

Sen. Kimberly A. Lightford

## Filed: 3/7/2023

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1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1400
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1400 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4 5	"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 10-20.14 and 10-22.6 as follows:
6	(105 ILCS 5/10-20.14) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-20.14)
7	Sec. 10-20.14. Student discipline policies; parent-teacher
8	advisory committee.
9	(a) To establish and maintain a parent-teacher advisory
10	committee to develop with the school board or governing body
11	of a charter school policy guidelines on <u>student</u> <del>pupil</del>
12	discipline, including school searches and bullying prevention
13	as set forth in Section 27-23.7 of this Code. School
14	authorities shall furnish a copy of the policy to the parents
15	or guardian of each <u>student</u> <del>pupil</del> within 15 days after the
16	beginning of the school year, or within 15 days after starting

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1 classes for a student <del>pupil</del> who transfers into the district during the school year, and the school board or governing body 2 of a charter school shall require that a school inform its 3 4 students pupils of the contents of the policy. School boards 5 and the governing bodies of charter schools, along with the parent-teacher advisory committee, must annually evaluate 6 review their student pupil discipline policies, and 7 the implementation of those policies, ensuring the fair and 8 9 consistent enforcement of those policies for all students and 10 the safety and any other factors related to the safety of their 11 schools, students pupils, and school personnel staff.

(a-5) On or before September 15, 2016, each elementary and 12 13 secondary school and charter school shall, at a minimum, adopt 14 student pupil discipline policies that fulfill the 15 requirements set forth in this Section, subsections (a) and 16 (b) of Section 10-22.6 of this Code, Section 34-19 of this Code if applicable, and federal and State laws that provide special 17 18 requirements for the discipline of students with disabilities.

(b) The parent-teacher advisory committee in cooperation 19 20 with local law enforcement agencies shall develop, with the 21 school board, policy guideline procedures to establish and 22 maintain a reciprocal reporting system between the school 23 district and local law enforcement agencies regarding criminal 24 offenses committed by students. School districts are 25 encouraged to create memoranda of understanding with local law enforcement agencies that clearly define law enforcement's 26

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role in schools, in accordance with Section 10-22.6 of this Code. <u>The State Board of Education shall draft and publish</u> <u>model policy guidelines for the development of reciprocal</u> reporting systems in accordance with this Section.

5 (c) The parent-teacher advisory committee, in cooperation with school bus personnel, shall develop, with the school 6 board, policy guideline procedures to establish and maintain 7 8 school bus safety procedures. These procedures shall be 9 incorporated into the district's student pupil discipline 10 policy. The State Board of Education shall draft and publish model policy quidelines for the development of school bus 11 safety procedures in accordance with this Section. 12

13 (d) <u>As used in this subsection (d)</u>, "evidence-based 14 <u>interventions</u>" means interventions that have demonstrated a 15 <u>statistically significant effect on improving student outcomes</u> 16 <u>as documented in peer-reviewed scholarly journals.</u>

The school board, in consultation with the parent-teacher 17 advisory committee and other community-based organizations, 18 must include provisions in the student discipline policy to 19 20 address students who have demonstrated behaviors that put them at risk for aggressive behavior, including without limitation 21 22 bullying, as defined in the policy. These provisions must 23 include procedures for notifying parents or legal guardians 24 and early intervention procedures based upon available 25 community-based and district resources.

26 Any early intervention procedures shall be evidence-based

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1 interventions. The State Board of Education shall draft and 2 publish model policy guidelines for evidence-based early 3 intervention procedures, including examples, in consultation 4 with behavioral health experts and in accordance with this 5 Section.

6 (Source: P.A. 99-456, eff. 9-15-16.)

