

HB4204



103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

HB4204

Introduced 11/1/2023, by Rep. Hoan Huynh

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction in an amount equal to the qualified expenses paid or incurred by a qualified performing artist in connection with the performances by the qualified performing artist in the performing arts as an employee. Effective immediately.

LRB103 34178 HLH 64001 b

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
15 the sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
10 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
11 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned
24 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
26 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of

1 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
2 2000;

3 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
5 costs that the individual deducted in computing
6 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
7 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
12 the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under
19 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which a
22 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
23 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
24 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
25 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
2 modification under this subparagraph only once with
3 respect to any one piece of property;

4 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the same unitary business group but for the
10 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
11 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
21 extent that dividends were included in base income of
22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
24 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
25 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
26 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included

1 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
3 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
4 incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
4 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
5 and terms and the principal purpose for the
6 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
7 or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
13 to the application or use of an alternative method
14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
16 Director from making any other adjustment
17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
18 for any tax year beginning after the effective
19 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
20 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
21 Department and such regulations provide methods
22 and standards by which the Department will utilize
23 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

24 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
25 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
26 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
3 foreign person who would be a member of the same
4 unitary business group but for the fact that the
5 foreign person's business activity outside the United
6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
11 from being included in the unitary business group
12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
13 business income under different subsections of Section
14 304. The addition modification required by this
15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
17 group for the same taxable year and received by the
18 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
19 business group (including amounts included in gross
20 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
22 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
23 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
24 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
26 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same

1 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
2 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
4 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
6 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
16 similar types of intangible assets.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such item; or

25 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
2 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable
5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
9 intangible expense or cost between the
10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
18 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
21 writing to the application or use of an
22 alternative method of apportionment under Section
23 304(f);

24 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
25 Director from making any other adjustment
26 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

1 for any tax year beginning after the effective
2 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
3 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
4 Department and such regulations provide methods
5 and standards by which the Department will utilize
6 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
9 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
10 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
12 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
13 business group but for the fact that the person is
14 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
15 included in the unitary business group because he or
16 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
17 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
18 addition modification required by this subparagraph
19 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
20 included in base income of the unitary group for the
21 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
23 (including amounts included in gross income under
24 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
26 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the

1 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
2 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
3 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
4 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
5 the addition modification required under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
7 Act;

8 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
9 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
10 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
11 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
13 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
14 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
15 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
16 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
17 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
18 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
19 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
21 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
22 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
23 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
24 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
25 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
26 adopts and determines that its offering materials

1 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
2 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
3 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
4 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
5 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
6 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
7 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
8 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
9 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
10 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

11 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
12 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
13 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
14 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
15 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
16 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
17 participants in its offering materials or makes a
18 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
19 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
20 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
21 out-of-state program distributes its offering
22 materials;

23 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
25 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
26 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from

1 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
2 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
3 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c) (1) (B)
4 of the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
6 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
7 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the
9 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
10 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
11 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

12 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
14 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
15 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
16 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
17 State to an ABLE account established under an
18 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
19 the contribution component of the transferred amount
20 that was previously deducted from base income under
21 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
22 Section;

23 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
25 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
26 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
2 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
3 education institution, an amount equal to the
4 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
5 or refund that was previously deducted from base
6 income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section,
7 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
8 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For
9 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
10 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
11 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
12 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
13 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
15 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
16 or refund that was previously deducted from base
17 income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and
18 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
19 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
20 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
21 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
22 amount equal to the contribution component of the
23 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
24 deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(HH)
25 of this Section;

26 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 for the taxable year;

8 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal
9 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
10 pursuant to Section 201(p) (7) of this Act;

11 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
12 following amounts:

13 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
14 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
15 any compensation (including but not limited to any
16 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
17 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
18 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
19 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
21 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
22 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
23 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
24 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
25 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
26 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending

1 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
2 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
4 in respect of any compensation (including but not
5 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
6 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
7 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
8 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
9 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
10 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
11 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
12 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
13 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
14 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
15 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
16 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
17 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
18 of Section 250;

19 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
20 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
21 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
22 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
23 total as distributions under the provisions of any
24 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
25 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
26 retired partners, which payments are excluded in

1 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
2 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
3 adopted pursuant thereto;

