1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 11-213, 11-907, and 12-215 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/11-213)

Sec. 11-213. Power of a fire department officer; highway or lane closure. In the absence of a law enforcement officer or 8 9 a representative of the highway agency having jurisdiction over the highway, an officer of a fire department, in the 10 performance of his or her official duties, has the authority 11 12 to close to traffic a highway, or a lane or lanes of a highway, 13 as necessary to protect the safety of persons or property. In 14 order to promote the safe implementation of this Section, the fire department officer shall utilize an official fire 15 16 department vehicle with <del>lighted red or white</del> oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights in accordance with Section 12-215 17 this Code and proper temporary traffic control 18 19 accordance with the sections of the Illinois Manual on Uniform 20 Traffic Control Devices concerning temporary traffic control and incident management. The officer should also receive 21 22 training in safe practices for accomplishing these tasks near traffic. This Section does not apply to highways under the 23

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- 1 jurisdiction of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority. As
- 2 used in this Section, "highway" has the meaning set forth in
- 3 Section 1-126 of this Code.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 95-803, eff. 1-1-09.)
- 5 (625 ILCS 5/11-907) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-907)
- Sec. 11-907. Operation of vehicles and streetcars on approach of authorized emergency vehicles.
  - (a) Upon the immediate approach of an authorized emergency vehicle making use of audible and visual signals meeting the requirements of this Code or a police vehicle properly and lawfully making use of an audible or visual signal:
    - (1) the driver of every other vehicle shall yield the right-of-way and shall immediately drive to a position parallel to, and as close as possible to, the right-hand edge or curb of the highway clear of any intersection and shall, if necessary to permit the safe passage of the emergency vehicle, stop and remain in such position until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, unless otherwise directed by a police officer; and
    - (2) the operator of every streetcar shall immediately stop such car clear of any intersection and keep it in such position until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, unless otherwise directed by a police officer.
  - (b) This Section shall not operate to relieve the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle from the duty to drive with

due regard for the safety of all persons using the highway.

- vehicle, when the authorized emergency vehicle is giving a visual signal by displaying oscillating, rotating, or alternately flashing lights as authorized under Section 12-215 of this Code red, red and white, blue, or red and blue lights or amber or yellow warning lights, a person who drives an approaching vehicle shall:
  - (1) proceeding with due caution, yield the right-of-way by making a lane change into a lane not adjacent to that of the authorized emergency vehicle, if possible with due regard to safety and traffic conditions, if on a highway having at least 4 lanes with not less than 2 lanes proceeding in the same direction as the approaching vehicle; or
  - (2) if changing lanes would be impossible or unsafe, proceeding with due caution, reduce the speed of the vehicle, maintaining a safe speed for road conditions and leaving a safe distance until safely past the stationary emergency vehicles.

The visual signal specified under this subsection (c) given by an authorized emergency vehicle is an indication to drivers of approaching vehicles that a hazardous condition is present when circumstances are not immediately clear. Drivers of vehicles approaching a stationary emergency vehicle in any lane shall heed the warning of the signal, reduce the speed of

the vehicle, proceed with due caution, maintain a safe speed for road conditions, be prepared to stop, and leave a safe distance until safely passed the stationary emergency vehicle.

As used in this subsection (c), "authorized emergency vehicle" includes any vehicle authorized by law to be equipped with oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights under Section 12-215 of this Code, while the owner or operator of the vehicle is engaged in his or her official duties.

- (d) A person who violates subsection (c) of this Section commits a business offense punishable by a fine of not less than \$250 or more than \$10,000 for a first violation, and a fine of not less than \$750 or more than \$10,000 for a second or subsequent violation. It is a factor in aggravation if the person committed the offense while in violation of Section 11-501, 12-610.1, or 12-610.2 of this Code. Imposition of the penalties authorized by this subsection (d) for a violation of subsection (c) of this Section that results in the death of another person does not preclude imposition of appropriate additional civil or criminal penalties. A person who violates subsection (c) and the violation results in damage to another vehicle commits a Class A misdemeanor. A person who violates subsection (c) and the violation results in the injury or death of another person commits a Class 4 felony.
- (e) If a violation of subsection (c) of this Section results in damage to the property of another person, in addition to any other penalty imposed, the person's driving