7 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.6) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.6)

8 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-466)

9 Sec. 10-22.6. Suspension or expulsion of <u>students</u> <del>pupils</del>;
10 school searches.

(a) To expel students pupils guilty of gross disobedience 11 12 or misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct 13 perpetuated by electronic means, pursuant to subsection (b-20) 14 of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such 15 expulsion. Expulsion shall take place only after the parents have been requested to appear at a meeting of the board, or 16 with a hearing officer appointed by it, to discuss their 17 child's behavior, unless the student's gross disobedience or 18 19 misconduct poses an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or school personnel. Such request shall be made by 20 21 registered or certified mail and shall state the time, place 22 and purpose of the meeting. The board, or a hearing officer 23 appointed by it, at such meeting shall state the reasons for 24 dismissal and the date on which the expulsion is to become 25 effective. If a hearing officer is appointed by the board, the 10300SB1400sam001 -5- LRB103 25975 RJT 58361 a

1 hearing officer he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting and the board may take 2 3 such action thereon as it finds appropriate. If the board acts 4 to expel a student <del>pupil</del>, the written expulsion decision shall 5 detail the specific reasons why removing the student pupil 6 from the learning environment is in the best interest of the school. The expulsion decision shall also include a rationale 7 8 as to the specific duration of the expulsion. An expelled 9 student pupil may be immediately transferred to an alternative 10 program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this 11 Code. A student pupil must not be denied transfer because of the expulsion, except in cases in which such transfer is 12 13 deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or staff in 14 the alternative program.

15 suspend or by policy to authorize (b) То the 16 superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend 17 18 students pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, or to suspend students <del>pupils</del> guilty of gross disobedience or 19 20 misconduct on the school bus from riding the school bus, pursuant to subsections (b-15) and (b-20) of this Section, and 21 22 no action shall lie against them for such suspension. The 23 board may by policy authorize the superintendent of the 24 district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of 25 students of any school to suspend students pupils guilty of 26 such acts for a period not to exceed 10 school days. If a

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1 <u>student</u> pupil is suspended due to gross disobedience or 2 misconduct on a school bus, the board may suspend the <u>student</u> 3 pupil in excess of 10 school days for safety reasons.

4 Any suspension shall be reported immediately to the 5 parents or guardian of a student pupil along with a full statement of the reasons for such suspension and a notice of 6 their right to a review. The school board must be given a 7 8 summary of the notice, including the reason for the suspension 9 and the suspension length. Upon request of the parents or 10 quardian, the school board or a hearing officer appointed by 11 shall review such action of the superintendent or it principal, assistant principal, or dean of students. At such 12 13 review, the parents or guardian of the student pupil may 14 appear and discuss the suspension with the board or its 15 hearing officer. If a hearing officer is appointed by the 16 board, he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting. After its hearing or upon 17 receipt of the written report of its hearing officer, the 18 19 board may take such action as it finds appropriate. If a 20 student is suspended pursuant to this subsection (b), the board shall, in the written suspension decision, detail the 21 22 specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in 23 the decision to suspend. The suspension decision shall also 24 include a rationale as to the specific duration of the 25 suspension. A student pupil who is suspended in excess of 20 26 school days may be immediately transferred to an alternative

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program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A <u>student</u> <u>pupil</u> must not be denied transfer because of the suspension, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or <u>school</u> <u>personnel</u> <u>staff</u> in the alternative program.

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## (b-2) As used in this Section:

7 <u>"Evidence-based interventions" means interventions that</u> 8 <u>have demonstrated a statistically significant effect on</u> 9 <u>improving student outcomes documented in peer-reviewed</u> 10 <u>scholarly journals.</u>

11 <u>"Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that involves</u> 12 <u>a substantial risk of death, extreme physical pain, protracted</u> 13 <u>and obvious disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of</u> 14 the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.