4 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

5 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
6 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
7 and included in such total for the taxable year;

8 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in
9 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
10 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
11 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
12 computation of taxable income;

13 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which
15 conducts business operations in a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
18 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
22 such total that were paid by a corporation that
23 conducts business operations in a federally designated
24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
25 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

1 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
2 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
3 this subparagraph (K);

4 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
5 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
6 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
7 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code;

9 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
14 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
17 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
19 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
20 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
21 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
22 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
24 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
25 250;

26 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
2 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
3 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
4 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
5 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
8 net of bond premium amortization;

9 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
13 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
14 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
15 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
16 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
17 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
18 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
19 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

20 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
21 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
22 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
23 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
24 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
25 illness;

26 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or

1 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

2 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
3 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
4 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
5 medical care savings account established under the
6 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
7 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
8 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
9 as provided in that Act;

10 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
11 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
12 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
13 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
14 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
15 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
16 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

17 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
18 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
19 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
20 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
21 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
22 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

23 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
24 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
25 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
26 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed

1 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
2 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
3 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
4 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
5 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
6 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
7 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
8 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and
9 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
10 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
11 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
12 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
13 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
14 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
15 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
16 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
17 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
18 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
19 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
20 times a number that represents the fractional
21 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
22 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
23 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

24 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
26 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year

1 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
2 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
5 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
6 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
7 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
8 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
9 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
17 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
18 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
19 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
20 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
21 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
22 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
23 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
24 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
25 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
26 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this

1 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
2 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
3 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
4 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
5 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
6 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
7 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
8 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
9 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
10 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
12 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
13 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
14 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
15 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
16 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes

1 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
2 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
3 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
4 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
18 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
3 by 0.429);

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0;

8 (iii) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
10 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
11 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
12 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
13 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
14 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
16 depreciation on that property; and

17 (iv) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
19 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
20 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
21 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
22 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
23 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
24 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
25 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
26 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
10 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
11 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
12 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
13 an amount equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which a
16 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
17 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
18 required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
22 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
23 one piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,

1 other than salary, received by a driver in a
2 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

3 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
4 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
5 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
6 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
7 modification with respect to such transaction under
8 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
9 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
10 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
11 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
12 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
13 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
14 that is required to make an addition modification with
15 respect to such transaction under Section
16 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
17 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
18 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
19 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
21 into account for the taxable year (net of the
22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
25 for the fact that the foreign person's business
26 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of

1 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
3 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
4 business group but for the fact that the person is
5 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
6 included in the unitary business group because he or
7 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
8 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
9 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
10 made for the same taxable year under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
13 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
14 of Section 250;

15 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
16 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
17 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
18 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
20 for the fact that the foreign person's business
21 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
22 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
23 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
4 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
5 made for the same taxable year under Section
6 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is
9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
11 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
12 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
13 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
14 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
17 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
18 add back any insurance premiums under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
20 that part of a reimbursement received from the
21 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
22 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
23 company) that would have been taken into account as a
24 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
25 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
26 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph

1 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
2 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
3 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
4 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
7 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
8 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a
9 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
10 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
11 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
12 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
13 be considered moneys contributed under this
14 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
15 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
16 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
17 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;
18 ~~and~~

19 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
20 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
21 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
22 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
24 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
25 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
26 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection

1 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code; and ~~—~~
2 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
3 January 1, 2024, an amount equal to the qualified
4 expenses paid or incurred by a qualified performing
5 artist, as defined in Section 62 of the federal
6 Internal Revenue Code, in connection with the
7 performances by the qualified performing artist in the
8 performing arts as an employee. As used in this
9 subparagraph (JJ), "qualified expenses" means
10 deductions allowed by Section 162 of the federal
11 Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (JJ) is
12 exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

13 (b) Corporations.

