

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

SB1672

Introduced 2/8/2023, by Sen. Laura Fine

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

50 ILCS 754/5 50 ILCS 754/15 50 ILCS 754/25 50 ILCS 754/30 50 ILCS 754/35 50 ILCS 754/40

Amends the Community Emergency Services and Support Act. Replaces the term "responder" with "mobile crisis response team member" in the Act. Removes provisions concerning responder involvement in involuntary commitment, and makes other changes in provisions concerning State prohibitions relating to emergency response. Provides that the Division of Mental Health's guidance for 9-1-1 PSAPs and emergency services dispatched through 9-1-1 PSAPs shall promote, to the greatest extent practicable, referrals to a prearrest or prebooking case management unit in any area served by a prearrest or prebooking case management unit. Makes other changes.

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AN ACT concerning local government.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Community Emergency Services and Support 5 Act is amended by changing Sections 5, 15, 25, 30, 35, and 40 6 as follows:

7 (50 ILCS 754/5)

Sec. 5. Findings. The General Assembly recognizes that the 8 9 Illinois Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health is preparing to provide mobile mental and behavioral 10 health services to all Illinoisans as part of the federally 11 mandated adoption of the 9-8-8 phone number. The General 12 13 Assembly also recognizes that many cities and some states have 14 successfully established mobile emergency mental and behavioral health services as part of their emergency response 15 16 system to support people who need such support and do not 17 present a threat of physical violence to the mobile crisis response team members responders. In light of that experience, 18 the General Assembly finds that in order to promote and 19 protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public, it is 20 21 necessary and in the public interest to provide emergency 22 without medical transportation, response, with or to individuals requiring mental health or behavioral health 23

SB1672 - 2 - LRB103 05032 AWJ 50045 b services in a manner that is substantially equivalent to the 1 2 response already provided to individuals who require emergency 3 physical health care. (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.) 4 5 (50 ILCS 754/15) 6 Sec. 15. Definitions. As used in this Act: "Division of Mental Health" means the Division of Mental 7 8 Health of the Department of Human Services. 9 "Emergency" means an emergent circumstance caused by a 10 health condition, regardless of whether it is perceived as 11 physical, mental, or behavioral in nature, for which an 12 individual may require prompt care, support, or assessment at the individual's location. 13 14 "Mental or behavioral health" means any health condition 15 involving changes in thinking, emotion, or behavior, and that 16 the medical community treats as distinct from physical health 17 care. 18 "Mobile crisis response team member" means any person who engages with a member of the public to provide the mobile 19 mental and behavioral service established in conjunction with 20 21 the Division of Mental Health's implementation of the 9-8-8 22 emergency number. "Mobile crisis response team member" does 23 not mean an EMS Paramedic or EMT, as defined in the Emergency 24 Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act, unless that responding 25 agency has agreed to provide a specialized response in

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1 accordance with the Division of Mental Health's services 2 offered through its 9-8-8 number and has met all the 3 requirements to offer that service through that system.

4 "Physical health" means a health condition that the
5 medical community treats as distinct from mental or behavioral
6 health care.

7 "PSAP" means a Public Safety Answering Point 8 tele-communicator.

9 "Community services" and "community-based mental or 10 behavioral health services" may include both public and 11 private settings.

12 "Treatment relationship" means an active association with 13 a mental or behavioral care provider able to respond in an 14 appropriate amount of time to requests for care.

15 "Responder" is any person engaging with a member of the public to provide the mobile mental and behavioral service 16 17 established in conjunction with the Division of Mental Health establishing the 9 8 8 emergency number. A responder is not an 18 EMS Paramedic or EMT as defined in the Emergency Medical 19 Services (EMS) Systems Act unless that responding agency has 20 21 agreed to provide a specialized response in accordance with 22 the Division of Mental Health's services offered through its 9-8-8 number and has met all the requirements to offer that 23 24 service through that system.