15 (b-5) Among the many possible disciplinary interventions 16 and consequences available to school officials, school exclusions, such as out-of-school suspensions and expulsions, 17 are the most serious and should only be used when the student's 18 presence threatens the operation of the school or the health 19 20 or safety of students or school personnel. School officials shall limit the number and duration of expulsions and 21 22 suspensions to the greatest extent practicable, and it is 23 recommended that they use them only for legitimate educational 24 purposes. To ensure that students are not excluded from school 25 unnecessarily, it is recommended that school officials consider implementing proactive evidence-based interventions 26

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1 that improve behavioral outcomes for all students. Examples of evidence-based interventions include school-wide positive 2 behavioral interventions and support, restorative justice and 3 4 the entire continuum of restorative practices, social and 5 emotional learning programs, trauma-informed teaching 6 strategies, and access to appropriate school-based mental health services. In addition, it is recommended that school 7 officials consider forms of non-exclusionary discipline if 8 9 appropriate prior to using out-of-school suspensions or 10 expulsions. Forms of non-exclusionary discipline include in-school suspensions that allow students to continue academic 11 instruction in an alternative environment, restorative 12 13 conferences, and small-group instruction on behavior

## 14 <u>management strategies.</u>

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15 (b-10) Unless otherwise required by federal law or this 16 Code, school boards may not institute zero-tolerance policies 17 by which school administrators are required to suspend or 18 expel students for particular behaviors.

(b-15) Out-of-school suspensions of 3 days or less may be 19 20 used only if the student's continuing presence in school would pose a threat to the operation of the school or the health or 21 safety of students or school personnel school safety or a 22 disruption to other students' learning opportunities. For 23 24 purposes of this subsection (b-15), "threat to the operation 25 of the school or the health or safety of students or school 26 personnel school safety or a disruption to other students'

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1 learning opportunities" shall be determined on a case-by-case
2 basis by the school board or its designee. School officials
3 shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve such threats,
4 address such disruptions, and minimize the length of
5 suspensions to the greatest extent practicable.

Unless otherwise required by this Code, 6 (b-20) out-of-school suspensions of longer than 3 days, expulsions, 7 and disciplinary removals to alternative schools may be used 8 9 only if other appropriate and available behavioral and 10 disciplinary interventions have been exhausted and the 11 student's continuing presence in school would either (i) pose a threat to the safety of other students, school personnel 12 13 staff, or members of the school community or (ii) 14 substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation 15 of the school. For purposes of this subsection (b-20), "threat 16 to the safety of other students, school personnel staff, or members of the school community" and "substantially disrupt, 17 impede, or interfere with the operation of the school" shall 18 be determined on a case-by-case basis by school officials. For 19 20 purposes of this subsection (b-20), the determination of whether "appropriate and available behavioral and disciplinary 21 interventions have been exhausted" shall be made by school 22 officials. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts 23 24 to resolve such threats, address such disruptions, and 25 minimize the length of student exclusions to the greatest 26 extent practicable. Within the suspension decision described 10300SB1400sam001 -10- LRB103 25975 RJT 58361 a

1 in subsection (b) of this Section or the expulsion decision 2 described in subsection (a) of this Section, it shall be 3 documented whether other interventions were attempted or 4 whether it was determined that there were no other appropriate 5 and available interventions.

(b-25) Students who are suspended out-of-school for longer 6 than 4 school days shall be provided appropriate and available 7 support services during the period of their suspension. For 8 9 purposes of this subsection (b-25), "appropriate and available 10 support services" shall be determined by school authorities. 11 Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of this Section, it shall be documented whether such services are 12 13 to be provided or whether it was determined that there are no 14 such appropriate and available services.

15 <u>The State Board of Education shall draft and publish model</u> 16 <u>policy quidelines for the re-engagement of students who are</u> 17 <u>suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an</u> 18 <u>alternative school setting in accordance with this Section.</u>

19A school district may refer students who are expelled to20appropriate and available support services.

A school district shall create a policy to facilitate the re-engagement of students who are suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an alternative school setting.

(b-30) A school district shall create a policy by which
suspended <u>students</u> <del>pupils</del>, including those <u>students</u> <del>pupils</del>
suspended from the school bus who do not have alternate

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transportation to school, shall have the opportunity to make up work for equivalent academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of a <u>student's</u> <u>pupil's</u> parent or guardian to notify school officials that a <u>student</u> <u>pupil</u> suspended from the school bus does not have alternate transportation to school.

7 (c) A school board must invite a representative from a 8 local mental health agency to consult with the board at the 9 meeting whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be 10 the cause of a student's expulsion or suspension.

