

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB2361

Introduced 2/10/2023, by Sen. Rachel Ventura

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 55/5 55 ILCS 75/Act title 55 ILCS 75/1 from Ch. 23, par. 2681 55 ILCS 75/3 from Ch. 23, par. 2683 55 ILCS 75/10 from Ch. 23, par. 2690 105 ILCS 5/34-2.4b from Ch. 122, par. 34-2.4b 305 ILCS 5/1-8.5 705 ILCS 405/5-145 705 ILCS 405/5-750 705 ILCS 405/5-7A-105 720 ILCS 5/12-2 from Ch. 38, par. 12-2 730 ILCS 5/3-2-2 from Ch. 38, par. 1003-2-2 730 ILCS 5/3-2.5-20 730 ILCS 5/3-19-5

Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Provides that, 2 years after the effective date of the amendatory Act, the Department of Juvenile Justice shall exercise control and supervision of all county detention centers in the State. Provides that the Department shall adopt rules to close all juvenile detention centers in the State and shall establish a rehabilitation program for minors adjudicated delinquent which must be completed before the completion of their sentence. Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Provides that after the closure of all juvenile detention centers in the State and the establishment of the rehabilitation program by the Department, every minor committed to the Department must successfully complete a rehabilitation program established by the Department. Provides that the failure of the minor to successfully complete the program shall result in the minor remaining in custody of the Department until the minor's 21st birthday. Amends various Acts to make conforming changes. Effective immediately.

LRB103 28331 RLC 54710 b

1 AN ACT concerning juvenile detention centers.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The State Agency Student Worker Opportunity Act
- 5 is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:
- 6 (20 ILCS 55/5)
- 7 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 8 "Court-involved youth" means an individual who was
- 9 committed to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice
- or a <u>Department of Juvenile Justice</u> <del>county</del> juvenile detention
- 11 center and has been released from that facility or discharged
- 12 from custody.
- "Homeless youth" means an individual up to 21 years of
- 14 age, who has been verified as a homeless child or youth, as
- defined under the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance
- 16 Act.
- "Qualified applicant" means an individual who: (1) is 21
- 18 years of age or younger; (2) is qualified for the internship or
- 19 student worker position; and (3) is or has been a dependent
- 20 child in foster care, a homeless youth, or a court-involved
- 21 youth.
- 22 "State agency" means all boards, commissions, agencies,
- institutions, authorities, bodies politic and corporate of the

- 1 State created by or pursuant to the constitution or statute,
- of the executive branch of State government.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 100-141, eff. 1-1-18.)
- 4 Section 10. The County Shelter Care and Detention Home Act
- is amended by changing the title of the Act and Sections 1, 3,
- 6 and 10 as follows:
- 7 (55 ILCS 75/Act title)
- 8 An Act to authorize county authorities to provide for the
- 9 care and custody of minors who are neglected, abused,
- 10 addicted, dependent, or require authoritative intervention or
- 11 delinquent, and to levy and collect a tax for that purpose.
- 12 (55 ILCS 75/1) (from Ch. 23, par. 2681)
- 13 Sec. 1. Establishment and maintenance of homes.
- 14 (a) The board of county commissioners or the county board
- in any county in this State, may locate, purchase, erect,
- 16 lease, or otherwise provide and establish, support and
- 17 maintain a detention home for the care and custody of
- delinquent minors and a shelter care home for the temporary
- 19 care of minors who are <del>delinquent,</del> dependent, neglected,
- 20 addicted, abused or require authoritative intervention. They
- 21 may levy and collect a tax to pay the cost of its establishment
- 22 and maintenance in accordance with the terms and provisions of
- 23 this Act. In counties with 300,000 or less inhabitants, the

- powers enumerated in this Act shall not be exercised unless this Act is adopted by the legal voters of the county as provided in this Act. In counties with over 300,000 but less than 1,000,000 inhabitants the county board by majority vote may establish county shelter care and detention homes without adoption of this Act by the legal voters and without referendum.
  - (b) In any county, if the board of county commissioners or the county board, as the case may be, determines that a shelter care or detention home presently in use is obsolete, it may continue to operate the shelter care or detention home on a temporary basis and, by majority vote of that board, may rebuild or replace the home at its present location or another.
  - (c) No county shall be required to discontinue the use of any shelter care or detention home in existence or in use on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1975 because of the fact that the proposition to establish and maintain the shelter care or detention home has not been submitted to the voters as provided in this Act.
- This amendatory Act of 1975 is not a limit on any county which is a home rule unit.
  - (d) Cook County is not required to discontinue the use of the Cook County Juvenile Temporary Detention Center or of any other shelter care home or detention home in existence or in use on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th

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- 1 General Assembly because of the fact that the proposition to
- 2 establish and maintain it was not submitted to the voters as
- 3 provided in this Act.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 95-194, eff. 1-1-08.)
- 5 (55 ILCS 75/3) (from Ch. 23, par. 2683)
- Sec. 3. Administrator; necessary personnel; supplies or repairs.
- (a) The administrator and all other necessary personnel of 8 9 the shelter care home and detention home, shall be appointed 10 by the Chief Judge of the Circuit Court or any Judge of that 11 Circuit designated by the Chief Judge, to serve at the 12 pleasure of the appointing authority. Each shall receive a monthly salary fixed by the county board. Personnel shall also 1.3 14 be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The expenses shall be 15 16 reimbursed at least monthly upon proper certification by the 17 court.
  - The supplies or repairs necessary to maintain, operate and conduct the shelter care home and the detention home shall be furnished upon the requisition of its administrator to the chairman of a committee as may be designated by the county board, and the bills therefor shall be audited, passed upon and paid as other bills for supplies furnished for county institutions.
- 25 (b) Within 180 days after the effective date of this

amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Chief Judge of the Cook County Circuit Court, or any Judge of that Circuit designated by the Chief Judge, shall appoint an administrator to serve as the Superintendent of the Cook County Temporary Juvenile Detention Center. The Chief Judge of the Cook County Circuit Court, or any Judge of that Circuit designated by the Chief Judge shall appoint all other necessary personnel of any the Cook County Juvenile Temporary Detention Center and any other shelter care home or detention home in Cook County in accordance with subsections (a) and (d) of this Section. The term of the administrator and any personnel in office upon the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall terminate upon the appointment of his or her successor.

