103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2023 and 2024

HB2355

Introduced 2/14/2023, by Rep. Daniel Didech

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

430	ILCS	65/Act title					
430	ILCS	65/1	from	Ch.	38,	par.	83-1
430	ILCS	65/1.1					
430	ILCS	65/2	from	Ch.	38,	par.	83-2
430	ILCS	65/3	from	Ch.	38,	par.	83-3
430	ILCS	65/3.1	from	Ch.	38,	par.	83-3.1
720	ILCS	5/24-3	from	Ch.	38,	par.	24-3

Amends the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. Requires a person to have a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card issued in his or her own name by the Illinois State Police in order to acquire or possess a flamethrower. Exempts certain military, law enforcement, and other specified persons. Defines flamethrower. Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Provides that it is a Class 4 felony to deliver a flamethrower to a person, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of the flamethrower for at least 72 hours after application for its purchase has been made.

LRB103 26386 RLC 52749 b

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is
amended by changing the title of the Act and Sections 1, 1.1,
2, 3, and 3.1 as follows:

7 (430 ILCS 65/Act title)

8 An Act relating to the acquisition, possession and 9 transfer of firearms, firearm ammunition, stun guns, and 10 tasers, <u>and flamethrowers</u> to provide a penalty for the 11 violation thereof and to make an appropriation in connection 12 therewith.

13 (430 ILCS 65/1) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-1)

Sec. 1. It is hereby declared as a matter of legislative 14 15 determination that in order to promote and protect the health, safety and welfare of the public, it is necessary and in the 16 public interest to provide a system of identifying persons who 17 18 are not qualified to acquire or possess firearms, firearm ammunition, stun guns, and tasers, and flamethrowers within 19 the State of Illinois by the establishment of a system of 20 21 Firearm Owner's Identification Cards, thereby establishing a practical and workable system by which law enforcement 22

- 2 - LRB103 26386 RLC 52749 b

authorities will be afforded an opportunity to identify those persons who are prohibited by Section 24-3.1 of the Criminal Code of 2012, from acquiring or possessing firearms and firearm ammunition and who are prohibited by this Act from acquiring stun guns, and tasers, and flamethrowers.

6 (Source: P.A. 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

7 (430 ILCS 65/1.1)

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8 Sec. 1.1. For purposes of this Act:

"Addicted to narcotics" means a person who has been:

(1) convicted of an offense involving the use or
 possession of cannabis, a controlled substance, or
 methamphetamine within the past year; or

13 (2) determined by the Illinois State Police to be
14 addicted to narcotics based upon federal law or federal
15 guidelines.

16 "Addicted to narcotics" does not include possession or use 17 of a prescribed controlled substance under the direction and 18 authority of a physician or other person authorized to 19 prescribe the controlled substance when the controlled 20 substance is used in the prescribed manner.

21 "Adjudicated as a person with a mental disability" means 22 the person is the subject of a determination by a court, board, 23 commission or other lawful authority that the person, as a 24 result of marked subnormal intelligence, or mental illness, 25 mental impairment, incompetency, condition, or disease:

- 3 - LRB103 26386 RLC 52749 b

HB2355

(1) presents a clear and present danger to himself, 1 2 herself, or to others; 3 (2) lacks the mental capacity to manage his or her own affairs or is adjudicated a person with a disability as 4 defined in Section 11a-2 of the Probate Act of 1975; 5 (3) is not quilty in a criminal case by reason of 6 7 insanity, mental disease or defect; (3.5) is guilty but mentally ill, as provided in 8 9 Section 5-2-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections: 10 (4) is incompetent to stand trial in a criminal case; 11 (5) is not guilty by reason of lack of mental 12 responsibility under Articles 50a and 72b of the Uniform 13 Code of Military Justice, 10 U.S.C. 850a, 876b; 14 (6) is a sexually violent person under subsection (f) 15 of Section 5 of the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment 16 Act; 17 (7) is a sexually dangerous person under the Sexually 18 Dangerous Persons Act; (8) is unfit to stand trial under the Juvenile Court 19 Act of 1987; 20 21 (9) is not guilty by reason of insanity under the 22 Juvenile Court Act of 1987; 23 subject to involuntary admission (10)is as an inpatient as defined in Section 1-119 of the Mental Health 24 25 and Developmental Disabilities Code; 26 (11) is subject to involuntary admission as an

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HB2355

1 2 outpatient as defined in Section 1-119.1 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code;

3 (12) is subject to judicial admission as set forth in
4 Section 4-500 of the Mental Health and Developmental
5 Disabilities Code; or

6 (13) is subject to the provisions of the Interstate
7 Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.
8 "Clear and present danger" means a person who:

9 (1) communicates a serious threat of physical violence 10 against a reasonably identifiable victim or poses a clear 11 and imminent risk of serious physical injury to himself, 12 herself, or another person as determined by a physician, 13 clinical psychologist, or qualified examiner; or

14 (2) demonstrates threatening physical or verbal
15 behavior, such as violent, suicidal, or assaultive
16 threats, actions, or other behavior, as determined by a
17 physician, clinical psychologist, qualified examiner,
18 school administrator, or law enforcement official.

19 "Clinical psychologist" has the meaning provided in 20 Section 1-103 of the Mental Health and Developmental 21 Disabilities Code.

"Controlled substance" means a controlled substance or controlled substance analog as defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act.

25 "Counterfeit" means to copy or imitate, without legal 26 authority, with intent to deceive.