25 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

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1 (50 ILCS 754/25)

2 Sec. 25. State goals.

(a) 9-1-1 PSAPs, emergency services dispatched through 3 9-1-1 PSAPs, and the mobile mental and behavioral health 4 5 service established by the Division of Mental Health must coordinate their services so that the State goals listed in 6 7 this Section are achieved. Appropriate mobile response service 8 for mental and behavioral health emergencies shall be 9 available regardless of whether the initial contact was with 10 9-8-8, 9-1-1 or directly with an emergency service dispatched 11 through 9-1-1. Appropriate mobile response services must:

(1) ensure that individuals experiencing mental or behavioral health crises are diverted from hospitalization or incarceration whenever possible, and are instead linked with available appropriate community services;

16 (2) include the option of on-site care if that type of 17 care is appropriate and does not override the care decisions of the individual receiving care. Providing care 18 19 in the community, through methods like mobile crisis 20 units, is encouraged. If effective care is provided on site, and if it is consistent with the care decisions of 21 22 the individual receiving the care, further transportation 23 to other medical providers is not required by this Act;

(3) recommend appropriate referrals for available
 community services if the individual receiving on-site
 care is not already in a treatment relationship with a

service provider or is unsatisfied with their current service providers. The referrals shall take into consideration waiting lists and copayments, which may present barriers to access; and

(4) subject to the care decisions of the individual 5 6 receiving care, provide transportation for any individual 7 experiencing a mental or behavioral health emergency. 8 Transportation shall be to the most integrated and least 9 restrictive setting appropriate in the community, such as 10 to the individual's home or chosen location, community 11 crisis respite centers, clinic settings, behavioral health 12 centers, or the offices of particular medical care 13 providers with existing treatment relationships to the 14 individual seeking care.

15 (b) Prioritize requests for emergency assistance. 9-1-1 16 PSAPs, emergency services dispatched through 9-1-1 PSAPs, and 17 the mobile mental and behavioral health service established by 18 the Division of Mental Health must provide guidance for 19 prioritizing calls for assistance and maximum response time in 20 relation to the type of emergency reported.

(c) Provide appropriate response times. From the time of first notification, 9-1-1 PSAPs, emergency services dispatched through 9-1-1 PSAPs, and the mobile mental and behavioral health service established by the Division of Mental Health must provide the response within response time appropriate to the care requirements of the individual with an emergency.

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1 (d) Require appropriate responder training of mobile 2 crisis response team members. Mobile crisis response team 3 members Responders must have adequate training to address the 4 needs of individuals experiencing a mental or behavioral 5 health emergency. Adequate training at least includes:

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(1) training in de-escalation techniques;

7 (2) knowledge of local community services and
8 supports; and

9 (3) training in respectful interaction with people 10 experiencing mental or behavioral health crises, including 11 the concepts of stigma and respectful language.

12 (e) Require minimum team staffing. The Division of Mental 13 Health, in consultation with the Regional Advisory Committees created in Section 40, shall determine the appropriate 14 15 credentials for the mental health providers responding to 16 calls, including to what extent the mobile crisis response 17 team members responders must have certain credentials and licensing, and to what extent the mobile crisis response team 18 19 members responders can be peer support professionals.

20 (f) Require training from individuals with lived 21 experience. Training shall be provided by individuals with 22 lived experience to the extent available.

(g) Adopt guidelines directing referral to restrictive care settings. <u>Mobile crisis response team members</u> Responders must have guidelines to follow when considering whether to refer an individual to more restrictive forms of care, like SB1672 - 7 - LRB103 05032 AWJ 50045 b

1 emergency room or hospital settings.

2 (h) Specify regional best practices. Mobile crisis 3 response team members Responders providing these services must so consistently with best practices, which include 4 do 5 respecting the care choices of the individuals receiving assistance. Regional best practices may be broken down into 6 7 sub-regions, as appropriate to reflect local resources and 8 conditions. With the agreement of the impacted EMS Regions, 9 providers of emergency response to physical emergencies may 10 participate in another EMS Region for mental and behavioral 11 response, if that participation shall provide a better service 12 to individuals experiencing a mental or behavioral health 13 emergency.

(i) Adopt <u>a</u> system for directing care in advance of an 14 15 emergency. The Division of Mental Health shall select and 16 publicly identify a system that allows individuals who 17 voluntarily choose chose to do so to provide confidential advanced care directions to individuals providing services 18 under this Act. No system for providing advanced care 19 direction may be implemented unless the Division of Mental 20 Health approves it as confidential, available to individuals 21 22 at all economic levels, and non-stigmatizing. The Division of 23 Mental Health may defer this requirement for providing a system for advanced care direction if it determines that no 24 25 existing systems can currently meet these requirements.

