

There shall be deposited in the Build Illinois Fund in the State Treasury for each State fiscal year 40% of the amount of total net proceeds from the tax imposed by subsection (a) of Section 3 net of any such proceeds paid into the Working Families Fund. Of the remaining 60% net of any such proceeds paid into the Working Families Fund, \$5,000,000 shall be deposited in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund and credited

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to the Subsidy Account each fiscal year by making monthly deposits in the amount of 1/8 of \$5,000,000 plus cumulative deficiencies in such deposits for prior months, additional \$8,000,000 shall be deposited in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund and credited to the Advance Account each fiscal year by making monthly deposits in the amount of 1/8 of \$8,000,000 plus any cumulative deficiencies in such deposits for prior months; provided, that for fiscal years ending after June 30, 2001, the amount to be so deposited into the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund and credited to the Advance Account each fiscal year shall be increased from \$8,000,000 to the then applicable Advance Amount and the required monthly deposits beginning with July 2001 shall be in the amount of 1/8 of the then applicable Advance Amount plus any cumulative deficiencies in those deposits for prior months. (The deposits of the additional \$8,000,000 or the then applicable Advance Amount, as applicable, during each fiscal year shall be treated as advances of funds to the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority for its corporate purposes to the extent paid to the Authority or its trustee and shall be repaid into the General Revenue Fund in the State Treasury by the State Treasurer on behalf of the Authority pursuant to Section 19 of the Illinois Sports Facilities Authority Act, as amended. If in any fiscal year the full amount of the then applicable Advance Amount is not repaid into the General Revenue Fund, then the deficiency shall be paid from the

amount in the Local Government Distributive Fund that would otherwise be allocated to the City of Chicago under the State

3 Revenue Sharing Act.)

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For purposes of the foregoing paragraph, the term "Advance Amount" means, for fiscal year 2002, \$22,179,000, and for subsequent fiscal years through fiscal year 2033, 105.615% of the Advance Amount for the immediately preceding fiscal year, rounded up to the nearest \$1,000.

Of the remaining 60% of the amount of total net proceeds prior to August 1, 2011 from the tax imposed by subsection (a) of Section 3 after all required deposits in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund, the amount equal to 8% of the net revenue realized from this Act plus an amount equal to 8% of the net revenue realized from any tax imposed under Section 4.05 of the Chicago World's Fair-1992 Authority Act during the preceding month shall be deposited in the Local Tourism Fund each month for purposes authorized by Section 605-705 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law (20 ILCS 605/605-705). Of the remaining 60% of the amount of total net proceeds less any such proceeds paid into the Working Families Fund beginning on August 1, 2011 from the tax imposed by subsection (a) of Section 3 after all required deposits in the Illinois Sports Facilities Fund, an amount equal to 8% of the net revenue realized from this Act plus an amount equal to 8% of the net revenue realized from any tax imposed under Section 4.05 of the Chicago World's Fair-1992 Authority Act during the

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preceding month shall be deposited as follows: 18% of such amount shall be deposited into the Chicago Travel Industry Promotion Fund for the purposes described in subsection (n) of Section 5 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act and the remaining 82% of such amount shall be deposited into the Local Tourism Fund each month for purposes authorized by Section 605-705 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law. Beginning on August 1, 1999 and ending on July 31, 2011, an amount equal to 4.5% of the net revenue realized from the Hotel Operators' Occupation Tax Act during the preceding month shall be deposited into the International Tourism Fund for the purposes authorized in Section 605-707 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law. Beginning on August 1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.5% of the net revenue realized from this Act net of any such proceeds paid into the Working Families Fund during the preceding month shall be deposited as follows: 55% of such amount shall be deposited into the Chicago Travel Industry Promotion Fund for the purposes described in subsection (n) of Section 5 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act and the remaining 45% of such amount deposited into the International Tourism Fund for the purposes authorized in Section 605-707 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law. "Net revenue realized for a month" means the revenue collected by the State under that Act during the previous month less the amount paid out during that same month as refunds to taxpayers

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1 for overpayment of liability under that Act.

After making all these deposits, all other proceeds of the tax imposed under subsection (a) of Section 3 shall be deposited in the Tourism Promotion Fund in the State Treasury. All moneys received by the Department from the additional tax imposed under subsection (b) of Section 3 net of any such proceeds paid into the Working Families Fund shall be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund in the State Treasury.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement of gross receipts as shown by the operator's last State income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the State income tax return do not agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department for the same period, the operator shall attach to his annual information return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The operator's annual information return to the Department shall also disclose pay roll information of the operator's business during the year covered by such return and any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual tax returns by