LRB103 26386 RLC 52749 b HB2355 - 5 -"Developmental disability" means a severe, 1 chronic 2 disability of an individual that: (1) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment 3 or combination of mental and physical impairments; 4 5 (2) is manifested before the individual attains age 22: 6 7 (3) is likely to continue indefinitely; (4) results in substantial functional limitations in 3 8 9 or more of the following areas of major life activity: 10 (A) Self-care. 11 (B) Receptive and expressive language. 12 (C) Learning. 13 (D) Mobility. (E) Self-direction. 14 15 (F) Capacity for independent living. 16 (G) Economic self-sufficiency; and 17 (5) reflects the individual's need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or generic 18 19 services, individualized supports, or other forms of 20 assistance that are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated. 21 22 "Federally licensed firearm dealer" means a person who is 23 licensed as a federal firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923). 24 "Firearm" means any device, by whatever name known, which 25 26 is designed to expel a projectile or projectiles by the action 1 of an explosion, expansion of gas or escape of gas; excluding, 2 however:

3 (1) any pneumatic gun, spring gun, paint ball gun, or
4 B-B gun which expels a single globular projectile not
5 exceeding .18 inch in diameter or which has a maximum
6 muzzle velocity of less than 700 feet per second;

7 (1.1) any pneumatic gun, spring gun, paint ball gun,
8 or B-B gun which expels breakable paint balls containing
9 washable marking colors;

10 (2) any device used exclusively for signaling or
11 safety and required or recommended by the United States
12 Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission;

13 (3) any device used exclusively for the firing of stud 14 cartridges, explosive rivets or similar industrial 15 ammunition; and

(4) an antique firearm (other than a machine-gun)
which, although designed as a weapon, the Illinois State
Police finds by reason of the date of its manufacture,
value, design, and other characteristics is primarily a
collector's item and is not likely to be used as a weapon.

21 "Firearm ammunition" means any self-contained cartridge or 22 shotgun shell, by whatever name known, which is designed to be 23 used or adaptable to use in a firearm; excluding, however:

(1) any ammunition exclusively designed for use with a
 device used exclusively for signaling or safety and
 required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard

- 7 - LRB103 26386 RLC 52749 b

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HB2355

or the Interstate Commerce Commission; and

2 (2) any ammunition designed exclusively for use with a
3 stud or rivet driver or other similar industrial
4 ammunition.

"Gun show" means an event or function:

6 (1) at which the sale and transfer of firearms is the 7 regular and normal course of business and where 50 or more 8 firearms are displayed, offered, or exhibited for sale, 9 transfer, or exchange; or

10 (2) at which not less than 10 gun show vendors 11 display, offer, or exhibit for sale, sell, transfer, or 12 exchange firearms.

13 <u>"Flamethrower" means any nonstationary and transportable</u> 14 <u>device designed or intended to emit or propel a burning stream</u> 15 <u>of combustible or flammable liquid a distance of at least 10</u> 16 feet.

17 "Gun show" includes the entire premises provided for an event or function, including parking areas for the event or 18 19 function, that is sponsored to facilitate the purchase, sale, 20 transfer, or exchange of firearms as described in this Section. Nothing in this definition shall be construed to 21 22 exclude a gun show held in conjunction with competitive 23 shooting events at the World Shooting Complex sanctioned by a 24 national governing body in which the sale or transfer of 25 firearms is authorized under subparagraph (5) of paragraph (g) of subsection (A) of Section 24-3 of the Criminal Code of 2012. 26

- 8 - LRB103 26386 RLC 52749 b

1 Unless otherwise expressly stated, "gun show" does not 2 include training or safety classes, competitive shooting 3 events, such as rifle, shotgun, or handgun matches, trap, 4 skeet, or sporting clays shoots, dinners, banquets, raffles, 5 or any other event where the sale or transfer of firearms is 6 not the primary course of business.

7 "Gun show promoter" means a person who organizes or8 operates a gun show.

9 "Gun show vendor" means a person who exhibits, sells, 10 offers for sale, transfers, or exchanges any firearms at a gun 11 show, regardless of whether the person arranges with a gun 12 show promoter for a fixed location from which to exhibit, 13 sell, offer for sale, transfer, or exchange any firearm.

14 "Intellectual disability" means significantly subaverage 15 general intellectual functioning, existing concurrently with 16 deficits in adaptive behavior and manifested during the 17 developmental period, which is defined as before the age of 18 22, that adversely affects a child's educational performance.

19 "Involuntarily admitted" has the meaning as prescribed in 20 Sections 1-119 and 1-119.1 of the Mental Health and 21 Developmental Disabilities Code.

22 "Mental health facility" means any licensed private 23 hospital or hospital affiliate, institution, or facility, or 24 part thereof, and any facility, or part thereof, operated by 25 the State or a political subdivision thereof which provides 26 treatment of persons with mental illness and includes all

hospitals, institutions, clinics, evaluation facilities, mental health centers, colleges, universities, long-term care facilities, and nursing homes, or parts thereof, which provide treatment of persons with mental illness whether or not the primary purpose is to provide treatment of persons with mental illness.

7 "National governing body" means a group of persons who 8 adopt rules and formulate policy on behalf of a national 9 firearm sporting organization.

10 "Noncitizen" means a person who is not a citizen of the 11 United States, but is a person who is a foreign-born person who 12 lives in the United States, has not been naturalized, and is 13 still a citizen of a foreign country.

14 "Patient" means:

(1) a person who is admitted as an inpatient or
resident of a public or private mental health facility for
mental health treatment under Chapter III of the Mental
Health and Developmental Disabilities Code as an informal
admission, a voluntary admission, a minor admission, an
emergency admission, or an involuntary admission, unless
the treatment was solely for an alcohol abuse disorder; or

(2) a person who voluntarily or involuntarily receives
mental health treatment as an out-patient or is otherwise
provided services by a public or private mental health
facility and who poses a clear and present danger to
himself, herself, or others.

"Physician" has the meaning as defined in Section 1-120 of
 the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code.

"Protective order" means any orders of protection issued 3 under the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, stalking no 4 5 contact orders issued under the Stalking No Contact Order Act, civil no contact orders issued under the Civil No Contact 6 7 Order Act, and firearms restraining orders issued under the 8 Firearms Restraining Order Act or a substantially similar 9 order issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United 10 States territory or military tribunal.

"Qualified examiner" has the meaning provided in Section 12 1-122 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities 13 Code.

14 "Sanctioned competitive shooting event" means a shooting 15 contest officially recognized by a national or state shooting 16 sport association, and includes any sight-in or practice 17 conducted in conjunction with the event.

18 "School administrator" means the person required to report 19 under the School Administrator Reporting of Mental Health 20 Clear and Present Danger Determinations Law.

"Stun gun or taser" has the meaning ascribed to it in
Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

23 (Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
24 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-890, eff. 5-19-22; 102-972, eff.
25 1-1-23; 102-1030, eff. 5-27-22; revised 12-14-22.)

- 11 - LRB103 26386 RLC 52749 b

HB2355

1 (430 ILCS 65/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-2)

Sec. 2. Firearm Owner's Identification Card required;
 exceptions.