- (c) The Chief Judge of the Cook County Circuit Court, or any Judge of that Circuit designated by the Chief Judge, shall have administrative control over the budget of the Cook County Juvenile Temporary Detention Center and any other shelter care home or detention home in Cook County, subject to the approval of the Cook County Board and in accordance with subsections (a) and (d) of this Section.
- (d) The supplies or repairs necessary to maintain, operate, and conduct the shelter care home and the detention home shall be furnished upon the requisition of its administrator to the chairman of a committee as may be designated by the county board, however in Cook County the

- 1 administrator shall submit such requisitions to the County
- 2 Board and Office of the Purchasing Agent in accordance with
- 3 the ordinances established by the Cook County Board. Those
- 4 bills shall be audited, passed upon and paid as other bills for
- 5 supplies furnished for county institutions.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 95-194, eff. 1-1-08.)
- 7 (55 ILCS 75/10) (from Ch. 23, par. 2690)
- 8 Sec. 10. This Act shall be known and may be cited as the
- 9 "County Shelter Care and Detention Home Act".
- 10 (Source: P.A. 81-469.)
- 11 Section 15. The School Code is amended by changing Section
- 34-2.4b as follows:
- 13 (105 ILCS 5/34-2.4b) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-2.4b)
- Sec. 34-2.4b. Limitation upon applicability. Beginning
- 15 with the first local school council election that occurs after
- the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
- 17 Assembly, the provisions of Sections 34-2.1, 34-2.2, 34-2.3,
- 34-2.3a, 34-2.4 and 34-8.3 and those provisions of paragraph 1
- 19 of Section 34-18 and paragraph (c) of Section 34A-201a
- 20 relating to the allocation or application -- by formula or
- 21 otherwise -- of lump sum amounts and other funds to attendance
- 22 centers shall not apply to the <del>Cook County Juvenile Detention</del>
- 23 Center and Cook County Jail schools, nor to the district's

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alternative schools for pregnant girls, nor to alternative schools established under Article 13A, nor to a contract school, nor to the Michael R. Durso School, the Jackson Adult Center, the Hillard Adult Center, the Alternative Transitional School, or any other attendance center designated by the Board as an alternative school, nor to any school established as a teacher training academy, nor to any school with a specialty 2-year programming model, nor to any school established as a one-year school or program, nor to any school with a specialty student focus or transient student population, provided that the designation is not applied to an attendance center that has in place a legally constituted local school council, except for contract turnaround schools. The board of education shall have and exercise with respect to those schools and with respect to the conduct, operation, affairs and budgets of those schools, and with respect to the principals, teachers and other school staff there employed, the same powers which are exercisable by local school councils with respect to the other attendance centers, principals, teachers and school staff within the district, together with all powers and duties generally exercisable by the board of education with respect to all attendance centers within the district. The board of education shall develop appropriate alternative methods for involving parents, community members and school staff to the maximum extent possible in all of the activities of those schools, and may delegate to the parents, community members

- 1 and school staff so involved the same powers which are
- 2 exercisable by local school councils with respect to other
- 3 attendance centers.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 102-677, eff. 12-3-21.)
- 5 Section 20. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
- 6 changing Section 1-8.5 as follows:
- 7 (305 ILCS 5/1-8.5)
- 8 Sec. 1-8.5. Eligibility for medical assistance during
- 9 periods of incarceration or detention.
- 10 (a) To the extent permitted by federal law and
- 11 notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, the
- 12 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall not cancel
- 13 a person's eligibility for medical assistance, nor shall the
- 14 Department deny a person's application for medical assistance,
- solely because that person has become or is an inmate of a
- 16 public institution, including, but not limited to, a county
- 17 jail, Department of Juvenile Justice juvenile detention
- 18 center, or State correctional facility. The person may be and
- 19 remain enrolled for medical assistance as long as all other
- 20 eligibility criteria are met.
- 21 (b) The Department may adopt rules to permit a person to
- 22 apply for medical assistance while he or she is an inmate of a
- 23 public institution as described in subsection (a). The rules
- 24 may limit applications to persons who would be likely to

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- qualify for medical assistance if they resided in the community. Any such person who is not already enrolled for medical assistance may apply for medical assistance prior to the date of scheduled release or discharge from a penal institution or county jail or similar status.
- (c) Except as provided under Section 17 of the County Jail 6 7 Act, the Department shall not be responsible to provide 8 medical assistance under this Code for any medical care, 9 services, or supplies provided to a person while he or she is 10 an inmate of a public institution as described in subsection 11 (a). The responsibility for providing medical care shall 12 remain as otherwise provided by law with the Department of 13 Corrections, county, or other arresting authority. Department may seek federal financial participation, to the 14 15 extent that it is available and with the cooperation of the 16 Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Corrections, 17 or the relevant county, for the costs of those services.
  - (d) To the extent permitted under State and federal law, the Department shall develop procedures to expedite required periodic reviews of continued eligibility for persons described in subsection (a).
  - (e) Counties, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Human Services, and the Department of Corrections shall cooperate with the Department in administering this Section. That cooperation shall include managing eligibility processing and sharing information

- 1 sufficient to inform the Department, in a manner established
- 2 by the Department, that a person enrolled in the medical
- 3 assistance program has been detained or incarcerated.
- 4 (f) The Department shall resume responsibility for 5 providing medical assistance upon release of the person to the
- 6 community as long as all of the following apply:
- 7 (1) The person is enrolled for medical assistance at the time of release.
- 9 (2) Neither a county, the Department of Juvenile
  10 Justice, the Department of Corrections, nor any other
  11 criminal justice authority continues to bear
  12 responsibility for the person's medical care.
- 13 (3) The county, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or
  14 the Department of Corrections provides timely notice of
  15 the date of release in a manner established by the
  16 Department.
- 17 (g) This Section applies on and after December 31, 2011.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 98-139, eff. 1-1-14; 99-415, eff. 8-20-15.)
- 19 Section 25. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- changing Sections 5-145, 5-750, and 5-7A-105 as follows:
- 21 (705 ILCS 405/5-145)
- Sec. 5-145. Cooperation of agencies; Serious Habitual
- 23 Offender Comprehensive Action Program.
- 24 (a) The Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action

- Program (SHOCAP) is a multi-disciplinary interagency case
  management and information sharing system that enables the
  juvenile justice system, schools, and social service agencies
  to make more informed decisions regarding a small number of
  juveniles who repeatedly commit serious delinquent acts.
  - (b) Each county in the State of Illinois, other than Cook County, may establish a multi-disciplinary agency (SHOCAP) committee. In Cook County, each subcircuit or group of subcircuits may establish a multi-disciplinary agency (SHOCAP) committee. The committee shall consist of representatives from the following agencies: local law enforcement, area school district, state's attorney's office, and court services (probation).