- 1 such operator as hereinbefore provided for in this Section.
- 2 If the annual information return required by this Section
- 3 is not filed when and as required the taxpayer shall be liable
- 4 for a penalty in an amount determined in accordance with
- 5 Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act until such
- 6 return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and
- 7 collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for
- 8 in this Act.
- 9 The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest
- 10 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the
- 11 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who
- 12 willfully signs the annual return containing false or
- inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished
- 14 accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the
- 15 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the
- 16 return may be liable for perjury.
- 17 The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the
- filing of an annual information return shall not apply to an
- 19 operator who is not required to file an income tax return with
- the United States Government.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21.)
- 22 Section 45. The Motor Fuel Tax Law is amended by changing
- 23 Sections 2b, 6, and 6a as follows:
- 24 (35 ILCS 505/2b) (from Ch. 120, par. 418b)

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Sec. 2b. Receiver's monthly return. In addition to the tax collection and reporting responsibilities imposed elsewhere in this Act, a person who is required to pay the tax imposed by Section 2a of this Act shall pay the tax to the Department by return showing all fuel purchased, acquired or received and sold, distributed or used during the preceding calendar month including losses of fuel as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations, and such other reasonable information as the Department may require. Losses of fuel as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the beginning of the month, plus the receipts of gallonage during the month, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of the month. Any loss reported that is in excess of this amount shall be subject to the tax imposed by Section 2a of this Law. On and after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month period January through June, net losses of fuel (for each category of fuel that is required to be reported on a return) as the result of evaporation or shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the beginning of each January, plus the receipts of gallonage each January through June, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of each June. On and after July 1, 2001, for each 6-month period July through December, net losses of fuel (for each category of fuel that is required to be reported on a return) as the result of evaporation or

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shrinkage due to temperature variations may not exceed 1% of the total gallons in storage at the beginning of each July, plus the receipts of gallonage each July through December, minus the gallonage remaining in storage at the end of each December. Any net loss reported that is in excess of this amount shall be subject to the tax imposed by Section 2a of this Law. For purposes of this Section, "net loss" means the number of gallons gained through temperature variations minus the number of gallons lost through temperature variations or evaporation for each of the respective 6-month periods.

The return shall be prescribed by the Department and shall be filed between the 1st and 20th days of each calendar month. The Department may, in its discretion, combine the returns filed under this Section, Section 5, and Section 5a of this The return must be accompanied by appropriate computer-generated magnetic media supporting schedule data in the format required by the Department, unless, as provided by rule, the Department grants an exception upon petition of a taxpayer. If the return is filed timely, the seller shall take a discount of 2% through June 30, 2003 and 1.75% thereafter which is allowed to reimburse the seller for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, collecting and remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. Prior to January 1, 2024, the vendor discount amount shall be 1.75%. On and after January 1, 2024, the vendor discount amount shall be 2% of the proceeds

January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any person be less than \$5 in any calendar year or more than \$1,000 in any calendar year. The discount, however, shall be applicable only to the amount of payment which accompanies a return that is filed timely in accordance with this Section. The discount under this Section is not allowed for taxes paid on aviation fuel that are subject to the revenue use requirements of 49 U.S.C. 47107(b) and 49 U.S.C. 47133.

Beginning on January 1, 2020 and ending with returns due on January 20, 2021, each person who is required to pay the tax imposed under Section 2a of this Act on aviation fuel sold or used in this State during the preceding calendar month shall, instead of reporting and paying tax on aviation fuel as otherwise required by this Section, report and pay such tax on a separate aviation fuel tax return or a separate line on the return. The requirements related to the return shall be as otherwise provided in this Section. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, a person required to pay the tax imposed by Section 2a of this Act on aviation fuel shall file all aviation fuel tax returns and shall make all aviation fuel tax payments by electronic means in the manner and form required by the Department. For purposes of this Law, "aviation fuel" means jet fuel and aviation gasoline.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the receiver's liabilities under this Act, as shown on an original

return, the Department may authorize the receiver to credit such excess payment against liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, in accordance with reasonable rules adopted by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the receiver, the receiver's discount shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the discount as applied to the credit taken and that actually due, and that receiver shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

- 11 (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-10, eff. 6-5-19;
- 12 101-604, eff. 12-13-19.)

