1 AN ACT concerning education.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section
- 5 27-13.2 as follows:

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- 6 (105 ILCS 5/27-13.2) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-13.2)
- 7 Sec. 27-13.2. Required instruction.
- (a) In every public school there shall be instruction, 8 9 study, and discussion of effective methods by which pupils may recognize the danger of and avoid abduction, and in every 10 public school maintaining any of grades kindergarten through 11 8, there shall be, for such grades, instruction, study, and 12 discussion of effective methods for the prevention and 13 14 avoidance of drugs and the dangers of opioid and substance abuse. School boards may include such required instruction, 15 16 $study_L$ and discussion in the courses of study regularly taught in the public schools of their respective districts; provided, 17 however, that such instruction shall be given each year to all 18 19 in grades kindergarten through 8. pupils 20 Superintendent of Education may prepare and make available to 21 all public and non-public schools instructional materials 22 which may be used by such schools as guidelines for

development of a program of instruction under this subsection

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(a) Section; provided, however, that each school board shall itself determine the minimum amount of instruction time which shall qualify as a program of instruction which will satisfy the requirements of this subsection (a) Section.

The State Superintendent of Education, in cooperation with the Department of Children and Family Services, shall prepare and disseminate to all public schools and non-public schools, information on instructional materials and programs about child sexual abuse which may be used by such schools for their own or community programs. Such information may also be disseminated by such schools to parents.

- Notwithstanding subsection (a) (b) the foregoing provisions of this Section, no pupil in any of grades kindergarten through 8 shall be required to take participate in any class or course providing instruction in recognizing and avoiding sexual abuse if the parent or quardian of the pupil submits written objection thereto; and refusal to take or participate in such class or course after such written objection is made shall not be reason for failing, suspending or expelling such pupil. Each school board intending to offer any such class or course to pupils in any of grades kindergarten through 8 shall give not less than 5 days written notice to the parents or quardians of such pupils before commencing the class or course.
- (c) Beginning with the 2024-2025 school year, in every State-required health course for grades 9 through 12, a school

1	district shall provide instruction, study, and discussion on
2	the dangers of fentanyl. Information for the instruction,
3	study, and discussion of fentanyl shall come from information
4	provided by the National Institutes of Health, the United
5	States Drug Enforcement Administration, or the United States
6	Department of Health and Human Services. This instruction,
7	study, and discussion shall include, at a minimum, all of the
8	<pre>following:</pre>
9	(1) Information on fentanyl itself, including an
10	explanation of the differences between synthetic and
11	nonsynthetic opioids and illicit drugs, the variations of
12	fentanyl itself, and the differences between the legal and
13	illegal uses of fentanyl.
14	(2) The side effects and the risk factors of using
15	fentanyl, along with information comparing the lethal
16	amounts of fentanyl to other drugs. Information on the
17	risk factors may include, but is not limited to:
18	(A) the lethal dose of fentanyl;
19	(B) how often fentanyl is placed in drugs without
20	<pre>a person's knowledge;</pre>
21	(C) an explanation of what fentanyl does to a
22	person's body and the severity of fentanyl's addictive
23	<pre>properties; and</pre>
24	(D) how the consumption of fentanyl can lead to
25	hypoxia, as well as an explanation of what hypoxia
26	precisely does to a person's body.

1	(3) Details about the process of lacing fentanyl in
2	other drugs and why drugs get laced with fentanyl.
3	(4) Details about how to detect fentanyl in drugs and
4	how to save someone from an overdose of fentanyl, which
5	<pre>shall include:</pre>
6	(A) how to buy and use fentanyl test strips;
7	(B) how to buy and use naloxone, either through a
8	nasal spray or an injection; and
9	(C) how to detect if someone is overdosing on
10	<pre>fentanyl.</pre>
11	Students shall be assessed on the instruction required
12	under this subsection (c). The assessment may include, but is
13	<pre>not limited to:</pre>
14	(1) the differences between synthetic and nonsynthetic
15	drugs;
16	(2) hypoxia;
17	(3) the effects of fentanyl on a person's body;
18	(4) the lethal dose of fentanyl; and
19	(5) how to detect and prevent overdoses.
20	The instruction required under this subsection (c) shall
21	be taught by a licensed educator, school nurse, or school
22	counselor.
23	(Source: P.A. 102-195, eff. 7-30-21.)
24	Section 10. The Critical Health Problems and Comprehensive
25	Health Education Act is amended by changing Section 3 as

1 follows:

2 (105 ILCS 110/3)