The chairman may appoint additional members to the committee as deemed appropriate to accomplish the goals of this program, including, but not limited to, representatives from the <u>Department of Juvenile Justice</u> juvenile detention center, mental health, the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services, Department of Human Services and community representatives at large.

- 21 (c) The SHOCAP committee shall adopt, by a majority of the members:
  - (1) criteria that will identify those who qualify as a serious habitual juvenile offender; and
  - (2) a written interagency information sharing agreement to be signed by the chief executive officer of

each of the agencies represented on the committee. The interagency information sharing agreement shall include a provision that requires that all records pertaining to a serious habitual offender (SHO) shall be confidential. Disclosure of information may be made to other staff from member agencies as authorized by the SHOCAP committee for the furtherance of case management and tracking of the SHO. Staff from the member agencies who receive this information shall be governed by the confidentiality provisions of this Act. The staff from the member agencies who will qualify to have access to the SHOCAP information must be limited to those individuals who provide direct services to the SHO or who provide supervision of the SHO.

- (d) The Chief Juvenile Circuit Judge, or the Chief Circuit Judge, or his or her designee, may issue a comprehensive information sharing court order. The court order shall allow agencies who are represented on the SHOCAP committee and whose chief executive officer has signed the interagency information sharing agreement to provide and disclose information to the SHOCAP committee. The sharing of information will ensure the coordination and cooperation of all agencies represented in providing case management and enhancing the effectiveness of the SHOCAP efforts.
- (e) Any person or agency who is participating in good faith in the sharing of SHOCAP information under this Act shall have immunity from any liability, civil, criminal, or

- otherwise, that might result by reason of the type of information exchanged. For the purpose of any proceedings, civil or criminal, the good faith of any person or agency
- 3 civil or criminal, the good faith of any person or agency
- 4 permitted to share SHOCAP information under this Act shall be
- 5 presumed.
- 6 (f) All reports concerning SHOCAP clients made available
- 7 to members of the SHOCAP committee and all records generated
- 8 from these reports shall be confidential and shall not be
- 9 disclosed, except as specifically authorized by this Act or
- 10 other applicable law. It is a Class A misdemeanor to permit,
- 11 assist, or encourage the unauthorized release of any
- information contained in SHOCAP reports or records.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-99.)
- 14 (705 ILCS 405/5-750)
- 15 Sec. 5-750. Commitment to the Department of Juvenile
- 16 Justice.
- 17 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this Section,
- 18 when any delinquent has been adjudged a ward of the court under
- 19 this Act, the court may commit him or her to the Department of
- Juvenile Justice, if it finds that (a) his or her parents,
- 21 quardian or legal custodian are unfit or are unable, for some
- reason other than financial circumstances alone, to care for,
- 23 protect, train or discipline the minor, or are unwilling to do
- so, and the best interests of the minor and the public will not
- 25 be served by placement under Section 5-740, or it is necessary

to ensure the protection of the public from the consequences of criminal activity of the delinquent; and (b) commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice is the least restrictive alternative based on evidence that efforts were made to locate less restrictive alternatives to secure confinement and the reasons why efforts were unsuccessful in locating a less restrictive alternative to secure confinement. Before the court commits a minor to the Department of Juvenile Justice, it shall make a finding that secure confinement is necessary, following a review of the following individualized factors:

- (A) Age of the minor.
- (B) Criminal background of the minor.
- (C) Review of results of any assessments of the minor, including child centered assessments such as the CANS.
- (D) Educational background of the minor, indicating whether the minor has ever been assessed for a learning disability, and if so what services were provided as well as any disciplinary incidents at school.
- (E) Physical, mental and emotional health of the minor, indicating whether the minor has ever been diagnosed with a health issue and if so what services were provided and whether the minor was compliant with services.
- (F) Community based services that have been provided to the minor, and whether the minor was compliant with the services, and the reason the services were unsuccessful.

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- 1 (G) Services within the Department of Juvenile Justice 2 that will meet the individualized needs of the minor.
  - (1.5) Before the court commits a minor to the Department of Juvenile Justice, the court must find reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for the minor to be removed from the home, or reasonable efforts cannot, at this time, for good cause, prevent or eliminate the need for removal, and removal from home is in the best interests of the minor, the minor's family, and the public.
  - (2) When a minor of the age of at least 13 years is adjudged delinquent for the offense of first degree murder, the court shall declare the minor a ward of the court and order the minor committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice until the minor's 21st birthday, without the possibility of aftercare release, furlough, or non-emergency authorized absence for a period of 5 years from the date the minor was committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice, except that the time that a minor spent in custody for the instant offense before being committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice shall be considered as time credited towards that 5 year period. Upon release from a Department facility, a minor adjudged delinquent for first degree murder shall be placed on aftercare release until the age of 21, unless discharged from aftercare release or custodianship otherwise terminated in accordance with this Act or as otherwise provided for by law. Nothing in this subsection (2)

- shall preclude the State's Attorney from seeking to prosecute a minor as an adult as an alternative to proceeding under this
- 3 Act.

- (3) Except as provided in subsection (2), the commitment of a delinquent to the Department of Juvenile Justice shall be for an indeterminate term which shall automatically terminate upon the delinquent attaining the age of 21 years or upon completion of that period for which an adult could be committed for the same act, whichever occurs sooner, unless the delinquent is sooner discharged from aftercare release or custodianship is otherwise terminated in accordance with this Act or as otherwise provided for by law.
  - in this State and the establishment of the rehabilitation program by the Department of Juvenile Justice under subsection (e) of Section 3-2.5-20 of the Unified Code of Corrections, every minor committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice must successfully complete a rehabilitation program established by the Department. The failure of the minor to successfully complete the program shall result in the minor remaining in custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice until the minor's 21st birthday.
  - (3.5) Every delinquent minor committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice under this Act shall be eligible for aftercare release without regard to the length of time the minor has been confined or whether the minor has served any

