

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB2297

Introduced 2/10/2023, by Sen. Julie A. Morrison

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 505/5.48 new 20 ILCS 505/5.49 new 20 ILCS 505/5.50 new

Amends the Children and Family Services Act. Provides that the Department of Children and Family Services, in conjunction with the Department of Human Services, shall develop a comprehensive list of children and youth under the age of 18 who are diagnosed with intellectual and developmental disabilities or with a mental illness and are referred to a children's group home, an Illinois public school, a therapeutic day school, or a private in-state or out-of-state residential program or hospital due to their need for behavioral health services and supports. Requires the Department of Children and Family Services (Department) to work in conjunction with other specified State agencies to (i) track the referrals, monitor any possible overlap between agencies, track funding streams, track the number of available facilities, staff, and beds, and establish clear processes and memoranda of understanding for the exchange of this information; and (ii) establish a Short-Term Stabilization Home Model to serve eligible children and youth who have behavioral challenges that have not been stabilized despite interventions to support such children and youth in their communities. Provides that the Department and other specified entities shall be responsible for making referrals to the short-term stabilization homes. Provides that the Department shall work in conjunction with individual service coordination agencies in the child or youth's geographic area to identify potential short-term stabilization home participants. Requires the Department to establish a Transition to Adulthood Model as an intensive transition program that serves young adults from the age of 18 to the day before their 26th birthday. Provides that the Transition to Adulthood Model shall include educational services so that young adults receiving services under the model can learn how to navigate within their own community, use public transportation, plan and purchase meals, self-advocate, plan social activities, and attend institutions of higher learning, among other social activities. Effective immediately.

LRB103 30787 KTG 57277 b

1 AN ACT concerning children.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Children and Family Services Act is amended by adding Sections 5.48, 5.49, and 5.50 as follows:
- 6 (20 ILCS 505/5.48 new)
- 7 Sec. 5.48. Behavioral health referrals; agency monitoring. The Department of Children and Family Services, in conjunction 8 9 with the Department of Human Services, shall develop a comprehensive list of children and youth under the age of 18 10 who are diagnosed with intellectual and developmental 11 12 disabilities or with a mental illness and are referred to a 13 children's group home, an Illinois public school, a 14 therapeutic day school, or a private in-state or out-of-state residential program or hospital due to their need for 15 16 behavioral health services and supports.
- The Department of Children and Family Services shall work
 in conjunction with the Department of Human Services, the
 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, the State Board
 of Education, and the Department of Juvenile Justice to track
 the referrals, monitor any possible overlap between agencies,
 track funding streams, track the number of available
 facilities, staff, and beds, and establish clear processes and

1 memoranda of understanding for the exchange of this 2 information. 3 (20 ILCS 505/5.49 new) 4 Sec. 5.49. Short-Term Stabilization Home Model. 5 The Department of Children and Family Services, in 6 conjunction with the Department of Human Services and the 7 State Board of Education, shall establish a Short-Term 8 Stabilization Home Model for children and youth under the age 9 of 18 who are diagnosed with intellectual and developmental 10 disabilities or with a mental illness and are receiving 11 services under any home and community-based services waiver 12 program authorized under Section 1915(c) of the Social 13 Security Act. The Short-Term Stabilization Home Model shall serve 14 15 eligible children and youth who have behavioral challenges 16 that have not been stabilized despite interventions to support such children and youth in their communities. Under the model, 17 18 eligible children and youth shall not stay in a short-term stabilization home for more than 90 days. Each short-term 19 stabilization home in the model shall be staffed by the 20 21 following personnel: 22 (1) board-certified behavior analysts;

(2) qualified intellectual disabilities

25 <u>(3) registered nurses;</u>

professionals;

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1 (4) direct support persons; 2 (5) registered behavior technicians; and 3 (6) consulting psychiatrists. The Department of Children and Family Services, the 4 Department of Human <u>Services</u>, and the State Board of 5 Education, in conjunction with local school districts, shall 6 7 be responsible for making referrals to the short-term 8 stabilization homes. 9 The Department of Children and Family Services shall ensure all children and youth under the age of 18 with 10 11 intellectual and developmental disabilities or with a mental 12 illness, regardless of funding streams, have access to the short-term stabilization home model. The Department shall work 13 14 in conjunction with individual service coordination agencies in the child or youth's geographic area to identify potential 15 16 short-term stabilization home participants. 17 (20 ILCS 505/5.50 new) 18 Sec. 5.50. Transition to Adulthood Model. (a) The Department of Children and Family Services, in 19 20 conjunction with the Department of Human Services and the 21 State Board of Education, shall establish a Transition to 22 Adulthood Model as an intensive transition program that serves 23 young adults from the age of 18 to the day before their 26th 24 birthday.

(b) The Transition to Adulthood Model shall include

educational services so that young adults receiving services
under the model can learn how to navigate within their own
community, use public transportation, plan and purchase meals,
self-advocate, plan social activities, and attend institutions
of higher learning, among other social activities.

The Transition to Adulthood Model shall also emphasize transition-to-adulthood planning to facilitate young adults with intellectual and developmental disabilities into their adult living arrangement and to prepare them to live as independently as possible within their own communities, while also emphasizing the intermittent supports they need to thrive. Young adults receiving services under the model shall be evaluated on an individual basis and strategies shall be based on person-centered planning.

Each young adult shall have an individualized transition plan in which transition specialists ensure communication, visits, and social engagements with other individuals (staff and peers) within the identified adult provider agency.

(c) The Transition to Adulthood Model shall employ transition specialists with job coaching skills to create a support replacement plan to ensure benchmarks toward independence are met by young adults receiving services under the model. These transition specialists shall have specialized training in transition and independence planning. A transition specialist, in collaboration with work site employees, shall work with a young adult toward helping the young adult achieve

- job independence.
- 2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 3 becoming law.