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- privileges shall be suspended for a fixed period of not less than 90 days and not more than one year.
- 3 (f) If a violation of subsection (c) of this Section 4 results in injury to another person, in addition to any other 5 penalty imposed, the person's driving privileges shall be 6 suspended for a fixed period of not less than 180 days and not 7 more than 2 years.
  - (g) If a violation of subsection (c) of this Section results in the death of another person, in addition to any other penalty imposed, the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 2 years.
- (h) The Secretary of State shall, upon receiving a record of a judgment entered against a person under subsection (c) of this Section:
  - (1) suspend the person's driving privileges for the mandatory period; or
  - (2) extend the period of an existing suspension by the appropriate mandatory period.
  - (i) The Scott's Law Fund shall be a special fund in the State treasury. Subject to appropriation by the General Assembly and approval by the Director, the Director of the State Police shall use all moneys in the Scott's Law Fund in the Department's discretion to fund the production of materials to educate drivers on approaching stationary authorized emergency vehicles, to hire off-duty Illinois Department of State Police for enforcement of this Section,

- and for other law enforcement purposes the Director deems necessary in these efforts.
- (j) For violations of this Section issued by a county or 3 municipal police officer, the assessment shall be deposited 5 into the county's or municipality's Transportation Safety 6 Highway Hire-back Fund. The county shall use the moneys in its Transportation Safety Highway Hire-back Fund to hire off-duty 7 county police officers to monitor construction or maintenance 8 9 zones in that county on highways other than interstate 10 highways. The county, in its discretion, may also use a 11 portion of the moneys in its Transportation Safety Highway 12 Hire-back Fund to purchase equipment for county 13 enforcement and fund the production of materials to educate 14 on construction zone safe driving habits 15 approaching stationary authorized emergency vehicles.
- 16 (k) In addition to other penalties imposed by this
  17 Section, the court may order a person convicted of a violation
  18 of subsection (c) to perform community service as determined
  19 by the court.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 101-173, eff. 1-1-20; 102-336, eff. 1-1-22; 102-338, eff. 1-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- 22 (625 ILCS 5/12-215)
- Sec. 12-215. Oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights on motor vehicles. Except as otherwise provided in this Code:
- 25 (a) The use of red or white oscillating, rotating, or

- flashing lights, whether lighted or unlighted, is prohibited except on:
  - Law enforcement vehicles of State, federal, or local authorities;
    - 2. A vehicle operated by a police officer or county coroner and designated or authorized by local authorities, in writing, as a law enforcement vehicle; however, such designation or authorization must be carried in the vehicle:
    - 2.1. A vehicle operated by a fire chief, deputy fire chief, or assistant fire chief who has completed an emergency vehicle operation training course approved by the Office of the State Fire Marshal and designated or authorized by local authorities, fire departments, or fire protection districts, in writing, as a fire department, fire protection district, or township fire department vehicle; however, the designation or authorization must be carried in the vehicle, and the lights may be visible or activated only when responding to a bona fide emergency;
    - 3. Vehicles of local fire departments and State or federal firefighting vehicles;
    - 4. Vehicles which are designed and used exclusively as ambulances or rescue vehicles; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except when responding to an emergency call for and while actually conveying the sick or injured;

- 4.5. Vehicles which are occasionally used as rescue vehicles that have been authorized for use as rescue vehicles by a volunteer EMS provider, provided that the operator of the vehicle has successfully completed an emergency vehicle operation training course recognized by the Department of Public Health; furthermore, the lights shall not be lighted except when responding to an emergency call for the sick or injured;
- 5. Tow trucks licensed in a state that requires such lights; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted on any such tow truck while the tow truck is operating in the State of Illinois;
- 6. Vehicles of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency, vehicles of the Office of the Illinois State Fire Marshal, vehicles of the Illinois Department of Public Health, vehicles of the Illinois Department of Corrections, and vehicles of the Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice;
- 7. Vehicles operated by a local or county emergency management services agency as defined in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act;
- 8. School buses operating alternately flashing head lamps as permitted under Section 12-805 of this Code;
- 9. Vehicles that are equipped and used exclusively as organ transplant vehicles when used in combination with blue oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights;