14 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
15 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
16 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

17 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
18 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
19 of the following amounts:

20 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
21 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
22 received from regulated investment companies during
23 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
24 income in the computation of taxable income;

25 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
3 year;

4 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
5 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
6 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
7 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
8 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
9 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
10 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
11 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
12 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
13 law and is not a new enactment);

14 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
15 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
16 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
17 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

18 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
19 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
20 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
21 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
22 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
23 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
24 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
25 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
26 year, with the following limitations applied in the

1 order that they are listed:

2 (i) the addition modification relating to the
3 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
4 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
5 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
6 of addition modification under this subparagraph
7 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
8 which was taken into account in calculating the
9 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

10 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
13 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
14 such carryback or carryforward;

15 For taxable years in which there is a net
16 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
17 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
18 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
19 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
20 computed independently under the preceding provisions
21 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

22 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
23 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
24 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
25 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation
26 claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

1 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
2 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
3 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
4 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
5 the Internal Revenue Code;

6 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
7 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
8 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
9 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
10 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
11 deductions taken in all taxable years under
12 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

13 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
14 the last day of the last tax year for which a
15 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
16 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
17 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
18 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
19 equal to that subtraction modification.

20 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
21 modification under this subparagraph only once with
22 respect to any one piece of property;

23 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
24 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
25 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the same unitary business group but for the
3 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
4 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
5 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
7 who would be a member of the same unitary business
8 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
9 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
10 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
11 required to apportion business income under different
12 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
13 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
14 extent that dividends were included in base income of
15 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
16 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
17 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
18 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
19 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
20 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
22 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
23 accrued, or incurred.

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who

1 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
2 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
3 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
4 with respect to such interest; or

5 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
8 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
9 following:

10 (a) the person, during the same taxable
11 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
12 to a person that is not a related member, and

13 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
14 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
15 person did not have as a principal purpose the
16 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
17 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
18 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
19 terms; or

20 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
21 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
22 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
23 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
24 and terms and the principal purpose for the
25 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
26 or

1 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
2 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
3 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
4 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
5 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
6 to the application or use of an alternative method
7 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
9 Director from making any other adjustment
10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
11 for any tax year beginning after the effective
12 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
13 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
14 Department and such regulations provide methods
15 and standards by which the Department will utilize
16 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

17 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
18 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
19 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
22 foreign person who would be a member of the same
23 unitary business group but for the fact that the
24 foreign person's business activity outside the United
25 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
26 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
2 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
3 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
4 from being included in the unitary business group
5 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
6 business income under different subsections of Section
7 304. The addition modification required by this
8 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
9 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
10 group for the same taxable year and received by the
11 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
12 business group (including amounts included in gross
13 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
15 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
16 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
17 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
18 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
19 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
20 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
21 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
22 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
23 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
24 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
25 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
26 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of

1 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
2 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
3 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
4 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
5 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
6 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
7 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
8 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
9 similar types of intangible assets.

10 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

11 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
14 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
15 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
16 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
17 with respect to such item; or

18 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
21 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
22 following:

23 (a) the person during the same taxable
24 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
25 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
26 not a related member, and

1 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
2 intangible expense or cost between the
3 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
4 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
5 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
6 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
7 or

8 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
11 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
12 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
13 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
14 writing to the application or use of an
15 alternative method of apportionment under Section
16 304(f);

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18 Director from making any other adjustment
19 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
20 for any tax year beginning after the effective
21 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
22 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
23 Department and such regulations provide methods
24 and standards by which the Department will utilize
25 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

26 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after

1 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
2 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
3 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
5 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
6 business group but for the fact that the person is
7 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
8 included in the unitary business group because he or
9 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
10 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
11 addition modification required by this subparagraph
12 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
13 included in base income of the unitary group for the
14 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
16 (including amounts included in gross income under
17 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
18 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
19 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
20 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
21 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
22 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
23 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
24 the addition modification required under Section
25 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this
26 Act;

1 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
2 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
3 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
4 to a real estate investment trust under Section
5 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
6 dividends paid;

7 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
8 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
9 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
10 Act;

11 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
13 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
14 for the taxable year;

15 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
16 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
17 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
18 Code for the taxable year;

19 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
20 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
21 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code for the taxable year;

23 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
24 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
25 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
26 Revenue Code for the taxable year.