13 (35 ILCS 505/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 422)

Sec. 6. Collection of tax; distributors. A distributor who sells or distributes any motor fuel, which he is required by Section 5 to report to the Department when filing a return, shall (except as hereinafter provided) collect at the time of such sale and distribution, the amount of tax imposed under this Act on all such motor fuel sold and distributed, and at the time of making a return, the distributor shall pay to the Department the amount so collected less a discount of 2% through June 30, 2003 and 1.75% thereafter which is allowed to reimburse the distributor for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, collecting and remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on

request, and shall also pay to the Department an amount equal 1 2 to the amount that would be collectible as a tax in the event of a sale thereof on all such motor fuel used by said 3 distributor during the period covered by the return. Prior to July 1, 2003, the discount amount shall be 2%. From July 1, 5 2003 through December 31, 2023, the discount amount shall be 6 7 1.75%. On and after January 1, 2024, the discount amount shall 8 be 2% of the proceeds collected during the calendar year; 9 however, on and after January 1, 2024, in no event shall the 10 discount allowed to any distributor be less than \$5 in any 11 calendar year or more than \$1,000 in any calendar year. 12 However, no payment shall be made based upon dyed diesel fuel used by the distributor for non-highway purposes. The discount 13 14 shall only be applicable to the amount of tax payment which 15 accompanies a return which is filed timely in accordance with 16 Section 5 of this Act. In each subsequent sale of motor fuel on 17 which the amount of tax imposed under this Act has been collected as provided in this Section, the amount so collected 18 19 shall be added to the selling price, so that the amount of tax 20 is paid ultimately by the user of the motor fuel. However, no 21 collection or payment shall be made in the case of the sale or 22 use of any motor fuel to the extent to which such sale or use 23 of motor fuel may not, under the constitution and statutes of 24 the United States, be made the subject of taxation by this 25 State. A person whose license to act as a distributor of fuel 26 has been revoked shall, at the time of making a return, also

pay to the Department an amount equal to the amount that would be collectible as a tax in the event of a sale thereof on all motor fuel, which he is required by the second paragraph of Section 5 to report to the Department in making a return, and which he had on hand on the date on which the license was revoked, and with respect to which no tax had been previously

7 paid under this Act.

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A distributor may make tax free sales of motor fuel, with respect to which he is otherwise required to collect the tax, only as specified in the following items 1 through 7.

- 1. When the sale is made to a person holding a valid unrevoked license as a distributor, by making a specific notation thereof on invoices or sales slip covering each sale.
- 2. When the sale is made with delivery to a purchaser outside of this State.
- 3. When the sale is made to the Federal Government or its instrumentalities.
- 4. When the sale is made to a municipal corporation owning and operating a local transportation system for public service in this State when an official certificate of exemption is obtained in lieu of the tax.
- 5. When the sale is made to a privately owned public utility owning and operating 2 axle vehicles designed and used for transporting more than 7 passengers, which vehicles are used as common carriers in general

transportation of passengers, are not devoted to any specialized purpose and are operated entirely within the territorial limits of a single municipality or of any group of contiguous municipalities, or in a close radius thereof, and the operations of which are subject to the regulations of the Illinois Commerce Commission, when an official certificate of exemption is obtained in lieu of the tax.

- 6. When a sale of special fuel is made to a person holding a valid, unrevoked license as a supplier, by making a specific notation thereof on the invoice or sales slip covering each such sale.
- 7. When a sale of dyed diesel fuel is made by the licensed distributor to the end user of the fuel who is not a licensed distributor or a licensed supplier for non-highway purposes and the fuel is (i) delivered from a vehicle designed for the specific purpose of such sales and delivered directly into a stationary bulk storage tank that displays the notice required by Section 4f of this Act, (ii) delivered from a vehicle designed for the specific purpose of such sales and delivered directly into the fuel supply tanks of non-highway vehicles that are not required to be registered for highway use, or (iii) dispensed from a dyed diesel fuel dispensing facility that has withdrawal facilities that are not readily accessible to and are not capable of dispensing dyed diesel fuel into

the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle.

A specific notation is required on the invoice or sales slip covering such sales, and any supporting documentation that may be required by the Department must be obtained by the distributor. The distributor shall obtain and keep the supporting documentation in such form as the Department may require by rule.

For purposes of this item 7, a dyed diesel fuel dispensing facility is considered to have withdrawal facilities that are "not readily accessible to and not capable of dispensing dyed diesel fuel into the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle" only if the dyed diesel fuel is delivered from: (i) a dispenser hose that is short enough so that it will not reach the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle or (ii) a dispenser that is enclosed by a fence or other physical barrier so that a vehicle cannot pull alongside the dispenser to permit fueling.

8. (Blank).

All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this Law.

All suits or other proceedings brought for the purpose of recovering any taxes, interest or penalties due the State of Illinois under this Act may be maintained in the name of the Department.

26 (Source: P.A. 102-1019, eff. 5-27-22.)