26 (j) Train dispatching staff. The personnel staffing 9-1-1,

3-1-1, or other emergency response intake systems must be
 provided with adequate training to assess whether coordinating
 with 9-8-8 is appropriate.

(k) Establish protocol for emergency <u>mobile crisis</u>
<u>response team member</u> responder coordination. The Division of
Mental Health shall establish a protocol for <u>mobile crisis</u>
<u>response team members</u> responders, law enforcement, and fire
and ambulance services to request assistance from each other,
and train these groups on the protocol.

10 (1) Integrate law enforcement. The Division of Mental 11 Health shall provide for law enforcement to request mobile 12 crisis response team member responder assistance whenever law 13 enforcement engages an individual appropriate for services under this Act. If law enforcement would typically request EMS 14 15 assistance when it encounters an individual with a physical 16 health emergency, law enforcement shall similarly dispatch 17 behavioral health mental or personnel or medical transportation when it encounters an individual in a mental or 18 19 behavioral health emergency.

20 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

21 (50 ILCS 754/30)

Sec. 30. State prohibitions. 9-1-1 PSAPs, emergency services dispatched through 9-1-1 PSAPs, and the mobile mental and behavioral health service established by the Division of Mental Health must coordinate their services so that, based on

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1 the information provided to them, the following State
2 prohibitions are avoided:

(a) Law enforcement responsibility for providing mental 3 and behavioral health care. In any area where mobile crisis 4 5 response team members responders are available for dispatch, law enforcement shall not be dispatched to respond to an 6 7 individual requiring mental or behavioral health care unless 8 that individual is (i) involved in a suspected violation of 9 the criminal laws of this State, or (ii) presents a threat of 10 physical injury to self or others. Mobile crisis response team 11 members Responders are not considered available for dispatch 12 under this Section if 9-8-8 reports that it cannot dispatch 13 appropriate service within the maximum response times 14 established by each Regional Advisory Committee under Section 15 45.

16 (1) The Standing on its own or in combination with 17 each other, the fact that an individual is experiencing a mental or behavioral health emergency, or has a mental 18 19 health, behavioral health, or other diagnosis, is not 20 sufficient to justify an assessment that the individual 21 presents is a threat of physical injury to self or others, 22 or that the situation requires a law enforcement response 23 emergency response to а request for or medical 24 transportation.

(2) If, based on its assessment of the threat to
 public safety, law enforcement would not accompany the

1 emergency response or medical transportation personnel 2 responding to a physical health emergency, unless requested by those responders, then law enforcement may 3 the emergency response 4 not accompany or medical 5 transportation personnel responding to a mental or behavioral health emergency that presents an equivalent 6 7 level of threat to self or public safety unless requested 8 by those responders. Law enforcement may respond to a 9 mental or behavioral health emergency in accordance with 10 subparagraph (3).

11 (3) Without regard to an assessment of threat to self 12 or threat to public safety, law enforcement may station 13 personnel so that they can rapidly respond to requests for 14 assistance from mobile crisis response team members, emergency response, or medical transportation personnel 15 16 responders if law enforcement does not interfere with the 17 emergency response or transportation provision of services. To the extent practical, not interfering with 18 services includes remaining sufficiently distant from or 19 20 out of sight of the individual receiving care so that law 21 enforcement presence is unlikely to escalate the 22 emergency.

(b) <u>(Blank).</u> Responder involvement in involuntary
 commitment. In order to maintain the appropriate care
 relationship, responders shall not in any way assist in the
 involuntary commitment of an individual beyond (i) reporting

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to their dispatching entity or to law enforcement that they 1 2 believe the situation requires assistance the responders are not permitted to provide under this Section; (ii) providing 3 witness statements; and (iii) fulfilling reporting 4 5 requirements the responders may have under their professional ethical obligations or laws of this state. This prohibition 6 7 shall not interfere with any responder's ability to provide 8 physical or mental health care.