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- minimum term imposed. Aftercare release shall be administered by the Department of Juvenile Justice, under the direction of the Director. Unless sooner discharged, the Department of Juvenile Justice shall discharge a minor from aftercare release upon completion of the following aftercare release terms:
- 7 (a) One and a half years from the date a minor is 8 released from a Department facility, if the minor was 9 committed for a Class X felony;
  - (b) One year from the date a minor is released from a Department facility, if the minor was committed for a Class 1 or 2 felony; and
  - (c) Six months from the date a minor is released from a Department facility, if the minor was committed for a Class 3 felony or lesser offense.
  - (4) When the court commits a minor to the Department of Juvenile Justice, it shall order him or her conveyed forthwith to the appropriate reception station or other place designated by the Department of Juvenile Justice, and shall appoint the Director of Juvenile Justice legal custodian of the minor. The clerk of the court shall issue to the Director of Juvenile Justice a certified copy of the order, which constitutes proof of the Director's authority. No other process need issue to warrant the keeping of the minor.
  - (5) If a minor is committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice, the clerk of the court shall forward to the

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1	Department:				
2	(a)	the	sentencing	order	and

- 2 (a) the sentencing order and copies of committing petition;
  - (b) all reports;
- 5 (c) the court's statement of the basis for ordering 6 the disposition;
  - (d) any sex offender evaluations;
  - (e) any risk assessment or substance abuse treatment eligibility screening and assessment of the minor by an agent designated by the State to provide assessment services for the courts;
  - (f) the number of days, if any, which the minor has been in custody and for which he or she is entitled to credit against the sentence, which information shall be provided to the clerk by the sheriff;
  - (g) any medical or mental health records or summaries of the minor;
  - (h) the municipality where the arrest of the minor occurred, the commission of the offense occurred, and the minor resided at the time of commission;
  - (h-5) a report detailing the minor's criminal history
    in a manner and form prescribed by the Department of
    Juvenile Justice;
  - (i) all additional matters which the court directs the clerk to transmit; and
    - (j) all police reports for sex offenses as defined by

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- 1 the Sex Offender Management Board Act.
  - (6) Whenever the Department of Juvenile Justice lawfully discharges from its custody and control a minor committed to it, the Director of Juvenile Justice shall petition the court for an order terminating his or her custodianship. The custodianship shall terminate automatically 30 days after receipt of the petition unless the court orders otherwise.
  - (7) If, while on aftercare release, a minor committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice who resides in this State is charged under the criminal laws of this State, the criminal laws of any other state, or federal law with an offense that could result in a sentence of imprisonment within the Department of Corrections, the penal system of any state, or Bureau of Prisons, the commitment to the federal Department of Juvenile Justice and all rights and duties created by that commitment are automatically suspended pending final disposition of the criminal charge. If the minor is found guilty of the criminal charge and sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the penitentiary system of the Department of Corrections, the penal system of any state, or the federal Bureau of Prisons, the commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice shall be automatically terminated. If the criminal charge is dismissed, the minor is found not quilty, the minor completes a criminal sentence other imprisonment within the Department of Corrections, the penal system of any state, or the federal Bureau of Prisons, the

- 1 previously imposed commitment to the Department of Juvenile
- 2 Justice and the full aftercare release term shall be
- 3 automatically reinstated unless custodianship is sooner
- 4 terminated. Nothing in this subsection (7) shall preclude the
- 5 court from ordering another sentence under Section 5-710 of
- 6 this Act or from terminating the Department's custodianship
- 7 while the commitment to the Department is suspended.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 101-159, eff. 1-1-20; 102-350, eff. 8-13-21.)
- 9 (705 ILCS 405/5-7A-105)

illegally intrusive monitoring.

- 10 Sec. 5-7A-105. Definitions. As used in this Article:
- 11 (a) "Approved electronic monitoring device" means a device 12 approved by the supervising authority that is primarily intended to record or transmit information as to the minor's 1.3 14 presence or nonpresence in the home. An approved electronic 15 monitoring device may record or transmit: oral or wire 16 communications or an auditory sound; visual images; information regarding the minor's activities while inside the 17 offender's home. These devices are subject to the required 18 consent as set forth in Section 5-7A-125 of this Article. An 19 20 approved electronic monitoring device may be used to record a 21 conversation between the participant and the monitoring 22 device, or the participant and the person supervising the participant solely for the purpose of identification and not 23 24 for the purpose of eavesdropping or conducting any other

- (b) "Excluded offenses" means any act if committed by an adult would constitute first degree murder, escape, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, aggravated battery with a firearm, bringing or possessing a firearm, ammunition, or explosive in a penal institution, any "Super-X" drug offense or calculated criminal drug conspiracy or streetgang criminal drug conspiracy, or any predecessor or successor offenses with the same or substantially the same elements, or any inchoate offenses relating to the foregoing offenses.
  - (c) "Home detention" means the confinement of a minor adjudicated delinquent or subject to an adjudicatory hearing under Article V for an act that if committed by an adult would be an offense to his or her place of residence under the terms and conditions established by the supervising authority.
  - (d) "Participant" means a minor placed into an electronic monitoring program.
- (e) "Supervising authority" means the Department of Juvenile Justice, probation supervisory authority, sheriff, superintendent of a juvenile detention center, or any other officer or agency charged with authorizing and supervising home detention.
- (f) "Super-X drug offense" means a violation of clause
  (a) (1) (B), (C), or (D) of Section 401; clause (a) (2) (B), (C),
  or (D) of Section 401; clause (a) (3) (B), (C), or (D) of Section
  401; or clause (a) (7) (B), (C), or (D) of Section 401 of the

- 1 Illinois Controlled Substances Act.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 96-293, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 3 Section 30. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by
- 4 changing Section 12-2 as follows:
- 5 (720 ILCS 5/12-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-2)
- 6 Sec. 12-2. Aggravated assault.
- 7 (a) Offense based on location of conduct. A person commits
- 8 aggravated assault when he or she commits an assault against
- 9 an individual who is on or about a public way, public property,
- 10 a public place of accommodation or amusement, or a sports
- 11 venue, or in a church, synagogue, mosque, or other building,
- 12 structure, or place used for religious worship.
- 13 (b) Offense based on status of victim. A person commits
- 14 aggravated assault when, in committing an assault, he or she
- knows the individual assaulted to be any of the following:
- 16 (1) A person with a physical disability or a person 60
- 17 years of age or older and the assault is without legal
- 18 justification.
- 19 (2) A teacher or school employee upon school grounds
- 20 or grounds adjacent to a school or in any part of a
- 21 building used for school purposes.
- 22 (3) A park district employee upon park grounds or
- grounds adjacent to a park or in any part of a building
- used for park purposes.