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1 (35 ILCS 505/6a) (from Ch. 120, par. 422a)

Sec. 6a. Collection of tax; suppliers. A supplier, other than a licensed distributor, who sells or distributes any special fuel, which he is required by Section 5a to report to the Department when filing a return, shall (except as hereinafter provided) collect at the time of such sale and distribution, the amount of tax imposed under this Act on all such special fuel sold and distributed, and at the time of making a return, the supplier shall pay to the Department the amount so collected less a discount of 2% through June 30, 2003 and 1.75% thereafter which is allowed to reimburse the supplier for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, collecting and remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request, and shall also pay to the Department an amount equal to the amount that would be collectible as a tax in the event of a sale thereof on all such special fuel used by said supplier during the period covered by the return. Prior to July 1, 2003, the discount amount shall be 2%. From July 1, 2003 through December 31, 2023, the discount amount shall be 1.75%. On and after January 1, 2024, the discount amount shall be 2% of the proceeds collected during the calendar year; however, on and after January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any distributor be less than \$5 in any calendar year or more than \$1,000 in any calendar year. However, no payment shall be made

based upon dyed diesel fuel used by said supplier for non-highway purposes. The discount shall only be applicable to the amount of tax payment which accompanies a return which is filed timely in accordance with Section 5(a) of this Act. In each subsequent sale of special fuel on which the amount of tax imposed under this Act has been collected as provided in this Section, the amount so collected shall be added to the selling price, so that the amount of tax is paid ultimately by the user of the special fuel. However, no collection or payment shall be made in the case of the sale or use of any special fuel to the extent to which such sale or use of motor fuel may not, under the Constitution and statutes of the United States, be made the subject of taxation by this State.

A person whose license to act as supplier of special fuel has been revoked shall, at the time of making a return, also pay to the Department an amount equal to the amount that would be collectible as a tax in the event of a sale thereof on all special fuel, which he is required by the 1st paragraph of Section 5a to report to the Department in making a return.

A supplier may make tax-free sales of special fuel, with respect to which he is otherwise required to collect the tax, only as specified in the following items 1 through 7.

- 1. When the sale is made to the federal government or its instrumentalities.
- 2. When the sale is made to a municipal corporation owning and operating a local transportation system for

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public service in this State when an official certificate of exemption is obtained in lieu of the tax.

- 3. When the sale is made to a privately owned public utility owning and operating 2 axle vehicles designed and used for transporting more than 7 passengers, which vehicles are used as common carriers in transportation of passengers, are not devoted to any specialized purpose and are operated entirely within the territorial limits of a single municipality or of any group of contiguous municipalities, or in a close radius thereof, and the operations of which are subject to the regulations of the Illinois Commerce Commission, when an official certificate of exemption is obtained in lieu of the tax.
- 4. When a sale is made to a person holding a valid unrevoked license as a supplier or a distributor by making a specific notation thereof on invoice or sales slip covering each such sale.
- 5. When a sale of dyed diesel fuel is made by the licensed supplier to the end user of the fuel who is not a licensed distributor or licensed supplier for non-highway purposes and the fuel is (i) delivered from a vehicle designed for the specific purpose of such sales and delivered directly into a stationary bulk storage tank that displays the notice required by Section 4f of this Act, (ii) delivered from a vehicle designed for the

specific purpose of such sales and delivered directly into the fuel supply tanks of non-highway vehicles that are not required to be registered for highway use, or (iii) dispensed from a dyed diesel fuel dispensing facility that has withdrawal facilities that are not readily accessible to and are not capable of dispensing dyed diesel fuel into the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle.

A specific notation is required on the invoice or sales slip covering such sales, and any supporting documentation that may be required by the Department must be obtained by the supplier. The supplier shall obtain and keep the supporting documentation in such form as the Department may require by rule.

For purposes of this item 5, a dyed diesel fuel dispensing facility is considered to have withdrawal facilities that are "not readily accessible to and not capable of dispensing dyed diesel fuel into the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle" only if the dyed diesel fuel is delivered from: (i) a dispenser hose that is short enough so that it will not reach the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle or (ii) a dispenser that is enclosed by a fence or other physical barrier so that a vehicle cannot pull alongside the dispenser to permit fueling.

- 6. (Blank).
- 7. When a sale of special fuel is made to a person where delivery is made outside of this State.

- 1 All special fuel sold or used for non-highway purposes
- 2 must have a dye added in accordance with Section 4d of this
- 3 Law.
- 4 All suits or other proceedings brought for the purpose of
- 5 recovering any taxes, interest or penalties due the State of
- 6 Illinois under this Act may be maintained in the name of the
- 7 Department.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 102-1019, eff. 5-27-22.)
- 9 Section 50. The Telecommunications Excise Tax Act is
- 10 amended by changing Section 6 as follows:
- 11 (35 ILCS 630/6) (from Ch. 120, par. 2006)
- 12 Sec. 6. Returns; payments. Except as provided hereinafter
- in this Section, on or before the last day of each month, each
- 14 retailer maintaining a place of business in this State shall
- 15 make a return to the Department for the preceding calendar
- 16 month, stating:
- 1. His name;
- 18 2. The address of his principal place of business, or
- 19 the address of the principal place of business (if that is
- 20 a different address) from which he engages in the business
- of transmitting telecommunications;
- 22 3. Total amount of gross charges billed by him during
- 23 the preceding calendar month for providing
- 24 telecommunications during such calendar month;

- 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding calendar month on credit extended;
 - 5. Deductions allowed by law;
 - 6. Gross charges which were billed by him during the preceding calendar month and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed;
 - 7. Amount of tax (computed upon Item 6);
- 8. Such other reasonable information as the Department 9 may require.