- furthermore, these lights shall be lighted only when the transportation is declared an emergency by a member of the transplant team or a representative of the organ procurement organization;
  - 10. Vehicles of the Illinois Department of Natural Resources that are used for mine rescue and explosives emergency response;
  - 11. Vehicles of the Illinois Department of Transportation identified as Emergency Traffic Patrol; the lights shall not be lighted except when responding to an emergency call or when parked or stationary while engaged in motor vehicle assistance or at the scene of the emergency; and
  - 12. Vehicles of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority with a gross vehicle weight rating of 9,000 pounds or more and those identified as Highway Emergency Lane Patrol; the lights shall not be lighted except when responding to an emergency call or when parked or stationary while engaged in motor vehicle assistance or at the scene of the emergency.
  - (b) The use of amber oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights, whether lighted or unlighted, is prohibited except on:
    - 1. Second division vehicles designed and used for towing or hoisting vehicles; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except as required in this paragraph 1; such lights shall be lighted when such vehicles are

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actually being used at the scene of a crash disablement; if the towing vehicle is equipped with a flat that supports all wheels of the vehicle being transported, the lights shall not be lighted while the vehicle is engaged in towing on a highway; if the towing vehicle is not equipped with a flat bed that supports all wheels of a vehicle being transported, the lights shall be lighted while the towing vehicle is engaged in towing on a highway during all times when the use of headlights is required under Section 12-201 of this Code; in addition, these vehicles may use white oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights in combination with amber oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights as provided in this paragraph;

- 2. Motor vehicles or equipment of the State of Illinois, the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, local authorities, and contractors; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except while such vehicles are engaged in maintenance or construction operations within the limits of construction projects;
- 3. Vehicles or equipment used by engineering or survey crews; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except while such vehicles are actually engaged in work on a highway;
- 4. Vehicles of public utilities, municipalities, or other construction, maintenance, or automotive service

vehicles except that such lights shall be lighted only as a means for indicating the presence of a vehicular traffic hazard requiring unusual care in approaching, overtaking, or passing while such vehicles are engaged in maintenance, service, or construction on a highway;

- 5. Oversized vehicle or load; however, such lights shall only be lighted when moving under permit issued by the Department under Section 15-301 of this Code;
- 6. The front and rear of motorized equipment owned and operated by the State of Illinois or any political subdivision thereof, which is designed and used for removal of snow and ice from highways;
- 6.1. The front and rear of motorized equipment or vehicles that (i) are not owned by the State of Illinois or any political subdivision of the State, (ii) are designed and used for removal of snow and ice from highways and parking lots, and (iii) are equipped with a snow plow that is 12 feet in width; these lights may not be lighted except when the motorized equipment or vehicle is actually being used for those purposes on behalf of a unit of government;
- 7. Fleet safety vehicles registered in another state, furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except as provided for in Section 12-212 of this Code;
- 8. Such other vehicles as may be authorized by local authorities;
  - 9. Law enforcement vehicles of State or local

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- authorities when used in combination with red oscillating, 1 2 rotating, or flashing lights;
  - 9.5. Propane delivery trucks;
  - 10. Vehicles used for collecting or delivering mail for the United States Postal Service provided that such lights shall not be lighted except when such vehicles are actually being used for such purposes;
  - 10.5. Vehicles of the Office of the Illinois State Fire Marshal, provided that such lights shall not be lighted except for when such vehicles are engaged in work for the Office of the Illinois State Fire Marshal;
  - 11. Any vehicle displaying a slow-moving vehicle emblem as provided in Section 12-205.1;
  - 12. All trucks equipped with self-compactors or roll-off hoists and roll-on containers for garbage, recycling, or refuse hauling. Such lights shall not be lighted except when such vehicles are actually being used for such purposes;
  - 13. Vehicles used by a security company, alarm responder, control agency, or the Illinois Department of Corrections;
  - 14. Security vehicles of the Department of Human Services; however, the lights shall not be lighted except when being used for security related purposes under the direction of the superintendent of the facility where the vehicle is located; and