3 Sec. 3. Comprehensive Health Education Program. 4 program established under this Act shall include, but not be 5 limited to, the following major educational areas as a basis 6 for curricula in all elementary and secondary schools in this 7 State: human ecology and health; human growth and development; the emotional, psychological, physiological, hygienic, and 8 9 social responsibilities of family life, including sexual 10 abstinence until marriage; the prevention and control of 11 disease, including instruction in grades 6 through 12 on the prevention, transmission, and spread of AIDS; age-appropriate 12 1.3 sexual abuse and assault awareness and prevention education in grades pre-kindergarten through 12; public and environmental 14 15 health; consumer health; safety education and disaster 16 survival; mental health and illness; personal health habits; alcohol and drug use and abuse, including the medical and 17 legal ramifications of alcohol, drug, and tobacco use; abuse 18 during pregnancy; evidence-based and medically accurate 19 20 information regarding sexual abstinence; tobacco and 21 e-cigarettes and other vapor devices; nutrition; and dental 22 health. The instruction on mental health and illness must 23 evaluate the multiple dimensions of health by reviewing the 24 relationship between physical and mental health so as to enhance student understanding, attitudes, and behaviors that 25

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promote health, well-being, and human dignity and must include

how and where to find mental health resources and specialized

treatment in the State. The program shall also provide course

material and instruction to advise pupils of the Abandoned

Newborn Infant Protection Act. The program shall include

information about cancer, including, without limitation, types

of cancer, signs and symptoms, risk factors, the importance of

early prevention and detection, and information on where to go

9 for help. Notwithstanding the above educational areas, the

following areas may also be included as a basis for curricula

in all elementary and secondary schools in this State: basic

first aid (including, but not limited to, cardiopulmonary

resuscitation and the Heimlich maneuver), heart disease,

diabetes, stroke, the prevention of child abuse, neglect, and

suicide, and teen dating violence in grades 7 through 12.

Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, training on how to

properly administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation (which

training must be in accordance with standards of the American

19 Red Cross, the American Heart Association, or another

nationally recognized certifying organization) and how to use

an automated external defibrillator shall be included as a

basis for curricula in all secondary schools in this State.

The school board of each public elementary and secondary school in the State shall encourage all teachers and other school personnel to acquire, develop, and maintain the knowledge and skills necessary to properly administer

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life-saving techniques, including, without limitation, the Heimlich maneuver and rescue breathing. The training shall be in accordance with standards of the American Red Cross, the American Heart Association, or another nationally recognized certifying organization. A school board may use the services of non-governmental entities whose personnel have expertise in life-saving techniques to instruct teachers and other school personnel in these techniques. Each school board is encouraged to have in its employ, or on its volunteer staff, at least one person who is certified, by the American Red Cross or by another qualified certifying agency, as qualified to administer first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation. In addition, each school board is authorized to appropriate portions of its institute or inservice days to conduct training programs for teachers and other school personnel who have expressed an interest in becoming qualified emergency first aid or cardiopulmonary administer resuscitation. School boards are urged to encourage their teachers and other school personnel who coach school athletic and other extracurricular school activities to programs acquire, develop, and maintain the knowledge and skills necessary to properly administer first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation in accordance with standards and requirements established by the American Red Cross or another qualified certifying agency. Subject to appropriation, the State Board of Education shall establish and administer a matching grant

program to pay for half of the cost that a school district incurs in training those teachers and other school personnel who express an interest in becoming qualified to administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation (which training must be in accordance with standards of the American Red Cross, the American Heart Association, or another nationally recognized certifying organization) or in learning how to use an automated external defibrillator. A school district that applies for a grant must demonstrate that it has funds to pay half of the cost of the training for which matching grant money is sought. The State Board of Education shall award the grants on a first-come, first-serve basis.

No pupil shall be required to take or participate in any class or course on AIDS or family life instruction or to receive training on how to properly administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation or how to use an automated external defibrillator if his or her parent or guardian submits written objection thereto, and refusal to take or participate in the course or program or the training shall not be reason for suspension or expulsion of the pupil.

Curricula developed under programs established in accordance with this Act in the major educational area of alcohol and drug use and abuse shall include classroom instruction in grades 5 through 12. The instruction, which shall include matters relating to both the physical and legal effects and ramifications of drug and substance abuse, shall

- be integrated into existing curricula; and the State Board of 1 2 Education shall develop and make available to all elementary and secondary schools in this State instructional materials 3 and quidelines which will assist the schools in incorporating 5 the instruction into their existing curricula. In addition, 6 school districts may offer, as part of existing curricula 7 during the school day or as part of an after school program, 8 support services and instruction for pupils or pupils whose 9 parent, parents, or guardians are chemically dependent. 10 Curricula developed under programs established in accordance 11 with this Act in the major educational area of alcohol and drug 12 use and abuse shall include the instruction, study, and 13 discussion required under subsection (c) of Section 27-13.2 of 14 the School Code. (Source: P.A. 101-305, eff. 1-1-20; 102-464, eff. 8-20-21; 15
- 16 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 102-1034, eff. 1-1-23.)