(a) (1) No person may acquire or possess any firearm, stun
gun, or taser, or flamethrower within this State without
having in his or her possession a Firearm Owner's
Identification Card previously issued in his or her name by
the Illinois State Police under the provisions of this Act.

9 (2) No person may acquire or possess firearm ammunition 10 within this State without having in his or her possession a 11 Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued in his 12 or her name by the Illinois State Police under the provisions 13 of this Act.

14 (b) The provisions of this Section regarding the 15 possession of firearms, firearm ammunition, stun guns, and 16 tasers, and flamethrowers do not apply to:

17 (1) United States Marshals, while engaged in the18 operation of their official duties;

19 (2) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States
20 or the National Guard, while engaged in the operation of
21 their official duties;

(3) Federal officials required to carry firearms,
 while engaged in the operation of their official duties;

(4) Members of bona fide veterans organizations which
 receive firearms directly from the armed forces of the
 United States, while using the firearms for ceremonial

purposes with blank ammunition;

(5) Nonresident hunters during hunting season, with
valid nonresident hunting licenses and while in an area
where hunting is permitted; however, at all other times
and in all other places these persons must have their
firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

7 (6) Those hunters exempt from obtaining a hunting
8 license who are required to submit their Firearm Owner's
9 Identification Card when hunting on Department of Natural
10 Resources owned or managed sites;

11 (7) Nonresidents while on a firing or shooting range 12 recognized by the Illinois State Police; however, these 13 persons must at all other times and in all other places 14 have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

15 (8) Nonresidents while at a firearm showing or display
16 recognized by the Illinois State Police; however, at all
17 other times and in all other places these persons must
18 have their firearms unloaded and enclosed in a case;

19 (9) Nonresidents whose firearms are unloaded and20 enclosed in a case;

(10) Nonresidents who are currently licensed or
 registered to possess a firearm in their resident state;

(11) Unemancipated minors while in the custody and immediate control of their parent or legal guardian or other person in loco parentis to the minor if the parent or legal guardian or other person in loco parentis to the

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minor has a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification
 Card;

(12) Color guards of bona fide veterans organizations or members of bona fide American Legion bands while using firearms for ceremonial purposes with blank ammunition;

(13) Nonresident hunters whose state of residence does 6 7 not require them to be licensed or registered to possess a firearm and only during hunting season, with valid hunting 8 9 licenses, while accompanied by, and using a firearm owned 10 a person who possesses a valid Firearm Owner's bv, 11 Identification Card and while in an area within a 12 commercial club licensed under the Wildlife Code where 13 hunting is permitted and controlled, but in no instance 14 upon sites owned or managed by the Department of Natural 15 Resources;

16 (14) Resident hunters who are properly authorized to 17 hunt and, while accompanied by a person who possesses a 18 valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card, hunt in an area 19 within a commercial club licensed under the Wildlife Code 20 where hunting is permitted and controlled; and

(15) A person who is otherwise eligible to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card under this Act and is under the direct supervision of a holder of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card who is 21 years of age or older while the person is on a firing or shooting range or is a participant in a firearms safety and training course 1 2 recognized by a law enforcement agency or a national, statewide shooting sports organization.

3 (c) The provisions of this Section regarding the 4 acquisition and possession of firearms, firearm ammunition, 5 stun guns, and tasers, and flamethrowers do not apply to law 6 enforcement officials of this or any other jurisdiction, while 7 engaged in the operation of their official duties.

8 (c-5) The provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of 9 subsection (a) of this Section regarding the possession of 10 firearms and firearm ammunition do not apply to the holder of a 11 valid concealed carry license issued under the Firearm 12 Concealed Carry Act who is in physical possession of the 13 concealed carry license.

(d) Any person who becomes a resident of this State, who is 14 15 not otherwise prohibited from obtaining, possessing, or using a firearm or firearm ammunition, shall not be required to have 16 17 a Firearm Owner's Identification Card to possess firearms or firearms ammunition until 60 calendar days after he or she 18 driver's 19 obtains an Tllinois license Tllinois or Identification Card. 20

21 (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23.)

22 (430 ILCS 65/3) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-3)

23 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-237)

24 Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in Section 3a, no person may 25 knowingly transfer, or cause to be transferred, any firearm,

firearm ammunition, stun gun, or taser to any person within 1 2 this State unless the transferee with whom he deals displays either: (1) a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification 3 Card which has previously been issued in his or her name by the 4 5 Illinois State Police under the provisions of this Act; or (2) a currently valid license to carry a concealed firearm which 6 7 has previously been issued in his or her name by the Illinois State Police under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. 8 In 9 addition, all firearm, stun gun, and taser transfers by 10 federally licensed firearm dealers are subject to Section 3.1.

(a-5) Any person who is not a federally licensed firearm dealer and who desires to transfer or sell a firearm while that person is on the grounds of a gun show must, before selling or transferring the firearm, request the Illinois State Police to conduct a background check on the prospective recipient of the firearm in accordance with Section 3.1.

17 (a-10) Notwithstanding item (2) of subsection (a) of this Section, any person who is not a federally licensed firearm 18 dealer and who desires to transfer or sell a firearm or 19 20 firearms to any person who is not a federally licensed firearm dealer shall, before selling or transferring the firearms, 21 22 contact a federal firearm license dealer under paragraph (1) 23 of subsection (a-15) of this Section to conduct the transfer Illinois State Police with the transferee's or 24 the or 25 purchaser's Firearm Owner's Identification Card number to determine the validity of the transferee's or purchaser's 26

Firearm Owner's Identification Card under State and federal 1 2 law including the National Instant Criminal Background Check 3 System. This subsection shall not be effective until July 1, 2023. Until that date the transferor shall contact the 4 5 Illinois State Police with the transferee's or purchaser's Firearm Owner's Identification Card number to determine the 6 validity of the card. The Illinois State Police may adopt 7 8 rules concerning the implementation of this subsection. The 9 Illinois State Police shall provide the seller or transferor 10 approval number if the purchaser's Firearm Owner's an 11 Identification Card is valid. Approvals issued by the Illinois 12 State Police for the purchase of a firearm pursuant to this subsection are valid for 30 days from the date of issue. 13

14 (a-15) The provisions of subsection (a-10) of this Section 15 do not apply to:

16 (1) transfers that occur at the place of business of a 17 federally licensed firearm dealer, if the federally licensed firearm dealer conducts a background check on the 18 19 prospective recipient of the firearm in accordance with 20 Section 3.1 of this Act and follows all other applicable federal, State, and local laws as if he or she were the 21 22 seller or transferor of the firearm, although the dealer 23 is not required to accept the firearm into his or her 24 inventory. The purchaser or transferee may be required by 25 the federally licensed firearm dealer to pay a fee not to 26 exceed \$25 per firearm, which the dealer may retain as

compensation for performing the functions required under this paragraph, plus the applicable fees authorized by Section 3.1;

4 (2) transfers as a bona fide gift to the transferor's
5 husband, wife, son, daughter, stepson, stepdaughter,
6 father, mother, stepfather, stepmother, brother, sister,
7 nephew, niece, uncle, aunt, grandfather, grandmother,
8 grandson, granddaughter, father-in-law, mother-in-law,
9 son-in-law, or daughter-in-law;

10 (3) transfers by persons acting pursuant to operation
11 of law or a court order;

12 (4) transfers on the grounds of a gun show under13 subsection (a-5) of this Section;

14 (5) the delivery of a firearm by its owner to a 15 gunsmith for service or repair, the return of the firearm 16 to its owner by the gunsmith, or the delivery of a firearm 17 by a gunsmith to a federally licensed firearms dealer for 18 service or repair and the return of the firearm to the 19 gunsmith;

20 (6) temporary transfers that occur while in the home of the unlicensed transferee, if the unlicensed transferee 21 22 is not otherwise prohibited from possessing firearms and 23 unlicensed transferee reasonably believes the that 24 possession of the firearm is necessary to prevent imminent 25 death or great bodily harm to the unlicensed transferee; 26 (7) transfers to a law enforcement or corrections

1 2 agency or a law enforcement or corrections officer acting within the course and scope of his or her official duties;

(8) transfers of firearms that have been rendered
 permanently inoperable to a nonprofit historical society,
 museum, or institutional collection; and

6 (9) transfers to a person who is exempt from the 7 requirement of possessing a Firearm Owner's Identification 8 Card under Section 2 of this Act.

(a-20) 9 The Illinois State Police shall develop an Internet-based system for individuals to 10 determine the 11 validity of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card prior to the 12 sale or transfer of a firearm. The Illinois State Police shall have the Internet-based system updated and available for use 13 14 by January 1, 2024. The Illinois State Police shall adopt 15 rules not inconsistent with this Section to implement this 16 system, but no rule shall allow the Illinois State Police to 17 retain records in contravention of State and federal law.

(a-25) On or before January 1, 2022, the Illinois State 18 19 Police shall develop an Internet-based system upon which the 20 serial numbers of firearms that have been reported stolen are available for public access for individuals to ensure any 21 22 firearms are not reported stolen prior to the sale or transfer 23 of a firearm under this Section. The Illinois State Police shall have the Internet-based system completed and available 24 25 for use by July 1, 2022. The Illinois State Police shall adopt rules not inconsistent with this Section to implement this 26

- 19 - LRB103 26386 RLC 52749 b

HB2355

1 system.

2 (b) Any person within this State who transfers or causes 3 to be transferred any firearm, stun gun, or taser shall keep a record of such transfer for a period of 10 years from the date 4 5 of transfer. Any person within this State who receives any 6 firearm, stun gun, or taser pursuant to subsection (a-10) 7 shall provide a record of the transfer within 10 days of the 8 transfer to a federally licensed firearm dealer and shall not 9 be required to maintain a transfer record. The federally licensed firearm dealer shall maintain the transfer record for 10 11 20 years from the date of receipt. A federally licensed 12 firearm dealer may charge a fee not to exceed \$25 to retain the record. The record shall be provided and maintained in either 13 14 an electronic or paper format. The federally licensed firearm 15 dealer shall not be liable for the accuracy of any information 16 in the transfer record submitted pursuant to this Section. 17 Such records shall contain the date of the transfer; the description, serial number or other information identifying 18 the firearm, stun gun, or taser if no serial number is 19 available; and, if the transfer was completed within this 20 State, the transferee's Firearm Owner's Identification Card 21 22 number and any approval number or documentation provided by 23 the Illinois State Police pursuant to subsection (a-10) of this Section; if the transfer was not completed within this 24 25 State, the record shall contain the name and address of the transferee. On or after January 1, 2006, the record shall 26

contain the date of application for transfer of the firearm. 1 2 On demand of a peace officer such transferor shall produce for 3 inspection such record of transfer. For any transfer pursuant to subsection (a-10) of this Section, on the demand of a peace 4 5 officer, such transferee shall identify the federally licensed firearm dealer maintaining the transfer record. 6 Ιf the 7 transfer or sale took place at a gun show, the record shall 8 include the unique identification number. Failure to record 9 the unique identification number or approval number is a petty 10 offense. For transfers of a firearm, stun gun, or taser made on 11 or after January 18, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 12 100-1178), failure by the private seller to maintain the transfer records in accordance with this Section, or failure 13 by a transferee pursuant to subsection a-10 of this Section to 14 15 identify the federally licensed firearm dealer maintaining the 16 transfer record, is a Class A misdemeanor for the first 17 offense and a Class 4 felony for a second or subsequent offense occurring within 10 years of the first offense and the second 18 offense was committed after conviction of the first offense. 19 20 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any violation of subsection (a-5), the court may grant 21 22 supervision pursuant to and consistent with the limitations of 23 Section 5-6-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections. A transferee or transferor shall not be criminally liable under this 24 25 Section provided that he or she provides the Illinois State 26 Police with the transfer records in accordance with procedures

established by the Illinois State Police. The Illinois State
 Police shall establish, by rule, a standard form on its
 website.

(b-5) Any resident may purchase ammunition from a person 4 5 within or outside of Illinois if shipment is by United States mail or by a private express carrier authorized by federal law 6 7 to ship ammunition. Any resident purchasing ammunition within or outside the State of Illinois must provide the seller with a 8 9 copy of his or her valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card 10 or valid concealed carry license and either his or her 11 Illinois driver's license or Illinois State Identification 12 Card prior to the shipment of the ammunition. The ammunition may be shipped only to an address on either of those 2 13 14 documents.