9 (c) Use of law enforcement for transportation. In any area 10 where <u>mobile crisis response team members</u> responders are 11 available for dispatch, unless requested by <u>mobile crisis</u> 12 <u>response team members</u> responders, law enforcement shall not be 13 used to provide transportation to access mental or behavioral 14 health care, or travel between mental or behavioral health 15 care providers, except where no alternative is available.

(d) Reduction of educational institution obligations. The services coordinated under this Act may not be used to replace any service an educational institution is required to provide to a student. It shall not substitute for appropriate special education and related services that schools are required to provide by any law.

22 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

23 (50 ILCS 754/35)

24 Sec. 35. Non-violent misdemeanors. The Division of Mental 25 Health's <u>quidance</u> Guidance for 9-1-1 PSAPs and emergency services dispatched through 9-1-1 PSAPs for coordinating the response to individuals who appear to be in a mental or behavioral health emergency while engaging in conduct alleged to constitute a non-violent misdemeanor shall promote the following:

6 (a) Prioritization of Health Care. To the greatest 7 extent practicable, community-based mental or behavioral 8 health services should be provided before addressing law 9 enforcement objectives.

10 (b) Diversion from Further Criminal Justice 11 Involvement. То the greatest extent practicable, 12 individuals should be referred to health care services with the potential to reduce the likelihood of further law 13 14 enforcement engagement.

15 <u>(c) Prearrest or prebooking case management</u> 16 <u>initiatives. To the greatest extent practicable, a</u> 17 <u>referral to a prearrest or prebooking case management unit</u> 18 <u>should be prioritized in any area served by a prearrest or</u> 19 <u>prebooking case management unit.</u>

20 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

21 (50 ILCS 754/40)

22 Sec. 40. Statewide Advisory Committee.

(a) The Division of Mental Health shall establish a
 Statewide Advisory Committee to review and make
 recommendations for aspects of coordinating 9-1-1 and the

9-8-8 mobile mental health response system most appropriately
 addressed on a State level.

3 (b) Issues to be addressed by the Statewide Advisory 4 Committee include, but are not limited to, addressing changes 5 necessary in 9-1-1 call taking protocols and scripts used in 6 9-1-1 PSAPs where those protocols and scripts are based on or 7 otherwise dependent on national providers for their operation.

8 (c) The Statewide Advisory Committee shall recommend a 9 system for gathering data related to the coordination of the 10 9-1-1 and 9-8-8 systems for purposes of allowing the parties 11 to make ongoing improvements in that system. As practical, the 12 system shall attempt to determine issues including, but not 13 limited to:

14 (1) the volume of calls coordinated between 9-1-1 and
15 9-8-8;

16 (2) the volume of referrals from other first 17 responders to 9-8-8;

(3) the volume and type of calls deemed appropriate
for referral to 9-8-8 but could not be served by 9-8-8
because of capacity restrictions or other reasons;

(4) the appropriate information to improve
 coordination between 9-1-1 and 9-8-8; and

(5) the appropriate information to improve the 9-8-8
system, if the information is most appropriately gathered
at the 9-1-1 PSAPs.

26 (d) The Statewide Advisory Committee shall consist of:

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(1) the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator, ex officio; 1 2 (2) one representative designated by the Illinois 3 Chapter of National Emergency Number Association (NENA); (3) one representative designated by the Illinois 4 5 Chapter of Association of Public Safety Communications 6 Officials (APCO); 7 (4) one representative of the Division of Mental 8 Health: 9 (5) one representative of the Illinois Department of 10 Public Health: 11 (6) one representative of a statewide organization of 12 EMS responders; (7) one representative of a statewide organization of 13 14 fire chiefs: 15 (8) two representatives of statewide organizations of 16 law enforcement; 17 (9) two representatives of mental health, behavioral 18 health, or substance abuse providers or a statewide 19 organization representing one or more of these types of 20 providers; and (10) four representatives of advocacy organizations 21 22 either led by or consisting primarily of individuals with 23 intellectual or developmental disabilities, individuals with behavioral disabilities, or individuals with lived 24 25 experience.

(e) The members of the Statewide Advisory Committee, other

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- 1 than the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator, shall be appointed by
- 2 the Secretary of Human Services.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)