11 (c-5) A school district School districts shall make reasonable efforts to provide ongoing professional development 12 13 to all school personnel teachers, administrators, school board members, school resource officers, and staff on the adverse 14 15 of school exclusion justice-system consequences and 16 involvement and the evidence-based interventions employed by the district in accordance with this Section and Section 17 10-20.14, effective classroom management strategies, 18 19 culturally responsive discipline, the appropriate and 20 available supportive services for the promotion of student 21 attendance and engagement, and developmentally appropriate 22 disciplinary methods that promote positive and healthy school <del>climates</del>. 23

(d) The board may expel a student for a definite period of
time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a
case-by-case basis. A student who is determined to have

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brought one of the following objects to school, any school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be expelled for a period of not less than one year:

5 (1) A firearm. For the purposes of this Section, "firearm" means any gun, rifle, shotgun, weapon as defined 6 by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, 7 firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners 8 9 Identification Card Act, or firearm as defined in Section 10 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The expulsion period 11 under this subdivision (1) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may 12 13 be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

14 (2) A knife, brass knuckles or other knuckle weapon 15 regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other 16 object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily harm, including "look alikes" of any firearm as defined in 17 subdivision (1) of this subsection (d). The expulsion 18 19 requirement under this subdivision (2) may be modified by 20 the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis. 21

Expulsion or suspension shall be construed in a manner consistent with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. A student who is subject to suspension or expulsion as provided in this Section may be eligible for a transfer to an alternative school program in accordance with 1

Article 13A of the School Code.

(d-3) Any suspension, expulsion, or change of placement 2 due to a violation of the code of student conduct of a student 3 4 with a disability shall comply with the requirements of the 5 federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and its implementing regulations and the federal Section 504 of the 6 Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and its implementing regulation. 7

8 (d-5) The board may suspend or by regulation authorize the 9 superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant 10 principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend a 11 student for a period not to exceed 10 school days or may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 12 13 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis, if (i) that student has been determined to have made an explicit 14 15 threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a 16 student, or any school-related personnel, (ii) the Internet website through which the threat was made is a site that was 17 accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or 18 was available to third parties who worked or studied within 19 20 the school grounds at the time the threat was made, and (iii) 21 the threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to 22 the safety and security of the threatened individual because 23 of the individual's his or her duties or employment status or 24 status as a student inside the school.

25 (e) To maintain order and security in the schools, school 26 authorities may inspect and search places and areas such as 10300SB1400sam001 -14- LRB103 25975 RJT 58361 a

1 lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and 2 equipment owned or controlled by the school, as well as 3 personal effects left in those places and areas by students, 4 without notice to or the consent of the student, and without a 5 search warrant. As a matter of public policy, the General Assembly finds that students have no reasonable expectation of 6 privacy in these places and areas or in their personal effects 7 left in these places and areas. School authorities may request 8 9 the assistance of law enforcement officials for the purpose of 10 conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking 11 lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school for illegal drugs, weapons, or other 12 13 illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including 14 searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. 15 If a search conducted in accordance with this Section produces 16 evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law, local ordinance, or the school's policies or rules, 17 such evidence may be seized by school authorities, and 18 disciplinary action may be taken. School authorities may also 19 20 turn over such evidence to law enforcement authorities.

(f) Suspension or expulsion may include suspension or expulsion from school and all school activities and a prohibition from being present on school grounds.

(g) A school district may adopt a policy providing that if a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any public or private school in this or any other state, the 10300SB1400sam001 -15- LRB103 25975 RJT 58361 a

1 student must complete the entire term of the suspension or 2 expulsion in an alternative school program under Article 13A 3 of this Code or an alternative learning opportunities program 4 under Article 13B of this Code before being admitted into the 5 school district if there is no threat to the safety of students 6 or staff in the alternative program.

7 (h) School officials shall not advise or encourage
8 students to drop out voluntarily due to behavioral or academic
9 difficulties.