(c) The provisions of this Section regarding the transfer
of firearm ammunition shall not apply to those persons
specified in paragraph (b) of Section 2 of this Act.
(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22;
102-1116, eff. 1-10-23.)

20 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-237)

Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in Section 3a, no person may knowingly transfer, or cause to be transferred, any firearm, firearm ammunition, stun gun, or taser<u>, or flamethrower</u> to any person within this State unless the transferee with whom he deals displays either: (1) a currently valid Firearm Owner's

Identification Card which has previously been issued in his or 1 2 her name by the Illinois State Police under the provisions of 3 this Act; or (2) a currently valid license to carry a concealed firearm which has previously been issued in his or her name by 4 5 the Illinois State Police under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. In addition, all firearm, stun gun, and taser, and 6 flamethrower transfers by federally licensed firearm dealers 7 8 are subject to Section 3.1.

9 (a-5) Any person who is not a federally licensed firearm 10 dealer and who desires to transfer or sell a firearm while that 11 person is on the grounds of a gun show must, before selling or 12 transferring the firearm, request the Illinois State Police to 13 conduct a background check on the prospective recipient of the 14 firearm in accordance with Section 3.1.

15 (a-10) Notwithstanding item (2) of subsection (a) of this 16 Section, any person who is not a federally licensed firearm 17 dealer and who desires to transfer or sell a firearm or firearms to any person who is not a federally licensed firearm 18 dealer shall, before selling or transferring the firearms, 19 20 contact a federal firearm license dealer under paragraph (1) of subsection (a-15) of this Section to conduct the transfer 21 22 the Illinois State Police with the transferee's or or 23 purchaser's Firearm Owner's Identification Card number to determine the validity of the transferee's or purchaser's 24 25 Firearm Owner's Identification Card under State and federal 26 law, including the National Instant Criminal Background Check

System. This subsection shall not be effective until July 1, 1 2 2023. Until that date the transferor shall contact the 3 Illinois State Police with the transferee's or purchaser's Firearm Owner's Identification Card number to determine the 4 5 validity of the card. The Illinois State Police may adopt rules concerning the implementation of this subsection. The 6 7 Illinois State Police shall provide the seller or transferor 8 approval number if the purchaser's Firearm Owner's an 9 Identification Card is valid. Approvals issued by the Illinois 10 State Police for the purchase of a firearm pursuant to this 11 subsection are valid for 30 days from the date of issue.

12 (a-15) The provisions of subsection (a-10) of this Section 13 do not apply to:

14 (1) transfers that occur at the place of business of a 15 federally licensed firearm dealer, if the federally 16 licensed firearm dealer conducts a background check on the 17 prospective recipient of the firearm in accordance with Section 3.1 of this Act and follows all other applicable 18 19 federal, State, and local laws as if he or she were the seller or transferor of the firearm, although the dealer 20 is not required to accept the firearm into his or her 21 22 inventory. The purchaser or transferee may be required by 23 the federally licensed firearm dealer to pay a fee not to 24 exceed \$25 per firearm, which the dealer may retain as 25 compensation for performing the functions required under 26 this paragraph, plus the applicable fees authorized by

1 Section 3.1;

(2) transfers as a bona fide gift to the transferor's
husband, wife, son, daughter, stepson, stepdaughter,
father, mother, stepfather, stepmother, brother, sister,
nephew, niece, uncle, aunt, grandfather, grandmother,
grandson, granddaughter, father-in-law, mother-in-law,
son-in-law, or daughter-in-law;

8 (3) transfers by persons acting pursuant to operation
9 of law or a court order;

10 (4) transfers on the grounds of a gun show under 11 subsection (a-5) of this Section;

12 (5) the delivery of a firearm by its owner to a 13 gunsmith for service or repair, the return of the firearm 14 to its owner by the gunsmith, or the delivery of a firearm 15 by a gunsmith to a federally licensed firearms dealer for 16 service or repair and the return of the firearm to the 17 gunsmith;

(6) temporary transfers that occur while in the home of the unlicensed transferee, if the unlicensed transferee is not otherwise prohibited from possessing firearms and the unlicensed transferee reasonably believes that possession of the firearm is necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm to the unlicensed transferee;

(7) transfers to a law enforcement or corrections
agency or a law enforcement or corrections officer acting
within the course and scope of his or her official duties;

(8) transfers of firearms that have been rendered
 permanently inoperable to a nonprofit historical society,
 museum, or institutional collection; and

4 (9) transfers to a person who is exempt from the
5 requirement of possessing a Firearm Owner's Identification
6 Card under Section 2 of this Act.

The Illinois State Police shall develop 7 (a-20) an 8 Internet-based system for individuals to determine the 9 validity of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card prior to the sale or transfer of a firearm. The Illinois State Police shall 10 11 have the Internet-based system updated and available for use 12 by January 1, 2024. The Illinois State Police shall adopt 13 rules not inconsistent with this Section to implement this system; but no rule shall allow the Illinois State Police to 14 15 retain records in contravention of State and federal law.

(a-25) On or before January 1, 2022, the Illinois State 16 17 Police shall develop an Internet-based system upon which the serial numbers of firearms that have been reported stolen are 18 19 available for public access for individuals to ensure any 20 firearms are not reported stolen prior to the sale or transfer of a firearm under this Section. The Illinois State Police 21 22 shall have the Internet-based system completed and available 23 for use by July 1, 2022. The Illinois State Police shall adopt rules not inconsistent with this Section to implement this 24 25 system.