Any taxpayer required to make payments under this Section may make the payments by electronic funds transfer. The Department shall adopt rules necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer. Any taxpayer who has average monthly tax billings due to the Department under this Act and the Simplified Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act that exceed \$1,000 shall make all payments by electronic funds transfer as required by rules of the Department and shall file the return required by this Section by electronic means as required by rules of the Department.

If the retailer's average monthly tax billings due to the Department under this Act and the Simplified Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act do not exceed \$1,000, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 30 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by

July 31st of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 31st of such year; and with the return of October, November and December of a given year being due by January 31st of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax billings due to the Department under this Act and the Simplified Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act do not exceed \$400, the Department may authorize his or her return to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 31st of the following year.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article containing the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Article, such retailer shall file a final return under this Article with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

In making such return, the retailer shall determine the value of any consideration other than money received by him and he shall include such value in his return. Such determination shall be subject to review and revision by the Department in the manner hereinafter provided for the correction of returns.

Each retailer whose average monthly liability to the Department under this Article and the Simplified Municipal

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Telecommunications Tax Act was \$25,000 or more during the preceding calendar year, excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such calendar year, and who is not operated by a unit of local government, shall make estimated payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which tax collection liability to the Department is incurred in an amount not less than the lower of either 22.5% of the retailer's actual tax collections for the month or 25% of the retailer's actual tax collections for the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final liability of the retailer's return for that month. Any outstanding credit, approved by the Department, arising from the retailer's overpayment of its final liability for any month may be applied to reduce the amount of any subsequent quarter monthly payment or credited against the final liability of the retailer's return for any subsequent month. If any quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, the retailer shall be liable for penalty and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the amount of such payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the retailer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due.

The retailer making the return herein provided for shall,

at the time of making such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax herein imposed, less a discount of 1% prior to January 1, 2024 and 2% on and after January 1, 2024 which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, billing the customer, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax, and supplying data to the Department upon request. No discount may be claimed by a retailer on returns not timely filed and for taxes not timely remitted. On and after January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any retailer be more than \$1,000 in any calendar year.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the retailer's liabilities under this Act, as shown on an original return, the Department may authorize the retailer to credit such excess payment against liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, in accordance with reasonable rules adopted by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the retailer, the retailer's discount shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the discount as applied to the credit taken and that actually due, and that retailer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

Beginning February 1, 2024, each month the Department shall pay into the Working Families Fund an amount equal to any net revenue realized for the preceding month as a result of the

1 limit on the vendor's discount of \$1,000 annually, net of the
2 difference between 1% and the vendor's discount of 2%.

On and after the effective date of this Article of 1985, of the moneys received by the Department of Revenue pursuant to this Article, other than moneys received pursuant to the additional taxes imposed by Public Act 90-548 and net of any amount paid into the Working Families Fund:

- (1) \$1,000,000 shall be paid each month into the Common School Fund:
- (2) beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department from the tax under this Act and the Simplified Municipal Telecommunications Tax Act shall be paid each month into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund; those moneys shall be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue; and
- (3) the remainder shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

On and after February 1, 1998, however, of the moneys received by the Department of Revenue pursuant to the additional taxes imposed by Public Act 90-548 net of any amount paid into the Working Families Fund, one-half shall be

deposited into the School Infrastructure Fund and one-half 1 2 shall be deposited into the Common School Fund. On and after 3 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, if in any fiscal year the total of the moneys 5 deposited into the School Infrastructure Fund under this Act is less than the total of the moneys deposited into that Fund 6 from the additional taxes imposed by Public Act 90-548 during 7 8 fiscal year 1999, then, as soon as possible after the close of 9 the fiscal year, the Comptroller shall order transferred and 10 the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to 11 the School Infrastructure Fund an amount equal the 12 difference between the fiscal year total deposits and the total amount deposited into the Fund in fiscal year 1999. 13

14 (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19.)