1 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
2 following amounts:

3 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
4 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
5 and included in such total for the taxable year;

6 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
7 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

8 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
9 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
10 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
11 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
12 for the taxable year;

13 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
14 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
15 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
16 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) and amounts disallowed as
17 interest expense by Section 291(a) (3) of the Internal
18 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
19 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
20 265(a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
21 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
22 Sections 171(a) (2), 265, 280C, 291(a) (3), and
23 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
24 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
25 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e) (3)
26 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years

1 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
2 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
3 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
4 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
5 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
6 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
7 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
8 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
9 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
10 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
11 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
12 from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
14 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
15 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
16 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
17 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
18 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
19 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
20 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
21 net of bond premium amortization;

22 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
23 such total which were paid by a corporation which
24 conducts business operations in a River Edge
25 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
26 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially

1 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
2 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
3 the provisions of Section 250;

4 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total that were paid by a corporation that
6 conducts business operations in a federally designated
7 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
8 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
9 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
10 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
11 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
12 this subparagraph (L);

13 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
14 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
15 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
16 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
17 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
18 property which is eligible for the River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
20 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
21 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
22 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
23 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
24 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
25 investment credit property which secures the loan or
26 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of

1 such property on the date that it was placed in service
2 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
3 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
4 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
5 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
6 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
7 calculated under the previous sentence. This
8 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
11 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
12 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
13 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
14 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
15 property which is eligible for the High Impact
16 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
17 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
18 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
19 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
20 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
21 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
22 investment credit property which secures the loan or
23 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
24 such property on the date that it was placed in service
25 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
26 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is

1 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
2 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
3 eligible for the deduction provided under this
4 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
5 available to taxpayers in any year under this
6 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
7 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
8 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
9 under the previous sentence;

10 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
11 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
12 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
13 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
14 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
15 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
16 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
17 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
18 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
19 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
22 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
23 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
24 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
25 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
26 the amount by which dividends included in taxable

1 income and received from a corporation that is not
2 created or organized under the laws of the United
3 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
4 including, for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
6 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
7 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
8 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
9 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
10 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
12 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
13 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
14 included in taxable income and received, including,
15 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
16 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
17 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
19 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
20 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
21 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
22 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
23 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
24 affiliated group which includes the dividend
25 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
26 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of

1 this subsection (b) which is related to such
2 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
3 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
4 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
5 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
6 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
7 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
8 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This
9 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250 of this Act;

11 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
12 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
13 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

14 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
15 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
16 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
17 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
18 the Internal Revenue Code;

19 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
20 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
21 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
22 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
23 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
24 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
25 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
26 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that

1 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
2 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
3 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
4 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
8 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
9 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
10 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
11 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
12 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
13 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
14 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
17 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
18 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
19 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
21 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

22 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
23 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
24 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
25 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
26 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section

1 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
2 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

3 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
4 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
5 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
6 0.429); and

7 (3) for taxable years ending after December
8 31, 2005:

9 (i) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
12 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
13 by 0.429);

14 (ii) for property on which a bonus
15 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
16 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
17 1.0;

18 (iii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
21 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
22 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
23 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
24 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
26 depreciation on that property; and

1 (iv) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
3 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
4 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
5 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
6 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
7 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
8 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
9 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
10 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

11 The aggregate amount deducted under this
12 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
13 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
14 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
15 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
16 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
17 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
18 Section 250;

19 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
20 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
21 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
22 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
23 equal to that addition modification.

24 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
25 the last day of the last tax year for which a
26 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property

1 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
2 required in any taxable year to make an addition
3 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
4 equal to that addition modification.

5 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
6 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
7 one piece of property.

8 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
9 provisions of Section 250;

10 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
13 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
14 modification with respect to such transaction under
15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
17 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
18 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
21 that is required to make an addition modification with
22 respect to such transaction under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
25 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
26 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken

1 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
2 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
3 an addition modification with respect to such
4 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
5 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
6 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
7 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
8 from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
10 into account for the taxable year (net of the
11 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
12 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
14 for the fact that the foreign person's business
15 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
16 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
17 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
18 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
19 business group but for the fact that the person is
20 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
21 included in the unitary business group because he or
22 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
23 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
24 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
25 made for the same taxable year under Section
26 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
2 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
5 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
6 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
7 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
9 for the fact that the foreign person's business
10 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
11 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
12 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
13 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
14 business group but for the fact that the person is
15 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
16 included in the unitary business group because he or
17 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
18 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
19 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
20 made for the same taxable year under Section
21 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
22 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
23 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
24 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

25 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
26 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to

1 add back any insurance premiums under Section
2 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
3 that part of a reimbursement received from the
4 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
5 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
6 company) that would have been taken into account as a
7 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
8 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
9 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
10 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
11 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
12 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
13 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250; and

15 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
16 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
17 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
18 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
19 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue
20 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
21 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250.