10 (i) A student may not be issued a monetary fine or fee as a 11 disciplinary consequence, though this shall not preclude 12 requiring a student to provide restitution for lost, stolen, 13 or damaged property.

(j) Subsections (a) through (i) of this Section shall apply to elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, special charter districts, and school districts organized under Article 34 of this Code.

18 (k) The expulsion of <u>students</u> children enrolled in 19 programs funded under Section 1C-2 of this Code is subject to 20 the requirements under paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of 21 Section 2-3.71 of this Code.

(1) Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, an in-school suspension program provided by a school district for any students in kindergarten through grade 12 may focus on promoting non-violent conflict resolution and positive interaction with other students and school personnel. A school 10300SB1400sam001 -16- LRB103 25975 RJT 58361 a

district may employ a school social worker or a licensed mental health professional to oversee an in-school suspension program in kindergarten through grade 12.

4 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-539, eff. 8-20-21; 5 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

6 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-466)

Sec. 10-22.6. Suspension or expulsion of <u>students</u> <del>pupils</del>;
school searches.

9 (a) To expel students pupils quilty of gross disobedience 10 or misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct perpetuated by electronic means, pursuant to subsection (b-20) 11 of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such 12 expulsion. Expulsion shall take place only after the parents 13 14 or guardians have been requested to appear at a meeting of the 15 board, or with a hearing officer appointed by it, to discuss behavior, unless the student's gross 16 their child's disobedience or misconduct poses an immediate threat to the 17 health or safety of students or school personnel. Such request 18 19 shall be made by registered or certified mail and shall state 20 the time, place and purpose of the meeting. The board, or a 21 hearing officer appointed by it, at such meeting shall state 22 the reasons for dismissal and the date on which the expulsion is to become effective. If a hearing officer is appointed by 23 24 the board, the hearing officer he shall report to the board a 25 written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting and the

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1 board may take such action thereon as it finds appropriate. If 2 the board acts to expel a student pupil, the written expulsion decision shall detail the specific reasons why removing the 3 4 student pupil from the learning environment is in the best 5 interest of the school. The expulsion decision shall also include a rationale as to the specific duration of the 6 expulsion. An expelled student pupil may be immediately 7 transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided 8 9 in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A student pupil must not be 10 denied transfer because of the expulsion, except in cases in 11 which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or staff in the alternative program. 12

by policy to authorize 13 То suspend or (b) the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant 14 15 principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend 16 students pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, or to suspend students pupils guilty of gross disobedience or 17 misconduct on the school bus from riding the school bus, 18 pursuant to subsections (b-15) and (b-20) of this Section, and 19 20 no action shall lie against them for such suspension. The 21 board may by policy authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of 22 23 students of any school to suspend students pupils guilty of 24 such acts for a period not to exceed 10 school days. If a 25 student pupil is suspended due to gross disobedience or 26 misconduct on a school bus, the board may suspend the student

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pupil in excess of 10 school days for safety reasons.

Any suspension shall be reported immediately to the 2 parents or guardians of a student pupil along with a full 3 4 statement of the reasons for such suspension and a notice of 5 their right to a review. The school board must be given a 6 summary of the notice, including the reason for the suspension and the suspension length. Upon request of the parents or 7 guardians, the school board or a hearing officer appointed by 8 review such action of the superintendent 9 it shall or 10 principal, assistant principal, or dean of students. At such 11 review, the parents or quardians of the student pupil may appear and discuss the suspension with the board or its 12 13 hearing officer. If a hearing officer is appointed by the 14 board, he shall report to the board a written summary of the 15 evidence heard at the meeting. After its hearing or upon 16 receipt of the written report of its hearing officer, the board may take such action as it finds appropriate. If a 17 18 student is suspended pursuant to this subsection (b), the board shall, in the written suspension decision, detail the 19 20 specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in 21 the decision to suspend. The suspension decision shall also 22 include a rationale as to the specific duration of the 23 suspension. A student pupil who is suspended in excess of 20 24 school days may be immediately transferred to an alternative 25 program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this 26 Code. A student pupil must not be denied transfer because of

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the suspension, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or <u>school</u> personnel <del>staff</del> in the alternative program.