Section 55. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by changing Sections 8-1 and 8-2 as follows:

17 (235 ILCS 5/8-1)

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Sec. 8-1. A tax is imposed upon the privilege of engaging in business as a manufacturer or as an importing distributor of alcoholic liquor other than beer at the rate of \$0.185 per gallon until September 1, 2009 and \$0.231 per gallon beginning September 1, 2009 for cider containing not less than 0.5% alcohol by volume nor more than 7% alcohol by volume, \$0.73 per gallon until September 1, 2009 and \$1.39 per gallon beginning

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September 1, 2009 for wine other than cider containing less than 7% alcohol by volume, and \$4.50 per gallon until September 1, 2009 and \$8.55 per gallon beginning September 1, 2009 on alcohol and spirits manufactured and sold or used by such manufacturer, or as agent for any other person, or sold or used by such importing distributor, or as agent for any other person. A tax is imposed upon the privilege of engaging in business as a manufacturer of beer or as an importing distributor of beer at the rate of \$0.185 per gallon until September 1, 2009 and \$0.231 per gallon beginning September 1, 2009 on all beer, regardless of alcohol by volume, manufactured and sold or used by such manufacturer, or as agent for any other person, or sold or used by such importing distributor, or as agent for any other person. Any brewer manufacturing beer in this State shall be entitled to and given a credit or refund of 75% of the tax imposed on each gallon of beer up to 4.9 million gallons per year in any given calendar year for tax paid or payable on beer produced and sold in the State of Illinois.

For purposes of this Section, "beer" means beer, ale, porter, stout, and other similar fermented beverages of any name or description containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume, brewed or produced from malt, wholly or in part, or from any substitute for malt.

For the purpose of this Section, "cider" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the alcohol fermentation of the

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- 1 juice of apples or pears including, but not limited to,
- 2 flavored, sparkling, or carbonated cider.
- 3 The credit or refund created by this Act shall apply to all
- 4 beer taxes in the calendar years 1982 through 1986.
- 5 The increases made by this amendatory Act of the 91st
- 6 General Assembly in the rates of taxes imposed under this
- 7 Section shall apply beginning on July 1, 1999.
- 8 A tax at the rate of 1¢ per gallon on beer and 48¢ per 9 gallon on alcohol and spirits is also imposed upon the 10 privilege of engaging in business as a retailer or as a 11 distributor who is not also an importing distributor with 12 respect to all beer and all alcohol and spirits owned or 13 possessed by such retailer or distributor when this amendatory Act of 1969 becomes effective, and with respect to which the 14 15 additional tax imposed by this amendatory Act 16 manufacturers and importing distributors does not apply. 17 Retailers and distributors who are subject to the additional tax imposed by this paragraph of this Section shall be 18 19 required to inventory such alcoholic liquor and to pay this 20 additional tax in a manner prescribed by the Department.
 - The provisions of this Section shall be construed to apply to any importing distributor engaging in business in this State, whether licensed or not.
- However, such tax is not imposed upon any such business as to any alcoholic liquor shipped outside Illinois by an Illinois licensed manufacturer or importing distributor, nor

as to any alcoholic liquor delivered in Illinois by an 1 2 Illinois licensed manufacturer or importing distributor to a 3 purchaser for immediate transportation by the purchaser to another state into which the purchaser has a legal right, 5 under the laws of such state, to import such alcoholic liquor, nor as to any alcoholic liquor other than beer sold by one 6 7 Illinois licensed manufacturer or importing distributor to Illinois 8 another licensed manufacturer or importing 9 distributor to the extent to which the sale of alcoholic 10 liquor other than beer by one Illinois licensed manufacturer 11 importing distributor to another Illinois licensed 12 manufacturer or importing distributor is authorized by the 13 licensing provisions of this Act, nor to alcoholic liquor whether manufactured in or imported into this State when sold 14 15 to a "non-beverage user" licensed by the State for use in the 16 manufacture of any of the following when they are unfit for 17 beverage purposes:

Patent and proprietary medicines and medicinal, antiseptic, culinary and toilet preparations;

20 Flavoring extracts and syrups and food products;

21 Scientific, industrial and chemical products, excepting 22 denatured alcohol;

Or for scientific, chemical, experimental or mechanical purposes;

Nor is the tax imposed upon the privilege of engaging in any business in interstate commerce or otherwise, which

business may not, under the Constitution and Statutes of the United States, be made the subject of taxation by this State.

The tax herein imposed shall be in addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by the State of Illinois or political subdivision thereof.

If any alcoholic liquor manufactured in or imported into this State is sold to a licensed manufacturer or importing distributor by a licensed manufacturer or importing distributor to be used solely as an ingredient in the manufacture of any beverage for human consumption, the tax imposed upon such purchasing manufacturer or importing distributor shall be reduced by the amount of the taxes which have been paid by the selling manufacturer or importing distributor under this Act as to such alcoholic liquor so used to the Department of Revenue.

If any person received any alcoholic liquors from a manufacturer or importing distributor, with respect to which alcoholic liquors no tax is imposed under this Article, and such alcoholic liquor shall thereafter be disposed of in such manner or under such circumstances as may cause the same to become the base for the tax imposed by this Article, such person shall make the same reports and returns, pay the same taxes and be subject to all other provisions of this Article relating to manufacturers and importing distributors.