1	(4) A community policing volunteer, private security
2	officer, or utility worker:
3	(i) performing his or her official duties;
4	(ii) assaulted to prevent performance of his or
5	her official duties; or
6	(iii) assaulted in retaliation for performing his
7	or her official duties.
8	(4.1) A peace officer, fireman, emergency management
9	worker, or emergency medical services personnel:
10	(i) performing his or her official duties;
11	(ii) assaulted to prevent performance of his or
12	her official duties; or
13	(iii) assaulted in retaliation for performing his
14	or her official duties.
15	(5) A correctional officer or probation officer:
16	(i) performing his or her official duties;
17	(ii) assaulted to prevent performance of his or
18	her official duties; or
19	(iii) assaulted in retaliation for performing his
20	or her official duties.
21	(6) A <u>Department of Juvenile Justice</u> correctional
22	institution employee, a county juvenile detention center
23	employee who provides direct and continuous supervision of
24	residents of a <u>Department of Juvenile Justice</u> juvenile
25	detention center, including a county juvenile detention
26	center employee who supervises recreational activity for

residents of a juvenile detention center, or a Department
of Human Services employee, Department of Human Services
officer, or employee of a subcontractor of the Department
of Human Services supervising or controlling sexually
dangerous persons or sexually violent persons:

- (i) performing his or her official duties;
- (ii) assaulted to prevent performance of his or her official duties; or
- (iii) assaulted in retaliation for performing his or her official duties.
- (7) An employee of the State of Illinois, a municipal corporation therein, or a political subdivision thereof, performing his or her official duties.
- (8) A transit employee performing his or her official duties, or a transit passenger.
- (9) A sports official or coach actively participating in any level of athletic competition within a sports venue, on an indoor playing field or outdoor playing field, or within the immediate vicinity of such a facility or field.
- (10) A person authorized to serve process under Section 2-202 of the Code of Civil Procedure or a special process server appointed by the circuit court, while that individual is in the performance of his or her duties as a process server.
- (c) Offense based on use of firearm, device, or motor

- vehicle. A person commits aggravated assault when, in committing an assault, he or she does any of the following:
  - (1) Uses a deadly weapon, an air rifle as defined in Section 24.8-0.1 of this Act, or any device manufactured and designed to be substantially similar in appearance to a firearm, other than by discharging a firearm.
  - (2) Discharges a firearm, other than from a motor vehicle.
    - (3) Discharges a firearm from a motor vehicle.
  - (4) Wears a hood, robe, or mask to conceal his or her identity.
  - (5) Knowingly and without lawful justification shines or flashes a laser gun sight or other laser device attached to a firearm, or used in concert with a firearm, so that the laser beam strikes near or in the immediate vicinity of any person.
  - (6) Uses a firearm, other than by discharging the firearm, against a peace officer, community policing volunteer, fireman, private security officer, emergency management worker, emergency medical services personnel, employee of a police department, employee of a sheriff's department, or traffic control municipal employee:
    - (i) performing his or her official duties;
    - (ii) assaulted to prevent performance of his or her official duties; or
      - (iii) assaulted in retaliation for performing his

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- or her official duties.
- 2 (7) Without justification operates a motor vehicle in 3 a manner which places a person, other than a person listed 4 in subdivision (b) (4), in reasonable apprehension of being 5 struck by the moving motor vehicle.
  - (8) Without justification operates a motor vehicle in a manner which places a person listed in subdivision (b)(4), in reasonable apprehension of being struck by the moving motor vehicle.
- 10 (9) Knowingly video or audio records the offense with 11 the intent to disseminate the recording.
- (d) Sentence. Aggravated assault as defined in subdivision

  (a), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(4), (b)(7), (b)(8), (b)(9),

  (c)(1), (c)(4), or (c)(9) is a Class A misdemeanor, except

  that aggravated assault as defined in subdivision (b)(4) and

  (b)(7) is a Class 4 felony if a Category I, Category II, or

  Category III weapon is used in the commission of the assault.

  Aggravated assault as defined in subdivision (b)(4.1), (b)(5),
- 19 (b)(6), (b)(10), (c)(2), (c)(5), (c)(6), or (c)(7) is a Class
- 4 felony. Aggravated assault as defined in subdivision (c)(3)
- or (c) (8) is a Class 3 felony.
- (e) For the purposes of this Section, "Category I weapon",
- "Category II weapon", and "Category III weapon" have the
- 24 meanings ascribed to those terms in Section 33A-1 of this
- 25 Code.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 101-223, eff. 1-1-20; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)

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- Section 35. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Sections 3-2-2, 3-2.5-20, and 3-19-5 as follows:
- 3 (730 ILCS 5/3-2-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-2-2)
- 4 Sec. 3-2-2. Powers and duties of the Department.
- 5 (1) In addition to the powers, duties, and 6 responsibilities which are otherwise provided by law, the 7 Department shall have the following powers:
  - (a) To accept persons committed to it by the courts of this State for care, custody, treatment, and rehabilitation, and to accept federal prisoners and noncitizens over whom the Office of the Federal Detention Trustee is authorized to exercise the federal detention function for limited purposes and periods of time.
  - (b) To develop and maintain reception and evaluation purposes of analyzing the custody units for rehabilitation needs of persons committed to it and to assign such persons to institutions and programs under its control or transfer them to other appropriate agencies. In consultation with the Department of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse (now the Department of Human Services), the Department of Corrections shall develop a master plan for the screening and evaluation of persons committed to its custody who have alcohol or drug abuse problems, and for making appropriate treatment available such

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persons; the Department shall report to the General Assembly on such plan not later than April 1, 1987. The maintenance and implementation of such plan shall be contingent upon the availability of funds.