23 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
24 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
25 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
26 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross

1 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
2 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
3 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
4 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

5 (c) Trusts and estates.

6 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
7 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
8 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

9 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
10 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
11 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
12 following amounts:

13 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
14 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
15 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
16 in the computation of taxable income;

17 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
18 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
19 required to distribute all of its income currently,
20 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
21 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
22 the computation of taxable income;

23 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
24 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
25 the computation of taxable income for the taxable

1 year;

2 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
3 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
4 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
5 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

6 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
7 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
8 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
9 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
10 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
11 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
12 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
13 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
14 the following limitations applied in the order that
15 they are listed:

16 (i) the addition modification relating to the
17 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
18 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
19 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
20 of addition modification under this subparagraph
21 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
22 which was taken into account in calculating the
23 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

24 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
25 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
26 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to

1 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
2 such carryback or carryforward;

3 For taxable years in which there is a net
4 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
5 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
6 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
7 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
8 computed independently under the preceding provisions
9 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

10 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
11 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
12 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
13 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
14 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
15 of this Act;

16 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of taxable income;

20 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
21 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
22 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
23 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
24 estate claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section
25 201;

26 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an

1 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
2 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
3 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code; and

5 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
6 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
7 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
8 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
9 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
10 deductions taken in all taxable years under
11 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
13 the last day of the last tax year for which a
14 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
15 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
16 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
17 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
18 equal to that subtraction modification.

19 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
20 modification under this subparagraph only once with
21 respect to any one piece of property;

22 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
23 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
24 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the same unitary business group but for the
2 fact that the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
12 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
13 extent that dividends were included in base income of
14 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
15 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
16 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
17 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
18 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
19 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
21 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
22 accrued, or incurred.

23 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

24 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
26 is subject in a foreign country or state, other

1 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
2 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
3 with respect to such interest; or

4 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
6 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
7 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8 following:

9 (a) the person, during the same taxable
10 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
11 to a person that is not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
14 person did not have as a principal purpose the
15 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
16 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
17 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
18 terms; or

19 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
20 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
21 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
22 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
23 and terms and the principal purpose for the
24 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
25 or

26 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
2 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
3 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
4 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
5 to the application or use of an alternative method
6 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

7 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
8 Director from making any other adjustment
9 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
10 for any tax year beginning after the effective
11 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
12 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
13 Department and such regulations provide methods
14 and standards by which the Department will utilize
15 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

16 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
17 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
18 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
21 foreign person who would be a member of the same
22 unitary business group but for the fact that the
23 foreign person's business activity outside the United
24 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
25 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of

1 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
2 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
3 from being included in the unitary business group
4 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
5 business income under different subsections of Section
6 304. The addition modification required by this
7 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
8 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
9 group for the same taxable year and received by the
10 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
11 business group (including amounts included in gross
12 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
14 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
15 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
16 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
17 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
18 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
19 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
20 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
21 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
22 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
23 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
24 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
25 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
26 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
2 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
3 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
4 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
5 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
6 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
7 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
8 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
13 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
14 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
15 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
16 with respect to such item; or

17 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
20 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
21 following:

22 (a) the person during the same taxable
23 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
24 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
25 not a related member, and

26 (b) the transaction giving rise to the

1 intangible expense or cost between the
2 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
3 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
4 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
5 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
6 or

7 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
12 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
13 writing to the application or use of an
14 alternative method of apportionment under Section
15 304(f);

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
17 Director from making any other adjustment
18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
19 for any tax year beginning after the effective
20 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
21 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
22 Department and such regulations provide methods
23 and standards by which the Department will utilize
24 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

25 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of

1 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
2 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
4 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
5 business group but for the fact that the person is
6 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
7 included in the unitary business group because he or
8 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
9 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
10 addition modification required by this subparagraph
11 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
12 included in base income of the unitary group for the
13 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
15 (including amounts included in gross income under
16 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
17 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
18 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
19 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
20 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
21 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
22 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
23 the addition modification required under Section
24 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
25 Act;