Nothing in this Article shall be construed to require the payment to the Department of the taxes imposed by this Article

- 1 more than once with respect to any quantity of alcoholic
- 2 liquor sold or used within this State.
- 3 No tax is imposed by this Act on sales of alcoholic liquor
- 4 by Illinois licensed foreign importers to Illinois licensed
- 5 importing distributors.
- 6 Beginning February 1, 2024, each month the Department
- 5 shall pay into the Working Families Fund an amount equal to any
- 8 net proceeds for the preceding month as a result of changes in
- 9 this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly to the
- 10 discount allowed to distributors under Section 8-2 this Act.
- 11 All of the proceeds of the additional tax imposed by Public Act
- 12 96-34 net of any portion paid into the Working Families Fund
- shall be deposited by the Department into the Capital Projects
- 14 Fund. The remainder of the tax imposed by this Act shall be
- deposited by the Department into the General Revenue Fund.
- A manufacturer of beer that imports or transfers beer into
- 17 this State must comply with the provisions of this Section
- 18 with regard to the beer imported into this State.
- The provisions of this Section 8-1 are severable under
- 20 Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 100-885, eff. 8-14-18; 101-16, eff. 6-14-19.)
- 22 (235 ILCS 5/8-2) (from Ch. 43, par. 159)
- 23 Sec. 8-2. Payments; reports. It is the duty of each
- 24 manufacturer with respect to alcoholic liquor produced or
- imported by such manufacturer, or purchased tax-free by such

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manufacturer from another manufacturer or importing distributor, and of each importing distributor as to alcoholic liquor purchased by such importing distributor from foreign importers or from anyone from any point in the United States outside of this State or purchased tax-free from another manufacturer or importing distributor, to pay the tax imposed by Section 8-1 to the Department of Revenue on or before the 15th day of the calendar month following the calendar month in which such alcoholic liquor is sold or used by such manufacturer or by such importing distributor other than in an authorized tax-free manner or to pay that tax electronically as provided in this Section.

Each manufacturer and each importing distributor shall make payment under one of the following methods: (1) on or before the 15th day of each calendar month, file in person or by United States first-class mail, postage pre-paid, with the Department of Revenue, on forms prescribed and furnished by the Department, a report in writing in such form as may be required by the Department in order to compute, and assure the accuracy of, the tax due on all taxable sales and uses of alcoholic liquor occurring during the preceding month. Payment of the tax in the amount disclosed by the report shall accompany the report or, (2) on or before the 15th day of each calendar month, electronically file with the Department of Revenue, on forms prescribed and furnished by the Department, an electronic report in such form as may be required by the

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Department in order to compute, and assure the accuracy of, the tax due on all taxable sales and uses of alcoholic liquor occurring during the preceding month. An electronic payment of the tax in the amount disclosed by the report shall accompany the report. A manufacturer or distributor who files an electronic report and electronically pays the tax imposed pursuant to Section 8-1 to the Department of Revenue on or before the 15th day of the calendar month following the calendar month in which such alcoholic liquor is sold or used by that manufacturer or importing distributor other than in an authorized tax-free manner shall pay to the Department the amount of the tax imposed pursuant to Section 8-1, less a discount which is allowed to reimburse the manufacturer or importing distributor for the expenses incurred in keeping and maintaining records, preparing and filing the electronic returns, remitting the tax, and supplying data to Department upon request.

The discount shall be in an amount as follows:

- (1) For original returns due on or after January 1, 2003 through September 30, 2003, the discount shall be 1.75% or \$1,250 per return, whichever is less;
- (2) For original returns due on or after October 1, 2003 through September 30, 2004, the discount shall be 2% or \$3,000 per return, whichever is less; and
- (3) For original returns due on or after October 1, 2004, the discount shall be 2% or \$2,000 per return,

whichever is less<u>; and</u>-

(4) For original returns due on or after January 1, 2024, 2% of the proceeds collected during the calendar year; however, on and after January 1, 2024, in no event shall the discount allowed to any manufacturer or distributor be less than \$5 in any calendar year or more than \$1,000 in any calendar year.

The Department may, if it deems it necessary in order to insure the payment of the tax imposed by this Article, require returns to be made more frequently than and covering periods of less than a month. Such return shall contain such further information as the Department may reasonably require.