(b-2) As used in this Section:

4

5 <u>"Evidence-based interventions" means interventions that</u> 6 <u>have demonstrated a statistically significant effect on</u> 7 <u>improving student outcomes documented in peer-reviewed</u> 8 <u>scholarly journals.</u>

9 <u>"Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that involves</u>
10 <u>a substantial risk of death, extreme physical pain, protracted</u>
11 <u>and obvious disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of</u>
12 <u>the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.</u>

13 (b-5) Among the many possible disciplinary interventions and consequences available to school officials, 14 school 15 exclusions, such as out-of-school suspensions and expulsions, 16 are the most serious and should only be used when the student's presence threatens the operation of the school or the health 17 or safety of students or school personnel. School officials 18 shall limit the number and duration of expulsions and 19 20 suspensions to the greatest extent practicable, and it is 21 recommended that they use them only for legitimate educational 22 purposes. To ensure that students are not excluded from school 23 unnecessarily, it is recommended that school officials 24 consider implementing proactive evidence-based interventions 25 that improve behavioral outcomes for all students. Examples of evidence-based interventions include school-wide positive 26

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1 behavioral interventions and support, restorative justice and the entire continuum of restorative practices, social and 2 emotional learning programs, trauma-informed teaching 3 4 strategies, and access to appropriate school-based mental 5 health services. In addition, it is recommended that school 6 officials consider forms of non-exclusionary discipline if appropriate prior to using out-of-school suspensions or 7 expulsions. Forms of non-exclusionary discipline include 8 9 in-school suspensions that allow students to continue academic 10 instruction in an alternative environment, restorative 11 conferences, and small-group instruction on behavior 12 management strategies.

13 (b-10) Unless otherwise required by federal law or this 14 Code, school boards may not institute zero-tolerance policies 15 by which school administrators are required to suspend or 16 expel students for particular behaviors.

(b-15) Out-of-school suspensions of 3 days or less may be 17 used only if the student's continuing presence in school would 18 19 pose a threat to the operation of the school or the health or 20 safety of students or school personnel school safety or a 21 disruption to other students' learning opportunities. For 22 purposes of this subsection (b-15), "threat to the operation of the school or the health or safety of students or school 23 24 personnel school safety or a disruption to other students' 25 learning opportunities" shall be determined on a case-by-case 26 basis by the school board or its designee. School officials

shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve such threats,
 address such disruptions, and minimize the length of
 suspensions to the greatest extent practicable.

4 (b-20)Unless otherwise required by this Code, 5 out-of-school suspensions of longer than 3 days, expulsions, and disciplinary removals to alternative schools may be used 6 only if other appropriate and available behavioral 7 and 8 disciplinary interventions have been exhausted and the 9 student's continuing presence in school would either (i) pose 10 a threat to the safety of other students, school personnel 11 <del>staff</del>, or members of the school community or (ii) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation 12 13 of the school. For purposes of this subsection (b-20), "threat 14 to the safety of other students, school personnel staff, or 15 members of the school community" and "substantially disrupt, 16 impede, or interfere with the operation of the school" shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by school officials. For 17 purposes of this subsection (b-20), the determination of 18 whether "appropriate and available behavioral and disciplinary 19 20 interventions have been exhausted" shall be made by school officials. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts 21 22 to resolve such threats, address such disruptions, and 23 minimize the length of student exclusions to the greatest 24 extent practicable. Within the suspension decision described 25 in subsection (b) of this Section or the expulsion decision described in subsection (a) of this Section, it shall be 26

1 documented whether other interventions were attempted or 2 whether it was determined that there were no other appropriate 3 and available interventions.

