

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB0308

Introduced 2/2/2023, by Sen. Ram Villivalam

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

30 ILCS 575/2

Amends the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act. Provides that certain economically disadvantaged persons, among other specified individuals, are considered minority persons under the Act. Provides additional requirements concerning qualification as a socially disadvantaged person. Defines "economically disadvantaged person". Provides requirements concerning qualification as an economically disadvantaged person. Makes other changes. Effective January 1, 2024.

LRB103 25664 HLH 52013 b

1 AN ACT concerning finance.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act is amended by changing
- 7 (30 ILCS 575/2)

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- 8 (Section scheduled to be repealed on June 30, 2024)
- 9 Sec. 2. Definitions.

Section 2 as follows:

- 10 (A) For the purpose of this Act, the following terms shall have the following definitions:
- 12 (1) "Minority person" shall mean a person who is a 13 citizen or lawful permanent resident of the United States 14 and who is any of the following:
  - (a) American Indian or Alaska Native (a person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America, including Central America, and who maintains tribal affiliation or community attachment).
  - (b) Asian (a person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, but not limited to, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and

1	Vietnam).
2	(c) Black or African American (a person having
3	origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa).
4	(d) Hispanic or Latino (a person of Cuban,
5	Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or
6	other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race).
7	(e) Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (a
8	person having origins in any of the original peoples
9	of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands).
10	(f) A person who qualifies as a socially
11	disadvantaged person.
12	(g) A person who qualifies as an economically
13	disadvantaged person.
14	(2) "Woman" shall mean a person who is a citizen or
15	lawful permanent resident of the United States and who is
16	of the female gender.
17	(2.05) "Person with a disability" means a person who
18	is a citizen or lawful resident of the United States and is
19	a person qualifying as a person with a disability under
20	subdivision (2.1) of this subsection (A).
21	(2.1) "Person with a disability" means a person with a
22	severe physical or mental disability that:
23	(a) results from:
24	amputation,
25	arthritis,
26	autism,

1	blindness,
2	burn injury,
3	cancer,
4	cerebral palsy,
5	Crohn's disease,
6	cystic fibrosis,
7	deafness,
8	head injury,
9	heart disease,
10	hemiplegia,
11	hemophilia,
12	respiratory or pulmonary dysfunction,
13	an intellectual disability,
14	mental illness,
15	multiple sclerosis,
16	muscular dystrophy,
17	musculoskeletal disorders,
18	neurological disorders, including stroke and
19	epilepsy,
20	paraplegia,
21	quadriplegia and other spinal cord conditions,
22	sickle cell anemia,
23	ulcerative colitis,
24	specific learning disabilities, or
25	end stage renal failure disease; and
26	(b) substantially limits one or more of the

person's major life activities.

Another disability or combination of disabilities may also be considered as a severe disability for the purposes of item (a) of this subdivision (2.1) if it is determined by an evaluation of rehabilitation potential to cause a comparable degree of substantial functional limitation similar to the specific list of disabilities listed in item (a) of this subdivision (2.1).

- (3) "Minority-owned business" means a business which is at least 51% owned by one or more minority persons, or in the case of a corporation, at least 51% of the stock in which is owned by one or more minority persons; and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more of the minority individuals who own it.
- (4) "Women-owned business" means a business which is at least 51% owned by one or more women, or, in the case of a corporation, at least 51% of the stock in which is owned by one or more women; and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more of the women who own it.
- (4.1) "Business owned by a person with a disability" means a business that is at least 51% owned by one or more persons with a disability and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more of the persons with disabilities who own it. A

- not-for-profit agency for persons with disabilities that is exempt from taxation under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is also considered a "business owned by a person with a disability".
  - (4.2) "Council" means the Business Enterprise Council for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities created under Section 5 of this Act.
  - (4.3) "Commission" means, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the Commission on Equity and Inclusion created under the Commission on Equity and Inclusion Act.
  - (5) "State contracts" means all contracts entered into by the State, any agency or department thereof, or any public institution of higher education, including community college districts, regardless of the source of the funds with which the contracts are paid, which are not subject to federal reimbursement. "State contracts" does not include contracts awarded by a retirement system, pension fund, or investment board subject to Section 1-109.1 of the Illinois Pension Code. This definition shall control over any existing definition under this Act or applicable administrative rule.