- (b-1) To create and implement, on January 1, 2002, a program to establish the effectiveness pupillometer technology (the measurement of the pupil's reaction to light) as an alternative to a urine test for purposes of screening and evaluating persons committed to its custody who have alcohol or drug problems. The pilot program shall require the pupillometer technology to be used in at least one Department of Corrections facility. The Director may expand the pilot program to include an additional facility or facilities as he or she deems appropriate. A minimum of 4,000 tests shall be included in the pilot program. The Department must report to the General Assembly on the effectiveness of the program by January 1, 2003.
- (b-5) To develop, in consultation with the Illinois State Police, a program for tracking and evaluating each inmate from commitment through release for recording his or her gang affiliations, activities, or ranks.
- (c) To maintain and administer all State correctional institutions and facilities under its control and to establish new ones as needed. Pursuant to its power to establish new institutions and facilities, the Department

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may, with the written approval of the Governor, authorize the Department of Central Management Services to enter into an agreement of the type described in subsection (d) of Section 405-300 of the Department of Central Management Services Law. The Department shall designate those institutions which shall constitute the State Penitentiary System. The Department of Juvenile Justice shall maintain and administer all State youth centers pursuant to subsection (d) of Section 3-2.5-20.

Pursuant to its power to establish new institutions and facilities, the Department may authorize the Department of Central Management Services to accept bids from counties and municipalities for the construction, remodeling, or conversion of a structure to be leased to the Department of Corrections for the purposes of its serving as a correctional institution or facility. Such construction, remodeling, or conversion may be financed with revenue bonds issued pursuant to the Industrial Building Revenue Bond Act by the municipality or county. The lease specified in a bid shall be for a term of not less than the time needed to retire any revenue bonds used to finance the project, but not to exceed 40 years. The lease may grant to the State the option to purchase the structure outright.

Upon receipt of the bids, the Department may certify one or more of the bids and shall submit any such bids to

the General Assembly for approval. Upon approval of a bid by a constitutional majority of both houses of the General Assembly, pursuant to joint resolution, the Department of Central Management Services may enter into an agreement with the county or municipality pursuant to such bid.

- (c-5) (Blank). To build and maintain regional juvenile detention centers and to charge a per diem to the counties as established by the Department to defray the costs of housing each minor in a center. In this subsection (c-5), "juvenile detention center" means a facility to house minors during pendency of trial who have been transferred from proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 to prosecutions under the criminal laws of this State in accordance with Section 5-805 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, whether the transfer was by operation of law or permissive under that Section. The Department shall designate the counties to be served by each regional juvenile detention center.
- (d) To develop and maintain programs of control, rehabilitation, and employment of committed persons within its institutions.
- (d-5) To provide a pre-release job preparation program for inmates at Illinois adult correctional centers.
- (d-10) To provide educational and visitation opportunities to committed persons within its institutions through temporary access to content-controlled tablets

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that may be provided as a privilege to committed persons to induce or reward compliance.

- (e) To establish a system of supervision and guidance of committed persons in the community.
- (f) To establish in cooperation with the Department of Transportation to supply a sufficient number of prisoners for use by the Department of Transportation to clean up the trash and garbage along State, county, township, or municipal highways as designated by the Department of Transportation. The Department of Corrections, at the request of the Department of Transportation, shall furnish such prisoners at least annually for a period to be agreed upon between the Director of Corrections and the Secretary of Transportation. The prisoners used on this program shall be selected by the Director of Corrections on whatever basis he deems proper in consideration of their term, behavior and earned eligibility to participate in such program - where they will be outside of the prison facility but still in the custody of the Department of Corrections. Prisoners convicted of first degree murder, or a Class X felony, or armed violence, or aggravated kidnapping, or criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse or a subsequent conviction for criminal sexual abuse, or forcible detention, or arson, or a prisoner adjudged a Habitual Criminal shall not be eligible for selection to participate in such program. The

prisoners shall remain as prisoners in the custody of the Department of Corrections and such Department shall furnish whatever security is necessary. The Department of Transportation shall furnish trucks and equipment for the highway cleanup program and personnel to supervise and direct the program. Neither the Department of Corrections nor the Department of Transportation shall replace any regular employee with a prisoner.

- (g) To maintain records of persons committed to it and to establish programs of research, statistics, and planning.
- (h) To investigate the grievances of any person committed to the Department and to inquire into any alleged misconduct by employees or committed persons; and for these purposes it may issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of writings and papers, and may examine under oath any witnesses who may appear before it; to also investigate alleged violations of a parolee's or releasee's conditions of parole or release; and for this purpose it may issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents only if there is reason to believe that such procedures would provide evidence that such violations have occurred.

If any person fails to obey a subpoena issued under this subsection, the Director may apply to any circuit

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court to secure compliance with the subpoena. The failure to comply with the order of the court issued in response thereto shall be punishable as contempt of court.

- (i) To appoint and remove the chief administrative and administer programs of training development of personnel of the Department. Personnel assigned by the Department to be responsible for the custody and control of committed persons or to investigate the alleged misconduct of committed persons or employees alleged violations of a parolee's or releasee's conditions of parole shall be conservators of the peace for those purposes, and shall have the full power of peace officers outside of the facilities of the Department in the protection, arrest, retaking, and reconfining of committed persons or where the exercise of such power is necessary to the investigation of such misconduct or violations. This subsection shall not apply to persons committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 on aftercare release.
- (j) To cooperate with other departments and agencies and with local communities for the development of standards and programs for better correctional services in this State.
- (k) To administer all moneys and properties of the Department.
  - (1) To report annually to the Governor on the

1 committed persons, institutions, and programs of the 2 Department.

- (1-5) (Blank).
- (m) To make all rules and regulations and exercise all powers and duties vested by law in the Department.
- (n) To establish rules and regulations for administering a system of sentence credits, established in accordance with Section 3-6-3, subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board.
- (o) To administer the distribution of funds from the State Treasury to reimburse counties where State penal institutions are located for the payment of assistant state's attorneys' salaries under Section 4-2001 of the Counties Code.
- (p) To exchange information with the Department of Human Services and the Department of Healthcare and Family Services for the purpose of verifying living arrangements and for other purposes directly connected with the administration of this Code and the Illinois Public Aid Code.
  - (q) To establish a diversion program.

The program shall provide a structured environment for selected technical parole or mandatory supervised release violators and committed persons who have violated the rules governing their conduct while in work release. This program shall not apply to those persons who have

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1	committed a new offense while serving on parole or
2	mandatory supervised release or while committed to work
3	release.
4	Elements of the program shall include, but shall not
5	be limited to, the following:
6	(1) The staff of a diversion facility shall
7	provide supervision in accordance with required
8	objectives set by the facility.
9	(2) Participants shall be required to maintain
10	employment.
11	(3) Each participant shall pay for room and board
12	at the facility on a sliding-scale basis according to
13	the participant's income.
14	(4) Each participant shall:
15	(A) provide restitution to victims in
16	accordance with any court order;
17	(B) provide financial support to his
18	dependents; and
19	(C) make appropriate payments toward any other
20	court-ordered obligations.
21	(5) Each participant shall complete community
22	service in addition to employment.
23	(6) Participants shall take part in such
24	counseling, educational, and other programs as the

Department may deem appropriate.