15. Vehicles of union representatives, except that the 1 2 lights shall be lighted only while the vehicle is within the limits of a construction project. 3 (c) The use of blue oscillating, rotating, or flashing 5 lights, whether lighted or unlighted, is prohibited except on: Rescue squad vehicles not owned by a 6 7 department or fire protection district and vehicles owned 8 or operated by a: 9 voluntary firefighter; 10 paid firefighter; 11 part-paid firefighter; 12 call firefighter; 13 member of the board of trustees of a fire 14 protection district; 15 paid or unpaid member of a rescue squad; 16 paid or unpaid member of a voluntary ambulance 17 unit; or paid or unpaid members of a local or county 18 19 emergency management services agency as defined in the 20 Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, designated or authorized by local authorities, in writing, and 21 22 carrying that designation or authorization in the 23 vehicle. However, such lights are not to be lighted except when 24 25 responding to a bona fide emergency or when parked or

stationary at the scene of a fire, rescue call, ambulance

1 call, or motor vehicle crash.

Any person using these lights in accordance with this subdivision (c)1 must carry on his or her person an identification card or letter identifying the bona fide member of a fire department, fire protection district, rescue squad, ambulance unit, or emergency management services agency that owns or operates that vehicle. The card or letter must include:

- (A) the name of the fire department, fire protection district, rescue squad, ambulance unit, or emergency management services agency;
- (B) the member's position within the fire department, fire protection district, rescue squad, ambulance unit, or emergency management services agency;
  - (C) the member's term of service; and
- (D) the name of a person within the fire department, fire protection district, rescue squad, ambulance unit, or emergency management services agency to contact to verify the information provided.
- 2. Police department vehicles in cities having a population of 500,000 or more inhabitants.
- 3. Law enforcement vehicles of State or local authorities when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights.
- 4. Vehicles of local fire departments and State or

federal firefighting vehicles when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights.

- 5. Vehicles which are designed and used exclusively as ambulances or rescue vehicles when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except when responding to an emergency call.
- 6. Vehicles that are equipped and used exclusively as organ transport vehicles when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights; furthermore, these lights shall only be lighted when the transportation is declared an emergency by a member of the transplant team or a representative of the organ procurement organization.
- 7. Vehicles of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency, vehicles of the Office of the Illinois State Fire Marshal, vehicles of the Illinois Department of Public Health, vehicles of the Illinois Department of Corrections, and vehicles of the Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice, when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights.
- 8. Vehicles operated by a local or county emergency management services agency as defined in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, when used in combination with red oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights.
  - 9. Vehicles of the Illinois Department of Natural

Resources that are used for mine rescue and explosives
emergency response, when used in combination with red
oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights.

- (c-1) In addition to the blue oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights permitted under subsection (c), and notwithstanding subsection (a), a vehicle operated by a voluntary firefighter, a voluntary member of a rescue squad, or a member of a voluntary ambulance unit may be equipped with flashing white headlights and blue grill lights, which may be used only in responding to an emergency call or when parked or stationary at the scene of a fire, rescue call, ambulance call, or motor vehicle crash.
- (c-2) In addition to the blue oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights permitted under subsection (c), and notwithstanding subsection (a), a vehicle operated by a paid or unpaid member of a local or county emergency management services agency as defined in the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act, may be equipped with white oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights to be used in combination with blue oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights, if authorization by local authorities is in writing and carried in the vehicle.
- (d) The use of a combination of amber and white oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights, whether lighted or unlighted, is prohibited except on second division vehicles designed and used for towing or hoisting vehicles or motor

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vehicles or equipment of the State of Illinois, local authorities, contractors, and union representatives; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted on second division vehicles designed and used for towing or hoisting vehicles or vehicles of the State of Illinois, local authorities, and contractors except while such vehicles are engaged in a tow operation, highway maintenance, or construction operations within the limits of highway construction projects, and shall not be lighted on the vehicles of union representatives except when those vehicles are within the limits of a construction project.