"State construction contracts" means all State contracts entered into by a State agency or public institution of higher education for the repair, remodeling, renovation or construction of a building or

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structure, or for the construction or maintenance of a highway defined in Article 2 of the Illinois Highway Code.

- "State agencies" shall mean all departments, officers, boards, commissions, institutions and bodies politic and corporate of the State, but does not include the Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois, the Board of Trustees of Southern Illinois University, the Board of Trustees of Chicago State University, the Board of Trustees of Eastern Illinois University, the Board of Trustees of Governors State University, the Board of Trustees of Illinois State University, the Board of Trustees of Northeastern Illinois University, the Board of Trustees of Northern Illinois University, the Board of Trustees of Western Illinois University, municipalities or local governmental units, or other constitutional officers.
- (7) "Public institutions of higher education" means the University of Illinois, Southern Illinois University, Chicago State University, Eastern Illinois University, Governors State University, Illinois State University, Northeastern Illinois University, Northern Illinois University, Western Illinois University, the public community colleges of the State, and any other public universities, colleges, and community colleges now or hereafter established or authorized by the General Assembly.

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- (8) "Certification" means a determination made by the Council or by one delegated authority from the Council to make certifications, or by a State agency with statutory authority to make such a certification, that a business entity is a business owned by a minority, woman, or person with a disability for whatever purpose. A business owned and controlled by women shall be certified as a "woman-owned business". A business owned and controlled by women who are also minorities shall be certified as both a "women-owned business" and a "minority-owned business".
- (9) "Control" means the exclusive or ultimate and sole control of the business including, but not limited to, capital investment and all other financial matters. acquisitions, contract negotiations, property, officer-director-employee selection comprehensive hiring, operating responsibilities, matters, dividend cost-control income and matters, financial transactions and rights of other shareholders or joint partners. Control shall be real, substantial and continuing, not pro forma. Control shall include the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the business and to make the day-to-day as well as major decisions in matters of policy, management and operations. Control shall be exemplified by possessing requisite knowledge and expertise to run particular business and control shall not include simple

majority or absentee ownership.

- (10) "Business" means a business that has annual gross sales of less than \$150,000,000 as evidenced by the federal income tax return of the business. A firm with gross sales in excess of this cap may apply to the Council for certification for a particular contract if the firm can demonstrate that the contract would have significant impact on businesses owned by minorities, women, or persons with disabilities as suppliers or subcontractors or in employment of minorities, women, or persons with disabilities. Firms with gross sales in excess of this cap that are granted certification by the Council shall be granted certification for the life of the contract, including available renewals.
- (11) "Utilization plan" means a form and additional documentations included in all bids or proposals that demonstrates a vendor's proposed utilization of vendors certified by the Business Enterprise Program to meet the targeted goal. The utilization plan shall demonstrate that the Vendor has either: (1) met the entire contract goal or (2) requested a full or partial waiver and made good faith efforts towards meeting the goal.
- (12) "Business Enterprise Program" means the Business Enterprise Program of the Commission on Equity and Inclusion.
  - (13) "Socially disadvantaged person" means a person

1	who is individually certified by the Council as having
2	been subjected to racial or ethnic prejudice or cultural
3	bias within American society because of his or her
4	identity as a member of a group and without regard to his
5	or her individual qualities.
6	(A) To certify that a person is a socially
7	disadvantaged person, the Council must find at least
8	one of the following:
9	(i) that the person has at least one objective
10	distinguishing feature that has contributed to the
11	person's social disadvantage, such as race, ethnic
12	origin, gender, disability, long-term residence in
13	an environment isolated from the mainstream of
14	American society, or other similar causes not
15	common to individuals who are not socially
16	disadvantaged;
17	(ii) that the person has personally
18	experienced substantial and chronic social
19	disadvantage in American society; and
20	(iii) that the totality of the person's
21	circumstances shows that there has been a negative
22	impact on the person's entry into or advancement
23	in the business world because of the disadvantage.
24	(B) In certifying a person as a socially
25	disadvantaged person, the Council shall also consider
26	the following:

1	(i) whether the person has been denied equal
2	access to institutions of higher education and
3	vocational training, excluded from social and
4	professional association with students or
5	teachers, denied educational honors rightfully
6	earned, or subjected to social patterns or
7	pressures that discouraged the individual from
8	pursuing a professional or business education;
9	(ii) whether the person has experienced any of
10	the following: unequal treatment in hiring,
11	promotion, or other aspects of professional
12	advancement; the denial or diminishment of pay and
13	fringe benefits and other terms and conditions of
14	<pre>employment; retaliatory or discriminatory behavior</pre>
15	by an employer or labor union; or social patterns
16	or pressures that have channeled the individual
17	into nonprofessional or nonbusiness fields; and
18	(iii) whether the person has experienced any
19	of the following: unequal access to credit or
20	capital or the inability to acquire credit or
21	<u>capital</u> <u>under</u> <u>commercially</u> <u>favorable</u>
22	circumstances; unequal treatment in opportunities
23	for government contracts or other work; unequal
24	treatment by potential customers and business
25	associates; or exclusion from business or
26	professional organizations.

(14) "Economically disadvantaged person" means a socially disadvantaged person whose ability to compete in the free enterprise system has been impaired due to diminished capital and credit opportunities when compared to others in the same or similar line of business who are not socially disadvantaged.

(A) Each individual claiming economic disadvantage must describe the conditions that are the basis for the claim in a narrative statement and must submit personal financial information. If the individual is married, he or she must also submit separate financial information for his or her spouse, unless the individual and the spouse are legally separated.

(B) In considering diminished capital and credit opportunities, the Council shall examine factors relating to the personal financial condition of the individual, including personal income for the preceding 2 years (including bonuses and the value of company stock given in lieu of cash), personal net worth, and the fair market value of all assets owned by the individual, whether encumbered or not. In evaluating the individual's access to credit and capital, the Council shall also consider the financial condition of the applicant compared to the financial profiles of small businesses in the same primary industry classification or, if not available, in

similar lines of business that are not owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged persons. The financial profiles that the Council compares shall include total assets, net sales, pretax profit, sales or working capital ratio, and net worth.

## (c) Asset transfers within 2 years.

(i) Except as set forth in item (ii) of this subparagraph (C), the Council shall attribute to an individual claiming disadvantaged status any assets which that individual has transferred to an immediate family member, or to a trust, a beneficiary of which is an immediate family member, for less than fair market value, within 2 years prior to a concern's application for participation in the Business Enterprise Program, unless the individual claiming disadvantaged status can demonstrate that the transfer is to or on behalf of an immediate family member for that individual's education, medical expenses, or some other form of essential support.

(ii) The Council shall not attribute to an individual claiming disadvantaged status any assets transferred by that individual to an immediate family member that are consistent with the customary recognition of special occasions, such as birthdays, graduations, anniversaries, and

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1 <u>retirements.</u>

2	(iii) In determining an individual's access to
3	capital and credit, the Business Enterprise
4	Program may consider any assets that the
5	individual transferred within the 2-year period
6	described by item (i) of this subparagraph (c)
7	that are not considered in evaluating the
8	individual's assets and net worth, such as
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9	transfers to charities.

- (B) When a business is owned at least 51% by any combination of minority persons, women, or persons with disabilities, even though none of the 3 classes alone holds at least a 51% interest, the ownership requirement for purposes of this Act is considered to be met. The certification category for the business is that of the class holding the largest ownership interest in the business. If 2 or more classes have equal ownership interests, the certification category shall be determined by the business.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 101-601, eff. 1-1-20; 101-657, eff. 1-1-22; 20 102-29, eff. 6-25-21; 102-1119, eff. 1-23-23.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2024.