4 (b-25) Students who are suspended out-of-school for longer 5 than 4 school days shall be provided appropriate and available support services during the period of their suspension. For 6 purposes of this subsection (b-25), "appropriate and available 7 support services" shall be determined by school authorities. 8 9 Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of 10 this Section, it shall be documented whether such services are 11 to be provided or whether it was determined that there are no such appropriate and available services. 12

13 <u>The State Board of Education shall draft and publish model</u> 14 <u>policy guidelines for the re-engagement of students who are</u> 15 <u>suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an</u> 16 <u>alternative school setting in accordance with this Section.</u>

17 A school district may refer students who are expelled to 18 appropriate and available support services.

A school district shall create a policy to facilitate the re-engagement of students who are suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an alternative school setting.

(b-30) A school district shall create a policy by which suspended <u>students</u> <del>pupils</del>, including those <u>students</u> <del>pupils</del> uspended from the school bus who do not have alternate transportation to school, shall have the opportunity to make up work for equivalent academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of a <u>student's</u> <del>pupil's</del> parents or guardians to notify school officials that a <u>student</u> <del>pupil</del> suspended from the school bus does not have alternate transportation to school.

5 (b-35) In all suspension review hearings conducted under 6 expulsion hearings conducted subsection (b) or under subsection (a), a student may disclose any factor to be 7 considered in mitigation, including his or her status as a 8 parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual 9 10 violence, as defined in Article 26A. A representative of the 11 parent's or quardian's choice, or of the student's choice if emancipated, must be permitted to represent the student 12 13 throughout the proceedings and to address the school board or 14 its appointed hearing officer. With the approval of the 15 student's parent or guardian, or of the student if 16 emancipated, a support person must be permitted to accompany the student to any disciplinary hearings or proceedings. The 17 18 representative or support person must comply with any rules of the school district's hearing process. If the representative 19 20 or support person violates the rules or engages in behavior or 21 advocacy that harasses, abuses, or intimidates either party, a 22 witness, or anyone else in attendance at the hearing, the 23 representative or support person may be prohibited from 24 further participation in the hearing or proceeding. A 25 suspension or expulsion proceeding under this subsection 26 (b-35) must be conducted independently from any ongoing

1 criminal investigation or proceeding, and an absence of 2 pending or possible criminal charges, criminal investigations, 3 or proceedings may not be a factor in school disciplinary 4 decisions.

5 (b-40) During a suspension review hearing conducted under 6 subsection (b) or an expulsion hearing conducted under subsection (a) that involves allegations of sexual violence by 7 the student who is subject to discipline, neither the student 8 9 nor his or her representative shall directly question nor have 10 direct contact with the alleged victim. The student who is 11 subject to discipline or his or her representative may, at the discretion and direction of the school board or its appointed 12 13 hearing officer, suggest questions to be posed by the school board or its appointed hearing officer to the alleged victim. 14

(c) A school board must invite a representative from a local mental health agency to consult with the board at the meeting whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause of a student's expulsion or suspension.

(c-5) <u>A school district School districts</u> shall make 19 20 reasonable efforts to provide ongoing professional development to all school personnel teachers, administrators, school board 21 members, school resource officers, and staff on the adverse 22 23 consequences of school exclusion and justice-system 24 involvement and the evidence-based interventions employed by 25 the district in accordance with this Section and Section 10-20.14, effective classroom management strategies, 26

1 culturally responsive discipline, the appropriate and 2 available supportive services for the promotion of student 3 attendance and engagement, and developmentally appropriate 4 disciplinary methods that promote positive and healthy school 5 climates.

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6 (d) The board may expel a student for a definite period of 7 time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a 8 case-by-case basis. A student who is determined to have 9 brought one of the following objects to school, any 10 school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event 11 that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be 12 expelled for a period of not less than one year:

13 (1) A firearm. For the purposes of this Section, 14 "firearm" means any qun, rifle, shotqun, weapon as defined 15 by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners 16 Identification Card Act, or firearm as defined in Section 17 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The expulsion period 18 under this subdivision (1) may be modified by the 19 20 superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may 21 be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

(2) A knife, brass knuckles or other knuckle weapon
regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other
object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily
harm, including "look alikes" of any firearm as defined in
subdivision (1) of this subsection (d). The expulsion

1 requirement under this subdivision (2) may be modified by 2 the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination 3 may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

4 Expulsion or suspension shall be construed in a manner 5 consistent with the federal Individuals with Disabilities 6 Education Act. A student who is subject to suspension or 7 expulsion as provided in this Section may be eligible for a 8 transfer to an alternative school program in accordance with 9 Article 13A of the School Code.