It shall be presumed that all alcoholic liquors acquired or made by any importing distributor or manufacturer have been sold or used by him in this State and are the basis for the tax imposed by this Article unless proven, to the satisfaction of the Department, that such alcoholic liquors are (1) still in the possession of such importing distributor or manufacturer, or (2) prior to the termination of possession have been lost by theft or through unintentional destruction, or (3) that such alcoholic liquors are otherwise exempt from taxation under this Act.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the manufacturer's or importing distributor's liabilities under this Act, as shown on an original report, the manufacturer or importing distributor may credit such excess payment against

liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act, in accordance with reasonable rules adopted by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the manufacturer or importing distributor, the manufacturer's or importing distributor's discount shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the discount as applied to the credit taken and that actually due, and the manufacturer or importing distributor shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

The Department may require any foreign importer to file monthly information returns, by the 15th day of the month following the month which any such return covers, if the Department determines this to be necessary to the proper performance of the Department's functions and duties under this Act. Such return shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require.

Every manufacturer and importing distributor, except for a manufacturer or importing distributor that in the preceding year had less than \$50,000 of tax liability under this Article, shall also file, with the Department, a bond in an amount not less than \$1,000 and not to exceed \$100,000 on a form to be approved by, and with a surety or sureties satisfactory to, the Department. Such bond shall be conditioned upon the manufacturer or importing distributor paying to the Department all monies becoming due from such

manufacturer or importing distributor under this Article. The 1 2 Department shall fix the penalty of such bond in each case, 3 taking into consideration the amount of alcoholic liquor expected to be sold and used by such manufacturer or importing 5 distributor, and the penalty fixed by the Department shall be sufficient, in the Department's opinion, to protect the State 6 of Illinois against failure to pay any amount due under this 7 8 Article, but the amount of the penalty fixed by the Department 9 shall not exceed twice the amount of tax liability of a monthly 10 return, nor shall the amount of such penalty be less than 11 \$1,000. The Department shall notify the State Commission of 12 Department's approval or disapproval of any such 13 manufacturer's or importing distributor's bond, or of the termination or cancellation of any such bond, 14 or of the 15 Department's direction to a manufacturer or 16 distributor that he must file additional bond in order to 17 comply with this Section. The Commission shall not issue a license to any applicant for a manufacturer's or importing 18 distributor's license unless the Commission has received a 19 20 notification from the Department showing that such applicant 21 has filed a satisfactory bond with the Department hereunder 22 and that such bond has been approved by the Department. 23 Failure by any licensed manufacturer or importing distributor to keep a satisfactory bond in effect with the Department or to 24 25 furnish additional bond to the Department, when required 26 hereunder by the Department to do so, shall be grounds for the

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revocation or suspension of such manufacturer's or importing distributor's license by the Commission. If a manufacturer or importing distributor fails to pay any amount due under this Article, his bond with the Department shall be deemed forfeited, and the Department may institute a suit in its own name on such bond.

After notice and opportunity for a hearing the State revoke or suspend the license Commission may of manufacturer or importing distributor who fails to comply with the provisions of this Section. Notice of such hearing and the time and place thereof shall be in writing and shall contain a statement of the charges against the licensee. Such notice may be given by United States registered or certified mail with return receipt requested, addressed to the person concerned at his last known address and shall be given not less than 7 days prior to the date fixed for the hearing. An order revoking or suspending a license under the provisions of this Section may be reviewed in the manner provided in Section 7-10 of this Act. No new license shall be granted to a person whose license has been revoked for a violation of this Section or, in case of suspension, shall such suspension be terminated until he has paid to the Department all taxes and penalties which he owes the State under the provisions of this Act.

Every manufacturer or importing distributor who has, as verified by the Department, continuously complied with the conditions of the bond under this Act for a period of 2 years

shall be considered to be a prior continuous compliance taxpayer. In determining the consecutive period of time for qualification as a prior continuous compliance taxpayer, any consecutive period of time of qualifying compliance immediately prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987 shall be credited to any manufacturer or importing distributor.

A manufacturer or importing distributor that is a prior continuous compliance taxpayer under this Section and becomes a successor as the result of an acquisition, merger, or consolidation of a manufacturer or importing distributor shall be deemed to be a prior continuous compliance taxpayer with respect to the acquired, merged, or consolidated entity.

Every prior continuous compliance taxpayer shall be exempt from the bond requirements of this Act until the Department has determined the taxpayer to be delinquent in the filing of any return or deficient in the payment of any tax under this Act. Any taxpayer who fails to pay an admitted or established liability under this Act may also be required to post bond or other acceptable security with the Department guaranteeing the payment of such admitted or established liability.

The Department shall discharge any surety and shall release and return any bond or security deposit assigned, pledged or otherwise provided to it by a taxpayer under this Section within 30 days after: (1) such taxpayer becomes a prior continuous compliance taxpayer; or (2) such taxpayer has

- 1 ceased to collect receipts on which he is required to remit tax
- 2 to the Department, has filed a final tax return, and has paid
- 3 to the Department an amount sufficient to discharge his
- 4 remaining tax liability as determined by the Department under
- 5 this Act.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19; 101-37, eff. 7-3-19.)
- 7 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 8 becoming law.