- (d-5) The use of green oscillating, flashing, or rotating lights, whether lighted or unlighted, is prohibited except on:
  - 1. Second division vehicles designed and used for towing or hoisting vehicles when the lights on those vehicles are used in combination with amber or amber and white oscillating, flashing, or rotating lights; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except when such vehicles are actually being used at the scene of a crash or disablement.
  - 2. Motor vehicles or equipment of the State of Illinois when the lights on those vehicles or equipment are used in combination with amber or amber and white oscillating, flashing, or rotating lights; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except while such vehicles or equipment are engaged in maintenance

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operations, snow and ice removal operations, or performing traffic control and protection duties while at an emergency scene.

- 3. Motor vehicles of the Department of Transportation identified as Emergency Traffic Patrol when the lights on those vehicles are used in combination with red and white oscillating, flashing, or rotating lights when responding to an emergency call or when parked or stationary while engaged in motor vehicle assistance or at an emergency scene.
- 4. Motor vehicles of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority when the lights on those vehicles are used in combination with amber oscillating, flashing, or rotating lights; furthermore, such lights shall not be lighted except while such vehicles are engaged in maintenance operations, snow and ice removal operations, or performing traffic control and protection duties while at an emergency scene.
- 5. Motor vehicles of the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority with a gross vehicle weight rating of 9,000 pounds or more and those identified as Highway Emergency Lane Patrol when the lights on those vehicles are used in combination with red and white oscillating, flashing, or rotating lights when responding to an emergency call or when parked or stationary while engaged in motor vehicle assistance or at the scene of the emergency.

1		6. Motor vehicles or equipment of local authority or
2		municipalities which perform highway maintenance
3		operations, when the lights on those vehicles are used in
4		combination with amber or amber and white oscillating,
5		flashing, or rotating lights; furthermore, such lights
6		shall not be lighted except while such vehicles are
7		engaged in the maintenance operations, snow and ice
8		removal operations, or performing traffic control and
9		protection duties while at an emergency scene.
10		7. Fire department vehicles of local fire departments
11		and State or federal firefighting vehicles when the lights
12		on those vehicles are used in combination with red, or red
13		and white, or red and blue, oscillating, rotating, or
14		flashing lights.
15		8. Vehicles used by a security company when the lights
16		on those vehicles are used in combination with amber
17		oscillating, flashing, or rotating lights; furthermore,
18		such lights shall not be lighted except when the vehicle
19		is being operated upon the property or location where the
20		security company is employed to perform security or crime
21		prevention duties.
22		9. Ambulances or rescue vehicles operating in counties
23		with populations of less than 2,000,000.
24		(d-10) Fire department vehicles of local fire departments
25	and	State or federal firefighting vehicles, police vehicles of

State, federal, or local authorities, and vehicles designated

- 1 by local or State authority, while parked at an emergency
- 2 scene, may use a steady-on illumination or steady-burn, or
- 3 flashing green beacon or beacons if such steady-on,
- 4 steady-burn, or flashing beacon is used to indicate an
- 5 emergency operations command post or incident command
- 6 location.
- 7 (e) All oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights referred
- 8 to in this Section shall be of sufficient intensity, when
- 9 illuminated, to be visible at 500 feet in normal sunlight.
- 10 (f) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a manufacturer
- 11 of oscillating, rotating, or flashing lights or his
- 12 representative or authorized vendor from temporarily mounting
- 13 such lights on a vehicle for demonstration purposes only. If
- 14 the lights are not covered while the vehicle is operated upon a
- highway, the vehicle shall display signage indicating that the
- 16 vehicle is out of service or not an emergency vehicle. The
- 17 signage shall be displayed on all sides of the vehicle in
- 18 letters at least 2 inches tall and one-half inch wide. A
- 19 vehicle authorized to have oscillating, rotating, or flashing
- 20 lights mounted for demonstration purposes may not activate the
- 21 lights while the vehicle is operated upon a highway.
- 22 (g) Any person violating the provisions of subsection (a),
- (b), (c),  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$  (d), (d-5), or (d-10) of this Section who without
- lawful authority stops or detains or attempts to stop or
- detain another person shall be guilty of a Class 2 felony.
- 26 (h) Except as provided in subsection (g) above, any person

- violating the provisions of subsection (a) or (c) of this 1
- 2 Section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (Source: P.A. 102-842, eff. 1-1-23; 102-982, eff. 7-1-23; 3
- 103-154, eff. 6-30-23.)