(7) Participants shall submit to drug and alcohol

L	screening.

- (8) The Department shall promulgate rules governing the administration of the program.
  - (r) To enter into intergovernmental cooperation agreements under which persons in the custody of the Department may participate in a county impact incarceration program established under Section 3-6038 or 3-15003.5 of the Counties Code.

## (r-5) (Blank).

(r-10) To systematically and routinely identify with respect to each streetgang active within the correctional system: (1) each active gang; (2) every existing inter-gang affiliation or alliance; and (3) the current leaders in each gang. The Department shall promptly segregate leaders from inmates who belong to their gangs and allied gangs. "Segregate" means no physical contact and, to the extent possible under the conditions and space available at the correctional facility, prohibition of visual and sound communication. For the purposes of this paragraph (r-10), "leaders" means persons who:

- (i) are members of a criminal streetgang;
- (ii) with respect to other individuals within the streetgang, occupy a position of organizer, supervisor, or other position of management or leadership; and
- (iii) are actively and personally engaged in

directing, ordering, authorizing, or requesting commission of criminal acts by others, which are punishable as a felony, in furtherance of streetgang related activity both within and outside of the Department of Corrections.

"Streetgang", "gang", and "streetgang related" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

- (s) To operate a super-maximum security institution, in order to manage and supervise inmates who are disruptive or dangerous and provide for the safety and security of the staff and the other inmates.
- (t) To monitor any unprivileged conversation or any unprivileged communication, whether in person or by mail, telephone, or other means, between an inmate who, before commitment to the Department, was a member of an organized gang and any other person without the need to show cause or satisfy any other requirement of law before beginning the monitoring, except as constitutionally required. The monitoring may be by video, voice, or other method of recording or by any other means. As used in this subdivision (1)(t), "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

As used in this subdivision (1)(t), "unprivileged conversation" or "unprivileged communication" means a

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conversation or communication that is not protected by any privilege recognized by law or by decision, rule, or order of the Illinois Supreme Court.

- (u) To establish a Women's and Children's Pre-release Community Supervision Program for the purpose of providing housing and services to eligible female inmates, as determined by the Department, and their newborn and young children.
- (u-5) To issue an order, whenever a person committed to the Department absconds or absents himself or herself, without authority to do so, from any facility or program to which he or she is assigned. The order shall be certified by the Director, the Supervisor Apprehension Unit, or any person duly designated by the Director, with the seal of the Department affixed. The order shall be directed to all sheriffs, coroners, and police officers, or to any particular person named in the order. Any order issued pursuant to this subdivision (1) (u-5) shall be sufficient warrant for the officer or person named in the order to arrest and deliver the committed person to the proper correctional officials and shall be executed the same as criminal process.
- (u-6) To appoint a point of contact person who shall receive suggestions, complaints, or other requests to the Department from visitors to Department institutions or facilities and from other members of the public.

- 1 (v) To do all other acts necessary to carry out the provisions of this Chapter.
  - (2) The Department of Corrections shall by January 1, 1998, consider building and operating a correctional facility within 100 miles of a county of over 2,000,000 inhabitants, especially a facility designed to house juvenile participants in the impact incarceration program.
  - (3) When the Department lets bids for contracts for medical services to be provided to persons committed to Department facilities by a health maintenance organization, medical service corporation, or other health care provider, the bid may only be let to a health care provider that has obtained an irrevocable letter of credit or performance bond issued by a company whose bonds have an investment grade or higher rating by a bond rating organization.
  - (4) When the Department lets bids for contracts for food or commissary services to be provided to Department facilities, the bid may only be let to a food or commissary services provider that has obtained an irrevocable letter of credit or performance bond issued by a company whose bonds have an investment grade or higher rating by a bond rating organization.
  - (5) On and after the date 6 months after August 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-488), as provided in the Executive Order 1 (2012) Implementation Act, all of the powers, duties, rights, and responsibilities related to State

- healthcare purchasing under this Code that were transferred from the Department of Corrections to the Department of
- 3 Healthcare and Family Services by Executive Order 3 (2005) are
- 4 transferred back to the Department of Corrections; however,
- 5 powers, duties, rights, and responsibilities related to State
- 6 healthcare purchasing under this Code that were exercised by
- 7 the Department of Corrections before the effective date of
- 8 Executive Order 3 (2005) but that pertain to individuals
- 9 resident in facilities operated by the Department of Juvenile
- Justice are transferred to the Department of Juvenile Justice.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-235, eff. 1-1-20; 102-350, eff. 8-13-21;
- 12 102-535, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff.
- 13 5-13-22; 102-1030, eff. 5-27-22.)
- 14 (730 ILCS 5/3-2.5-20)
- 15 Sec. 3-2.5-20. General powers and duties.
- 16 (a) In addition to the powers, duties, and
- 17 responsibilities which are otherwise provided by law or
- transferred to the Department as a result of this Article, the
- 19 Department, as determined by the Director, shall have, but is
- 20 not limited to, the following rights, powers, functions, and
- 21 duties:
- 22 (1) To accept juveniles committed to it by the courts
- of this State for care, custody, treatment, and
- 24 rehabilitation.
- 25 (2) To maintain and administer all State juvenile

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youth centers previously under the control of the Juvenile and Women's & Children Divisions of the Department of Corrections, and to establish and maintain youth centers as needed to meet the needs of the youth committed to its care.