26 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to

1 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
2 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
3 Act;

4 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
6 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
7 for the taxable year;

8 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
9 following amounts:

10 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
11 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
12 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
13 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
14 as distributions under the provisions of any
15 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
16 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
17 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
18 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
19 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
20 adopted pursuant thereto;

21 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

22 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
23 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
24 and included in such total for the taxable year;

25 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
26 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),

1 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
2 taxation by this State either by reason of its
3 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
4 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
5 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
6 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
7 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
8 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
9 premium amortization;

10 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
11 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
12 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
13 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
14 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
15 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
16 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
17 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
18 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
19 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
20 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
21 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
22 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
23 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
24 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
25 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
26 250;

1 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
2 such total which were paid by a corporation which
3 conducts business operations in a River Edge
4 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
5 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
6 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
7 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
8 the provisions of Section 250;

9 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total that were paid by a corporation that
14 conducts business operations in a federally designated
15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
16 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
18 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
20 this subparagraph (O);

21 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
22 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
23 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
24 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an

1 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
2 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
3 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
4 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
5 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
6 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
7 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
8 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
9 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
10 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
11 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
12 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
13 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
14 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
15 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
16 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
17 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
18 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
19 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
20 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
21 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
22 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
23 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
24 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
25 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
26 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis

1 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
2 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
3 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
4 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
5 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
6 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
8 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
9 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
10 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
12 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

13 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
14 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
15 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
16 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
17 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
18 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
19 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

20 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
21 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
22 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (3) for taxable years ending after December
25 31, 2005:

26 (i) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
3 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
4 by 0.429);

5 (ii) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 1.0;

9 (iii) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
12 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
13 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
14 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
15 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
16 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
17 depreciation on that property; and

18 (iv) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
20 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
21 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
22 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
23 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
24 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
25 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
26 percentage bonus depreciation on the property

1 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

2 The aggregate amount deducted under this
3 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
4 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
5 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
7 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
8 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
11 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
14 equal to that addition modification.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which a
17 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
18 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
19 required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
23 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
24 one piece of property.

25 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
2 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
3 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
4 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
5 modification with respect to such transaction under
6 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
7 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
8 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
9 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
10 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
11 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
12 that is required to make an addition modification with
13 respect to such transaction under Section
14 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
15 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
16 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
17 from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
19 into account for the taxable year (net of the
20 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
21 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
23 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
24 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
7 addition modification required to be made for the same
8 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
11 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

12 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
13 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
14 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
17 for the fact that the foreign person's business
18 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
19 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
20 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
21 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
22 business group but for the fact that the person is
23 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
24 included in the unitary business group because he or
25 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
26 income under different subsections of Section 304, but

1 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
2 made for the same taxable year under Section
3 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
5 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
6 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
8 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
9 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
11 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
12 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
13 from Section 250;

14 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
15 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
16 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
17 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
18 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
20 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
21 add back any insurance premiums under Section
22 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
23 that part of a reimbursement received from the
24 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
25 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
26 company) that would have been taken into account as a

1 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
2 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
3 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
4 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
5 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
6 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
7 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250; and

9 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
10 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
11 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
12 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code.

14 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
15 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
16 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
17 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
18 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
19 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
20 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

21 (d) Partnerships.

22 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
23 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
24 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

25 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in

1 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
2 of the following amounts:

3 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
4 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
5 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
6 in the computation of taxable income;

7 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
8 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
9 the taxable year;

10 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
11 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
13 income;

14 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
15 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
16 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
17 computation of taxable income;

18 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
19 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
20 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
21 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
22 the Internal Revenue Code;

23 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
24 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
25 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
26 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then

1 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
2 deductions taken in all taxable years under
3 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

4 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
5 the last day of the last tax year for which a
6 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
7 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
8 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
9 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
10 equal to that subtraction modification.

11 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
12 modification under this subparagraph only once with
13 respect to any one piece of property;

14 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
15 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
19 member of the same unitary business group but for the
20 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
21 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
24 who would be a member of the same unitary business
25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
26 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the

1 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
2 required to apportion business income under different
3 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
4 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
5 extent that dividends were included in base income of
6 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
7 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
8 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
9 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
10 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
11 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
13 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
14 accrued, or incurred.