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(b) Any person within this State who transfers or causes

to be transferred any firearm, stun gun, or taser, or 1 2 flamethrower shall keep a record of such transfer for a period of 10 years from the date of transfer. Any person within this 3 State who receives any firearm, stun qun, or taser, or 4 5 flamethrower pursuant to subsection (a-10) shall provide a record of the transfer within 10 days of the transfer to a 6 7 federally licensed firearm dealer and shall not be required to 8 maintain a transfer record. The federally licensed firearm 9 dealer shall maintain the transfer record for 20 years from 10 the date of receipt. A federally licensed firearm dealer may 11 charge a fee not to exceed \$25 to retain the record. The record 12 shall be provided and maintained in either an electronic or paper format. The federally licensed firearm dealer shall not 13 be liable for the accuracy of any information in the transfer 14 15 record submitted pursuant to this Section. Such records shall 16 contain the date of the transfer; the description, serial 17 number or other information identifying the firearm, stun gun, or taser, or flamethrower if no serial number is available; 18 19 and, if the transfer was completed within this State, the 20 transferee's Firearm Owner's Identification Card number and 21 any approval number or documentation provided by the Illinois 22 State Police pursuant to subsection (a-10) of this Section; if 23 the transfer was not completed within this State, the record 24 shall contain the name and address of the transferee. On or 25 after January 1, 2006, the record shall contain the date of 26 application for transfer of the firearm. On demand of a peace

officer such transferor shall produce for inspection such 1 2 record of transfer. For any transfer pursuant to subsection 3 (a-10) of this Section, on the demand of a peace officer, such transferee shall identify the federally licensed firearm 4 5 dealer maintaining the transfer record. If the transfer or sale took place at a gun show, the record shall include the 6 unique identification number. Failure to record the unique 7 8 identification number or approval number is a petty offense. 9 For transfers of a firearm, stun gun, or taser made on or after 10 January 18, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 100-1178), 11 or the transfer of a flamethrower made on or after the 12 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly, failure by the private seller to maintain the 13 14 transfer records in accordance with this Section, or failure 15 by a transferee pursuant to subsection a-10 of this Section to 16 identify the federally licensed firearm dealer maintaining the 17 transfer record, is a Class A misdemeanor for the first offense and a Class 4 felony for a second or subsequent offense 18 occurring within 10 years of the first offense and the second 19 20 offense was committed after conviction of the first offense. 21 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of 22 any violation of subsection (a-5), the court may grant 23 supervision pursuant to and consistent with the limitations of Section 5-6-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections. A transferee 24 25 or transferor shall not be criminally liable under this 26 Section provided that he or she provides the Illinois State

Police with the transfer records in accordance with procedures
 established by the Illinois State Police. The Illinois State
 Police shall establish, by rule, a standard form on its
 website.

5 (b-5) Any resident may purchase ammunition from a person within or outside of Illinois if shipment is by United States 6 7 mail or by a private express carrier authorized by federal law 8 to ship ammunition. Any resident purchasing ammunition within 9 or outside the State of Illinois must provide the seller with a 10 copy of his or her valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card 11 or valid concealed carry license and either his or her 12 Illinois driver's license or Illinois State Identification Card prior to the shipment of the ammunition. The ammunition 13 14 may be shipped only to an address on either of those 2 15 documents.

(c) The provisions of this Section regarding the transfer
of firearm ammunition shall not apply to those persons
specified in paragraph (b) of Section 2 of this Act.
(Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-24; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23.)

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(430 ILCS 65/3.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-3.1)

22 Sec. 3.1. Firearm Transfer Inquiry Program.

(a) The Illinois State Police shall provide a dial up
 telephone system or utilize other existing technology which
 shall be used by any federally licensed firearm dealer, gun

show promoter, or gun show vendor who is to transfer a firearm, stun gun, or taser, or flamethrower under the provisions of this Act. The Illinois State Police may utilize existing technology which allows the caller to be charged a fee not to exceed \$2. Fees collected by the Illinois State Police shall be deposited in the State Police Firearm Services Fund and used to provide the service.

8 (b) Upon receiving a request from a federally licensed 9 firearm dealer, gun show promoter, or gun show vendor, the 10 Illinois State Police shall immediately approve or, within the 11 time period established by Section 24-3 of the Criminal Code 12 of 2012 regarding the delivery of firearms, stun guns, and tasers, and flamethrowers notify the inquiring dealer, gun 13 14 show promoter, or gun show vendor of any objection that would disqualify the transferee from acquiring or possessing a 15 16 firearm, stun gun, or taser, or flamethrower. In conducting 17 the inquiry, the Illinois State Police shall initiate and complete an automated search of its criminal history record 18 information files and those of the Federal Bureau of 19 20 Investigation, including the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, and of the files of the Department of 21 22 Human Services relating to mental health and developmental 23 disabilities to obtain any felony conviction or patient 24 hospitalization information which would disqualify a person 25 from obtaining or require revocation of a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card. 26

1 (b-5) By January 1, 2023, the Illinois State Police shall 2 by rule provide a process for the automatic renewal of the 3 Firearm Owner's Identification Card of a person at the time of 4 an inquiry in subsection (b). Persons eligible for this 5 process must have a set of fingerprints on file with their 6 applications under either subsection (a-25) of Section 4 or 7 the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

8 (c) If receipt of a firearm would not violate Section 24-3 9 of the Criminal Code of 2012, federal law, or this Act, the 10 Illinois State Police shall:

11 (1) assign a unique identification number to the 12 transfer; and

13 (2) provide the licensee, gun show promoter, or gun14 show vendor with the number.

(d) Approvals issued by the Illinois State Police for the purchase of a firearm are valid for 30 days from the date of issue.

(e) (1) The Illinois State Police must act as the Illinois
Point of Contact for the National Instant Criminal Background
Check System.

21 (2) The Illinois State Police and the Department of Human 22 Services shall, in accordance with State and federal law into a memorandum 23 confidentiality, enter regarding of 24 understanding with the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the 25 purpose of implementing the National Instant Criminal 26 Background Check System in the State. The Illinois State Police shall report the name, date of birth, and physical
 description of any person prohibited from possessing a firearm
 pursuant to the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or 18
 U.S.C. 922(g) and (n) to the National Instant Criminal
 Background Check System Index, Denied Persons Files.

6 (3) The Illinois State Police shall provide notice of the disqualification of a person under subsection (b) of this 7 8 Section or the revocation of a person's Firearm Owner's 9 Identification Card under Section 8 or Section 8.2 of this 10 Act, and the reason for the disqualification or revocation, to 11 all law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction to assist with 12 the seizure of the person's Firearm Owner's Identification 13 Card.

(f) The Illinois State Police shall adopt rules not
inconsistent with this Section to implement this system.
(Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

Section 10. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing Section 24-3 as follows:

20 (720 ILCS 5/24-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-3)

21 Sec. 24-3. Unlawful sale or delivery of firearms.

(A) A person commits the offense of unlawful sale or
 delivery of firearms when he or she knowingly does any of the
 following:

1 (a) Sells or gives any firearm of a size which may be 2 concealed upon the person to any person under 18 years of 3 age.