10 <u>(d-3) Any suspension, expulsion, or change of placement</u> 11 <u>due to a violation of the code of student conduct of a student</u> 12 <u>with a disability shall comply with the requirements of the</u> 13 <u>federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and its</u> 14 <u>implementing regulations and the federal Section 504 of the</u> 15 <u>Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and its implementing regulation.</u>

16 (d-5) The board may suspend or by regulation authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant 17 18 principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend a student for a period not to exceed 10 school days or may expel 19 20 a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis, if (i) 21 that student has been determined to have made an explicit 22 23 threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a 24 student, or any school-related personnel, (ii) the Internet 25 website through which the threat was made is a site that was accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or 26

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1 was available to third parties who worked or studied within 2 the school grounds at the time the threat was made, and (iii) 3 the threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to 4 the safety and security of the threatened individual because 5 of <u>the individual's his or her</u> duties or employment status or 6 status as a student inside the school.

(e) To maintain order and security in the schools, school 7 8 authorities may inspect and search places and areas such as 9 lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and 10 equipment owned or controlled by the school, as well as 11 personal effects left in those places and areas by students, without notice to or the consent of the student, and without a 12 13 search warrant. As a matter of public policy, the General 14 Assembly finds that students have no reasonable expectation of 15 privacy in these places and areas or in their personal effects 16 left in these places and areas. School authorities may request the assistance of law enforcement officials for the purpose of 17 18 conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking 19 lots, and other school property and equipment owned or 20 controlled by the school for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including 21 22 searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. 23 If a search conducted in accordance with this Section produces 24 evidence that the student has violated or is violating either 25 the law, local ordinance, or the school's policies or rules, 26 such evidence may be seized by school authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. School authorities may also
 turn over such evidence to law enforcement authorities.

3 (f) Suspension or expulsion may include suspension or 4 expulsion from school and all school activities and a 5 prohibition from being present on school grounds.

(g) A school district may adopt a policy providing that if 6 a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any 7 8 public or private school in this or any other state, the student must complete the entire term of the suspension or 9 10 expulsion in an alternative school program under Article 13A 11 of this Code or an alternative learning opportunities program under Article 13B of this Code before being admitted into the 12 13 school district if there is no threat to the safety of students 14 or staff in the alternative program. A school district that 15 adopts a policy under this subsection (q) must include a 16 provision allowing for consideration of any mitigating factors, including, but not limited to, a student's status as 17 a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual 18 violence, as defined in Article 26A. 19

20 (h) School officials shall not advise or encourage 21 students to drop out voluntarily due to behavioral or academic 22 difficulties.

(i) A student may not be issued a monetary fine or fee as a disciplinary consequence, though this shall not preclude requiring a student to provide restitution for lost, stolen, or damaged property. 10300SB1400sam001 -29- LRB103 25975 RJT 58361 a

1 (j) Subsections (a) through (i) of this Section shall 2 apply to elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, 3 special charter districts, and school districts organized 4 under Article 34 of this Code.

5 (k) The expulsion of <u>students</u> children enrolled in 6 programs funded under Section 1C-2 of this Code is subject to 7 the requirements under paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of 8 Section 2-3.71 of this Code.

9 (1) Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, an in-school 10 suspension program provided by a school district for any 11 students in kindergarten through grade 12 may focus on promoting non-violent conflict resolution and positive 12 13 interaction with other students and school personnel. A school 14 district may employ a school social worker or a licensed 15 mental health professional to oversee an in-school suspension 16 program in kindergarten through grade 12.

17 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-466, eff. 7-1-25;
18 102-539, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

19 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 20 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 21 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section 22 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does 23 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes 24 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other 25 Public Act. 10300SB1400sam001 -30- LRB103 25975 RJT 58361 a

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
 becoming law.".