15 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

16 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
18 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
19 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
20 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
21 with respect to such interest; or

22 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
24 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
25 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person, during the same taxable
2 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
3 to a person that is not a related member, and

4 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
5 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
6 person did not have as a principal purpose the
7 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
8 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
9 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
10 terms; or

11 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
12 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
13 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
14 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
15 and terms and the principal purpose for the
16 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
17 or

18 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
20 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
21 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
22 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
23 to the application or use of an alternative method
24 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

25 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
26 Director from making any other adjustment

1 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
2 for any tax year beginning after the effective
3 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
4 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
5 Department and such regulations provide methods
6 and standards by which the Department will utilize
7 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

8 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
9 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
10 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
13 foreign person who would be a member of the same
14 unitary business group but for the fact that the
15 foreign person's business activity outside the United
16 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
17 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
19 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
20 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
21 from being included in the unitary business group
22 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
23 business income under different subsections of Section
24 304. The addition modification required by this
25 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
26 dividends were included in base income of the unitary

1 group for the same taxable year and received by the
2 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
3 business group (including amounts included in gross
4 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
6 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
7 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
8 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
9 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
10 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
11 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
12 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
13 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
14 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
15 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
16 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
17 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
18 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
20 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
21 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
22 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
23 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
24 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
25 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
26 similar types of intangible assets;

1 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

2 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
5 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
6 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
7 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
8 with respect to such item; or

9 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
12 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
13 following:

14 (a) the person during the same taxable
15 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
16 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
17 not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 intangible expense or cost between the
20 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
21 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
22 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
23 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
24 or

25 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
2 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
3 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
4 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
5 writing to the application or use of an
6 alternative method of apportionment under Section
7 304(f);

8 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
9 Director from making any other adjustment
10 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
11 for any tax year beginning after the effective
12 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
13 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
14 Department and such regulations provide methods
15 and standards by which the Department will utilize
16 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

17 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
18 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
19 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
20 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
22 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
23 business group but for the fact that the person is
24 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
25 included in the unitary business group because he or
26 she is ordinarily required to apportion business

1 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
2 addition modification required by this subparagraph
3 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
4 included in base income of the unitary group for the
5 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
6 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
7 (including amounts included in gross income under
8 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
10 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
11 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
12 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
13 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
14 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
15 the addition modification required under Section
16 203(d) (2) (D-7) or Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

17 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
18 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
19 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
20 Act;

21 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
23 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
24 for the taxable year;

25 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
26 amounts:

1 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

2 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
3 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
4 and included in such total for the taxable year;

5 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
6 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
7 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
8 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
9 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
10 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
11 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
12 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
13 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
14 net of bond premium amortization;

15 (H) Any income of the partnership which
16 constitutes personal service income as defined in
17 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
18 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
19 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
20 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
21 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
22 Section 250;

23 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
24 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
25 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
26 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act

1 including amounts distributable to organizations
2 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
3 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
4 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
6 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
7 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
8 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
9 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
10 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
11 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
12 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
13 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
14 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
15 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
16 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
17 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
18 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
19 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
20 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
21 250;

22 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
23 such total which were paid by a corporation which
24 conducts business operations in a River Edge
25 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
26 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially

1 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
2 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
3 the provisions of Section 250;

4 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
5 job training project established pursuant to the Real
6 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

7 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
8 such total that were paid by a corporation that
9 conducts business operations in a federally designated
10 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
11 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
12 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
13 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
14 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
15 this subparagraph (M);

16 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
17 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
18 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
19 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code;

21 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
22 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
23 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
24 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
25 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
26 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

1 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
2 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
3 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
4 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
5 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
6 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
7 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

8 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
9 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
10 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
11 0.429); and

12 (3) for taxable years ending after December
13 31, 2005:

14 (i) for property on which a bonus
15 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
16 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
17 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
18 by 0.429);

19 (ii) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
21 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
22 1.0;

23 (iii) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
26 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the

1 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
2 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
3 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
5 depreciation on that property; and

6 (iv) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
8 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
9 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
10 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
11 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
12 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
13 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
14 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
15 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

16 The aggregate amount deducted under this
17 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
18 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
19 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
21 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
22 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
25 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
26 was required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
4 the last day of the last tax year for which a
5 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
6 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
7 required in any taxable year to make an addition
8 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
9 equal to that addition modification.