- (3) To identify the need for and recommend the funding and implementation of an appropriate mix of programs and services within the juvenile justice continuum, including, limited to, prevention, nonresidential not and residential commitment programs, day treatment, and conditional release programs and services, with the support of educational, vocational, alcohol, drug abuse, and mental health services where appropriate.
- (3.5) To assist youth committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 with successful reintegration into society, the Department shall retain custody and control of all adjudicated delinquent juveniles released under Section 3-2.5-85 or 3-3-10 of this Code, shall provide a continuum of post-release treatment and services to those youth, and shall supervise those youth during their release period in accordance with the conditions set by the Department or the Prisoner Review Board.
- (4) To establish and provide transitional and post-release treatment programs for juveniles committed to the Department. Services shall include, but are not

1	limited to:
2	(i) family and individual counseling and treatment
3	placement;
4	(ii) referral services to any other State or local
5	agencies;
6	(iii) mental health services;
7	(iv) educational services;
8	(v) family counseling services; and
9	(vi) substance abuse services.
10	(5) To access vital records of juveniles for the
11	purposes of providing necessary documentation for
12	transitional services such as obtaining identification,
13	educational enrollment, employment, and housing.
14	(6) To develop staffing and workload standards and
15	coordinate staff development and training appropriate for
16	juvenile populations.
17	(6.5) To develop policies and procedures promoting
18	family engagement and visitation appropriate for juvenile
19	populations.
20	(7) To develop, with the approval of the Office of the
21	Governor and the Governor's Office of Management and
22	Budget, annual budget requests.
23	(8) To administer the Interstate Compact for
24	Juveniles, with respect to all juveniles under its
25	jurisdiction, and to cooperate with the Department of

Human Services with regard to all non-offender juveniles

- subject to the Interstate Compact for Juveniles.
  - (9) To decide the date of release on aftercare for youth committed to the Department under Section 5-750 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
    - (10) To set conditions of aftercare release for all youth committed to the Department under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
  - (b) The Department may employ personnel in accordance with the Personnel Code and Section 3-2.5-15 of this Code, provide facilities, contract for goods and services, and adopt rules as necessary to carry out its functions and purposes, all in accordance with applicable State and federal law.
  - (c) On and after the date 6 months after August 16, 2013 (the effective date of Public Act 98-488), as provided in the Executive Order 1 (2012) Implementation Act, all of the powers, duties, rights, and responsibilities related to State healthcare purchasing under this Code that were transferred from the Department of Corrections to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services by Executive Order 3 (2005) are transferred back to the Department of Corrections; however, powers, duties, rights, and responsibilities related to State healthcare purchasing under this Code that were exercised by the Department of Corrections before the effective date of Executive Order 3 (2005) but that pertain to individuals resident in facilities operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice are transferred to the Department of Juvenile Justice are transferred to the Department of Juvenile Justice.

(d) To maintain and administer all State youth centers and facilities under its control and to establish new ones as needed. Pursuant to its power to establish new youth centers and facilities, the Department may, with the written approval of the Governor, authorize the Department of Central Management Services to enter into an agreement of the type described in subsection (d) of Section 405-300 of the Department of Central Management Services Law. The Department shall designate those institutions which shall constitute the Youth Corrections System.

Pursuant to its power to establish new institutions and facilities, the Department may authorize the Department of Central Management Services to accept bids from counties and municipalities for the construction, remodeling or conversion of a structure to be leased to the Department of Juvenile Justice for the purposes of its serving as a youth center or facility. Such construction, remodeling or conversion may be financed with revenue bonds issued pursuant to the Industrial Building Revenue Bond Act by the municipality or county. The lease specified in a bid shall be for a term of not less than the time needed to retire any revenue bonds used to finance the project, but not to exceed 40 years. The lease may grant to the State the option to purchase the structure outright.

Upon receipt of the bids, the Department may certify one or more of the bids and shall submit any such bids to the General Assembly for approval. Upon approval of a bid by a

- 1 constitutional majority of both houses of the General
- 2 Assembly, pursuant to joint resolution, the Department of
- 3 Central Management Services may enter into an agreement with
- 4 the county or municipality pursuant to such bid.
- 5 (e) Two years after the effective date of this amendatory
- 6 Act of the 103rd General Assembly, the Department of Juvenile
- 7 Justice shall exercise control and supervision of all county
- 8 detention centers in this State. The Department of Juvenile
- 9 Justice shall adopt rules to close all juvenile detention
- 10 centers in this State and shall establish a rehabilitation
- 11 program for minors adjudicated delinquent which must be
- completed before the completion of their sentence.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 101-219, eff. 1-1-20; 102-350, eff. 8-13-21;
- 14 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 15 (730 ILCS 5/3-19-5)
- Sec. 3-19-5. Methamphetamine abusers pilot program; the
- 17 Department of Juvenile Justice Franklin County Juvenile
- 18 Detention Center.
- 19 (a) There is created the Methamphetamine Abusers Pilot
- 20 Program at the Department of Juvenile Justice Franklin County
- 21 Juvenile Detention Center located in Franklin County. The
- 22 Program shall be established upon adoption of a resolution or
- 23 ordinance by the Franklin County Board and with the consent of
- 24 the Secretary of Human Services.
- 25 (b) A person convicted of the unlawful possession of

- methamphetamine under Section 60 of the Methamphetamine
  Control and Community Protection Act, after an assessment by a
  designated program licensed under the Substance Use Disorder
  Act that the person has a substance use disorder as defined in
  the Substance Use Disorder Act and may benefit from treatment
  for his or her substance use disorder, may be ordered by the
  court to be committed to the Program established under this
  Section.
  - (c) The Program shall consist of medical and psychiatric treatment for the substance use disorder for a period of at least 90 days and not to exceed 180 days. A treatment plan for each person participating in the Program shall be approved by the court in consultation with the Department of Human Services. The Secretary of Human Services shall appoint a Program Administrator to operate the Program who shall be licensed to provide residential treatment for substance use disorders.
    - (d) Persons committed to the Program who are 17 years of age or older shall be separated from minors under 17 years of age who are detained in the <u>Department of Juvenile Justice</u> Juvenile Detention Center and there shall be no contact between them.
    - (e) Upon the establishment of the Pilot Program, the Secretary of Human Services shall inform the chief judge of each judicial circuit of this State of the existence of the Program and its date of termination.

- (f) The Secretary of Human Services, after consultation 1 2 with the Program Administrator, shall determine the 3 effectiveness of the Program in rehabilitating persons with substance use disorders committed to the Program. The 5 Secretary shall prepare a report based on his or her 6 assessment of the effectiveness of the Program and shall 7 submit the report to the Governor and General Assembly within one year after January 1, 2006 (the effective date of Public 8 9 Act 94-549) and each year thereafter that the Program 10 continues operation.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect 2 years after becoming law, except that this Section and the amendatory changes to Section 3-2.5-20 of the Unified Code of
- 15 Corrections Act take effect upon becoming law.

(Source: P.A. 100-759, eff. 1-1-19.)