(b) Sells or gives any firearm to a person under 21 years of age who has been convicted of a misdemeanor other than a traffic offense or adjudged delinquent.

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(c) Sells or gives any firearm to any narcotic addict.

8 (d) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has 9 been convicted of a felony under the laws of this or any 10 other jurisdiction.

(e) Sells or gives any firearm to any person who has
been a patient in a mental institution within the past 5
years. In this subsection (e):

14 "Mental institution" means any hospital, 15 institution, clinic, evaluation facility, mental 16 health center, or part thereof, which is used 17 primarily for the care or treatment of persons with 18 mental illness.

19 "Patient in a mental institution" means the person 20 was admitted, either voluntarily or involuntarily, to a mental institution for mental health treatment, 21 22 unless the treatment was voluntary and solely for an 23 alcohol abuse disorder and no other secondary 24 substance abuse disorder or mental illness.

(f) Sells or gives any firearms to any person who is a
 person with an intellectual disability.

(g) Delivers any firearm or flamethrower, incidental 1 2 to a sale, without withholding delivery of the firearm or 3 flamethrower for at least 72 hours after application for its purchase has been made, or delivers a stun gun or 4 5 taser, incidental to a sale, without withholding delivery of the stun gun or taser for at least 24 hours after 6 7 application for its purchase has been made. However, this paragraph (q) does not apply to: (1) the sale of a firearm 8 9 or flamethrower to a law enforcement officer if the seller 10 of the firearm or flamethrower knows that the person to 11 whom he or she is selling the firearm or flamethrower is a law enforcement officer or the sale of a firearm or 12 13 flamethrower to a person who desires to purchase a firearm 14 or flamethrower for use in promoting the public interest 15 incident to his or her employment as a bank guard, armed 16 truck guard, or other similar employment; (2) a mail order sale of a firearm or flamethrower from a federally 17 licensed firearms dealer to a nonresident of Illinois 18 19 under which the firearm or flamethrower is mailed to a 20 federally licensed firearms dealer outside the boundaries 21 of Illinois; (3) (blank); (4) the sale of a firearm or 22 flamethrower to a dealer licensed as a federal firearms 23 dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 24 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923); or (5) the transfer or sale of any 25 rifle, shotgun, or other long gun to a resident registered 26 competitor or attendee or non-resident registered

competitor or attendee by any dealer licensed as a federal 1 2 firearms dealer under Section 923 of the federal Gun 3 Control Act of 1968 at competitive shooting events held at World Shooting Complex sanctioned by a national 4 the 5 governing body. For purposes of transfers or sales under 6 subparagraph (5) of this paragraph (g), the Department of Natural Resources shall give notice to the Illinois State 7 8 Police at least 30 calendar days prior to any competitive 9 shooting events at the World Shooting Complex sanctioned 10 by a national governing body. The notification shall be 11 made on a form prescribed by the Illinois State Police. 12 sanctioning body shall provide a list of The all registered competitors and attendees at least 24 hours 13 14 before the events to the Illinois State Police. Anv 15 changes to the list of registered competitors and 16 attendees shall be forwarded to the Illinois State Police 17 as soon as practicable. The Illinois State Police must destroy the list of registered competitors and attendees 18 19 no later than 30 days after the date of the event. Nothing 20 in this paragraph (g) relieves a federally licensed firearm dealer from the requirements of conducting a NICS 21 22 background check through the Illinois Point of Contact 23 under 18 U.S.C. 922(t). For purposes of this paragraph 24 (g):

25 <u>"Application</u> - "application" means when the buyer
 26 and seller reach an agreement to purchase a firearm.

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 For purposes of this paragraph (g), "national

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 "Flamethrower" has the meaning ascribed to it in

 3
 Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card

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 Act.

<u>"National</u> governing body" means a group of persons who adopt rules and formulate policy on behalf of a national firearm sporting organization.

(h) While holding any license as a dealer, importer, 8 manufacturer or pawnbroker under the federal Gun Control 9 10 Act of 1968, manufactures, sells or delivers to any 11 unlicensed person a handgun having a barrel, slide, frame 12 or receiver which is a die casting of zinc alloy or any other nonhomogeneous metal which will melt or deform at a 13 14 temperature of less than 800 degrees Fahrenheit. For purposes of this paragraph, (1) "firearm" is defined as in 15 16 the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act; and (2) 17 "handgun" is defined as a firearm designed to be held and fired by the use of a single hand, and includes a 18 19 combination of parts from which such a firearm can be 20 assembled.

(i) Sells or gives a firearm of any size to any person
under 18 years of age who does not possess a valid Firearm
Owner's Identification Card.

(j) Sells or gives a firearm while engaged in the
 business of selling firearms at wholesale or retail
 without being licensed as a federal firearms dealer under

- 36 - LRB103 26386 RLC 52749 b

Section 923 of the federal Gun Control Act of 1968 (18
 U.S.C. 923). In this paragraph (j):

A person "engaged in the business" means a person who devotes time, attention, and labor to engaging in the activity as a regular course of trade or business with the principal objective of livelihood and profit, but does not include a person who makes occasional repairs of firearms or who occasionally fits special barrels, stocks, or trigger mechanisms to firearms.

10 "With the principal objective of livelihood and 11 profit" means that the intent underlying the sale or 12 disposition of firearms is predominantly one of obtaining livelihood and pecuniary gain, as opposed to other 13 14 intents, such as improving or liquidating a personal 15 firearms collection; however, proof of profit shall not be 16 required as to a person who engages in the regular and 17 repetitive purchase and disposition of firearms for 18 criminal purposes or terrorism.

19 (k) Sells or transfers ownership of a firearm to a 20 person who does not display to the seller or transferor of the firearm either: (1) a currently valid Firearm Owner's 21 22 Identification Card that has previously been issued in the 23 transferee's name by the Illinois State Police under the 24 provisions of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act; 25 or (2) a currently valid license to carry a concealed 26 firearm that has previously been issued in the

transferee's name by the Illinois State Police under the 1 Firearm Concealed Carry Act. This paragraph (k) does not 2 3 apply to the transfer of a firearm to a person who is exempt from the requirement of possessing a Firearm 4 5 Owner's Identification Card under Section 2 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. For the purposes of this 6 7 Section, a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification 8 Card or license to carry a concealed firearm means receipt 9 of an approval number issued in accordance with subsection 10 (a-10) of Section 3 or Section 3.1 of the Firearm Owners 11 Identification Card Act.