10 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
11 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
12 one piece of property.

13 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
18 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
19 modification with respect to such transaction under
20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
21 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
22 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
24 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
26 that is required to make an addition modification with

1 respect to such transaction under Section
2 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
3 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
4 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
5 from Section 250;

6 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
7 into account for the taxable year (net of the
8 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
11 for the fact that the foreign person's business
12 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
13 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
14 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
15 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
16 business group but for the fact that the person is
17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
18 included in the unitary business group because he or
19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
20 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
21 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
22 made for the same taxable year under Section
23 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
25 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

26 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible

1 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
2 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
5 for the fact that the foreign person's business
6 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
7 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
8 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
9 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
10 business group but for the fact that the person is
11 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
12 included in the unitary business group because he or
13 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
14 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
15 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
16 made for the same taxable year under Section
17 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
18 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
19 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
20 Section 250; and

21 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
22 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
23 add back any insurance premiums under Section
24 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
25 that part of a reimbursement received from the
26 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense

1 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
2 company) that would have been taken into account as a
3 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
4 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
5 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
6 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
7 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
8 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
9 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250.

11 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

12 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
13 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
14 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
15 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
16 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
17 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
18 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
19 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
20 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
22 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
23 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
24 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
25 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications

1 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
2 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
3 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
4 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
6 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
7 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
8 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
9 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
10 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
11 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
12 addition modification must be made under those
13 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
14 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
15 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
16 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
17 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code.

19 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
20 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable
21 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

22 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
23 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
24 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
25 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
26 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus

1 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
2 Internal Revenue Code;

3 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
4 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
5 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
6 insurance company taxable income;

7 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
8 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
9 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
10 investment company taxable income;

11 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
12 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
13 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
14 real estate investment trust taxable income;

15 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
16 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
17 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
18 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
19 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
20 corporation had filed a separate return for federal
21 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
22 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
23 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
24 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
25 determined as if the election provided by Section
26 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in

1 effect for all such years;

2 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
3 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
4 organization determined in accordance with the
5 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
7 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
8 activities against income from nonpatronage
9 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
10 association may make an election to follow its federal
11 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
12 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
13 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
14 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
15 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
16 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
17 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
18 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
19 effective for all taxable years with original returns
20 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,
21 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
22 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
23 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
24 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
25 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
26 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The

1 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
2 requirements for documenting the elections and any
3 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
4 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
5 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
6 existing law;

7 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
8 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
9 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
10 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
11 of such corporation determined in accordance with
12 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
13 that taxable income shall take into account those
14 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
16 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
17 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
18 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
19 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
20 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of
21 such corporation determined in accordance with the
22 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
23 1982; and

24 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
25 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
26 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable

1 income shall take into account those items which are
2 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
3 but which would be taken into account by an individual
4 in calculating his taxable income.

5 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
6 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
7 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
8 business has been classified as business income and in a
9 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
10 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
11 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
12 related to that asset or business that generated the
13 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
14 business income in the year of the disposition of the
15 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
16 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
17 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
18 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
19 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
20 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately
21 preceding taxable years.

22 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

23 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
24 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
25 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

1 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
2 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
3 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
5 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
6 plus

7 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
8 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
9 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
10 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
11 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
12 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
13 of such gain included in the amount determined under
14 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

15 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

16 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
17 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
18 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
19 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
20 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's
21 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
22 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
23 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
24 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
25 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
26 such property.

1 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
2 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
3 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
4 amount for such property is that amount which bears
5 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
6 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
7 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
8 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
9 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
10 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
11 period for the property.

12 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
13 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
14 purposes of this paragraph.

15 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
16 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
17 to be deducted more than once.

18 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
19 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
20 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
21 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
22 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
23 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
24 computation of base income and net income under this Act for

1 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
2 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

3 (Source: P.A. 101-9, eff. 6-5-19; 101-81, eff. 7-12-19;
4 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-658, eff.
5 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff. 12-21-22.)

6 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
7 becoming law.