(1) In addition to the other requirements of this
paragraph (k), all persons who are not federally
licensed firearms dealers must also have complied with
subsection (a-10) of Section 3 of the Firearm Owners
Identification Card Act by determining the validity of
a purchaser's Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

(2) All sellers or transferors who have complied
with the requirements of subparagraph (1) of this
paragraph (k) shall not be liable for damages in any
civil action arising from the use or misuse by the
transferee of the firearm transferred, except for
willful or wanton misconduct on the part of the seller
or transferor.

(1) Not being entitled to the possession of a firearm,
delivers the firearm, knowing it to have been stolen or

converted. It may be inferred that a person who possesses a firearm with knowledge that its serial number has been removed or altered has knowledge that the firearm is stolen or converted.

5 (B) Paragraph (h) of subsection (A) does not include firearms sold within 6 months after enactment of Public Act 6 7 78-355 (approved August 21, 1973, effective October 1, 1973), 8 nor is any firearm legally owned or possessed by any citizen or 9 purchased by any citizen within 6 months after the enactment 10 of Public Act 78-355 subject to confiscation or seizure under 11 the provisions of that Public Act. Nothing in Public Act 12 78-355 shall be construed to prohibit the gift or trade of any firearm if that firearm was legally held or acquired within 6 13 months after the enactment of that Public Act. 14

15 (C) Sentence.

16 (1) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery
17 of firearms in violation of paragraph (c), (e), (f), (g),
18 or (h) of subsection (A) commits a Class 4 felony.

19 (2) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery
20 of firearms in violation of paragraph (b) or (i) of
21 subsection (A) commits a Class 3 felony.

(3) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery
of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) of subsection
(A) commits a Class 2 felony.

(4) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery
of firearms in violation of paragraph (a), (b), or (i) of

subsection (A) in any school, on 1 the real property 2 comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real 3 property comprising a school, at school а related activity, or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance 4 5 owned, leased, or contracted by a school or school 6 district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, regardless of the time of day or 7 8 time of year at which the offense was committed, commits a 9 Class 1 felony. Any person convicted of a second or 10 subsequent violation of unlawful sale or delivery of 11 firearms in violation of paragraph (a), (b), or (i) of 12 subsection (A) in any school, on the real property 13 comprising a school, within 1,000 feet of the real 14 property comprising a school, at а school related 15 activity, or on or within 1,000 feet of any conveyance 16 owned, leased, or contracted by a school or school 17 district to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, regardless of the time of day or 18 19 time of year at which the offense was committed, commits a 20 Class 1 felony for which the sentence shall be a term of imprisonment of no less than 5 years and no more than 15 21 22 vears.

(5) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery
of firearms in violation of paragraph (a) or (i) of
subsection (A) in residential property owned, operated, or
managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public

housing agency as part of a scattered site or mixed-income 1 2 development, in a public park, in a courthouse, on 3 residential property owned, operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased by a public housing agency 4 5 as part of a scattered site or mixed-income development, 6 on the real property comprising any public park, on the 7 real property comprising any courthouse, or on any public 8 way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any 9 public park, courthouse, or residential property owned, 10 operated, or managed by a public housing agency or leased 11 by a public housing agency as part of a scattered site or 12 mixed-income development commits a Class 2 felony.

(6) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery
of firearms in violation of paragraph (j) of subsection
(A) commits a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent
violation is a Class 4 felony.

(7) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery
of firearms in violation of paragraph (k) of subsection
(A) commits a Class 4 felony, except that a violation of
subparagraph (1) of paragraph (k) of subsection (A) shall
not be punishable as a crime or petty offense. A third or
subsequent conviction for a violation of paragraph (k) of
subsection (A) is a Class 1 felony.

(8) A person 18 years of age or older convicted of
unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of
paragraph (a) or (i) of subsection (A), when the firearm

that was sold or given to another person under 18 years of age was used in the commission of or attempt to commit a forcible felony, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, not to exceed the maximum provided for the most serious forcible felony so committed or attempted by the person under 18 years of age who was sold or given the firearm.

7 (9) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery
8 of firearms in violation of paragraph (d) of subsection
9 (A) commits a Class 3 felony.

10 (10) Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery 11 of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a Class 2 felony if the delivery is of one 12 13 firearm. Any person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery 14 of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection 15 (A) commits a Class 1 felony if the delivery is of not less 16 than 2 and not more than 5 firearms at the same time or within a one-year period. Any person convicted of unlawful 17 sale or delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) 18 19 of subsection (A) commits a Class X felony for which he or 20 she shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not 21 less than 6 years and not more than 30 years if the 22 delivery is of not less than 6 and not more than 10 23 firearms at the same time or within a 2-year period. Any 24 person convicted of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms 25 in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a 26 Class X felony for which he or she shall be sentenced to a

term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more 1 2 than 40 years if the delivery is of not less than 11 and not more than 20 firearms at the same time or within a 3 3-year period. Any person convicted of unlawful sale or 4 5 delivery of firearms in violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a Class X felony for which he or she 6 7 shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 50 years if the delivery is 8 9 of not less than 21 and not more than 30 firearms at the 10 same time or within a 4-year period. Any person convicted 11 of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms in violation of 12 paragraph (1) of subsection (A) commits a Class X felony 13 for which he or she shall be sentenced to a term of 14 imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 60 15 years if the delivery is of 31 or more firearms at the same 16 time or within a 5-year period.

17 (D) For purposes of this Section:

18 "School" means a public or private elementary or secondary 19 school, community college, college, or university.

20 "School related activity" means any sporting, social, 21 academic, or other activity for which students' attendance or 22 participation is sponsored, organized, or funded in whole or 23 in part by a school or school district.

(E) A prosecution for a violation of paragraph (k) of
subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 6 years
after the commission of the offense. A prosecution for a

violation of this Section other than paragraph (g) of subsection (A) of this Section may be commenced within 5 years after the commission of the offense defined in the particular paragraph.

HB2355

5 (Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 6 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.